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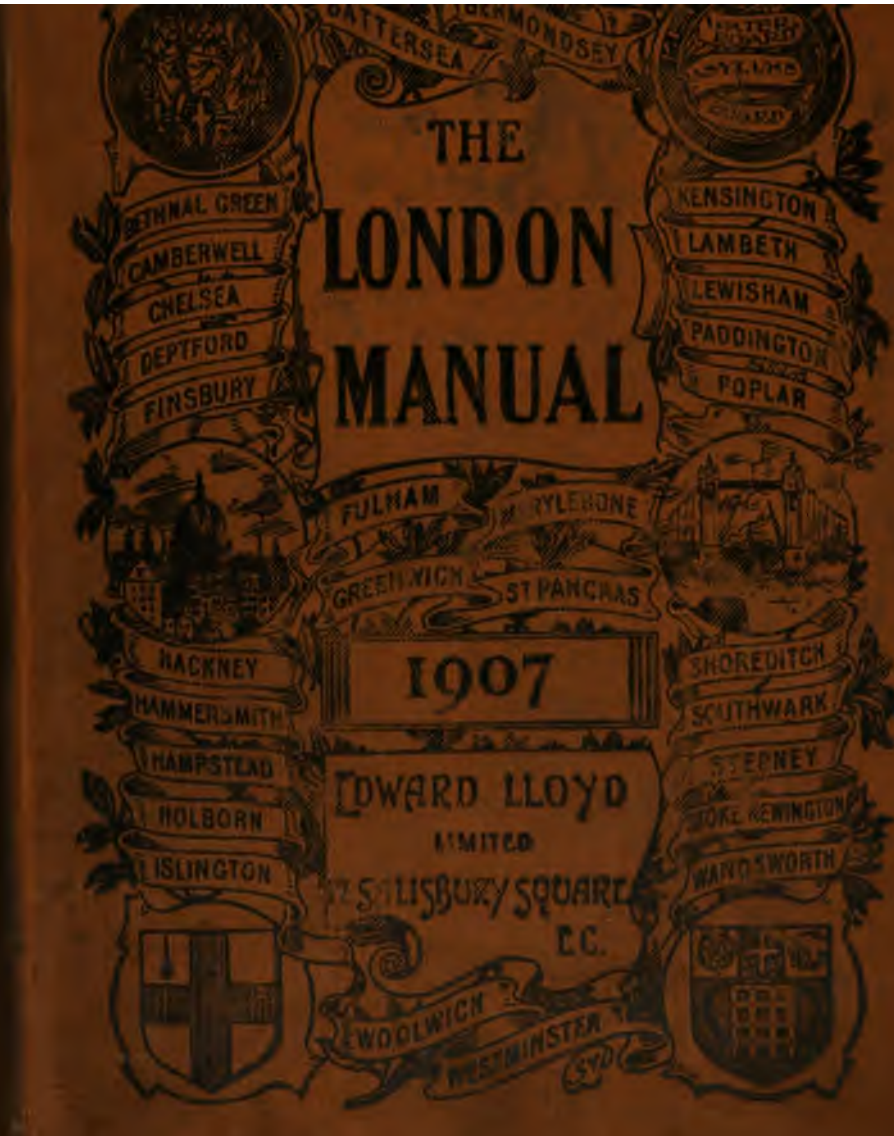
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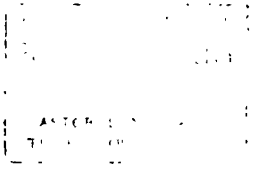
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INDEX.

PAGE.

A

Acts of Parliament relating to London Government 2
Accidents in Streets, Number of . . 112
Aldermen, Borough Councils (see under each Borough)
,, City Corporation . . . 98
,, London County Council . . 25
Animals, Diseases of 54
Areas, Local Government . . . 7-8
,, ,, of Parks and Pleasure Grounds . 32
,, ,, Municipal, Poor Law, Police, and Postal London 7-8
Area, Telephone 196
Artistic Crafts, Technical Instruction for workmen engaged in . . . 76
Art Schools Transferred to L.C.C. . . 77
Art, Works of, Preservation by London County Council 60
Asylums Committee (L.C.C.) . . . 27
,, Lunatic 57
Assessment System 216

B

Baby Farming, L.C.C. Regulations to Prevent 54
Band Performances in Parks and Open Spaces, L.C.C. Arrangements . . 35
Banstead Lunatic Asylum . . . 58
Baths (see under Borough Councils)
Battersea Borough Council . . . 236
,, Electric Lighting . . 171, 174
,, Housing 142
Bedford College 78
Bermondsey Borough Council . . 239
,, Board of Guardians . . 317
,, Electric Light . . 171, 174
,, Housing 142

PAGE

Bethnal Green Borough Council . . 242
,, Board of Guardians . . 319
,, Electric Light 174
Betterment 213
,, Rates, where Levied . . 49
Betting in Streets, Bye-laws . . . 211
Bexley Lunatic Asylum 58
Births, Deaths, and Marriages . 210, 222
Blackwall Tunnel, Description of . . 32
Board of Trade, Representation on Thames Conservancy 108
Boating in London Parks, L.C.C.'s Arrangements for 35
Boats, Pleasure, on Thames, Registration of 108
,, (*See also* Steamboats) . .
Borough Councils 227
,, and Regulation of Milk Shops and Dairies 43
,, The Powers and Duties of . 233
,, Municipal Markets . . . 189
Boundaries of Governing Bodies . . 8
Bowling Greens in London Parks . . 35
Bridges over Thames, Control of . 17, 97
Building Act, District Surveyors . . 230
Buildings, Historic, Preservation of . 60
'Bus Drivers, No. of Licences Granted . 112
Burglaries in London, Number of . 111
Bye-laws for Good Government of London 211

C

Camberwell Borough Council . . . 243
,, Board of Guardians . . 320
,, Electric Light . . . 175
,, Housing 142
Cane Hill Lunatic Asylum . . . 58
Carbide of Calcium, Regulations for the Sale of 53

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PAGE.

Cass Foundation, Education Scheme 72, 74
Cattle Markets 189
Census Returns 206
Central Criminal Court 114
Chairmen of L.C.C. 18
Charitable Institutions . 98, 363-364
Cheapside, Widening of 45
Chelsea Borough Council . . . 246
,, Board of Guardians . . . 323
,, Housing 143
City Aldermen 98
,, as a County and Municipality . 96
,, Corporation 95
,, Chamberlain 102
,, Comptroller 102
,, Officers 102
,, Remembrancer 102
,, Finances 106
,, Police 114
,, Secondary 102
,, Solicitor 102
,, Serjeant 102
,, Surveyor 102
,, Town Clerk 102
,, Guardians. 324
Claybury Lunatic Asylum . . . 58
Clerk, Chief, L.C.C 30
Coal, Sale of, L.C.C. Regulations . . 50
Colney Hatch Lunatic Asylum . . 59
Commercial Education, L.C.C. . . 82
Common Council, Court of . . . 99
,, Serjeant, City of London . 102
Commons in London, List of . . . 35
Commissioners of Sewers, Abolition of . 3
Committees, Chief, L.C.C. . . . 27
Companies, Livery 95
Conservancy, Lee 109
,, Thames 108
Conservative Party Organisations . . 14
Constables, Number of . . . 113-114
Continuation Schools (Evening) . . 68
Contractors and London County Council 38
Coroners, Duties of and Salaries Paid 55-56
Corporation, City, Constitution and Powers 95
,, Work of 96
,, Members of 98
,, Committees of 101
,, Chief Officers of . . . 102
,, Finances of 106
,, Health Department . . 105
,, Housing and the . . . 141
,, Markets of the 189
Cost of London Government . . . 5
County Courts, Judges and Registrars . 116
,, Rate 90
,, Scholarships 82
Courts, Central Criminal. . . . 114
,, Coroners', List of . . . 56
,, Police, List of 115
,, London County . . . 116
,, Petty Sessional . . . 117
Quarter Sessions 115
Cowshed Regulations 44
Cricket in Parks 35
Crime, Statistics of 111
Cycling in Parks, Regulations . . 35

PAGE.

D

Dairies, Regulation of 44
Death Rates, &c. 210
Deptford Borough Council . . . 247
Direct Labour and L.C.C. . . . 37
District Surveyors under Building Act 230
Domestic Economy, Instruction in . 82
Drunkenness, Proportion to Population 204
,, Police Charges 111
Duties of Borough Councils . . . 233

E

Economics, School of, L.C.C. Grant . 78
Education 62
,, Committee. 86
Educational Institutions Controlled by City Corporation 97
Election Results, Boroughs . . . 235
,, Returns, London County Council 18
,, Parliamentary 9
Electorates, the London 12
Electric Car, First on Conduit System . 122
Electrical Engineer, L.C.C. . . . 30
Electric Light Supply 161
,, Summaries of Councils' Accounts 171
Elementary Education 63
Employment of Children Act, 1903 . 55
Engineer's Department, City Corporation 105
Epileptic Colony, Ewell, Epsom . . 59
Equalisation of Rates 219
Estates Department, The City . . 97
Ewell Epileptic Colony 59
Expenditure on London Government . 5
,, of London County Council . 93
,, of City Corporation . . 106
Explosives Act, L.C.C. Regulations . 53

F

Fabian Society 361
Farmfield Reformatory 205
Female Shop Assistants, Seats for . . 54
Finances, City Corporation . . . 106
Finsbury Borough Council . . . 249
Fire Brigade, Work of 39
,, Districts 39
,, Staff of 39, 40
,, Stations 39
,, Insurance Companies, Contributions to 42
,, Government Contributions to 42
Flash and Search Lights Bye-Law . 212
Fleet-street, Widening of . . . 45
Fluctuation of Population since 1801 . 207
Fish Markets 192
Foreign Cattle Market, Statistics . . 191
Football in Parks, Provision for . . 75
Freedom of City, How Obtained . . 95
Freehold Estates of City Corporation . 97

PAGE.

Fulham Borough Council . . . 251
" Board of Guardians . . 325
" Electric Light . . . 171, 175

G

Games in Parks 35
Gas charges 187
" Light and Coke Company, Affairs of 183
" Meter Testing 52
" Supply, History of 183
Golf in Parks, Provision for . . . 35
Governing Authorities, Central . . 17
Government, London 1
" Grants to Schools . . . 68
Greenwich Borough Council . . . 253
" Poor Law Union . . . 326
" Tunnel 32
Guardians, Boards of 317
Guilds (Trade) and Relation to City Corporations 95
Gymnasia for Children in Parks . . 35

H

Hackney Borough Council . . . 255
" Board of Guardians . . . 328
" Electric Light . . . 171, 175
" Housing 143
Hammersmith Borough Council . . 257
" Board of Guardians. . . 329
" Electric Light 171
" Housing 136, 143
Hampstead Borough Council . . . 259
" Board of Guardians. . . 330
" Electric Light . . . 171, 176
" Housing 143
Hanwell Lunatic Asylum . . . 59
Higher Education in London . . . 71
Historical Survey of London Government 3
Historic Buildings, Preservation of . 60
Holborn Borough Council . . . 260
" Board of Guardians . . . 332
Holloway Housing 136
Horses, Worn-out 44
Horton Asylum, Epsom 59
Horniman Museum and Grounds . . 60
Householders, Court of Appeal . 44
Householders' League, The Women's . 362
Housing, Powers of Local Authorities . 130
" Summary of L.C.C. Work . 131
" Analysis of L.C.C. Accounts 137-139
" The City Corporation and . 141
" What the Borough Councils are Doing 142

I

Improvements by Metropolitan Board of Works 45
Infant Life Protection 54
Inebriates' Home at Horley . . . 205
Inquests, Statutory Requirements as to 55

PAGE.

Intermediate County Scholarships . 84
Irish Society (City) 101
Islington Borough Council . . . 263
" Board of Guardians . . 333
" Electric Light . . . 172, 176
" Housing 136

J

Judicial Authority, City Corporation as 96
Junior County Scholarships . . . 83

K

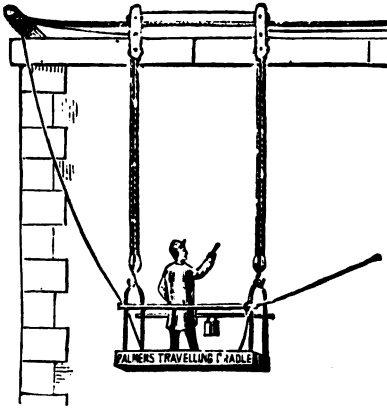
Kensington Borough Council . . . 266
" Board of Guardians. . . 334
King's College and Technical Education Board 78
Knacker's Yards, Licensing of . . 44

L

Lambeth Borough Council . . . 268
" Board of Guardians . . 335
" Housing 136
Lamps, Petroleum, Accidents. . . 53
Leather-tanning Technical School . 75
Lee Conservancy 109
Lewisham Borough Council . . . 270
" Board of Guardians. . . 328
" Electric Light 176
" Housing 144
Library Association 362
Libraries (see under Borough Councils)
Liberal Party Organisations . . . 14
Licensing, L.C.C. Temperance Policy . 204
Light Railways, Schemes in Middlesex. 129
Lithography, School of 74
Locomotion in London—
Tramways 120
Suburban Tramways . . 127
Lodging Houses (Common), Supervision of 44
" (Seamen's) . . . 45
London Areas 7
London County Council, Constitution . 17
" Chairmen of 18
" Chief Committees, and Names of Chairmen 27
" Coroners 56
" Education 62
" Election Returns . . 18-25
" Engineer's Department . 31
" Finances 93
" Fire Brigade 39
" Historic Buildings . . . 60
" Housing 131
" Inebriates 205
" Improvements 45
" Lunatic Asylums . . . 57

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	PAGE.
London County Council Members' Names and Addresses	25-27
„ Parks and Pleasure Grounds	32
„ Public Control Department	49
„ Public Health Department	42
„ Rate Levied by	90
„ Staff	30
„ Stock, Metropolitan Consolidated	88
„ Stock, London County Consolidated	89
„ Temperance Policy	204
„ Works Department	37
London Government, Sketch of	1
„ Municipal Society	361
Long Grove Asylum	59
Lord Mayor: His Powers and Duties	98
Lost Property in Public Conveyances	112
Ludgate Hill, Widening of	45
Lunatic Asylums	57

M

Main Drainage System	31
Metropolitan Asylums Board	309
Manor Asylum	59
Mansion House Council	362
Maps—Electric Lighting in London	162
„ Gas Companies' Areas	185
„ London Areas	8
„ Port of London	195
Markets Controlled by Local Authorities	193
Markets, Business Done at	190-192
„ Finances of	190
Medical Officers of Health, Incorporated Society	362
Metric System	50
Metropolitan Boroughs Statistics	358
Metropolitan Asylums Board, Institutions and Staffs	311
„ Hospitals and Homes	312
„ Members of the	310
„ Work of the	309
Mile End Guardians	339
Municipal Corporations, Association of	361
„ Electricity, Position of	169
„ Societies	361
Music in Parks and Open Spaces	36

N

National Poor Law Officers' Association	362
„ Telephone Company	199
Navigation on Thames, Regulation of	108
Non-Indictable Offences, Number of	111
Norbury Housing (L.C.C.) Scheme	135

O

Offences' Indictable, &c.	111
Officers, Chief, City Corporation	102
„ London County Council	30
Overcrowding, Percentage of (see under Borough Councils).	

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PAGE.

P

Paddington Borough Council . . . 274
,, Board of Guardians . . . 339
,, Housing 144
Parks and Pleasure Grounds of London 32, 97
Parliament Street, Widening of . . 46
Pathological Laboratory at Claybury Asylum 57
Pedlars' Licences 112
Petroleum Acts, Provisions of. . . 53
Petty Sessional Divisions and Courts . 117
Pianos in London County Schools . . 66
Police, City 97, 114
,, Metropolitan 112
,, Courts, List of 115
Political Party Organisations . . 14
,, London, Election Results. . 9-12
Polytechnics, Work at 72
Poplar Borough Council 276
,, Board of Guardians . . . 340
,, Electric Light . . 172, 176
Population, Statistics of 206
Poor Law London 307
,, Expenditure 308
,, Officers' Association, National 362
,, Ratio of Paupers, &c. . . 307
,, School Districts . . . 314
,, Statistics, 1905-6 . . . 307
Port of London, Commission . . . 193
,, Government of . . 196
Port Sanitary Authority 98
Post Office and Telephone Service . 196
Preservation of Historic Buildings . 60
Profits from L.C.C. Tramways . . 127
Protection of Buildings 60
Public Authorities, List of . . . 1
,, Health Committee of City Corporation 101
,, ,, London County Council . 43
,, Conveyances, Licensing of . 112
,, Lighting . . 161, 180, 183
,, Service Committee of City Corporation 101
Purification of River Thames . . 31

Q

Quarter Sessions, Court of 115
Quinquennial Valuation. . . . 217

R

Rate, County 90
Rates Levied in Every Parish . . 91
,, Equalisation of. . . . 219
,, How to Reduce . . . 216
,, Telephone 198
Reform of London Government . . 3
,, Union (London) . . . 361
Refreshments in Parks—Tariff . . 36
Residential Schools. 65
River Thames, Control of Navigation . 108

PAGE.

S

St. George-in-the-East Board of Guardians 344
St. George's (Hanover-square) Board of Guardians 341
St. Giles and Bloomsbury Board of Guardians 344
St. Marylebone Borough Council . . 278
,, Board of Guardians . 345
,, Electricity . . 172, 176
,, Housing 144
St. Pancras Borough Council . . . 282
,, Electricity . . . 172, 176
,, Board of Guardians . . 346
,, Housing 144
Sanitary Control, Court of Appeal . 44
,, Inspectors' Association . . 362
,, Institute 362
Secondary and Technical Day Schools. 80
School Attendance 65
,, Finance 69
Scholarship Scheme 82
Science, Royal College of 79
Scotland Yard, Chief Officers at . . 112
Sea-Sand Pits for Children in Parks . 33
Senior County Scholarships . . . 84
Sessions, Court of Quarter . . . 115
Shallow Underground Tramways . . 122
Sheriffs, City Corporation . . . 99
Shoreditch Borough Council . . . 285
,, Electricity . . . 172, 177
,, Board of Guardians . . 347
,, Housing 145
Shop Hours and Seats Act, Provisions of 54
Sick Asylum Districts 316
Slaughterhouses, Licensing of . . 44
Sludge Ships and London Sewage . . 31
Solicitor's Department, City . . 102
Southampton Row, Widening of . . 47
Southwark Borough Council . . . 287
,, Board of Guardians . . 348
,, Electric Light . . 173, 177
Spitting 213
Staff of L.C.C. 30
State Children's Association . . . 362
Steamboat Service 94
Stepney Borough Council . . . 290
,, Electric Light . . 173, 177
,, Housing 145
,, Board of Guardians . . . 349
Stock, Metropolitan Consolidated . . 88
Stoke Newington Borough Council . 294
,, Electric Lighting . 177
Strand Board of Guardians . . . 350
,, Widening 45
Street Accidents, No. of 112
,, Betting 211
,, Improvements, Cost of . 45-48
,, Noises, Bye-laws 211

T

Technical Institutes, Art Schools, and Polytechnics 74
Telephones, London 196
,, Intercommunication . . 196
,, Rates 198-199

	Page.
Temperance Policy, A Municipal	204
Thames Conservancy	108
,, Steamboat Service	94
Tooting Housing (L.C.C.) Scheme	134
Tottenham Housing (L.C.C.) Scheme	135
Tramways, Finances	124
,, Suburban	127
,, L.C.C., Introduction of Electrical Traction	122
,, Passengers Carried	125
,, Shallow Underground	122
,, Statistics	123-127
Trade, Schools, and Classes	72
,, of Port of London	184
Training of Teachers	79
Tunnels (Thames)	32
Typographical Technical School	75

U

Underground Tramways	122
Unemployed Act, Central Committee for London	200
University Education	77

V

Valuation of London	217
Vauxhall Bridge, Reconstruction of	32
Veterinary Inspectors, L.C.C.	54
Vehicles, Lights on	212
Vehicular Traffic	212
Voters, Qualifications of	12

W

	Page
Wandsworth Borough Council	296
,, Board of Guardians	352
Waste Paper, Refuse Bye-Law	213
Water Board, Constitution of	149
,, Area of Supply	153
,, Charges	157
,, Committees	152
,, Financial Provisions	154
,, Members	150
,, Officials	152
,, Organisation, &c.	156
,, Sources of Supply	158
,, Water Stock	156
Water Companies, Undertakings Transferred	149
Weights and Measures, Stamping of	50
,, ,, Inspectors	51
Weigh Bridges, Provision of Public	50
Westminster City Council	298
,, Board of Guardians	353
,, Housing	145
Whitechapel Board of Guardians	354
Window Cleaning, &c., Bye-Law	211
Women's Local Government Society	362
Woolwich Borough Council	303
,, Board of Guardians	355
,, Electric Light	177
,, Housing	146
Works Department, L.C.C.	37
,, Department, Battersea	238
Workmen's Wages, L.C.C. Tramways	124
Workshop Classes at Polytechnics	75

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THE LONDON MANUAL.

London Government.

THE London Government Act of 1899, which established the borough councils, registered an advance in the reform of local government in the capital. But much yet remains to be done before overlapping and conflicting authorities are abolished, and order and symmetry—carrying with them administrative efficiency—are introduced. In the Parliamentary Session of 1903 a Bill was passed for the abolition of the School Board and the transfer of the work of that authority to the London County Council, and in December of the previous year a measure was passed for the purchase of the London Water Companies' undertakings, and their administration by a Water Board.

The reform of 1899 still left nearly 300 different authorities engaged in the work of public administration in London. The following are the authorities:—

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL, elected by parochial electors.

COMMON COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LONDON, elected by City voters.

TWENTY-EIGHT METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCILS, elected by parochial electors.

COMMISSIONERS OF METROPOLITAN POLICE, appointed by the Home Office to perform functions which in the City of London and everywhere else in England are in the hands of the county or municipal authorities.

METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD, appointed by the Local Government Board and the Boards of Guardians to provide Imbecile Asylums and Fever Hospitals.

TWO SICK ASYLUMS BOARDS, appointed by certain Boards of Guardians to make joint provision for Infirmaries.

FOUR SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARDS, appointed by certain Boards of Guardians to provide joint Poor-law Schools.

THIRTY-ONE BOARDS OF GUARDIANS, elected by the parochial voters to administer the Poor-law.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWELVE VESTRIES OF CITY PARISHES.

One Hundred and Fourteen Boards of Overseers of City Parishes.

Metropolitan Water Board.—Appointed by the County Councils, Metropolitan Borough Councils, Municipal Corporations, and Urban District Councils in the metropolitan water area.

Thames Conservancy Board.

Lea Conservancy Board.

The jurisdiction of the last three bodies and of the police, however extends far beyond the County of London.

The County Council authority extends over the City for some common purposes, but not for all, while the City Corporation has jurisdiction within the County of London and beyond for markets and port sanitation, and outside the boundaries of London for parks and open spaces. The Metropolitan Asylums Board maintains asylums for imbeciles, training schools for Poor-law children, fever and smallpox hospitals, while the County Council maintains asylums for lunatics, elementary, industrial and reformatory schools, and is responsible for dealing with cholera epidemics. Cholera ships are maintained by the City Corporation which, as the port sanitary authority, has authority over the Thames for sanitary purposes, while the Thames Conservancy is responsible for the prevention of pollution, and exercises general authority over the river for conservancy purposes.

Since the passing of the Local Government Act of 1888 more than 200 measures have been placed upon the Statute Book giving further powers to the County Council!

The Acts relating to London local government are innumerable, and consolidation is an absolute necessity if public men are to carry out their duties intelligently and efficiently. Here is a list of the principal statutes:—

Baths and Washhouses Acts, 1846 to 1882.
Burial Acts, 1852 to 1906.
Education Acts, 1870 to 1903.
Electric Lighting Acts, 1882 and 1888.
Electric Lighting (Clauses) Act, 1899.
Licensing Act, 1904.
Local Government Acts, 1888 and 1894.
London Building Acts, 1894 and 1898.
London Government Act, 1899.
London Water Acts, 1892.
London County Tramways Acts, 1896 and 1900.
Metropolis Management Acts, 1855 to 1893.
Metropolis Water Acts, 1871 to 1902.
Metropolitan Commons Acts, 1866 to 1878.
Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867.
Metropolitan Police Acts, 1829 to 1895.
Metropolis Management (Thames River Prevention of Floods) Amendment Act, 1879.
Poor-law Amendment Act, 1834.
Poor-rate Assessments and Collection Act, 1869.
Public Health (London) Act, 1891
Public Libraries Act, 1892.

Sale of Food and Drugs Acts, 1875 to 1899.
Superannuation (Metropolis) Act, 1866.
Tramways Act, 1870.
Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869.
Water Rate (Definition) Act, 1885.

Historical Survey.

Until 1855 there was no well-defined "London" except the square-mile City. In the area now known as London there was no unity whatever. But by the Metropolis Management Act of 1855 (an Act of 251 sections), a comprehensive system of local administration was provided for the parishes at that time included in the Metropolitan Bills of Mortality. The ratepayers of each parish elected a vestry of from 18 to 120 members, to whom were added the rector, churchwardens, and in some parishes the district rectors also. In twenty-three cases these bodies were administrative vestries (included in Schedule A) which were given direct control of the local sewers, roads, sanitation, &c. The remaining parishes were grouped into fifteen districts (in Schedule B of the Act) under the administration of district boards appointed by the parish vestries. No powers were, however, given to the vestries of Schedule B parishes beyond such as they might have obtained formerly under local Acts.

At the head of the system was the Metropolitan Board of Works. It consisted originally of forty-five members, appointed by the City Corporation, the twenty-three vestries, and the fifteen district boards.

In the hands of the Board were placed main drainage, street improvements, street naming, lines of frontage, &c. But to these, other important duties were added subsequently—parks, bridges, fire brigades, Thames Embankments, artisans' dwellings, &c.

Between 1855 and 1888 many changes were made in the details of the Metropolis management system —changes that have been in the direction of direct representation and the constitution of manageable areas. Consequently the Metropolitan Board at its dissolution consisted of fifty-nine members, appointed by the City Corporation, twenty-seven vestries, and thirteen district boards. Immediately prior to the passing of the London Government Act there were thirty administrative vestries (including Woolwich Local Board), having 2,481 members, elected; and forty-four non-administrative vestries, having 1,632 vestrymen, who appointed 619 representatives on twelve district boards. The franchise, too, was extended to that of parochial voters.

A step towards unity of administration was made by the Local Government Act, 1894, which authorised the transference of the administration of the Baths, Burials, and Libraries Acts from specially appointed Commissioners to the elected vestries.

The City Corporation and City Commissioners of Sewers were left untouched by the system, except in their relation to the Metropolitan Board of Works. The City Commissioners of Sewers and their powers were, however, transferred to the City Corporation in January, 1898.

The London Government Act of 1899 abolished the vestries and district boards and the parish overseers outside the City, and created the metropolitan borough councils.

The Education (London) Act transferred the powers of the School Board to the London County Council.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT CHANGES IN 1906.

SCHOOL CANTEENS. — The Elementary Education Authority (the London County Council) may assist in the provision of meals for children in attendance at public elementary schools by appointing School Canteen Committees, or by providing buildings, furniture and apparatus, and such officers and servants as may be necessary for the organisation, preparation, and service of the meals, but they may not incur any expense in the purchase of food. The cost is to be borne by the parents, or, especially in the case of poor persons, by means of voluntary contributions, or, with the sanction of the Board of Education, by resort to the rates. The total charge is limited to the produce of a halfpenny rate. [Education (Provision of Meals) Act, 1906, 6 Ed. VII., cap. 57.]

QUALIFICATION OF JUSTICES AND LAND TAX COMMISSIONERS.—The estate qualification of county justices of the peace is removed by the Justices of the Peace Act, 1906 [6 Ed. VII., cap. 16], and of Land Tax Commissioners by the Land Tax Commissioners Act, 1906. [6 Ed. VII., cap. 52.]

OPEN SPACES.—The statutes relating to open spaces are consolidated by the Open Spaces Act, 1906. [6 Ed. VII., cap. 25.]

LOANS.—The Local Government Board will in future exercise as regards every local authority in England (except the London County Council) any power conferred on the Treasury by the Baths, Burial, or any Local Acts as respects dealings with property, loans, and matters connected therewith. [Local Authorities (Treasury Powers) Act, 1906, 6 Ed. VII., cap. 33.]

SUPPLY OF ELECTRICAL FITTINGS.—Metropolitan borough councils authorised to supply electricity may now supply (but not manufacture) electrical fittings, motors, and apparatus, and may wire and fit consumers' premises. The cost may be the subject of loans under the Electric Lighting Acts, and the charges to the consumer must be stated separately on the demand note. [London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1906 (Part V.). 6 Ed. VII., cap. cl.]

POPLAR UNION OF PARISHES.—The parishes of Bow, Bromley, and Poplar have been united for Poor Law purposes as from the 26th March, 1907, and for all other purposes from the 1st April, 1907, under the name of the "Parish of Poplar Borough." [Poplar (Union of Parishes) Scheme, 1907.]

THE COST OF LONDON GOVERNMENT.

No complete statement of the expenditure of all the local authorities in London is regularly published,* but many of the details are included throughout the Local Taxation Returns for England and Wales, from which, for the most part, the following figures have been compiled for the last year for which statistics are available :—

Authority.	Total expenditure.	Receipts in aid.	Effect of transfers from local to county funds.	Distribution of charge between	
				Imperial taxation.	Rates.
London County Council—	£	£	£	£	£
General county account	2,599,705	296,868	+595,589	531,729	2,389,432
Special county account	1,139,243	705,916	+240	12,660	399,746
Equalisation fund	—	—	+1,015,200	—	1,015,200
London School Board	3,372,203	20,340	—	842,439	2,542,539
Metropolitan Asylums Board... ...	895,284	10,068	−68,157	—	872,229
Metropolitan Police	1,818,470	345,725	—	707,100	742,494
Local Government Board—Common Poor Fund	601	—	+1,577,089	—	1,578,154
Total County Authorities—	9,825,506	1,378,917	+3,119,961	2,093,918	9,529,794
City Corporation—					
City Police	134,819	15,770	—	—	114,494
Special rate	32,409	—	—	—	40,736
Consolidated and sewers rates ...	427,887	51,741	−5,951	—	300,734
Other accounts	711,881	711,500	−381	—	—
Ward rates	7,257	—	—	—	8,047
Metropolitan Borough Councils ...	4,610,661	1,056,156	−1,045,062	—	2,534,632
Market Trustees	6,025	10,156	—	—	—
Guardians	3,599,757	171,895	−2,068,767	1,210	1,436,577
City Overseers	26,993	213	—	—	33,965
Total Local Authorities	8,243,436	1,238,420	−3,113,829	1,210	4,005,164
Total	19,383,195	3,396,348	+6,131	2,095,128	13,998,969*

* Actual rates after allowing for balances increased or decreased.
\+ Increase. − Decrease.

The police expenditure in the above table represents the county's share of the total expenditure of the metropolitan police district. The services lately performed by the London School Board have since 1st May, 1904 been performed by the London County Council.

The total given above does not represent the whole expenditure There must be added the expenditure out of borrowed capital amounting (in the same year) to £6,199,301. This gives a gross expenditure of £25,582,496, or about £5 10*s.* per head of population, of which £4 4*s.* per head is for current expenditure.

* The fullest official compendium of facts and figures relating to London Government is the volume entitled "London Statistics," issued annually by the County Council. The Council's "Statistical Abstract for London" is a smaller book, covering much the same ground in a summarised form.

The receipts-in-aid were mainly derived from penalties, payments for services (such as those required at public baths and wash-houses), rents of property, costs recovered, market tolls, Building Act fees, the contribution by the fire insurance companies to the cost of the Fire Brigade, &c. The licence duties collected by the Inland Revenue officers within the county are classed by the Local Government Board among Imperial subventions (as in the above table); but this is incorrect, as licence duties are distinctly local taxation, and the fact that, until recently, they were diverted to the national Exchequer has no real bearing on the point.

The rates required were raised in no such simple manner as a levy of an equal rate in the pound all over the county. Apart from the fact that the produce of the rate varies considerably in the different parishes owing to cost of collection, no local authority in London ever levies a rate which fairly represents its own expenditure. In the first place, certain authorities receive some portion of the Imperial subventions; except for this the rates levied for the late London School Board and the Metropolitan Police may be taken to represent the balance of their annual expenditure. But the rates of the London County Council are used to raise considerable sums not spent by them, but distributed among the various boards of guardians by way of equalising expenditure. The County Council, moreover, levies the Equalisation Rate, the effect of which is to spread a certain portion of sanitary authorities' expenditure rateably over the whole county. The Metropolitan Asylums Board also administers a small equalisation grant. Another equalisation fund, viz., the Common Poor Fund—administered by the Local Government Board—performs the same functions for boards of guardians; but the grants are distributed for the most part according to certified expenditure, and not according to population, as under the Equalisation Act. One interesting result of the working of these funds is the pooling of a considerable portion of the Poor-law expenditure in London, the principal exceptions being loan charges and out-relief. But it is absurd that no less than four methods of equalising rates should be in force, when the same, or a better, result could be more easily achieved by one.

The effect of each of these Equalisation Funds on the rates of the different parishes is shown in the special section, "Equalisation of Rates."

The total outstanding loans in March, 1906, amounted to £105,602,301, of which £50,808,431 was in respect of services which did not involve a charge on the rates. These figures include £38,575,517 in respect of London's proportion of the debt of the Metropolitan Water Board. The addition of the City debt of £4,326,245 not secured on the rates brings the total London debt to £109,928,546. The annual charge on the rates was £3,883,446. (L.C.C. Return "London Debt," 1905-6.)

Most of the loans of London local authorities are borrowed from the

London County Council, which thus acts as banker to the other public bodies. In March, 1905, 1906, and 1907, the loan liabilities of the Council were :—

	1905.	1906.	1907.
	£	£	£
Metropolitan Consolidated Stock—			
3½ per cent., redeemable 1929	16,908,938	16,848,938	16,823,937
3 per cent., redeemable 1941	10,845,923	10,809,097	10,809,097
2½ per cent., redeemable 1949	7,465,090	7,290,223	7,290,223
London County Consolidated Stock—			
2½ per cent., redeemable at various dates	6,250,000	6,114,442	6,083,359
3 per cent., „ „ „	22,431,514	25,965,000	25,955,000
	£63,902,465	£67,017,700	£66,961,616
London County Bills	1,415,294	1,729,120	3,349,574
Former County Loans	117,980	95,087	77,103
Consolidated Loans Fund advances to capital accounts and to late School Board...	3,574,677	3,470,948	4,545,824
Public Works Loans Commissioners part debt of late School Board ...	2,285,221	2,200,848	2,078,062
Overdrawn balance	291,538	—	1,789,461
	£71,587,175	£74,513,703	£78,801,640

The assets against this gross debt at March, 1907, were as follows:—Balances of loans to other local authorities, £18,776,173; small dwellings acquisition, £1,682; Middlesex adjustment, £46,946; out county drainage contributions, £90,438; value of surplus lands, £6,817,950; advances to capital accounts, £4,545,824; and cash balance, £208,878; leaving the balance of nett debt, £48,313,749; of which £8,791,941 was in respect of revenue-producing undertakings.

LONDON AREAS.

THE name London was formerly only applicable to the City with an area of a little over one square mile, and the outside districts grew up without any homogeneity and without a common name until 1855, when they became officially known as the Metropolis. This area became in 1889 the administrative County of London, 118 square miles in extent, and as such includes the City, in which, however, certain services are performed by the Corporation which are in the rest of the county performed by the County Council. The administrative County of London had in 1901 a population of 4,536,541. The changes in boundaries carried out under the London Government Act (1899) involved the inclusion in the county of South Hornsey and the loss of Penge.

Greater London or the Metropolis under the Metropolitan and the City Police includes the whole of the Counties of London and Middlesex and part of the Counties of Kent, Surrey, Essex, and Herts. It is made up of all parishes of which any part is within eleven miles of Charing Cross, or of which the whole is within fifteen miles of Charing Cross. It is 693 square miles in extent and contains a population of 6,581,372.

The Metropolitan water area is 620 square miles in extent. The Metropolis, for criminal jurisdiction—the district of the Central Criminal Court—is not identical with the police area; it contains an area of 420 square miles, and a population of 5,300,000. The County Court and Police Court areas do not correspond with any of these, nor with each other.

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Political London.

FOR Parliamentary purposes London is divided into 58 constituencies, with one member each, except the City, which returns two members. The total electorate at last election (January, 1906) was 620,424. There were no uncontested seats, whereas at the previous General Election (October, 1900) there were no contests in 12 constituencies. Liberal and Labour candidates polled 250,362 votes, and Conservatives 234,216. The results of the last and five previous elections in London were as follows:—

	1885.	1886.	1892.	1895.	1900.	1906.
Conservative . .	36	48	36	51	51	19
Liberal	23	11	23	8	8	40
Majority . .	*13	*37	*13	*43	*43	†21

* Conservative Majority † Liberal Majority.

The Liberal Unionists are included in the Conservatives.

RESULTS OF LAST GENERAL ELECTION.

BATTERSEA.

The Right Hon. John Burns (L), 108, Lavender-hill, S.W. 7,387
A. S. Benn (C) . . . 5,787

BERMONDSEY.

Dr. G. Cooper (L), 92, Southwark Park-road, S.E. . 4,775
H. J. C. Cust (C) . . 3,016

BETHNAL GREEN—North-East.

Sir E. A. Cornwall (L), 3, Whitehall-court . . 4,127
Sir M. M. Bhownaggree (U) 2,130

BETHNAL GREEN—South-West.

E. H. Pickersgill (L), 238, Amherst-road, Hackney . 3,542
S. F. Ridley (C) . . . 2,064

BOW AND BROMLEY.

Stopford Brooke (L), 34, De Vere-gardens, W. . . 4,596
Arthur Du Cros (C) . . 3,974

CAMBERWELL—North.

Dr. T. J. Macnamara (L), Clontarf, Rollscourt-avenue, Herne-hill, S.E. . 6,314
C. H. Hoare (C) . . . 3,497

CHELSEA.

E. J. Horniman (L), 74, Elm Park-road, S.W. . . 4,660
C. A. Whitmore (U) . . 4,031

CITY OF LONDON.

Sir E. Clarke, K.C. (U), 2, Essex-court, Temple, E.C. 16,019
Hon. A. G. H. Gibbs (U), Carlton 15,619
Felix O. Schuster (L) . . 5,313
Sir J. West Ridgeway (L) . 5,064

BYE-ELECTION.

Vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon. A. G. H. Gibbs. Polling February 27, 1906.

Balfour, Right Hon. A. J. (U) ... 15,474
Bowles, T. G. (F T) 4,134

CLAPHAM.

P. M. Thornton (C), Battersea-rise House, Clapham-common 7,912
F. Low (L) 7,816

DEPTFORD.

C. Bowerman (Lab.), 7, St. Bride-street, E.C. . . 6,236
A. H. A. Morton (C) . . 4,977
H. Vivian (L) . . . 726

DULWICH—Camberwell.

Dr. Rutherfoord Harris (C), 101, Mount-street, W. . 6,639
D. Williamson (L) . . 6,282

BYE-ELECTION.

Vacancy caused by the resignation of Dr. Rutherfoord Harris. Polling, May 15, 1906.

A. Bonar Law (C), Kintillo, Helensburgh, N.B. 6,709
D. Williamson (L) 5,430

FINSBURY—Central.
W. C. Steadman (Lab.), 49, Rectory-square, Stepney, E. 3,493
E. Goulding (U) . . . 2,799

FINSBURY—East.
J. A. Baker (L), 8, Donnington-road, Harlesden, N.W. 2,461
Col. A. C. E. Welby (U) . 1,772

FULHAM.
T. Davies (L), "Pantycelyn," East Putney . . . 8,037
W. Hayes Fisher (U) . . 7,407

GREENWICH.
R. S. Jackson (L), Stobcross Lodge, Crooms-hill, Greenwich . . . 4,906
I. H. Benn (C, P) . . . 3,565
Lord Hugh Cecil (C, F T) . 2,356

HACKNEY—Central.
Sir Albert Spicer, Bt. (L), 50, Upper Thames-street, E.C. 3,998
A. H. A. Allhusen (C) . . 3,382

HACKNEY—North.
T. Hart Davies (L), 46, Ravensdale-road, Stamford Hill 4,655
W. R. Bousfield, K.C. (C) . 4,431

HACKNEY—South.
H. Bottomley (L), Carlisle Mansions, Victoria-street, S.W. 6,736
T. H. Robertson (C) . . 3,257
Rev. W. Riley (Ind. L) . 804

HAMPSTEAD.
J. S. Fletcher (U), Merlewood, Virginia Water . 4,934
G. F. Rowe (L) . . . 4,461

HAMMERSMITH.
Sir W. J. Bull (C), 414, Uxbridge-road, W. . . 5,111
G. Blaiklock (L) . . . 4,562
G. Belt (Soc.) . . . 885

HOLBORN.
J. F. Remnant (C), 4, South Eaton-place, S.W . . 3,881
Dr. S. Miall (L) . . . 2,706

ISLINGTON—East.
G. H. Radford (L), Chiswick House, Ditton Hill . . 4,477
Sir B. L. Cohen (C) . . 3,710

ISLINGTON—North.
D. S. Waterlow (L), 29, Chesham-place, S.W. . 5,284
Sir G. C. T. Bartley (C) . 4,418

ISLINGTON—South.
Thos. Wiles (L), 5, Aubrey-road, Holland Park, W. . 3,606
Sir A. Rollit (C, F T) . 1,991
W. Hunt (C, P) . . . 870

ISLINGTON—West.
T. Lough (L), 14, Dean's-yard, S.W.. . . . 4,116
F. H. Medhurst (U) . . 3,618

KENSINGTON—North.
H. Y. Stanger, K.C. (L), New-court, Temple, E.C. . 4,416
W. Hume-Williams, K.C. (U) 3,358

KENSINGTON—South.
Earl Percy (C), 64, Curzon-street, W. 4,835
Sir E. O'Malley (L) . . 1,624

LAMBETH—Brixton.
J. H. Seaverns (L), 16, Eastcheap, E.C. . . . 4,521
D. Dalziel (C) . . . 4,235

LAMBETH—Kennington.
Stephen Collins (L), Harborne, St. Anne's Hill, S.W. 4,639
Sir F. L. Cook (C) . . 3,054

LAMBETH—North.
Horatio Myer (L), 64, Maida-vale, W. . . . 2,162
Major Gastrell (C) . . 1,904
D. Naoroji (I L) . . . 733
F. W. Horner (C). . . 108

LAMBETH—Norwood.
G. S. Bowles (C, F T), 36, Connaught Square, Hyde Park 5,567
N. W. Hubbard (L). . . 4,748

LEWISHAM.
Major E. F. Coates (U), Tayle's Hill, Ewell . . 9,689
F. W. Aveling (L) . . 8,006

LIMEHOUSE.

W. Pearce (L), 12, Park-crescent, W. . . .	2,981
Sir H. S. Samuel (C) . .	2,007

LONDON UNIVERSITY.

Sir P. Magnus (U), 16, Gloster-terrace, S.W. .	1,840
Sir M. Foster (L) . . .	1,816

MARYLEBONE—East.

Lord R. Cecil (C, F T), 25, Grove End-road, N.W. .	2,827
A. M. Langdon, K.C. (L) .	2,167

MARYLEBONE—West.

Sir S. Scott (C), 38, South-street, Mayfair, W. . .	3,446
Sir Harry Johnstone (L) .	2,791

MILE END.

B. S. Straus (L), 8, Hyde Park Mansions, W . .	2,295
Hon. Harry Lawson (U) .	2,169

NEWINGTON—West.

Captain Norton (L), 18, Barkston-gardens, S.W. .	4,446
R. E. Belilios (C) . . .	2,425

PADDINGTON—North.

L. G. C. Money (L), Casa Cara, Oatlands, Weybridge.	3,825
A. Straus (U) . . .	2,419
Sir H. Burdett (Ind. U) .	817

PADDINGTON—South.

Sir T. G. Fardell (C), 26, Hyde Park-street, W. .	2,919
C. W. Milne (L) . .	1,502

PECKHAM.

C. Goddard Clarke (L), South Lodge, Champion Hill, S.E.	5,903
Sir F. C. Banbury (C) . .	3,564

POPLAR.

Rt. Hon. Sydney Buxton (L), 7, Grosvenor-crescent, S.W.	4,546
George O. Borwick (U) .	2,235

ROTHERHITHE.

H. W. Carr Gomm (L), The Chase, Farnham Royal, Bucks. . . .	4,192
J. Cumming Macdona (C) .	2,821

ST. GEORGE'S, HANOVER SQUARE.

Col. Hon. H. Legge (C), 90, Piccadilly, W. . . .	4,264
M. C. Mallik (L) . . .	2,191

ST. GEORGE'S-IN-THE-EAST.

Wedgwood Benn (L), 8, Finsbury-square, E.C. .	1,685
W. H. Halifax Wells (U) .	1,064

ST. PANCRAS—East.

H. C. Lea (L), 60, Cadogan-place, S.W. . . .	4,208
Sir T. Wrightson (C). . .	2,327

ST. PANCRAS—North.

W. H. Dickinson (L), 51, Campden Hill - road, Kensington . . .	4,094
E. R. Moon (C) . . .	2,643

ST. PANCRAS—South.

P. W. Wilson, (L), 16, Percy-circus, W.C. . . .	2,109
Major Jessel (C). . . .	2,048

ST. PANCRAS—West.

Sir W. J. Collins (L), 1, Albert - terrace, Regent's Park, N.W. . . .	3,230
H. R. Graham (C) . .	2,545

SHOREDITCH—Haggerston.

W. R. Cremer (L and Lab.), 11, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.	2,772
Hon. R. Guinness (C) . .	2,371

SHOREDITCH—Hoxton.

Hon. Claude Hay (C), 5, Connaught-square, Hyde Park, W.	3,489
Henry Ward (L). . .	2,753

STEPNEY.

Major Sir W. Evans-Gordon (C), 4, Chelsea Embankment, S.W. . . .	2,490
Durham Stokes (L) . .	1,853

BYE-ELECTION.

Vacancy caused by the resignation of Sir W. Evans-Gordon. Polling May 10, 1907.

Leverton Harris (C)	2,299
B. Cooper (L)	1,350

SOUTHWARK—West.

Rt. Hon. R. K. Causton (L), 12, Devonshire-place, W. .	3,057
A. Clavell Salter, K.C. (U) .	2,592

STRAND.

Hon. W. F. D. Smith (C), 3, Grosvenor-place, S.W .	3,935
A. Waldemar Lawrence (L)	1,854

WALWORTH.

C. J. O'Donnell (L and Lab.), 75, Queen's Gate, S.W.	3,187
Sir J. Bailey (C) . . .	2,418

WANDSWORTH.

Sir H. Kimber (C), Albany-chambers, York-st., S.W.	12,433
Albert E. Reed (L) . .	11,888

WESTMINSTER.

W. A. B. Burdett-Coutts (U), 1, Stratton-street, Piccadilly	3,167
Capt. C. V. C. Hobart, D.S.O. (L) . . .	2,054

WHITECHAPEL.

Stuart M. Samuel (L), 12, Hill-street, Mayfair. . .	1,925
D. H. Kyd (C) . . .	1,569

WOOLWICH.

W. Crooks (Lab.), 81, Gough-street, Poplar .	9,026
Major W. A. Adams (U) .	6,883

THE LONDON ELECTORATES.

THERE are five electorates in London: (1) the Parliamentary Borough; (2) the Parliamentary County; (3) the County Council; (4) the Parochial; and (5) the Common Council; of these only the County Council and the Parochial franchises are identical. Until 1901 the County Council differed in part from the Parochial franchise; but by the London County Council Electors' Qualification Act, 1900, the two electorates were assimilated. The chief alteration was the addition of lodger service, married women, and ownership voters to the County Council franchise thereby increasing that electorate. In the following table a comparison is made between the four electorates, the qualifications for which are most nearly similar in character:—

PARLIAMENTARY BOROUGH. For Members of Parliament.	COUNTY COUNCIL AND PAROCHIAL. 1. For County Councillors. 2. For Guardians. 3. For Borough Councillors.	COMMON COUNCIL. For members of the City Corporation.
621,180	742,397	25,418
HOUSEHOLDER, or £10 OCCUPIER	HOUSEHOLDER, or £10 OCCUPIER	HOUSEHOLDER, or £10 OCCUPIER
Males (not being Peers)	Males (including Peers)	Males (including Peers)
—	Spinsters (*a*)	—
—	Widows (*a*)	—
—	Married women whose husbands are not qualified (*a*).	—
—	OCCUPIER OF LESS THAN £10 (*a*).	—
	Males (including Peers)	
	Spinsters	
	Widows	
	Married women whose husbands are not qualified.	
SERVICE.	SERVICE	—

(*a*) Land does not qualify in these cases.

Parliamentary Borough. For Members of Parliament.	County Council and Parochial. 1. For County Councillors. 2. For Borough Councillors. 3. For Guardians.	Common Council. For members of the City Corporation.
Lodger (£10 unfurnished lodgings).	Lodger	—
Livery (City only).	—	—
(*b*)	Owner	—
General Qualifications.		
Householder (and *service*). —Occupation and residence for 12 months previous to 15th July within the borough.	*Householder and Service.* — Occupation and residence for 12 months previous to 15th July within the County.	*Householder.*—Occupation and residence for 12 months previous to 15th July within the City.
Occupier. — Occupation within the borough for 12 months to 15th July, and residence within 7 miles of the borough for 6 months previous to the 15th July. (For the City the residence limit is 25 miles.)	*Occupier.*—Occupation within the County for 12 months to 15th July, and residence within 15 miles of the County for 12 months previous to the 15th July.	*Occupier.*—Occupation within the City for 12 months previous to the 15th July or the 1st December. No limit as to residence.
Lodger. — Occupation and residence for 12 months previous to 15th July in qualifying rooms in one definite house within the borough.	*Lodger.* — As for Parliamentary.	—
Livery.—Upon the livery for 12 months before the election, and residence within 25 miles of the City for 6 months previous to the 15th July.	—	—

(*b*) Owners vote for Parliamentary county.

The Parliamentary County voters are the owners who are not qualified by the same property for the Parliamentary Borough franchise. They vote for the ancient counties of Middlesex, Surrey, and Kent. They are Parochial electors also. Total, 8,535.

General disqualifications: Aliens, convicts, felons, infants, lunatics, paupers, bankrupts, and persons who have been convicted of corrupt and illegal practices. Non-payment of rates due on the 15th January by the 20th July disqualifies for Household and Occupier franchise; and non-payment of fines disqualifies for Livery franchise.

Persons included in the franchises:—

Tenement occupiers (Householders).

Shop assistants (Service).

Lodgers paying 4s. a week for unfurnished, or 5s. a week for furnished, lodgings (Lodger).

Voting.—Parliamentary elections—one vote in each borough or county, in which qualified. County Council elections—one vote in the whole county. Parochial elections—one vote in each borough in which qualified. The vote may be exercised only once in each division in which qualified.

POLITICAL PARTY ORGANISATIONS.

District Secretaries and their Addresses.

Liberal.

London Liberal Federation.

President.—Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman, G.C.B., M.P.
Chairman—W. H. Dickinson, M.P.
Treasurer — Sir Samuel Montagu, Bart.
Hon. Sec.—Corrie Grant, K.C., M.P.
Assist. Sec.—W. G. Rattey.
Offices—41, Parliament-street, S.W.

Conservative.

Metropolitan Division of the National Union of Conservative and Constitutional Associations.

President—Lord Llangattock.
Chairman—Sir T. G. Fardell, M.P.
Secretary—A. E. Southall.
Offices—St. Stephen's Chambers, Westminster, S.W.

Division.	Liberal.	Conservative.
Battersea . . .	T. C. Waterland, Glenmuir, Brussels-road, New Wandsworth, Hon. Sec. A. H. Burn, 457, Battersea-park-road, S.W., Reg. Agent.	B. Bottomley, 83, Falcon-road, Clapham-junction.
Bermondsey . .	G. Oliver, 2, Welsford-street, Bermondsey, S.E., Hon. Sec.	C. G. Storey, 132, Grange-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Bethnal Green, N.E.	J. J. Cole, 134, Bishop's-road, N.E., Hon. Sec. J. W. Cole, 134, Bishop's-road, N.E., Reg. Agent.	E. A. Luffingham, 248, Bethnal-green-road, E.
„ „ S.W.	W. J. Lewis, 42, Pollards-row, Bethnal-green, Hon. Sec.	J. A. Pitman, 343, Bethnal-green-road, E.
Bow and Bromley .	C. W. Hovell, 84, Bow-road, E., Sec. and Reg. Agent.	H. F. Smith, 151, Bow-road, E.
Brixton . . .	C. T. Bartlett, 188, Brixton-road, S.W., Hon. Sec. H. Herbert, 188, Brixton-road, S.W., Reg. Agent.	J. G. Albert, 206, Brixton-road, S.W.
Camberwell—North	A. Cathie, 9, Church-street, Camberwell-green, Reg. Agent.	Basil Tree, 1, Brunswick-square, S.E.
Chelsea . . .	A. M. Latham, 7, Cheyne-gardens, Chelsea, Hon. Sec. W. J. Osborne, 182, King's-road, Chelsea, Reg. Agent.	Arthur H. Smith, 191, King's-road, Chelsea.
City of London. .	A. Bass, 1 and 2, Queen-street, Cheapside, Sec.	T. Inkersole, 2, Gresham-buildings, Guildhall, E.C.
Clapham . . .	W. J. B. Ball, 192, High-street, Clapham, Sec.	F. S. Harnett, 5, South Side, Clapham-common, S.W.
Deptford . . .	H. Marshall, 350, New Cross-road, S.E., Hon. Sec.	H. Garland Wells, 329, New Cross-road, S.E.
Dulwich . . .	S. Coward, 79, Underhill-road, Dulwich; H. S. Cadle, 3, Alleyn-road, Dulwich, Hon. Secs. P. A. Spong, 136, Lordship-lane, Dulwich, Sec.	T. Cox, 1, Grove-vale, East Dulwich.
Finsbury—Central .	F. Thoms, 41, Spencer-street, Clerkenwell, Hon. Sec.	P. G. Beard, 22, Green-terrace, Rosebery-avenue, E.C.
„ East . .	G. W. Newsam, Hon. Sec. F. C. Baum, 117, Old-street, E.C., Reg. Agent.	
Fulham . . .	C. E. Blake, 51, Clonmel-road, Fulham, Hon. Sec. A. Allgood, 14, Harwood-road, Reg. Agent.	W. A. Milner, 6, Shorrolds-road, Walham-green, S.W.

DIVISION.	LIBERAL.	CONSERVATIVE.
GREENWICH . . .	W. J. Purver, Reform Club, South-st., Greenwich, Hon. Sec.	J. E. Shaw, 88, London-street, Greenwich, E.C.
HACKNEY—CENTRAL .	G. Pilbrow, 30, St. Philip's-road, Dalston, Hon. Sec. A. W. Radford, 15, Amhurst-road, Reg. Agent.	H. C. Rawll, 42, Oakfield-road, Clapton, N.E.
,, NORTH .	W. H. Baldwin, 182, Stoke Newington-road, Hon. Sec.; B. J. Dann, Sec. and Reg. Agent.	W. H. Bishop, 150, Stoke Newington-road, N.
,, SOUTH. .	W. Cornish, 25, Church-road, Homerton, Hon. Sec. G. R. Southerton, 25, Church-road, Homerton, Reg. Agent.	C. Jeffries, 10, Lower Clapton-road, N.E.
HAGGERSTON . .	Louis Abbott, 336, Hackney-road, Sec.	J. Bye, 258, Kingsland-road, N.E.
HAMMERSMITH . .	R. Cotter, 49A, Sulgrave-road, Hammersmith, Hon. Sec. G. Sexton, 212, Uxbridge-road, W., Sec.	C. H. Allberry, 16, Broadway, Hammersmith, W.
HAMPSTEAD . . .	Harold Baily, Liberal Club, Heath-street, Hampstead, Sec.	C. Atkinson, 4, College-villas, Finchley-road, N.W.
HOXTON	Joseph Cox, 299, Old-street, E.C., Hon. Sec.	A. C. Hodder, 27, New North-road, N.
HOLBORN . . .	C. W. Garrard, 31, Lamb's-conduit-st., W.C., Hon. Sec.	F. M. Gillmore, Conservative Association, 36, Red Lion-sq., W.C.
ISLINGTON—EAST .	A. E. Pettet, 218, Seven Sisters-road, Hon. Sec.	A. Carey, 278, St. Paul's-road, Highbury, N.
,, NORTH .	O. Clarke, Sec., and W. T. Sawyer, Hon. Sec., 734, Holloway-road.	Councillor G. W. Didsbury, 623, Holloway-road, N.
,, SOUTH .	D. Thomas, Mornington House, Canonbury-lane, Hon. Sec.	S. J. Collingwood, 52, Ronalds-road, Highbury, N.
,, WEST .	W. Isaac, 314, Caledonian-road, N., Hon. Sec.	H. T. Clarke, 356, Camden-road, N.W.
KENNINGTON. . .	J. C. Hatch, 342, Kennington-road, S.E., Hon. Sec.	W. R. Grover, 295, Kennington-road, S.E.
KENSINGTON—NORTH.	A. G. M'Arthur, 28, Linden-gardens, W., Hon. Sec. H. Lewis, 92, Ladbroke-grove, Reg. Agent.	C. Swann Shield, 134, Ladbroke-grove, W.
,, SOUTH .	Mrs. Broadley Reid, 70, West Cromwell-road, S.W., Hon. Sec. Miss C. Jolly, 30, High-street, Marylebone, Sec.	Col. H. W. Gray, 33, Hogarth-road, Earl's Court, S.W.
LAMBETH—NORTH .	W. Tillson-Frichold, 197a, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E., Hon. Sec.	I. G. Graham, 156, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.
LEWISHAM . . .	Clifford Smith, 16, Effingham-road, Lee, Hon. Sec. T. White, 133, High-street, Lewisham, Reg. Agent.	T. Edmondston, 6, Lime's-grove, High-st., Lewisham.
LIMEHOUSE . .	T. R. Garnham, 715, Commercial-road, E., Hon. Sec.	A. White, 638, Commercial-road, E.
MARYLEBONE—EAST .	J. T. Osler, Hon. Sec., 184, Marylebone-road.	J. S. Underhill, 64, Baker-st., W.
,, WEST .	W. H. Sands, 25, Harcourt-st., Edgware-road, W., Hon. Sec.	
MILE END . . .	Thos. Gould, Hon. Sec. and Reg. Agent, 146, Burdett-rd. E.	J. Forrest, 169, Mile End-rd., E.
NEWINGTON—WEST .	D. T. Denne, 73, Manor-place, Newington, Hon. Sec. R. Wagner, 7, St. Agnes-place, Kennington, Hon. Sec. J. Boyd, 19, Lorrimore-road, S.E., Reg. Agent.	E. E. Brook, 140, Walworth-road, S.E.

Division.	Liberal.	Conservative.
Norwood . . .	G. E. Michael, 333A, Norwood-road, S.E., Sec. C. W. Meallin, 2, Woodquest-avenue, Herne Hill, Hon. Sec.	R. B. Staines, 10, Herne-Hill-road, S.E.
Paddington—North .	W. Jacob, 252, Harrrow-road, W., Sec. G. E. Holloway, 16, Edbrooke-road, W., Hon. Sec.	B. D. Barnett, 22, Bishop's-road, W.
„ South .	H. A. Baker, 39, Palace-court, Bayswater, Hon. Sec.	
Peckham . . .	W. A. Keyse, 84, Rye-lane, Peckham, Hon. Sec.	W. H. Mayo, Conservative Club, Hanover Park, S.E.
Poplar	C. E. Theis, 102, East India-road, Hon. Sec. G. H. Ford, 102, East India-road, Hon. Sec.	G. Vickery, Constitutional Club, Newby-place, Poplar.
Rotherhithe . .	F. H. Benson, 3, St. James's-road, Bermondsey.	A. J. Tyler, 70, Union-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
St. George's—East .	Charles Gover, 45, Watney-street, E., Hon. Sec. G. C. Revell, 203, Cable-street, Secretary and Reg. Agent.	L. Davis, Beaconsfield House, 206, Cable-street, E.
„ Hanover-sq.	A. W. Lawrence, 1A, Semley-place, Ebury-street, Hon. Sec.	T. Lennox Irwin, 31, Old Queen-street, S.W.
St. Pancras—East .	J. Brown, 62, King's-road, Camden Town, Sec.	C. H. Ball, 18, Camden-street, N.W.
„ North .	J. Manus, 7, Prince of Wales-road, N.W., Sec. and Reg. Agent.	H. A. Collins, 3, Highgate-road, N.W.
„ South .	A. P. Stocken, 21, Endsleigh-gardens, N.W., Hon. Sec., *pro. tem.*	E. Barnes, 26, Argyle-sq., W.C.
„ West .	H. Blanchard, Cobden House, 144, Hampstead-road, N.W., Hon. Sec.	A. R. Miles, 8, Stanhope-ter., Gloucester Gate, N.W.
Southwark—West .	T. Haynes, 166, Scovell-road; S. W. Pascall, 100, Blackfriars-road, Hon Secs. E. C. Middleditch, 166, Scovell-road, Southwark Bridge-road, S.E., Reg. Agent.	Gerald H. Edwards, 86, Borough-road, S.E.
Stepney. . . .	E. D. Forrester, 20, Apsley-street, Stepney, Sec.	G. W. McMullan, 50, Portland street, Stepney, E.
Strand	Miss Pocock, 18, Buckingham-street, Strand, W.C., Sec.	T. Lennox Irwin, 31, Old Queen-street, S.W.
University of London . . .	W. Addington Willis, 1, King's Bench-walk, Temple, Hon. Sec.	. . . . .
Walworth . . .	G. Vernon, 267, Croxted-road, West Dulwich, Hon. Sec. B. T. Gregory, 70, East-street, Walworth, Reg. Agent.	S. J. Willis, 140, Walworth-road, S.E.
Wandsworth . .	J. Upton, 32, Fullerton-road, Wandsworth, Hon. Sec.	G. W. Daw, 88, East Hill, Wandsworth, S.W.
Westminster . .	T. R. Luke, Hon. Sec. C. F. Headford, 9, Parliament-chambers, Great Smith-st., S.W., Sec.	F. C. Morgan 64, Victoria-st., Westminster, S.W.
Whitechapel . .	G. T. Legg, 47, Whitechapel-road, E., Reg. Agent. E. W. George, 151, Whitechapel-road, E., Hon. Sec.	S. Mockett, Imperial Mansions Charing-cross-road, W.C.
Woolwich . . .	W. Barefoot, Labour Representation Committee, 3, New-road, Woolwich.	Stanley C. Abbott, 3, Thomas-street, Woolwich.

Central Governing Authorities.

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

UNTIL eighteen years ago London had no central representative Governing Authority. In 1855 the Metropolitan Board of Works was established, and discharged certain central municipal duties. It was constituted by members nominated by the vestries, the district boards, and the City Corporation. Originally intended only to look after main drainage, and a few minor matters, such as street naming and lines of frontage, it soon extended its duties by taking over the fire brigade and the Thames bridges; executing street improvements, including the making of the Thames Embankment; acquiring and maintaining parks and open spaces; and undertaking other works. Never a popular body, because it did not come into touch with the people, it fell into disgrace just at the time that Mr. Ritchie, as President of the Local Government Board, was reforming the County Government in the country. A Parliamentary inquiry showed that several officers of the board had been guilty of corruption, and that some of the members were not above suspicion. It was opportunely abolished, and in its place a really representative council created. London was made a County, and the jurisdiction exercised by the county justices of Middlesex, Kent, and Surrey, within the area governed by the Metropolitan Board of Works, ceased. For certain purposes the City was absorbed with the rest of the Metropolis.

The Council consists of 118 elected representatives—two from each Parliamentary division and four from the City—and 19 aldermen. The Council election takes place in March, every three years. The aldermen are elected by the Council for six years—9 retiring at the end of one triennial period and 10 at the end of the next similar period.

The Council has a chairman, a vice-chairman, and a deputy-chairman. Originally the deputy-chairman was a paid official, the chief of the staff, although a member of the Council. The clerk of the Council now combines the administrative functions of the former deputy-chairman with the duties of the clerk.

The first chairman of the Council was Lord Rosebery. He was succeeded by Sir John Lubbock. Lord Rosebery returned to the chair for a few months after the election of the second Council, and was followed by Sir John Hutton, who held the position until the election of the third Council.

Sir Arthur Arnold was chairman from March 1895 to March 1897. Since that date the chairmanship of the Council has been an annual office, held by Sir W. J. Collins, M.P., Mr. T. McKinnon Wood, M.P., Lord Welby, Mr. W. H. Dickinson, M.P., Mr. A. M. Torrance, M.P., Sir John McDougall, Lord Monkswell, Mr. J. W. Benn, M.P., Sir E. A. Cornwall, M.P., Mr. Evan Spicer, and Mr. H. P. Harris, who is the present chairman. The first deputy-chairman was the late Mr. Firth, who had long been associated with the reform of London government. He was followed by Alderman Haggis, who also died in office. Mr. W. H. Dickinson was the last paid deputy-chairman, and occupied the position four years.

The following is a list of the chairmen and the periods for which they served:—

PERIOD.	CHAIRMAN.	VICE-CHAIRMAN.	DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN
First Council.			H. B. B. Firth (*d.* Sept. 1889); A. H. Haggis (*d.* Nov. 1891); R. M. Beachcroft
March 1889 to July 1891	Earl of Rosebery	Sir John Lubbock	
July 1891 to March 1892	Sir John Lubbock	Lord Farrer	
Second Council.			
March 1892 to June 1892	Earl of Rosebery	Sir John Hutton	W. H. Dickinson
June 1892 to March 1895	Sir John Hutton	Charles Harrison	W. H. Dickinson
Third Council.			
March 1895 to March 1896	Sir Arthur Arnold	J. W. Benn	W. H. Dickinson
March 1896 to March 1897	Sir Arthur Arnold	Dr. W. J. Collins	R. M. Beachcroft
March 1897 to March 1898	Dr. W. J. Collins	R. M. Beachcroft	A. M. Torrance
Fourth Council.			
March 1898 to March 1899	T. McK. Wood	Lord Welby	H. P. Harris
March 1899 to March 1900	Lord Welby	R. Strong	T. L. Corbett
March 1900 to March 1901	W. H. Dickinson	A. M. Torrance	J. S. Fletcher
Fifth Council.			
March 1901 to March 1902	A. M. Torrance	John McDougall	Lt.-Col. A. Rotton
March 1902 to March 1903	Sir J. McDougall	Lord Monkswell	Henry Clarke
March 1903 to March 1904	Lord Monkswell	E. A. Cornwall	R. A. Robinson
Sixth Council.			
March 1904 to March 1905	J. W. Benn	E. A. Cornwall	F. P. Alliston
March 1905 to March 1906	E. A. Cornwall	Evan Spicer	Lt.-Col. Probyn
March 1906 to March 1907	Evan Spicer	Henry Ward	Dr. Baxter Forman
Seventh Council.			
March 1907	H. P. Harris	H. S. Sankey	Capt. Fitzroy Hemphill

ELECTION RETURNS.

THERE have always been brisk contests at the County Council elections. The first took place on January 17th, 1889, and among the members two ladies were elected—Lady Sandhurst for Brixton and Miss Jane Cobden for Bow. But Sir Walter de Souza and Mr. Beresford-Hope put the law in operation, and had them removed. Mr. Beresford-Hope then secured Lady Sandhurst's seat at Brixton without a contest, and Miss Cons, who had been elected an "alderman," retired as a result of the legal difficulty created. The following have been the positions of the two parties—Progressives and Moderates—on the various Councils:—

	Pro.	Mod.	Pro. Maj.
First election, January, 1889	73	45	28
Second election, March, 1892	83	35	48
Third election, March, 1895	59	59	—
Fourth election, March, 1898	70	48	22
Fifth election, March, 1901	84	31	53
Sixth election, March, 1904	83	34	49

One "Independent" was also elected.

	Mod.	Maj.
Seventh election, March 1907	37	79	42

One "Independent" and one "Labour" were also elected.

The seventh triennial general election—of March, 1907—resulted for the first time in the history of the Council in a victory for the

Moderates. The 118 elected members now consist of 37 Progressives, 79 Moderates, one Independent and one Labour. The contest was fought on the old lines of cleavage between the Progressive and Moderate parties, though the latter had changed their name to Municipal Reformers following the innovation made at the borough council elections in November, 1906.

In the following returns P stands for Progressive; M, Moderate; I, Independent; L, Labour; S, Socialist. An asterisk (*) indicates a member of the previous Council. Figures in parentheses indicate the number of electors.

BATTERSEA.
(22,914.)

*W. Davies (P)	7,250
A. S. Benn (M)	7,217
*Ald. J. West (P)	6,669
E. Evans (M)	6,591
W. H. Humphreys (S)	489
J. Fitzgerald (S)	98
H. Jansen-Neuman (S)	42

1904—Burns, M.P. (P), 5,513; Davies (P), 5,502; Thomas (M), 2,503.

1901—Davies (P), 5,951; Burns (P), 5,906; Boulter (M), 1,829; Dumphreys (M), 1,746.

BERMONDSEY.
(15,648.)

*Dr. A. Salter (P)	4,197
*A. A. Allen, M.P. (P)	4,195
J. F. V. Fitzgerald (M)	3,474
J. K. Foster (M)	3,389

1904—Cooper (P), 3,221; Allen (P), 3,215; Flood (M), 2,153; Anderton (M), 2,065. 1906 (by-election): Salter, unopposed.

1901—Cooper (P), 3,147; Allen (P), 3,096; Cox (M), 2,094; Layman (M), 2,026.

BETHNAL GREEN—NORTH-EAST.
(11,027.)

*Sir E. Cornwall (P)	3,877
*E. Smith (P)	3,777
R. A. Robinson (M)	1,918
L. H. Lemon (M)	1,907

1904—Smith (P), 3,265; Cornwall (P), 2,251; McCrae (M), 1,211; Deans (M), 1,163.

1901—Smith (P), 3,030; Cornwall (P), 2,963; Bruce (M), 1,181; Collins (M), 1,169.

BETHNAL GREEN—SOUTH-WEST.
(9,708.)

Rev. S. Headlam (P)	2,995
P. A. Harris (P)	2,762
R. S. Montefiore (M)	1,774
F. Brinsley-Harper (M)	1,643
J. H. Harley (S)	512

1904—Branch (P), 2,490; Wiles (P), 2,458; Keeling (M), 955; Maconachie (M), 955.

1901—Branch (P), 2,401; Wiles (P), 2,358; Kinnoul (M), 1,358; Coltman (M), 1,329.

BOW AND BROMLEY.
(14,745.)

W. S. M. Knight (M)	3,285
H. B. Rowe (M)	3,212
*W. W. Bruce (P)	3,019
*B. Cooper (P)	3,019
A. A. Watts (S)	786
J. Stokes (S)	783
S. A. Bird (I)	159

1904—Bruce (P), 3,420; Cooper (P), 3,388; Batchelor (M), 1,600; Levett (M), 1,569.

1901—Bruce (P) and Cooper (P) unopposed.

BRIXTON.
(13,921.)

S. J. G. Hoare (M)	4,997
W. Haydon (M)	4,928
*L. Sharp (P)	3,546
L. Earle (P)	3,525

1904—Sharp (P), 3,170; Dolman (P), 3,420; Haydon (M), 2,922; Cresswell (M), 2,911.

1901—Dolman (P), 3,224; Sharp (P), 3,226; Bell (M), 2,180; Jerome (M), 2,138.

CAMBERWELL—NORTH.
(18,204.)

*R. Bray (P)	5,499
*H. R. Taylor (P)	5,365
A. Campbell (M)	3,545
W. Edmonds, jun. (M)	3,472

1904—Taylor (P), 3,670; Bray (P), 3,563; Miller (I), 1,229.

1901—Strong (P) and Taylor (P) unopposed.

CHELSEA.
(16,802.)

T. C. E. Goff (M)	5,877
R. C. Norman (M)	5,779
*E. J. Horniman, M.P. (P)	3,977
*J. Jeffery (P)	3,915

1904—Jeffery (P), 4,224; Horniman (P), 4,143; Sartorius (M), 3,471; Goff (M), 3,462.

1901—Jeffery (P), 4,582; Horniman (P), 4,481; Meinertzhagen (M), 2,682; Elliott (M), 2,639.

CITY OF LONDON.

(32,399.)

Ald. F. S. Hanson (M)	7,603
N. L. Cohen (M)	7,519
W. H. Pownall (M)	7,484
*H. S. Sankey (M)	7,451
C. R. Buxton (P)	1,768
F. Debenham (P)	1,766
G. S. Warmington (P)	1,719
*W. H. Dickinson (P)	1,646

1904—Alliston (M), 4,907; Brooke-Hitching (M), 4,858; Gunness (M), 4,799; Sankey (M), 4,606; Buxton (P), 2,342; Lord Sandhurst (P), 2,298.

1901—Alliston (M), 3,325; Clarke (M), 3,290; Cohen (M), 3,251; Sankey (M), 3,138; Welby (P), 2,341; Spicer (P), 2,327.

CLAPHAM.

(28,076.)

J. W. Domoney (M)	10,200
Sir C. J. Cooke (M)	10,155
A. Glegg (P)	7,320
J. G. Kipling (P)	7,276

1904—Rotton (M), 5,910; Gaskell (M), 5,764; Kipling (P), 5,544; Pannett (P), 5,408.

1901—Rottton (M), 4,141; Gaskell (M), 4,058; Hewitt (P), 3,903.

DEPTFORD.

(21,549.)

*S. Webb (P)	6,185
*R. C. Phillimore (P)	6,083
H. G. Wells (M)	5,979
W. F. Barrett (M)	5,899
R. R. Fairbairn (I)	182

1904—Phillimore (P), Webb (P), unopposed.

1901—Webb (P), 5,496; Phillimore (P), 5,349; T. W. Marchant (M), 2,655; Wayne (M), 2,780.

DULWICH.

(16,864.)

H. C. Gooch (M)	6,689
F. Hall (M)	6,641
*J. A. Hardy, M.P. (P)	5,020
A. S. Cohn (P)	4,844

1904—Hardy (P), 5,347; Gautry (P), 4,275; Mitchell (M), 3,548; Gooch (M), 3,531.

1901—Hardy (P), 3,312; Cousins (M), 2,587; Thornhill (M), 2,442.

FINSBURY—CENTRAL.

(9,733.)

*Capt. Hon. F. Hemphill (P)	2,806
*A. B. Russell (P)	2,791
*Capt. G. S. Swinton (M)	2,508
M. Chapman (M)	2,507

1904—Hemphill (P), 2,361; Russell (P), 2,338; Hoskins (M), 1,935; Wayne (M), (1,914).

1901—Hemphill (P), 2,023; Smith (P), 2,021; Rutland (M), 1,796; Low (M), 1,722.

Bye-election, November, 1901, on retirement of Smith (P), MacDonald (P), unopposed.

FINSBURY—EAST.

(6,687.)

Colonel A. C. Welby (M)	2,024
E. Howes (M)	2,014
*T. Harvey (P)	1,988
F. A. Harrison (P)	1,988

1904—Baker (P), 2,336; Harvey (P), 2,190; Howes (M), 1,772; Smith (M), 1,618.

1901—Baker (P), 2,471; Benson (P) 2,409; Marcus (M), 870; Porter (M), 870.

FULHAM.

(26,409.)

*C. Cobb (M)	8,413
E. J. Easton (M)	8,301
W. L. Taylor (P.	4,774
J. J. Stephenson (L)	3,139
J. R. Wall (S)	773

1904—Lawson (P), 6,207; Davies (P), 6,179; Skinner (M), 5,247; Lord Lytton (M), 5,157. 1905 (bye-election)—Cobb (M), 4,395; Spender (P), 3,970; Clark (L), 425.

1901—Davies (P), 5,341; Lawson (P), 5,259; Easton (M), 3,497; Gull (M), 3,483; Cooney (I), 645.

GREENWICH.

(15,987.)

J. H. Benn (M)	6,217
Lord A. J. Thynne (M)	5,991
D. McCall (P)	3,727
Rev. J. Wilson (P)	3,545

1904—Jackson (P), Warmington (P); unopposed.

1901—Jackson (P), 4,242; Warmington (P), 3,937; Shaw (M), 3,209; Lemon (M), 3,178; Ellis (I), 615.

HACKNEY—CENTRAL.
(12,809.)

W. B. Stewart (M) . . 3,671
G. Billings (M) . . . 3,620
*A. J. Shepheard (P) 3,608
*W. B. Yates (P) . 3,591
E. C. Fairchild (S) . 283
F. V. Fisher (S) . 265

1904—Wood (P), 3,534; Shepheard (P), 3,476; Lord Bingham (M), 2,120; Cartwright (M), 2,097.
1901—Wood (P), 3,162; Shepheard (P), 3,221; Johnston (M), 1,742; Cartwright (M), 1,688.

HACKNEY—NORTH.
(16,990.)

W. H. Key (M) . . . 6,205
W. R. Greene (M) . . 6,153
*G. Lampard (P) . 4,617
Ald. E. C. Price (P) . 4,530

1904—Lampard (P), 4,372; Sears (P), 4,189; Miller (M), 3,773; Key (M), 3,942.
1901—Lampard (P), 4,458; Sears (P), 4,257; Forman (M), 2,963; Richmond (M), 2,819.

HACKNEY—SOUTH.
(18,114.)

T. Chapman (P) . . . 5,225
W. A. Casson (P) . . 5,138
C. Hinckley (M) . 3,325
G. K. Naylor (M) . 3,285

1904—Browne (P), 4,318; Smith (P), 4,316; Boulter (M), 1,776; Craig (M), 1,767.
1901—Browne (P), 4,231; Smith (P), 4,169; Wallis (M), 2,117; Oldfield (M), 2,068.

HAGGERSTON.
(10,233.)

*Hon. R. Guinness (M) . 3,307
Hon. G. Johnstone (M) . 3,131
*Lord Monkswell (P) 3,085
Mr. S. Gee (P) . 3,026

1904—Lord Monkswell (P), 2,479; Stuart (P), 2,456; Stokoe (M), 1,093; Lloyd (M), 1,030.
1901—Stuart (P), 2,300; Monkswell (P), 2,251; Bridgeman (M), 1,011; Walker (M), 968.

HAMMERSMITH.
(17,949.)

*J. Brandon (M) . . . 5,850
*E. Collins (M) . . . 5,839
N. W. Shairp (P) . 2,755
E. Camp (P) . . 2,709
Dr. Davidson (S) . 897
J. T. Westcott (S) . 737

1904—Brandon (M), 3,501; Collins (M), 3,494; Ritchie (P), 3,483; Whelan (P), 3,392.
1901—Collins (M), 3,128; Brandon (M), 3,110; Lord (P), 2,885; Rawlings (P), 2,874.

HAMPSTEAD.
(15,012.)

*J. T. Taylor (M) . . . 5,577
W. Reynolds (M) . . . 5,508
G. L. Bruce (P) . 3,894
C. A. McCurdy (P) . 2,878

1904—Hanhart (M), 3,252; Taylor (M), 3,213; Mullens (P), 2,893; Smith (P), 2,737.
1901—Fletcher (M), 2,476; Mullins (P), 2,231; Bond (M), 1,864.

HOLBORN.
(12,396.)

E. E. Wild (M) . . . 4,524
Hon. H. Lygon (M) . . 4,030
H. D. Woodcock (P) . 1,629

1904—Bliss (M), 2,670; Swinton (M), 2,649; Ansell (P), 1,241; Goodes (P), 1,169.
1901—Bliss (M), 2,146; Swinton (M), 2,135; Cohen (P), 1,464.

HOXTON.
(12,019.)

Dr. J. Davies (M) . . 3,272
E. Grey (M) 3,225
*H. Ward (P) . . 3,112
*G. Wallis (P) . 3,065

1904—Wallis (P), 2,436; Ward (P), 2,361; Davies (M), 2,281; Gates (M), 2,124.
1901—Austin (P), 2,379; Ward (P), 2,365; Davies (M), 1,878; Bird (M), 1,827.

ISLINGTON—EAST.
(15,439.)

C. A. M. Barlow (M) . . 4,430
P. E. Pilditch (M) . . 4,402
Ald. E. Smallwood (P) 4,291
*A. A. Thomas (P) . 4,257

1904—Torrance (P), 4,413; Thomas (P), 3,914; Cæsar (M), 2,416.
1901—Torrance (P), 3,992; Laughland (P), 3,751; Mortimer (M), 2,254; Beale (M), 2,249.

ISLINGTON—NORTH.
(16,775.)

F. L. Dove (M) . . . 4,924
C. K. Murchison (M) . . 4,797
H. G. Chancellor (P) 4,200
H. J. Glanville (P) . 4,192

1904—Napier (P), 3,876; Parkinson (P), 3,858; Tomkins (M), 2,811; Sharp (M), 2,771.
1901—Napier (P), 4,097; Parkinson (P), 4,075; Clough (M), 2,206; Gedge (M), 2,196.

ISLINGTON—SOUTH.
(11,465.)

*G. Dew (P)	2,996
*H. J. Williams (P)	2,929
S. Lambert (M)	2,217
C. Moffatt (M)	2,076
G. F. Elliott (I)	850
E. J. James (I)	179

1904—Williams (P), 2,536; Dew (P), 2,437; Elliott (I), 1,770; Lambert (I), 1,596; Memory (I), 356.
1901—Elliott (I) and Williams (P), unopposed.

ISLINGTON—WEST.
(10,060.)

I. Salmon (M)	3,326
H. J. Clarke (M)	3,300
R. C. Lambert (P)	2,933
A. J. Mundella (P)	2,900

1904—Goodman (P), 2,904; Radford (P), 2,874; Adams (M), 1,705; Clarke (M), 1,695.
1901—Goodman (P), 3,039; Radford (P), 3,014; Davies (M), 1,351; Grant (M), 1,296.

KENNINGTON.
(11,842.)

*Sir J. W. Benn, M.P. (P)	3,424
Rev. E. Denny (P)	3,326
J. F. Budge (M)	2,718
Sir W. H. Porter (M)	2,666
J. G. Butler (S)	281
F. Knee (S)	235

1904—Collins (P), 3,394; Benn (P), 3,388; Edwards (M), 2,460.
1901—Benn (P), 3,505; Collins (P), 3,412; Bennet (M), 1,913; Dixon (M), 1,844.

KENSINGTON—NORTH.
(14,770.)

D. Davis (M)	4,418
Major C. L. Skinner (M)	4,382
*H. L. Jephson (P)	3,181
*W. Pope (P)	3,170

1904—Pope (P), 3,232; Jephson (P), 3,203; Thompson (M), 2,914; Baron de Worms (M), 2,858.
1901—Pope (P), 2,315; Jephson (P), 2,233; Thompson (M), 2,179; Morrison (M), 2,156.

KENSINGTON—SOUTH.
(14,539.)

*A. R. Robinson (M)	5,869
*Dr. E. B. Forman (M)	5,834
V. Aronson (P)	788
Hon. W. J. James (P)	770

1904—Robinson (M), 3,538; Thesiger (M), 3,519; Carr (P), 682; Norton (P), 660. 1905 (bye-election)—Colvile (M), unopposed.
1901—Campbell (M), 2,264; Robinson (M), 2,253; Coumbe (P), 758; Fennessy (P), 754.

LAMBETH—NORTH.
(8,237.)

*F. Briant (P)	2,360
F. Smith (L)	2,249
*J. Williams (M)	2,080
G. Hinds (M)	2,077

1904—Wightman (P), 1,180; Williams (M), 1,152; Brooks (M), 1,103; Gregory (P), 1,028; Clery (I), 422; J. Clarke (I), 419; W. H. Clarke (L), 265. 1905 (bye-election)—Briant (P), 1,549; Hinds (M), 938.
1901—Wightman (P), 1,761; Williams (P), 1,677; Williams (M), 1,357; Ansell (M), 1,329.

LEWISHAM.
(28,217.)

Lord Lewisham (M)	11,028
A. Pownall (M)	10,818
*J. W. Cleland, M.P. (P)	7,004
Hon. N. Primrose (P)	6,893
A. Gee (L)	118

1904—Cleland (P), 6,297; Stanley (P), 5,946; Fitzgerald (M), 4,557; Hartley (M), 4,446.
1901—Cleland (P), 3,370; Dodson (M), 3,235; Williams (M), 3,096.

LIMEHOUSE.
(8,022.)

C. Jackson (M)	2,141
J. L. Williams (M)	2,026
*A. L. Leon (P)	1,957
T. L. Knight (P)	1,935

1904—Bawn (P), 2,461; Leon (P), 2,381; Elliott (M), 1,517; Gray (M), 1,396.
1901—Leon (P), 1,751; Bawn (P), 1,637; Hole (M), 1,326; Williams (M), 1,297.

MILE END.
(6,839.)

R. H. Montgomery (M)	2,023
E. H. Coumbe (M)	2,011
R. V. Harcourt (P)	1,988
Rev. T. Warren (P)	1,925

1904—Warren (P), 2,125; Straus (P), 2,121; Goodrich (M), 1,569; Smith (M), 1,368; Baxter (I), 36.
1901—Straus (P), 1,941; Seager (P), 1,096; Flower, M.P. (M), 1,341; Booth (M), 1,341.
Bye-election, March, 1902: A. O. Goodrich (M), 1,194; W. Hazell (P), 893.

NEWINGTON—WEST.

(12,483.)

*E. Spicer (P)	3,778
*J. D. Gilbert (P).	3,759
H. Jarvis (M)	2,700
A. Waddell (M)	2,075

1904—Piggott (P), 3,244; Gilbert (P), 3,029; Lansdale (M), 1,380; Gibbons (M), 1,356.

1901—Piggott (P), 4,020; Gilbert (P), 3,009; Lansdale (M), 822; Hoare (M), 779.

NORWOOD.

(16,278.)

C. U. Fisher (M)	6,585
F. St. J. Morroll (M)	6,539
*N. W. Hubbard (P)	4,174
*G. Shrubsall (P)	4,120

1904—Hubbard (P), 4,328; Shrubsall (P), 4,233; Nicholls (M), 3,922; Chapman (M), 3,887.

1901—Hubbard (P), 3,770; Shrubsall (P), 3,626; Oxley (M), 2,709; Cutler (M), 2,669.

PADDINGTON—NORTH.

(15,664.)

Hon. W. Guinness (M)	4,711
J. H. Hunter (M).	4,597
J. Fairbanks (P)	3,607
G. C. Moberley (P)	3,453

1904—Beachcroft (M), 3,346; Stephens (M), 2,916; Blackwood (P), 2,393; Turner (P), 2,172.

1901—Beachcroft (M), 1,962; Blackwood (P), 1,916; Harris (M), 1,858; Warren (P), 1,820.

PADDINGTON—SOUTH.

(9,582.)

Sir R. Beachcroft (M)	3,763
*H. P. Harris (M)	3,709
J. S. Holmes (P)	848
A. Y. Mayell (P)	816

1904—Harben (M), 2,608; Harris (M), 2,589; Owen (P), 937; Kennedy (P), 524.

1901—Harris (M), 1,618; Harben (M), 1,611; Paddon (P), 524.

Bye-election, April, 1901—On Sir G. D. Harris (M) being elected an alderman Mr. H. P. Harris, unopposed.

PECKHAM.

(18,538.)

T. Gautrey (P)	4,659
W. L. Dowton (M)	4,426
D. C. Preston (M)	4,379
R. Steven (P)	4,262
W. T. Kelly (S)	499

1904—Clarke (P), 3,936; Verney (P), 3,871; Somerville (M), 1,779; Fleming, (M), 1,666.

1901—Verney (P), 3,553; Clarke (P), 3,546; Scott-Scott (M), 2,138; Rees (M), 2,000.

POPLAR.

(13,263.)

*W. Crooks, M.P. (P)	3,504
*Sir J. McDougall (P)	3,476
Dr. T. H. Clark (M).	2,778
Colonel A. Maude (M)	2,579

1904—Crooks (P), 3,565; McDougall (P), 3,169; Clarke, 1,891.

1901—Crooks (P) and McDougall (P), unopposed.

ROTHERHITHE.

(13,199.)

*A. Pomeroy (P)	3,693
*H. J. Glanville (P)	3,663
F. Freemantle (M)	3,365
F. E. Eddis (M)	3,259

1904—Pomeroy (P), 3,108; Glanville (P), 3,029; Oake (M), 1,530; Tyler (M), 1,448; Brown (I), 1160.

1901—Glanville (P), 2,934; Pomeroy (P), 2,927; Grant (M), 2,302; Pennell (M), 2,224.

ST. GEORGE'S, HANOVER SQUARE.

(13,477.)

*Lord Cheylesmore (M)	5,445
*H. J. Greenwood (M)	5,375
Earl of Craven (P)	1,384
T. E. Therris (P)	1,348

1904—Greenwood (M), 3,144; Leigh (M), 3,113; Lord O'Hagan (P), 1,911; Webster (P), 1,852; Copp (I), 87.

1901—Dickson - Poynder (M), 2,395; Greenwood (M), 2,365; Chesterfield (P), 1,414; Saunders (I), 361.

ST. GEORGE'S-IN-THE-EAST.

(4,751.)

*H. Gosling (P)	1,183
P. C. C. Simmonds (M)	1,104
*J. Smith (P)	1,035
T. King (I)	952
W. R. Smith (M)	881
J. W. Lynch (I)	632

1904—Gosling (P), 1,350; Smith (P), 1,263; Foster (M), 1,095; Wells (M), 1,045.
1901—Smith (P), 1,123; Foster (M), 1,117; Anderton (M), 1,047; Matthews (P), 1,024.

ST. MARYLEBONE—EAST.

(9,411.)

Lord Duncannon (M)	3,612
J. Boyton (M)	3,562
Dr. F. Little (P)	2,446
F. Gill (P)	467

1904—Lord Ludlow (M), 2,848; Bridgeman (M), 2,779; Little (I), 1,762; Leaf (I), 1,747. 1904 (bye-election)—Earl of Essex (M), 1,822; Wheeler (I), 514.
1901—Leaf (I), 1,959; Little (I), 1,897; Underhill (M), 1,896; Brooke-Hitching (M), 1,866.

ST. MARYLEBONE—WEST.

(12,255.)

Lord Bentinck (M)	4,683
Earl of Kerry (M)	4,625
*J. Lewis (P)	2,434
Dr. J. Searson (P)	2,330

1904—Lewis (P), 2,708; Bailey (M), 2,509 White (M), 2,450; Sands (P), 2,422.
1901—Farquhar (M), 2,290; White (M), 2,198; Sands (P), 2,054; Clay (P), 1,961.
Bye-election, July, 1901—On retirement of Lord Farquhar (M), J. Lewis (P), 2,075; Sir Cameron Gull, 1,835.

ST. PANCRAS—EAST.

(12,470.)

A. W. Claremont (P)	3,482
Rev. F. Hastings (P)	3,410
E. Barnes (M)	3,181
T. A. Organ (M)	3,005
G. Horne (L)	295

1904—Idris (P), 2,751; Barnes (M), 2,731; Hennessey (P), 2,558.
1901—Robinson (P), 2,958; Organ (P), 2,749; Sinclair-Cox (M), 1,525; Angus (M), 1,499.
Bye-election, August, 1902—T. H. W. Idris (P), 2,490; E. Barnes (M), 1,865.

ST. PANCRAS—NORTH.

(12,162.)

*D. S. Waterlow M.P. (P)	3,847
*Dr. Beaton (P)	3,824
E. J. King (M)	3,526
J. A. Pakenham (M)	3,501

1904—Beaton (P), 3,045; Waterlow (P), 3,023; Low (M), 1,737; Betterton (M), 1,695.
1901—Waterlow (P), 2,791; Wilberforce (P), 2,605; Wetenhall (M), 2,051; Willis (M), 1,885; Leighton (I), 80.

ST. PANCRAS—SOUTH.

(7,972.)

G. Alexander (M)	2,963
*F. Goldsmith (M)	2,897
Rev. S. Horne (P)	1,613
C. S. Giddins (P)	1,583

1904—Gastrell (M), 1,927; Goldsmith (M), 1,808; Shaw (P), 1,461; Geary (P), 1,412.
1901—Sheffield (P), 1,750; Somerset (P), 1,709; Gastrell (M), 1,624; Doll (M), 1,612.

ST. PANCRAS—WEST.

(10,913.)

P. Vosper (M)	3,504
F. Cassell (M)	3,471
H. Cohen (P)	2,461
J. C. S. Hanham (P)	2,442

1904—Collins (P), 2,889; Earl Carrington (P), 2,769; Buxton (M), 1,352; Smith (M), 1,341; Baker (I), 125.
1901—Collins (P), 2,674; Carrington (P), 2,544; Elcho (M), 1,869; Westacott (M), 1,869.

SOUTHWARK—WEST.

(10,726.)

*T. Hunter (P)	2,998
A. Wilson (P)	2,953
J. Scriven (M)	2,746
F. Gillett (M)	2,649

1904—Hunter (P), 2,285; Bayley (P), 2,283; Scriven (M), 1,555; Judge (M), 1,547.
1901—Bayley (P) and Hunter (P), unopposed.

STEPNEY.

(6,584.)

*A. O. Goodrich (M)	2,366
F. L. Harris (M)	2,292
L. S. Stettaver (P)	1,485
C. Watson (P)	1,386

1904—Steadman (P), 2,004; Lord Malmesbury (M), 1,960; Kirkwood (M), 1942; Spender (P), 1,874. 1905 (bye-election)—Goodrich (M), 1,777; Lord Denman (P), 1,375; Watts (S), 111.
1901 — Steadman (P), 1,943; Williams (M), 1,842; Yates (P), 1,792; Micholls (M), 1,774.

STRAND.

(10,475.)

*Lieut.-Col. A. Probyn (M) .	3,580
Lord Elcho (M) . . .	3,558
S. F. H. Lamb (P) .	903
Sir W. Howell (P) .	895

1904—Probyn (M), 2,403; Lord Elcho, (M), 2,312; Oxford (P), 1,220; Hyder (P), 1,098.

1901—Probyn (M), 2,506; Emden (M), 2,452; Kinnaird (S.Rf.), 1,561; Stamford (S.Rf.), 1,484.

WALWORTH.

(11,046.)

*C. A. Dawes (P) . . .	2,823
*C. Jesson (P) . . .	2,819
F. Oldfield (M) .	2,337
J. H. C. Sproule (M)	2,235
J. Clarke (S) . .	187

1904—Spokes (P), 2,484; Jephson (P), 2,425; Youlden (M), 1,754; Smith (M), 1,641. 1906 (bye-election) — Dawes (P), 1,927; Jesson (P), 1,879; Oldfield (M), 1,488; Lord Henry Bentinck (M), 1,445.

1901—Spokes (P), 2,607; Parker (P), 2,566; Willis (M), 1,251; Edgcumbe (M), 1,239.

WANDSWORTH.

(43,269.)

*Sir J. W. Lancaster (M) .	15,700
*W. Hunt (M) . . .	14,535
F. G. Kellaway (P)	9,628

1904—Lancaster (M), 8,526; Hunt (M), 8,342; Smith (P), 6,782; Williams (P), 6,661.

1901—Mayhew (P), 6,470; Longstaff (M), 5,606; Hunt (M), 5,138.

WESTMINSTER.

(10,664.)

Hon. W. R. Peel (M) . .	3,419
*C. Y. Sturge (M) . .	3,392
W. B. Campbell (P) .	1,299
E. Herring (P) .	1,298

1904—Granville-Smith (M), 2,006; Sturge (M), 1,955; Heywood (P), 1,192; Duncan (P), 1,169.

1901—Hayter (M), 1,509; Granville-Smith (M), 1,489; Heywood (P), 883; Chapple (I), 399.

WHITECHAPEL.

(5,630.)

*W. C. Johnson (P) . .	1,756
*H. H. Gordon (I) . .	1,627
E. Hodsoll (M) .	1,211
C. Wertheimer (M) .	980
A. W. Elkin (I) .	773

1904—Gordon (I), 1,616; Johnson (P), 1,326; Bruce (P), 1,163; Carter (M), 910; Hobart (M), 710.

1901—Lawson (P), 1,785; Johnson (P), 1,701; Munro (M), 1,053; Henderson (M), 892.

WOOLWICH.

(22,830.)

J. Squires (M) . . .	8,904
E. A. H. Jay (M) . . .	8,677
*Rev. Jenkins-Jones (P)	7,880
G. Lansbury (P) .	7,611

1904—Jones (P), 6,982; Chambers (P), 6,869; Jay (M), 4,437; Dumphreys (M), 4,097.

1901—Squires (M), 3,807; Peel (M), 3,669; Marsh (P), 3,137, Woodcock (P), 2,784.

MEMBERS' NAMES AND ADDRESSES.

ALDERMEN.

Anstruther, H. T., Cowley House, Westminster, S.W.
Buxton, Alfred F., 32, Great Cumberland-place, W.
Caillard, Sir Vincent, Mayfair Chambers, 42, Half Moon-street, Piccadilly, W.
Fisher, W. Hayes, 13, Buckingham Palace-gardens, S.W.
Lidgett, Rev. J. Scott, Bermondsey Settlement, Farncombe-st., Bermondsey, S.E.
Michelham, Right Hon. Lord, 26, Prince's-gate, South Kensington, S.W.
Midleton, The Right Hon. Lord, P.C., D.L., M.A., 34, Portland-place, W.
Mitchell, Isaac, "Lyndean," Voltaire-street, Clapham, S.W.
Mowatt, Right Hon. Sir Francis, P.C., G.C.B., I.S.O., 41, Sloane-gardens, S.W.
Mullins, W. E., 18, Lyndhurst-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.
Naylor, G. K., 14, Lordship-park, Stoke Newington, N.
Sanders, W. S., 18, Brynmaer-road, Battersea, S.W.
Sandhurst, Rt. Hon. Lord, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., 60, Eaton-square, S.W.
Shepheard, A. J., 9, Rosslyn-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.
Swinton, Capt. G. S. C., 36, Pont-street, Belgrave-square, S.W.
Thompson, W. W., 24, Argyll-road, Kensington, W.
Ward, Henry, Toynbee Hall, 28, Commercial-street, E.
White, Edward, J.P., 20, Upper Berkeley-street, W.
Wood, T. McKinnon, LL.D., D.L., M.P., 16, Portland-place, W.

COUNCILLORS.

Alexander, George, 57, Pont-street, Belgrave-square, S.W.
Allen, A. A., M.P., 47, Onslow-square, South Kensington.
Barlow, C. A. M., LL.D., M.A., 6, New-court, Lincoln's-inn, W.C.
Beachcroft, Sir Melvill, 24, Palace-court, Bayswater, W.
Beaton, R. M., M.B., C.M., J.P., 9, Dartmouth-park-avenue, N.W.
Benn, A. Shirley, 18, Bolton-gardens, South Kensington, S.W.
Benn, I. Hamilton, 32, St. John's-park, Blackheath, S.E.
Benn, Sir J. M.P., D.L., J.P., The Old Knoll, Blackheath, S.E.
Bentinck, Lord Henry Cavendish, D.L., J.P., 53, Grosvenor-street, W.
Billings, George, "Arundel," Crescent-road, Chingford, N.E.
Boyton, James, 2, Park-square, Regent's-park, N.W.
Brandon, Jocelyn, Seaford House, 1, Edith-road, Kensington, W.
Bray, Reginald, 10, Addington-square, Camberwell, S.E.
Briant, Frank, Alford House, Lambeth-walk.
Cassel, F. M., K.C., 51, South-street, Park-lane, W.
Casson, W. A., 2, Spring terrace, Richmond, Surrey.
Chapman, Theodore, 23, Shore-road, Hackney, N.E.
Cheylesmore, Right Hon. Lord, C.V.O., 15, Prince's-gate, South Kensington, S.W.
Claremont, A. W., J.P., 81, Camden-road, N.W.
Clarke, H. J., 356, Camden-road, N.
Cobb, Cyril S., 5, Cornwall-terrace, Regent's-park, N.W.
Cohen, N. L., 11, Hyde-park-terrace, W.
Collins, Edward, 47, Uxbridge-road, Ealing.
Cornwall, Sir Edwin, M.P., D.L., J.P., 3, Whitehall-court, S.W.
Coumbe, E. H., 35, Clissold-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Crooks, William, M.P., 81, Gough-street, Poplar, E.
Davies, John, M.D., J.P., 87, Cambridge-gardens, North Kensington, W.
Davies, William, J.P., 18, Alexandra-avenue, Battersea, S.W.
Davis, David, 40, Ladbroke-grove, Notting-hill, W.
Dawes, J. Arthur, J.P., 71, Kennington-park-road, S.E.
Denny, Rev. Edward, St. Peter's Vicarage, Upper Kennington-lane, S.E.
Dew, George, 264, Milkwood-rd., Herne Hill, S.E.
Dimoney, J. W., 75, Nightingale-lane, Balham, S.W.
Dove, F. L., 56, Crouch-hill, Finsbury-park, N.
Dowton, W. L., J.P., Park Lodge, 207, Peckham-rye, S.E.
Duncannon, Viscount, 17, Cavendish-sq., W.
Easton, E. G., 38, Edith-road, Fulham, S.W.
Elcho, Lord, 62, Cadogan-square, S.W.
Fisher, C. Urquhart, Bristol House, 19 and 20, Holborn-viaduct, E.C.
Forman, E. Baxter, M.D., M.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., J.P., 11, Bramham-gardens, South Kensington, S.W.
Gautrey, Thomas, 9, Fleet-street, E.C.
Gilbert, J. D., 21, Kennington-terrace, Kennington-park, S.E.
Glanville, H. J., J.P., Tressillian House, St. Margaret's-road, Brockley, S.E.
Goff, T. C. E., 46, Pont-st., Belgrave-sq., S.W.
Goldsmith, Frank, 14, South-street, Park-lane, W.
Gooch, H. C., J.P., 17, Oxford-square, Edgware-road, W.
Goodrich, Alfred O., J.P., "Fairview," Palmerston-road, Buckhurst-hill, Essex.
Gordon, H. H., 80, Leman-street, E.
Gosling, Harry, 22, West-sq., Southwark, S.E.
Gray, Ernest, 99, Grosvenor-road, S.W.
Greene, W. Raymond, J.P., 113, Mount-street, W.
Greenwood, H. J., 26, Buckingham-gate Mansions, Buckingham-gate, S.W.
Guinness, The Hon. Rupert, C.M.G., 11, St. James's-square, Pall-mall, S.W.
Guinness, The Hon. Walter, 11, Grosvenor-place, S.W.
Hall, Frederick, "Eastlands," Court-lane, Dulwich, S.E.
Hanson, F. S., 54, Montagu-square, W.
Harris, F. Leverton, 70, Grosvenor-street, W.
Harris, H. Percy, J.P., 98, Gloucester-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Harris, P. A., Percy Lodge, Campden-hill, Kensington, W.
Hastings, Rev. Frederick, 45, Ridgmount-gardens, Gower-street, W.C.
Haydon, William, 2, Angell-park-gardens, Brixton, S.W.
Headlam, Rev. Stewart Duckworth, "Wavertree," St. Peter's-road, St. Margaret's-on-Thames.
Hemphill, Capt. the Hon. Fitzroy, 36, Morpeth-mansions, Morpeth-terrace, Westminster, S.W.
Hoare, S. J. G., 5, Hertford-st., Mayfair, W.
Howes, Enos, J.P., "Fairview," 121, Bethune-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Hunt, William, J.P., Hill Crest, Upper Tooting-park, S.W.
Hunter, J., H., 30, Warwick-avenue, Paddington, W.
Hunter, Thomas, 82, Cowley-road, Brixton.
Jackson, Cyril, "Ballard Shaw," Limpsfield, Surrey.
Jay, E. A. H., Tower House, Woolwich.
Jesson, Charles, 37, Freedom street, Battersea, S.W.
Johnson, W. C., J.P., Park-end, Sydenham-park, S.E.
Johnstone, The Hon. Gilbert, 43, Wilton-crescent, Belgrave-square, S.W.
Kerry, Rt. Hon. The Earl of, M.V.O., D.S.O., 18, Gloucester-place, W.

Key, W. H., 301, Seven Sisters-road, Finsbury-park, N.
Kinloch-Cooke, Sir Clement, 3, Mount-st., Grosvenor-square, W.
Knight, W. S. M., 53, New Cavendish-st., W.
Lancaster, Sir William, J.P., "South Lynn," 49, Putney-hill, S.W.
Lewisham, The Viscount, 33, Dover-street, Mayfair, W.
Lort-Williams, J. R., 5, Essex-court, Temple, E.C.
Lygon, Hon. Henry, 41, Eaton-square, S.W.
McDougall, Sir John, Clifton House, Greenwich-park, S.E.
Montgomery, R. H., 11, Pancras-lane, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.
Morrow, F. St. John, 3, Dr. Johnson's-buildings, Temple, E.C.
Murchison, C. K., Queen Anne's-mansions, St. James's-park, S.W.
Norman, R. C., 2, Sloane-court East, S.W.
Pannell, W. H., J.P., "Dirleton," Westpark, Eltham.
Peel, Hon. R. W. R., 52, Grosvenor-st., W.
Phillimore, R. C., Battler's-green, Aldenham, Watford.
Pilditch, P. E., 2, Pall-mall East, Charing-cross, S.W.
Pomeroy, Ambrose, J.P., Linden Lodge, Sidcup, Kent.
Pownall, Assheton, Orchard House, The Orchard, Blackheath, S.E.
Probyn, Lieut.-Col. C., V.D., J.P., 55, Grosvenor-street, W.
Reynolds, Walter, 5, Netherall-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.
Robinson, R. A., J.P., 26, Brechin-place, Gloucester-road, S.W.
Rowe, H. V., 14, Sumner-place, Onslow-sq., South Kensington, S.W.
Russell, Arthur B., 17, Rosslyn-hill, Hampstead, N.W.
Salmon, Isidore, 30, Holland-villas-road, Kensington, W.
Salter, Alfred, M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., J.P., 5, Storks-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Sankey, Stuart, 35, Queensborough-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Simmons, P. C., 29, Russell-square, Bloomsbury, W.C.
Skinner, Major Charles, 57, Eccleston-sq., S.W.
Smith, Edward. J.P., 75, Gore-road, South Hackney, N.E.
Smith, F. S., 10, Clifford's-inn, Fleet-st., E.C.
Spicer, Evan, J.P., "Belair," Gallery-road, Dulwich, S.E.
Squires, W. J., J.P., 95 and 96, Wellington-street, Woolwich.
Stewart, W. Burton, 84, Jermyn-street, St. James's, S.W.
Sturge, C. Y., 11, St. Augustine's Mansions, Vincent-square, Westminster, S.W.
Taylor, H. R., J.P., 40, Caulfield-road, Peckham, S.E.
Taylor, John T., I.S.O., 19, Woodchurch-rd., Hampstead, N.W.
Thynne, Lord Alexander, 15, Manchester-square, W.
Vosper, Percy, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 1, St. George's-square, Regent's-park, N.W.
Waterlow, David S., M.P., 38, Cornwall-gardens, South Kensington, S.W.
Webb, Sidney, 41, Grosvenor-road, S.W.
Welby, Lieut.-Col. A. C. E., J.P., 26, Sloane-court East, S.W.
Wild, E. E., 7, Russell Mansions, Russell-square, Bloomsbury, W.C.
Williams, Howell J., J.P., "Penrhyn," 263, Camden-road, N.
Wilson, Albert, "Collycroft," Pendennis-road, Streatham, S.W.

CHIEF COMMITTEES OF THE COUNCIL.

(The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and Deputy-Chairman are *ex-officio* Members of all Committees and Sub-Committees.)

Asylums Committee.

(Meetings: Second Tuesday in the month at 11 a.m.)

Chairman—A. O. Goodrich.

Vice-Chairman—H. R. Taylor.

Members of Committee—Billings, G.; Buxton, A. F.; Chapman, T.; Crooks, W.; Davies, Dr. J.; Denny, Rev. E.; Dew, G.; Dove, F. L.; Dowton, W. L.; Easton, E. G.; Greenwood, H. J.; Haydon, W.; Hunter, T.; Jay, E. A. H.; Jesson, C.; Johnson, W. C.; Kerry, Earl of; Lewisham, Viscount; McDougall, Sir John; Montgomery, R. H.; Murchison, C. K.; Naylor, G. K.; Pownall, A.; Reynolds, W.; Rowe, H. V.; Salmon, I.; Smith, F.; Thompson, W. Whitaker; Thynne, Lord Alexander; Vosper, P.; White, Edward.

Building Act Committee.

(Meetings: Mondays at 2 p.m.)

Chairman—Frank Gold-mith.

Vice-Chairman—Lord Duncannon.

Members of Committee—Cassel, F. M.; Chapman, T.; Davies, W.; Davis, D.; Dowton, W. L.; Easton, E. G.; Greene, W. R.; Johnson, W. C.; Lygon, Hon. H.; Norman, R. C.; Phillimore, R. C.; Taylor, H. R.; White, Edward.

Education Committee.

(Meetings: Wednesday at 2 p.m.)

Chairman John T. Taylor.

Vice-Chairman Dr. E. Baxter Forman.

Members of Committee—Allen, A. A.; Barlow, C. A. M.; Beaton, Dr. R. M.; Bentinck, Lord Henry; Clarke, H. J.;

Cobb, C. S.; Collins, E.; Cornwall, Sir Edwin; Coumbe, E. H.; Dew, G.; Gautrey, T.; Goldsmith, F.; Gooch, H. C.; Gray, E.; Guinness, Hon. Rupert; Headlam, Rev. Stewart; Hoare, S. J. G.; Jackson, C.; Jay, E. A. H.; Key, W. H.; Kinloch-Cooke, Sir C.; Lancaster, Sir William; Lidgett, Rev. J. Scott; Lygon, Hon. H.; Mullins, W. E.; Rowe, H. V.; Russell, Arthur B.; Sanders, W. S.; Shepheard, A. J.; Skinner, Major C.; Sturge, C. Y.; Webb, Sidney; Welby, Lieut.-Col. A.

Members Elected under Clause 1 of the Scheme under Sec. 17 of the Education Act, 1902—Adler, Miss N.; Bryant, Mrs. S.; Frere, Miss M.; Lawrence, Miss Susan; Phipps, Mrs. Wilton.

Establishment Committee.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 2 p.m.)

Chairman—R. A. Robinson.

Vice-Chairman—W. Hayes Fisher.

Members of Committee—Allen, A. A.; Bray, R.; Dove, F. L.; Howes, E.; Norman, R. C.; Smith, Edward; Swinton, Capt. G. S. C.; White, Edward.

Finance Committee.

(Meetings: Wednesdays at 3 p.m.)

Chairman—Buxton, A. F.

Vice-Chairman—Midleton, Lord.

Members of Committee—Anstruther, H. T.; Benn, I. Hamilton; Benn, Sir John; Caillard, Sir Vincent; Cohen, N. L.; Fisher, W. Hayes; Harris, F. L.; McDougall, Sir John; Michelham, Lord; Mowatt, Sir Francis; Pannell, W. H.; Peel, Hon. W. R. W.; Spicer, Evan (*ex-officio*); Webb, Sidney.

Fire Brigade Committee.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 3.30 p.m.)

Chairman—Hon. Rupert Guinness.

Vice-Chairman—F. S. Hanson.

Members of Committee — Brandon, Jocelyn; Dowton, W. L.; Gilbert, J. D.; Hoare, S. J. G.; Hunter, J. H.; Lygon, Hon. H.; Pownall, A.; Sandhurst, Lord; Smith, Edward; Wilson, A.

Highways Committee.

(Meetings: Thursdays at 2.30 p.m.)

Chairman—W. Whitaker Thompson.

Vice-Chairman—A. Shirley Benn.

Members of Committee — Alexander, George; Beachcroft, Sir R. M.; Benn, Sir John; Hall, F.; Kerry, Earl of; Mitchell, Isaac; Montgomery, R. H.; Pilditch, P. E.; Stewart, W. B.; Thynne, Lord Alexander; Ward, Henry; Waterlow, D. S.; Williams, Howell J.

Housing of the Working Classes Committee.

(Meetings: Wednesdays at 11 a.m.)

Chairman—Sir William Lancaster.

Vice-Chairman—Hon. Walter Guinness.

Members of Committee—Dew, G.; Goff, T. C. E.; Greene, W. R.; Harris, F. Leverton; Harris, P. A.; Hunter, T.; Lewisham, Viscount; Lort-Williams, J. R.; Naylor, G. K.; Smith, F.; Taylor, John T.; Thynne, Lord Alexander; Waterlow, D. S.

Improvements Committee.

(Meetings: Wednesdays at 2.15 p.m.)

Chairman—Lord Elcho.

Vice-Chairman—R. C. Norman.

Members of Committee — Davies, W. Domoney, J. W.; Easton, E. G.; Fisher, C. U.; Hastings, Rev. F.; Murchison, C. K.; Probyn, Lieut.-Col. C.; Sandhurst, Lord; Spicer, Evan; Squires, W. J.; Stewart, W. B.; Thompson, W. Whitaker; Ward, Henry.

Local Government, Records and Museums Committee.

(Meetings: Alternate Fridays at 4 p.m.)

Chairman—Ernest Gray.

Vice-Chairman—P. E. Pilditch.

Members of Committee — Boyton, J.; Cassel, F.; Guinness, Hon. Walter; Johnson, W. C.; Johnstone, Hon. G.; Knight, W. S. M.; Sanders, W. S.; Sturge, C. Y.; Wilson, A.

Main Drainage Committee.

(Meetings: Thursday at 2.15 p.m.)

Chairman—William Hunt.

Vice-Chairman—H. J. Clarke.

Members of Committee—Cohen, N. L.; Casson, W. A.; Gosling, H.; Guinness, Hon. Walter; Hoare, S. J. G.; Jackson, C.; McDougall, Sir John; Pannell, W. H.; Salter, Dr. A.; Simmons, P. C.; Ward, Henry (*ex-officio*).

Parks and Open Spaces Committee.

(Meetings: Alternate Fridays at 3 p.m.)

Chairman—W. J. Squires.

Vice-Chairman—Ambrose Pomeroy.

Members of Committee—Bentinck, Lord Henry; Billings, G.; Chapman, T.; Cheylesmore, Lord; Claremont, A. W.; Davis, D.; Denny, Rev. E.; Domoney, J. W.; Dove, F. L.; Elcho, Lord; Fisher, C. U.; Hall, F.; Hastings, Rev. F.; Howes, E.; Hunter, J. H.; Hunter, T.; Jesson, C.; Key, W. H.; Lewisham, Viscount; Phillimore, R. C.; Reynolds, W.; Sturge, C. J.; Swinton, Capt. G. S. C.

Parliamentary Committee.

(Meetings: Thursdays at 4 p.m.)

Chairman—Hon. W. R. W. Peel.

Vice-Chairman—Felix Cassel, K.C.

Members of Committee—Beachcroft, Sir R. M.; Claremont, A. W.; Gray, E.; Greene, W. R.; Kinloch-Cooke, Sir C.; Midleton, Lord; Morrow, F. St. John; Robinson, R. A.; Shepheard, A. J.; Welby, Lieut.-Col. A.; Wild, E. E.

And the following members of the Legislature:—Allen, A. A.; Benn, Sir John; Cheylesmore, Lord; Cornwall, Sir Edwin; Wood, T. McKinnon.

Public Control Committee.

(Meetings: Alternate Fridays at 2.30 p.m.)

Chairman—H. T. Anstruther.

Vice-Chairman—H. J. Greenwood.

Members of Committee — Bray, R.; Cobb, C. S.; Crooks, W.; Gooch, H. C.; Haydon, W.; Knight, W. S. M.; Pomeroy, A.; Probyn, Lieut.-Col. C.; Russell, Arthur B.; Simmons, P. C.

Public Health Committee.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 3.30 p.m.)

Chairman—Dr. E. Baxter Forman.

Vice-Chairman—Dr. J. Davies.

Members of Committee — Beaton, Dr. R. M.; Billings, G.; Briant, F.; Easton, E. G.; Gordon, H. H.; Johnstone, Hon. G.; Mullins, W. E.; Salter, Dr. A.; Skinner, Major C.; Vosper, P.

Rivers Committee.

(6 representatives of the Council on the Thames Conservancy Board, the (2) representatives of the Council on the Lee Conservancy Board, and other members added by the Council, making 15 members in all.)

(Meetings: Mondays, when necessary, at 4.15 p.m.)

Chairman—Sir R. Melvill Beachcroft.

Members of Committee—Alexander, G.; Benn, I. Hamilton; Cornwall, Sir Edwin; Dawes, J. A.; Gilbert, J. D.; Greenwood, H. J.; Gosling, H.; Guinness, Hon. Rupert; McDougall, Sir John; Murchison, C. K.; Peel, Hon. W. R. W.; Robinson, R. A.; Simmons, P. C.; White, Ed.

Stores Committee.

(Meetings: Alternate Tuesdays at 12.)

Chairman—Edward Collins.

Vice-Chairman—Isidore Salmon.

Members of Committee — Benn, A. Shirley; Casson, W. A.; Cobb, C. S.; Goodrich, A. O.; Gosling, H.; Haydon, W.; Johnson, W. C.; Vosper, P.

Theatres and Music Halls Committee.

(Meetings: Wednesdays at 3 p.m.)

Chairman—H. J. Greenwood.

Vice-Chairman—Jocelyn Brandon.

Members of Committee — Briant, F.; Dawes, J. A.; Duncannon, Viscount; Hanson, F. S.; Howes, E.; Lort-Williams, J. R.; Mitchell, Isaac; Reynolds, W.; Wild, E. E.; Williams, Howell, J.

Works Committee.

(Meetings: Fridays at 4.15 p.m.)

Chairman—Edward White.

Vice-Chairman—F. St. John Morrow.

Members of Committee—Coumbe, E. H.; Davies, W.; Hunt, W.; Salmon, I.; Smith, E.; Thompson, W. Whitaker; Ward, Henry; (*ex-officio*).

Appeal Committee.

(Summoned when required.)

Members of Committee—Barlow, C. A. M.; Casson, W. A.; Hunt, W.; Morrow, F. St. John; Murchison, C. K.; Pownall, A.; Sandhurst, Lord.

Midwives Act (Special) Committee.

(Consisting of all the members of the Public Health Committee, and of women, not exceeding three in number, appointed by the Council.)

Chairman—Dr. E. Baxter Forman.

Vice-Chairman—Dr. P. Vosper.

Members of the Public Health Committee — Beaton, Dr. R. M.; Billings, G.; Briant, F.; Davies, Dr. J.; Easton, E. G.; Gordon, H. H.; Johnstone, Hon. G.; Mullins, W. E.; Salter, Dr. A.; Skinner, Major C.

Members appointed by the Council under the provisions of Sec. 8 of the Midwives Act, 1902— Alexander, Miss A. M.; McCall, Dr. Annie; Steadman, Mrs. W. C.

Officers' (Education) Superannuation Committee.

Fisher, W. Hayes; Gray, E.; Shepheard, A. J.; Taylor, John T.

Teachers' Superannuation Committee.

Fisher, W. Hayes; Gray, E.; Shepheard, A. J.; Taylor, John T.

Representatives of the Council on the Standing Joint Committee of the Quarter Sessions and the London County Council.

The Chairman of the Council; the Vice-Chairman of the Council; the Deputy-Chairman of the Council; Claremont, A. W.; Davies, W.; Goldsmith, F.; Kinloch-Cooke, Sir C.; Norman, R. C.; Thompson, W. Whitaker.

THE L.C.C. STAFF.

THE organisation of the staff is as follows:—1. Heads of departments. 2. Principal assistants, £400 to £500. 3. Senior assistants, £300 to £400. 4. First-class assistants, £200, by £15 to £245; £245, by £15 and £20 to £300. 5. Second-class assistants, £150, by £12 10s. to £200. 6. Third-class assistants, £100, by £10 to £150. 7. Fourth-class assistants, £80, by £5 to £100.

THE PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

Clerk of the Council (Main Building)	G. L. Gomme.
Deputy Clerk of the Council	Jas. Bird.
Assistant Clerks of the Council	P. J. Edwards. F. W. Mackinney. H. J. Mordaunt (Education).
Comptroller (Main Building)	H. E. Haward.
Deputy Comptroller	C. D. Johnson.
Assistant Comptroller (Education)	G. Attenborough.
Assistant Comptroller (Audit)	G. W. Wood.
Chief Engineer (Main Building)	Maurice Fitzmaurice, C.M.G.
Chief Assistant Engineer	C. Elwin.
Assistant Engineer (bridges, &c., branch)	W. C. Copperthwaite.
District Engineer (main drainage, north)	J. E. Worth.
District Engineer (main drainage, south)	R. M. Gloyne.
Superintending Architect (Main Building)	W. E. Riley.
Chief Assistant Architect	J. Briggs.
Valuer (9, Spring-gardens)	Andrew Young.
Senior Assistant Valuer	F. W. Cook.
Solicitor (Main Building)	Seager Berry.
Deputy Solicitor	E. Tanner.
Chemist (40, Craven-street)	Frank Clowes, D.Sc.
Chief Assistant	R. Grimwood.
Medical Officer of Health (8, St. Martin's-place)	Sir Shirley F. Murphy.
Medical Officer (General Purposes)	Dr. W. H. Hamer.
Assistant Medical Officer	Dr. W. McC. Wanklyn.
Medical Officer (Education)	Dr. J. Kerr.
Assistant Medical Officers (Education)	Dr. C. J. Thomas. Dr. T. H. C. Stevenson. Dr. F. M. D. Berry. Dr. Ettie Sayer.
Chief Officer, Public Control Department (31, Spring-gardens)	J. Ollis.
Chief Assistant	W. J. O'Donnell.
Chief Officer, Parks Department (11, Regent-street)	Lieut.-Col. J. J. Sexby.
Second Officer	G. F. Barnes.
Statistical Officer (Main Building)	E. J. Harper.
Assistant Statistical Officer	J. C. Spensley.
Clerk of the Asylums Committee (6, Waterloo-place)	H. F. Keene.
Educational Adviser (Victoria Embankment)	W. Garnett, M.A., D.C.L.
Executive Officer (Education)	R. Blair, M.A.
Architect (Education)	T. J. Bailey.
Chief Inspector (Education)	Dr. C. W. Kimmins.
Manager of Works (23, Belvedere-road, Lambeth)	G. W. Humphreys.
Assistant Manager of Works	A. Robertson.
Works Accountant	H. W. Bundy.
Chief Officer Fire Brigade (Southwark Bridge-road)	Captain James de Courcy Hamilton, R.N. (retired).
Divisional Officers	S. G. Gamble. Lieut. S. Sladen, R.N.
Manager Tramways (62, Finsbury Pavement, E.C.)	A. L. C. Fell.
Electrical Engineer	J. H. Rider.
Traffic Manager	J. K. Bruce.
Housing Manager (23, Cockspur-street)	S. G. Burgess.
Assistant Housing Manager	W. J. Berry.

THE ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

COUNTY HALL, 15 AND 31, SPRING GARDENS, 17, PALL MALL EAST, AND 42 and 43, CRANBOURNE STREET.

Branches:—Bridges, Main Drainage (North and South), Sludge Vessels, Highways, Mechanical Engineering, and Parliamentary.

MAIN DRAINAGE.

The Main Drainage work of the County Council is the most important and expensive branch of its multifarious duties. The cost of the maintenance of the metropolitan main drainage system for the year 1905-6 amounted to £235,405, while the expenditure incurred on capital account was £533,346. The sewage of Hornsey, Tottenham, Wood Green, West Ham, Penge, and parts of Willesden, Acton, Beckenham, East Ham, and Croydon are delivered, under Parliamentary authority, into the metropolitan system, and dealt with by the County Council, the total area drained being about 140¼ square miles.

The treatment and disposal of the sewage of about 5¼ millions of people, carried on by the Council, is a colossal undertaking, and necessitates the employment of a permanent staff of between 900 and 1,000 men under the supervision of the Chief Engineer, Mr. Maurice Fitzmaurice, C.M.G. A vast organisation is constantly employed in pumping and precipitating with the aid of chemicals the solids in the sewage until it is transformed either into a clear innocuous effluent, which flows into the Thames, or into sludge, which is shipped fifty miles to sea. Six sludge ships are kept constantly at work night and day carrying away this sludge. The result of the many improvements introduced in recent years, and the extension of the outfall works, has been to purify the Thames to the greatest possible extent under present circumstances.

The following table shows the quantities of crude sewage treated, chemicals used in precipitation, and sludge sent to sea, together with the quantity of refuse intercepted at the gratings at each of the outfall works at Barking and Crossness during the year 1905-6:—

	Barking	Crossness.	Total.
Sewage treated	55,130,200,799	39,682,472,290	94,812,673,089 gallons.
Daily average	151,041,646	108,719,102	259,760,748 gallons.
Lime used	14,773·5	8,740·6	23,514·1 tons.
Proto-sulphate of iron used	3,280·5	2,362·5	5,643 tons.
Sludge sent to sea	1,745,000	821,000	2,566,000 tons.
Weekly average	33,558	15,788	49,346 tons.
Refuse intercepted at gratings	4,241	1,473·2	5,714·2 tons.

The length of the main outfall, intercepting, and storm relief sewers under the control of the Council is about 290 miles, not including the new sewers in course of construction. The North and South sewerage systems are distinct, the sewage coming from the North being dealt with at Barking outfall works, and that from the South at Crossness. The precipitation channels and reservoirs at Barking Creek occupy 18¾ acres, and those at Crossness 9½ acres.

Six years ago the Council directed its attention to the necessity for enlarging the main drainage system. The present system, in its

main features, was adopted over forty years ago, but owing to the enormous growth which has since taken place in the population of London, new sewer accommodation has become imperative in order to reduce the number of discharges into the Thames in times of rainfall, and reduce the liability to flooding of premises. A scheme, involving an expenditure of approximately £4,000,000, was submitted to the Council and partly agreed to in December, 1899. The scheme provided for the construction of several new sewers on each side of the Thames, besides other important works, such as the provision of additional pumping power. Further relief works, estimated to cost £795,000, are also in course of construction.

Bridges, Tunnels, and Ferry.

The Blackwall Tunnel, the greatest engineering work of the kind ever constructed, was opened by His Majesty the King (when Prince of Wales) in May, 1897. It goes from Blackwall on the north side to Greenwich on the south. It is close upon 1¼ miles in length from entrance to entrance. and 24ft. 3in. in internal diameter. The chief feature as an engineering work was in boring under the river, accomplished by means of a shield forced forward by hydraulic pressure, the excavation being carried out under compressed air. The total cost of the tunnel was £1,281,211, of which £355,000 was for the acquisition of property, and £82,141 for rehousing persons displaced by the scheme. Greenwich Footway Tunnel was opened to the public on August Bank Holiday, 1902, and connects Greenwich with Poplar near the Isle of Dogs Gardens. It is 1,217ft. in length, 8ft. in width, and has a headway of 8ft. 9in. The cost of the engineering works has amounted to about £113,000.

The bridges over the Thames, except those at Blackfriars, London, Southwark, and the Tower, are under the control of the Council. The Woolwich Free Ferry is also under the Engineer's Department. The traffic returns show that 5,339,632 passengers and 501,089 vehicles used the ferry during the year ended 31st December, 1904. A new bridge has been constructed across the Thames to replace the old Vauxhall Bridge, the first iron bridge across the river, which had become in a dangerous condition, was opened in 1906. The designs are by the Council's engineer, Mr. Fitzmaurice, and the cost will be about £400,000.

The Highgate Archway, reconstructed at a cost of over £30,000, was opened to the public in 1899.

New Tunnels.

The Council is constructing a tunnel under the Thames below the Tower Bridge which will give communication between Rotherhithe and North East London. Here provision will be made for pedestrian and vehicular traffic. It will involve an expenditure of £2,246,000.

PARKS AND PLEASURE GROUNDS.

Parks Department: 11, Regent Street, S.W.

One of the most interesting features of the work of the London County Council, and certainly the one most appreciated by all classes, is the care and development of the parks and open spaces of the metropolis. "Our wilderness of houses," as Frederic Harrison has it, would be a dreary place indeed were it not for the bright green parks and breathing spaces which

stud the great and crowded city. The task of providing "gardens for the gardenless" has been taken up by the London County Council with considerable enthusiasm. The old Metropolitan Board of Works did much in this matter, but the County Council has done more. The Council was quick to recognise the fact that if the growing city was to be kept healthy, it would require more "lungs," especially in the crowded districts. No opportunity has been lost of securing parks for the people, and during the last 18 years the acreage of London's municipal parks and recreation-grounds has been almost doubled.

But the Council has done more than expand the pleasure grounds. It has added fresh delights to the parks and has made them models both for the diversity of the pleasures provided and for the special consideration given to the children.

The Council has only introduced the artificial where artificial was needed. It has always wisely left undisturbed, as far as possible, the natural beauties of the parks. Bostall Woods, which the Council secured with the co-operation of the local authority in 1892, needed no embellishment. Brockwell Park, too, depends for its beauties on its natural park-like aspect. All the other parks and open spaces enjoy some distinct feature, or some interesting historic associations. Waterlow Park, the gift of Sir Sidney Waterlow, contains a house which has several historic connections with notabilities of Charles II.'s time. Finsbury Park, centreing on the site of the old Hornsey-wood House, must at one time have been part of the Middlesex forest. Tooting Common recalls the associations of Dr. Johnson and the Thrale family with the spot. The gardens on the Chelsea Embankment bring to mind Carlyle and Rossetti, and so on through the list of municipal parks.

The London municipal parks are also noteworthy for the diversity of the amusements they provide. A feature which was introduced at the suggestion of Lord Meath was the exhibition of birds and animals, and aviaries are to be found at Battersea, Brockwell, Clissold, Dulwich, Finsbury, Ravenscourt, Southwark, Victoria (2), and Waterlow Parks. Deer can be seen at Battersea, Victoria, and Clissold Parks, and Golder's Hill, while at other places goats, storks, swans, squirrels, guinea-pigs, emus, &c., are kept.

Nor are sports neglected. Special gymnasia for children have been placed in most of the principal parks, and at Victoria (2), Kennington, and Southwark Parks, Peckham Rye, Brickfield, Island, Tunnel and Meath Gardens, and Plumstead Common sea-sand pits have been provided for the enjoyment of the children. Provision is made for the playing of basket ball, bowls, cricket, croquet, football, hockey, hurling, lacrosse, lawn-tennis, quoits, shinty, spiro-pole, and even golf. In the winter months the Council uses every precaution for the securing of good skating surfaces on the lakes, and tobogganing where and when grounds are suitable; and in the summer time boating and bathing are encouraged. The Council has also earned considerable popularity by insisting that reasonable tariffs shall be charged at all the refreshment-houses in the parks.

When the Council came into office in 1889 it had under its control 40 parks and open spaces, with a total of 2,656 acres, and an outdoor permanent staff of 333, while at the present time it has control of 78 parks and gardens and 33 open spaces, a total of 111 places, having an area of 5,057¼ acres, and a permanent staff of about 900 men, while temporary men

varying in number from 100 upwards are employed upon improvement works, &c.

In addition, London enjoys the advantages of ten City commons, the forest at Epping, and parks on the outskirts of the metropolis, which are maintained by the City Corporation out of "City cash." Besides, there are the half-dozen magnificent Royal parks; while scattered throughout London are numerous small green spots, maintained principally by the local authorities.

PARKS AND GARDENS.

	Acres.
Albert Embankment Gardens	1¼
Albert-square, Stepney	¾
Arbour-square, Stepney	¾
Archbishop's Park	9¾
Aske's Garden, Hoxton	¾
Avery Hill, Eltham	80
Battersea Park	199½
Beaumont-square Garden	1
Bethnal Green Gardens	9
Boundary-street Garden	¾
Brickfield Gardens, Limehouse	2½
Brockwell Park, Herne Hill	127½
Bromley Recreation Ground	1½
Carlton-square Garden, E.	¾
Chelsea-embankment Gardens	1
Christ Church, Spitalfields	1½
Clarence Garden, St. Pancras	¾
Clissold Park, Stoke Newington	54½
Deptford Park	17
Dulwich Park	72
Eltham Park	41½
Faraday Garden, Walworth	1
Favonia Playground, Poplar	¼
Finsbury Park	115
Ford and Sidney Squares, Mile-end	⅛
Golder's Hill	36
Highgate Archway, plot	¼
Highbury Fields	27¾
Holy Trinity, Rotherhithe	1
Horniman Gardens, Forest Hill	9½
Hughes Recreation Ground, Deptford	¾
Island Gardens, Poplar	3
Kennington Park	19½
Leicester-square Garden	½
Limehouse Churchyard	3
Lincoln's Inn Fields	7
Little Dorrit's Playground	¼
Manor House Gardens, Lee	8¾
Marble Hill, Twickenham	66
Maryon Park, Charlton	11½
Meath Gardens, Bethnal Green	9½
Millbank Garden	¾
Mountsfield Park, Lewisham	12¾
Munster Square (Regent's Pk.)	½
Myatt's Fields, Camberwell	14½
Nelson Recreation Ground, S.E.	¾
Nelson Square, Blackfriars	¾
Newington Recreation Ground	3
Northbrook Park, Lee	7
Peckham Rye Park	48¾
Pimlico Gardens and Shrubberies	1¾
Putney Shrubbery	¼
Ranger's House, Greenwich Park	2½
Ravenscourt Park, Hammersmith	32½
Red Lion-square Garden, W.C.	½
Royal Victoria Gardens, N. Woolwich	10
Ruskin Park, Denmark Hill	24
Shandy-street Rec. Ground, E.	1½
Southwark Park, Bermondsey	63
Spa Fields, Clerkenwell	1¾
Spa Green	¾
Springfield Park, Up. Clapton	32½
St. Bartholomew's Churchyard	1
St. Matthew's Churchyard, Bethnal-green	1¾
St. Paul's, Rotherhithe	1
St. Paul's, Shadwell	1
Stepney Church Garden	7
Sydenham Wells Park	17¾
Telegraph Hill, Hatcham	9½
Tunnel Gardens, Poplar	2
Victoria Embankment Gardens	10
Victoria Park, E.	217
Walworth Recreation Ground	¾
Wandsworth Park	20¼
Wapping Recreation Ground	2½
Waterlow Park, Highgate	26
Whitefield Gardens, Tottenham-court-road	⅛
York-square, Stepney	⅛

Open Spaces and Commons.

	Acres.
Blackheath	267
Bostall Heath and Woods	133¾
Brook Green	4¾
Clapham Common	220½
Clapton Common	7½
Eel Brook Common	14
Garratt Green, S.W.	8
Goose Green	6¼
Hackney Downs	41¾
Hackney Marsh	339
Hainault Forest, Essex	805
Hampstead Heath	320½
Hilly Fields	45½
Ladywell Recreation Ground	5½
London Fields	26¼
North Mill Field	23¼
South Mill Field	39¼
Nunhead Green	1½
Parliament Hill	267¼
Parson's Green	2¾
Peckham Rye	64
Plumstead Common	103
Shepherd's Bush Common	8
Shoulder of Mutton Green	5
Stoke Newington Common	5½
Streatham Common	66¾
Streatham Green	1
Tooting Bec Common	154¾
Tooting Graveney Common	63
Wandsworth Common	183
Well-street Common, South Hackney	21½
Wormwood Scrubs	205
Little Wormwood Scrubs	22
Land at Eaglesfield, Shooter's Hill	9

Games.

The following table indicates the extent to which the facilities provided for the playing of games were utilised during the year ended 30th September, 1906 :—

Games.	No. of pitches, courts, &c., provided.	No. of games played.
Bowls	74	24,749
Cricket	452	28,904
Croquet	31	1,535
Football	231	16,228
Hockey	39	2,246*
Lawn Tennis	476	102,649
Quoits	36	2,063

* Including hurling and shinty.

Football is played from 1st October to 31st March. There are 47 ponds suitable for skating, with a total water area of about 68 acres.

Golf is played at Blackheath, Hampstead Heath, Parliament Hill, Tooting, Streatham, and Clapham Commons, lacrosse at Clapham Common, Parliament Hill, Tooting Common, Finsbury Park, and Ladywell Recreation Ground.

There are bowling-greens at Battersea, Blackheath (Ranger's House), Brockwell, Clapham Common, Clissold, Finsbury, Dulwich, Hilly Fields, Island Gardens, Ladywell Recreation-ground, Northbrook Park, Ravenscourt, Sydenham Wells, Victoria and Wandsworth Parks.

Boating.

Boats are kept and let for hire to the public at Battersea, Dulwich, Victoria, and Finsbury Parks. The charge for boats is 6d. an hour.

Bicycling.

Cycling is allowed on all carriage roads. Bicycles can be hired at 1s. an hour (6d. for all hours after first) at Battersea Park.

Gymnasia.

The Council has 5 adults' and 42 children's gymnasia in its parks.

Adults' gymnasia are open on weekdays at 6 a.m., or in winter as soon as the parks open, and closed a quarter of an hour after sunset.

Women and girls are not admitted at any time.

Children's gymnasia are open on weekdays from 9 a.m. until a quarter of an hour after sunset. No male over 10 years of age is admitted.

Refreshments.

There are refreshment-houses at the following places under the Council's control:—

Avery Hill, Battersea Park (3); Brockwell Park; Clapham Common; Clissold Park; Dulwich Park; Finsbury Park; Golder's Hill; Hackney Downs; Hackney Marsh; Hilly Fields; Horniman Gardens; Kennington Park; Manor House Gardens; Marble Hill; Millfields (tent); Myatt's Fields; Parliament Hill; Peckham Rye; Ravenscourt Park; Ranger's House, Blackheath; Royal Victoria Gardens; Ruskin Park; Southwark Park; Tooting Common; Victoria Embankment Gardens; Victoria Park (5); Waterlow Park; and Wormwood Scrubs.

The privilege of supplying refreshments is put up to tender, and the Council receives in rent about £1,900. Contractors are bound to adhere strictly to the prices in the tariff fixed by the Council. The following are a few examples of prices:—

Tea, coffee, or cocoa, in half-pint cups, with milk and sugar if required, and use of spoon and saucer	1*d.*
Bread and butter, a slice	½*d.*
Rolls (usual size), each	1*d.*
Butter, a pat (usual size)	1*d.*
Cakes (each)	½*d.*, ½*d.*, and 1*d.*
Milk, a half-pint tumbler	1*d.*
Hot water, a quart	1*d.*
Hot water, with use of chairs and table, a quart	2*d.*
Mineral waters (large and small)	2*d.* and 1*d.*
Lemonade (still), a glass	1*d.*
Ginger beer, in stone bottle	1*d.*
Ginger beer, on draught, a glass	1*d.*
Cigars, each, from	1*d.*
Cigarettes, a packet, from	3*d.*
Cigarettes, each, from	½*d.*
Tobacco, an oz., from	4*d.*
Tobacco, a packet, from	1*d.*

The contractor is required to charge a deposit of 1*d.* on each bottle removed from the refreshment place to prevent, if possible, broken glass.

Band Performances.

During the summer of last year 1,204 band performances were given at 69 different places. This year the band season will commence about the middle of May, and close at the end of August. At some places performances are continued until the middle of September. Times of playing are between 5.30 to 8.30 p.m. until July and August, when the time is altered gradually from 5.30 to 4.15 p.m.

Committee Meetings.

To give some idea of the amount of work entailed, it may be interesting to note that during the year ended 31st March, 1906, 111 meetings of the Committee and Sub-Committees were held.

Park Superintendents.

Avery Hill and Eltham Park: J. Knight; *Battersea:* J. Rogers; *Brockwell Park:* J. White; *Clissold Park:* E. Gibson; *Dulwich Park:* F. Spivey; *Finsbury Park:* J. Melville; *Hampstead Heath, &c.:* G. Palmer; *Kennington Park:* T. Weatherston; *Myatt's Fields:* (Vacancy); *Peckham Rye and Park:* A. J. Ashmore; *Ravenscourt Park:* W. B. Gingell; *Southwark Park:* D. Carson; *Springfield Park and Clapton Common:* G. Dodson; *Victoria Park:* J. W. Moorman; *Victoria Embankment Gardens:* F. W. Wright; *Waterlow Park:* F. J. Philp.

Other Parks.

Open spaces in or near London, maintained for the use of the public, but not under the control of the Council, towards the purchase of some of which the Council contributed:—

Barnes Common (100 acres), under the management of a body of conservators; Bishop's Park, Fulham (21 acres), maintained by the Borough Council; Camberwell Green (2¼ acres), maintained by the Borough Council; Fulham Palace-road Recreation-ground, maintained by the Borough Council, 9 acres; Hammersmith Recreation-ground, maintained by the Borough Council; Highgate Woods (69 acres), maintained by the City Corporation; Islington Green, maintained by the Borough Council; Kilburn (or Queen's) Park, established and maintained by the City Corporation; Paddington Green (about 1½ acres) and Paddington Recreation-ground (26 acres), maintained by the Borough Council; Penge Recreation-ground, maintained by the Lewisham Borough Council; Poplar Recreation-ground (3 acres), maintained by the Poplar Borough Council; St. Pancras Recreation-ground (7 acres); Stepney Green Recreation-ground, Borough Council agreeing to maintain it in perpetuity; Stoke Newington Green, maintained by the Islington Borough Council, 17¼ acres; Sydenham Recreation-ground; Vauxhall Park, maintained by the Lambeth Borough Council, 8 acres; West End Green, purchased by the Borough Council in 1885, for £850; West Ham Park, managed by the City Corporation, 77 acres; Wimbledon Common; Wimbledon Green; Putney Heath; and Putney Lower Common. The two last-named places are entirely within the county of London, and the first partly so. The total area of gardens, playgrounds, churchyards, &c., maintained by the metropolitan borough councils is 265 acres.

Including the half-dozen Royal Parks, there are in London 6,403 acres of open spaces. But there are others which touch the county boundary, and which on this account may be claimed as "London Parks." Of these, Richmond Park comprises 2,358 acres; Walthamstow Marshes, 173 acres; Epping Forest, 5,559½ acres; Bunhill Fields Burial Ground, 4 acres; Wanstead Park and Higham Park, 212 acres; Burnham Beeches, 375 acres; Coulsdon Commons, 347 acres; West Wickham Common, 25 acres; and Stamford Brook, 2 acres.

WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The Works Department of the London County Council has been in existence since 1892, the year in which the central authority decided to render itself less dependent on contractors, and to undertake, when it deemed expedient, by its own staff, the class of building and engineering works which had previously been contracted for. The Department has built many blocks of artisans' dwellings, asylums, fire-stations, conveniences, bandstands, and sewage pumping stations; it has constructed miles of main sewers, made new streets, and has widened many an important London thoroughfare. Since its creation it has completed about £4,448,000 worth of work, and at the present time is busily occupied with a variety of undertakings. The statements presented to the Council of works completed during the year ended 31st March, 1906, showed that thirty estimated works were completed at a total cost of £522,966,

the certified value being stated as £603,343. The cost of jobbing works completed during the year was £49,377, the schedule value being £53,120. The Department is under the control of a Works Committee, who are responsible for the execution of all works which the Council may res lve to carry out without the intervention of a contractor.

The number of workmen employed weekly averaged last year 3,330. The tot al amount paid in wages was £276,505, being an average per week of £5,317. At the end of March, 1906, there were 44 horses in the stables, of a book value of £940.

The procedure followed with regard to works referred to the Department for execution is briefly as follows:—The supervising officer, *i.e.*, the architect or the engineer, prepares plans, specifications, bills of quantities, and an estimate of cost of the work proposed to be executed, and presents them to the Executive Committee concerned. Should that committee decide to recommend the Council to execute the work without the intervention of a contractor, they refer the estimate, together with the plans, &c., to the Works Committee with a view to ascertaining whether that committee is prepared to carry out the work for the amount of the estimate. If the Works Committee reply that the estimate is sufficient, the Executive Committee thereupon recommend the Council to refer the work to the Works Committee for execution. If the estimate is considered insufficient by the Works Committee, the Executive Committee takes the necessary steps for the work to be executed by contractors. The underlying principle of the whole organisation is that the Works Committee is regarded by the Council as a contractor. The works in process of execution are supervised by the officers under whose direction they were designed. The expenses in connection with the formation of the Department were very heavy, and, owing to the requirements of the Government auditor, the staff is larger than would be the case with a contractor executing a similar amount of work. The capital expenditure for the purposes of the Department, up to 31st March, 1906, amounted to £112,728, which is being repaid by yearly instalments, the amount repaid to the end of last year being £21,681; of this amount the sum of £2,068 was paid last year. In addition to this sums of £2,602 and £2,809 were charged against the Department last year in respect of interest on capital outlay and on working capital respectively. These charges are distributed over the cost of the various works by means of a percentage added to the prime cost of labour and materials.

Even before the establishment of the Works Department the Council had executed works without the intervention of the contractor. But in 1892 there came a crisis in the relations between the Council and contractors, which had for some time past been strained, and the Council, on the 22nd November, 1892, resolved to establish a Works Department on a permanent basis. The Department began executing work in February, 1893, and the first list of completed works was reported to the Council on February 6th, 1894. The Works Committee consists of seven members, of which Mr. Edward White is chairman, and Mr. F. H. J. Morrow is vice-chairman; the other members being Messrs. W. Davies, E. H. Coumbe, W. Hunt, I. Salmon, E. Smith, W. W. Thompson, and H. Ward.

Contractors employed by the Council on works of c onstruction or manufacture within a radius of 20 miles from Charing Cross are required to pay wages at rates not less, and to observe hours of labour not longer,

than are for the time being recognised by associations of employers and trade unions and that are in practice obtained in London. With regard to labour employed outside this radius the rates of wages and hours of labour recognised and in practice obtained in the district where the work is to be done are required to be observed. In the Council's Works Department no distinction is drawn in the employment of labour between union and non-union men.

The total cost of jobbing works executed since the inception of the Department, and reported to the Council, up to 30th September, 1906, was £436,569, and the schedule value, £466,854.

Prior to 1st April, 1895, there was no schedule of prices for comparison, the actual cost of jobbing works executed to this date being £72,006.

THE LONDON FIRE BRIGADE.

THE Fire Brigade is the force constituted by the Fire Brigade Act, 1865, to deal with fires in London. It is under the control of the Council, and the so-called volunteer fire brigades—the last of which has, however, now ceased to exist—had no connection with it. The members of the Fire Brigade are not allowed under any circumstances to solicit subscriptions.

AUTHORISED STAFF.

One chief officer, 2 divisional officers, 1 assistant divisional officer, 1 senior superintendent, 7 superintendents, 8 district officers, 90 station officers, 988 firemen, 36 probationary firemen, 190 coachmen, 12 licensed watermen for river-engines, tug-boats, &c. Total 1,336.

STATIONS.

Seventy-eight land fire-stations, of which 64 are equipped with steam fire-engines and horsed escapes, one with a motor fire engine and a motor fire-escape, one with a motor fire-engine and a manual fire-escape; 2 with steam fire-engines and manual fire-escapes; 10 with horsed escapes; 2 small stations (without horses); 14 permanent street stations, where firemen are on duty night and day, with fire-escapes and fire-extinguishing appliances; 14 fire-escape stations, 1 hose-and-ladder truck station, 3 river stations, and 1 repairing depot for river craft.

APPLIANCES.

Two fire-floats, 3 steam-tugs, 4 steam fire-engines on rafts, 3 store &c. barges, 82 land steam fire-engines, including 5 motor steam fire-engines, 9 manual fire-engines, 2 small manual fire-engines known as curricles, about 50 miles of hose, 90 hose-carts, 5 hose-and-ladder trucks, 109 vans for carrying fire-escapes, hose, coal, and stores, 77 horsed fire-escapes, 2 motor fire-escapes, 111 manual fire-escapes, 29 long fire-ladders, 3 turntable long ladders, and 318 horses.

DISTRICTS, STATIONS, AND SUPERINTENDENTS.

HEADQUARTERS: SOUTHWARK BRIDGE ROAD.

Chief Officer—Captain J. de C. Hamilton, R.N. (Retired).

Divisional Officers—S. G. Gamble, Lieut. S. Sladen, R.N.

Assistant Divisional Officer—A. R. Dyer.

Senior Superintendent—C. S. Egerton.

Engineering Staff—One Electrical and Mechanical Engineer, two First Class Assistants, and one Assistant Electrical Engineer.

Hydrant Staff—One First-Class Assistant, one Draughtsman, three Office Assistants, and three Inspectors.

Clerical Staff—Nine Clerks.

Stores and Workshops Staff—One Store Officer, one Store Clerk, one Assistant Storekeeper, one Junior Stores Assistant, one Stores Porter, one Workshops Engineer, one Working Foreman, one Workshops Clerk, and 42 Mechanics and Labourers.

Telephone Attendant—One.

Watchmen—Two.

HEADQUARTERS.

Chief Station . . . Southwark-bridge-rd.

THEATRE AND COMMON LODGING-HOUSE INSPECTION BRANCH.

Superintendent—H. G. Ansell.

District Officer—T. V. Simmons.

(And six station officers.)

A District.

Superintendent—W. T. Emanuel.

District Officer—E. C. Gosling.

Bayswater	Pickering-place
Brompton	Trafalgar-square
Chelsea	Pavilion-road
Fulham	Fulham-road
„ (*sub*)	North End-road
Hammersmith	Brook-green-road
Hampstead	Heath-street
Kensington	Clarence-mews, High-street
N. Kensington	Faraday-road
Kilburn	Maida-vale
Knightsbridge	Relton-mews, Brompton-road
Manchester-square (Superintendent's station)	East-street
Notting-hill	Ladbroke-road
Edgware-road	Edgware-road
St. John's-wood	Adelaide-road
Shepherd's-bush	Uxbridge-road
Westminster	Greycoat-place, Victoria-street
West Hampstead	West End-lane

B District.

Superintendent—E. Williams.

District Officer—J. G. Smith.

Camden Town	King's-road
Clerkenwell (Superintendent's station)	Rosebery-avenue
Euston	Euston-road
Great Marlborough-street	Great Marlboro'-st.
Highbury	Blackstock-road
Holborn	Theobald's-road
Holloway	Seven Sisters-road
Islington	Upper-street
Kentish Town	Willow-walk, High-gate-road
Redcross-street	Redcross-street

C District.

Superintendent—J. Robilliard.

District Officer—S. Todd.

Bethnal Green	Green-street
Bishopsgate	Bishopsgate-street Without
Bow	Glebe-road
Burdett-road	Burdett-road.
Hackney	Bodney-road, Amhurst-road
Homerton	High-street
Millwall	Junction of East and West Ferry roads
Kingsland	Kingsland-road
Mile End	Mile-end-road
Poplar	West India-dock-rd.
Shadwell	Glamis-road
Shoreditch	Tabernacle-street
Stoke Newington	Leswin-road
Wapping	Red Lion-street, High-street
Whitechapel (Superintendent's station)	Commercial-rd., E.

D District.

Superintendent—C. U. Deakin.

District Officer—W. M. Martin.

Blackheath	Tranquil-vale
Peckham-road	Peckham-road
Deptford	Evelyn-street
Dulwich	Lordship-lane
East Greenwich	Woolwich-road
Eltham	High-street
Floating	Cherry-garden-pier
Greenwich	Lindsell-street
Lee Green	Eltham-road, Lee
Lewisham	High-street
New-cross (Superintendent's station)	Queen's-road
North Woolwich	Albert-road
Pageant's Wharf	Rotherhithe-street
Perry-vale	Woolstone-road
Rotherhithe	Gomm-road
Rushey-green	Rushey-green
Shooters'-hill	Shooters'-hill
Woolwich	Sun-street

E District.

Superintendent—S. Riddle.

District Officer—W. R. Canning.

Battersea	Simpson-street
Battersea-park-road	Battersea-park-road
Brixton	Gresham-road
Clapham (Superintendent's station)	Old Town
Floating	Battersea-bridge
Herne Hill	Herne Hill
Kennington	Renfrew-road
Northcote-road, Battersea	Northcote-road
Old Kent Road	Corner of Thomas street
Streatham	Mitcham-lane
Sydenham	Crystal Palace-parade
Tooting	Balham-road and Trinity-road
Vauxhall	Albert Embankment
Wandsworth	West-hill
West Norwood	High-street

F District.

Superintendent—F. J. Smith.

District Officer—W. O. Etherden.

Cannon-street	Cannon-street
Floating	Blackfriars-bridge
„	Charing-cross (Repairing depot only)
Scotland-yard	Scotland-yard
Tooley-street	Tooley-street
Waterloo-road	Waterloo-road
Whitefriars (Superintendent's station)	Carmelite-street.

During the eighteen years that the County Council has been in existence it has considerably strengthened and improved the Brigade.

STATIONS.—Additional land stations have been established at Dulwich, New Cross, Kingsland, Whitefriars, North End, Fulham, Lewisham, Shepherd's-bush, West Hampstead, East Greenwich, Perry-vale, Homerton, Highbury, Vauxhall, Pageant's Wharf, Streatham, Kilburn, Bayswater, Eltham, Burdett-road, Wapping, Northcote-road, Battersea, Herne-hill, and Lee-green. New stations have been substituted for small and inconvenient buildings at Wandsworth, Shoreditch, Fulham, Brompton, Islington, Paddington, Redcross-street (City) (in place of the Whitecross-street station), Euston-road (in place of the Portland-road station), Clapham, Mile-end, Deptford, Old Kent-road, Millwall, Kensington, Westminster, Brixton, and Cannon-street (in place of Watling-street). The existing stations at Kennington, Clerkenwell, Hampstead, Battersea, Whitechapel, Greenwich, Stoke Newington, Rotherhithe, and Bethnal-green have been very considerably enlarged. Two small stations without horses have been established in Battersea-park-road and at North Woolwich respectively. A building has been erected at Rotherhithe for the accommodation of the staff at Cherry-garden pier. An additional river-station has been established at Battersea, and a building has been erected there for the accommodation of the staff of the station.

Of the above-mentioned stations, those at West Hampstead, East Greenwich, Perry-vale, Northcote-road, Battersea, Highbury, Homerton, Vauxhall, Kilburn, Bayswater, Eltham, Burdett-road, Herne-hill, and Lee-green were erected as part of a comprehensive scheme which was approved by the Council in February, 1898. This scheme also provides for the erection of a permanent sub-station at North End, Fulham; also of sub-stations at Plumstead, Upper Holloway, Caledonian-road, Charlton, Brixton-hill, Camberwell New-road, Rushey Green, and Roehampton. The Council has also determined to erect new stations in substitution for existing inconvenient buildings at Tooting, Holloway, Knightsbridge, Shooter's Hill, and Waterloo-road, and to considerably extend the chief station in Southwark Bridge-road.

APPLIANCES.—The number of steam fire-engines has been increased, and the life-saving appliances have been improved. Horsed escapes have been introduced, and 75 stations, *i.e.*, all those large enough to accommodate the apparatus, are now provided with these appliances. This has enabled more than 100 fire-escape stations in the public streets to be discontinued, the protection afforded by the horsed escapes being much greater than obtained with the old appliances. As the alterations determined upon at other stations are completed, horsed escapes will be kept at such stations. The number of fire-alarms has been trebled, and all the posts have been adapted to enable firemen to transmit telephonic messages to the fire stations thereby. More than 19,000 additional fire-hydrants have been fixed or ordered to be fixed. Two fire floats containing pumping and propelling machinery have been built. Five motor fire-engines, two motor fire-escapes, and a motor hose tender have been obtained. Fire alarm indicators, shaped like a hand, for fixing to lamp-posts, are being supplied by the Council to those Borough Councils, all except Paddington, which have agreed to fix and maintain them.

STAFF.—The staff has been increased from 677 to 1,336, including 36 men under instruction. Two additional districts have been created, and

arrangements for more rapidly mobilising men and appliances have been made. At every fire-station where there is a horsed escape as well as a steam-engine, an additional pair of horses has been provided, the total number of horses hired for the service being now 318 as against 131 eighteen years ago.

The following table shows the increase made in the stations, staff, and appliances of the Brigade during the eighteen years the Council has been in existence:—

	Stations.				Appliances.						Authorised staff, excluding men under instruction.				
	Motor stations.	Land fire-stations with horses.	Permanent street-stations.	Small stations without horses.	Land steam fire-engines.	Horsed escapes. Motor escapes, 2.	Long fire-ladders.	Hose-carts and ladder-trucks.	Fire-alarms.	Hydrants fixed or ordered.	Officers.	Firemen.	Coachmen.	Pilots.	Total.
1st April, 1889.....	—	55	7	—	48	—	9	80	358	8,807	69	525	67	16	677
31st March, 1907 ...	2	76	14	2	83	75	32	95	1230	28,340	109	985	190	12	1296
Increase	2	21	7	2	35	75	23	15	872	19,533	40	460	123	−4	619

A contribution of £10,000 is paid by the Government towards the maintenance of the Brigade, and the fire insurance companies contribute at the rate of £35 per million of the gross amounts insured by them in respect of property in London. The amount received from the companies for the year 1904-5 was £35,076 0*s.* 1*d.* The difference between these and other casual receipts and the total expenditure is borne by the ratepayers.

This greatly increased strength has necessarily involved additional outlay. The increase of expenditure since 1890 has been gradual, and the difference between 1888 and 1904-5 is shown in the following table:—

Year.	Expenditure.			Raised from the Ratepayers.		
	Maintenance Account.	Capital Account.	Total.	For maintenance.	Interest and repayment of capital.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1888	115,425 8 4	47,631 18 1	163,057 6 5	78,157 8 5	26,680 0 0	104,837 8 5
1890-1... ...	128,294 0 2	33,072 0 6	161,365 0 8	86,230 19 4	31,380 0 0	117,610 19 4
1898-9... ...	195,123 6 11	38,737 7 5	233,860 14 4	148,012 11 8	49,470 0 0	197,482 11 8
1899-1900 ...	198,554 10 8	81,729 8 3	280,283 18 11	149,688 10 4	50,400 0 0	200,088 10 4
1900-1901 ...	204,589 16 0	86,958 1 6	291,547 17 6	155,130 0 1	50,900 0 0	206,030 0 1
1901-1902 ...	213,820 8 11	69,296 2 7	283,116 11 6	163,112 6 1	53,088 0 0	216,200 6 1
1902-1903 ...	224,141 12 1	77,258 4 7	301,399 16 8	170,630 2 0	55,102 0 0	225,732 2 0
1903-1904 ...	235,078 8 10	101,698 6 9	33›,775 15 7	182,004 19 5	58,057 0 0	240,061 19
1904-1905 ...	239,436 12 3	76,959 3 3	316,395 15 6	184,974 3 10	63,000 0 0	247,974 3 10

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

8, St. Martin's Place, W.C.

The Public Health Department is the Council's intelligence and executive branch in all matters relating to public health. A medical officer was appointed in 1889, and the Department was constituted after the passing of the Housing of the Working Classes Act and the Public Health (London) Act. The medical officer was made the chief officer, and two assistant medical officers were appointed. The Council, through the Department, watches over the administration of the sanitary authorities, and has power to act in supersession of any authority making default in the performance of its duty. Under the Public Health Act the Council makes bye-laws relating to the construction of sanitary appliances, the removal of nuisances, and other matters relating to health. Under the Metropolis Management Acts the Council makes bye-laws as to the drainage of buildings. These bye-laws are enforced by the sanitary authorities.

The Council also makes bye-laws for regulating offensive trades, and for regulating the removal of the carcasses of dead horses through and along public streets, and regulations for dairies, milk-shops, &c. It annually licenses cow-sheds, slaughterhouses, and knackers' yards. These bye-laws and regulations, together with the registration of milk vendors, were formerly administered by the London County Council, but since the London Government Act, 1899, came into operation, in November, 1900, this duty has devolved upon the borough councils. The County Council has, however, been given powers of supersession of any sanitary authority making default in the performance of its duty in this respect. The duties of preventing the establishment or enlargement, without the sanction of the Council, of premises on which a noxious trade is carried on, and administering the provisions of the Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops Orders of 1885-6 and 1899, still devolve on the County Council. For the purpose of administering the Order of 1899, which prohibits the sale for human food of the milk of a cow with a tuberculous udder, also Part V. of the L.C.C. (General Powers) Act, 1904, which provides for the removal and slaughter of cows suspected to be suffering from tubercular disease of the udder, the County Council employs a veterinary surgeon and an assistant. For the other duties a staff of inspectors is employed.

Since 1894 the duty of inspecting and regulating common lodging-houses has also devolved upon the Department, having been transferred to the Council from the Metropolitan Police. A staff of 14 inspectors is employed to carry out this work. Under the L.C.C. (General Powers) Act, 1902, the Council annually licenses common lodging-houses. The behaviour of infectious disease in London is closely watched, and when an outbreak of infectious disease involves more than one district, one of the Council's medical officers investigates the circumstances, with a view to discovering the cause of the outbreak. Seamen's lodging-houses are also now inspected and regulated under bye-laws made in 1901. The Council is the local supervising authority for the County of London under the Midwives Act, 1902, and to carry out the work of the Council in this connection two lady inspectors with medical qualifications have been appointed. The Housing of the Working Classes Act also imposes considerable work on the Department.

A Court of Appeal to Householders.

Householders who have complained to the local sanitary authority with respect to insanitary conditions, and failed to obtain redress, appeal to the Council. Many such complaints are received, and inspections are made, and communications on the subject are addressed to the sanitary authority when necessary.

Slaughterhouses.

There are no fewer than 308 private slaughterhouses in London. They are anuually licensed by the Council. The licensing meeting is held in October. Applications for renewals must be accompanied by a fee of 5*s*., and a form of notice filled up at least fourteen days before the licensing meeting, and sent to the district sanitary authority, which can raise objections if considered necessary. The Council also licenses the five knackers' yards which exist in London for the slaughter of horses.

Disposal of Worn-out Horses.

Part VIII. of the London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1903, prohibits the use of premises in the county for receiving or keeping horses for slaughter or dead horses without a licence, which must be obtained annually from the Council. The Act also enables the Council to make bye-laws, enforceable by the local sanitary authorities, with respect to the mode of conveying the carcasses of dead horses through the streets.

Dairies, Cow-Sheds, and Milk-Shops.

Cow-Sheds are licensed annually by the Council. There are 240 cow-sheds in London, and the same procedure in licensing them is adopted as in the case of slaughterhouses. Before a new cow-shed is opened, plans must be submitted for the approval of the Council; and similar requirements exist with regard to dairies. The object is to see that the milk is kept in places where it is not likely to be contaminated by reason of bad sanitary conditions, want of ventilation, or other causes. All sellers of milk are required to be registered, and are liable to a fine of £5 for failing to effect registration. The milk-seller must give notice to the borough council of the district of an occurrence of infectious disease upon his or her premises. The London County Council has in the past insisted on the maintenance of milk utensils in a cleanly condition and the need for due regard being given to the sanitary surroundings of milk-shops, and a number of prosecutions have been from time to time successfully instituted in serious cases of neglect to observe proper precautions. The duty of registration and of taking proceedings now rests with the borough councils.

Tuberculosis of the Udder in Cows.

The London County Council (General Powers) Act, 1904, Part V., confers powers upon the Council with respect to tuberculosis of the udder in cows. This Act provides that the Council's veterinary surgeon may cause the removal of any cow in the county (outside the city) suspected to be suffering from tubercular disease of the udder, and the Council is required, after agreement with the owner as to the value, to cause the cow so removed to be slaughtered, and its carcass to be examined by a veterinary surgeon.

Common Lodging-Houses.

The Council took over the work of inspecting common lodging-houses from the police, and it now devolves upon the medical officer

and his staff. There are in London 402 of such houses, authorised to accommodate 28,074 persons. Any one desiring to open a common lodging-house must, under the new Act of 1902, make application to the Council annually for a licence, and he is required to obtain certificates of character, and his premises must be approved by the Council.

SEAMEN'S LODGING-HOUSES.

Bye-laws made by the Council in 1901 under the Merchant Shipping Act have brought all seamen's lodging-houses in London under its control. The bye-laws provide, amongst other things, for the licensing, inspection, and sanitary condition of the houses. It is optional for a keeper to apply for a licence, but he must, in any case, comply with the requirements of the bye-laws as regards cubic space and sanitation. Eighty-three houses, accommodating 1,559 seamen, are now registered under the bye-laws.

MIDWIVES.

The London County Council is the local supervising authority for London under the Midwives Act, 1902. It is the duty of every midwife to give notice to the London County Council before holding herself out to practise in London, and to give a similar notice in January of every year during which she continues to practise. The Council's duty is to report to the Central Midwives Board any alterations that should be made in the roll of midwives, and the names of any midwives within the Council's area who may be convicted of offences to investigate all charges of malpractice, negligence, or misconduct, and if necessary to suspend midwives from practice. A current copy of the roll of midwives must also be kept by the Council for public instruction at reasonable times.

EDUCATION.

As the Education Authority, the London County Council has the supervision of schools in its area, and the Education branch of the Public Health department takes under its cognizance matters affecting the health of the scholars and of those working in the schools.

IMPROVEMENTS.

THE County Council has carried out a number of improvements and considered many others. It completed Rosebery-avenue, an improvement begun by the Metropolitan Board of Works. It constructed the southern approach to Battersea Bridge in 1890, and the southern approaches in connection with Woolwich Ferry, and executed a number of small improvements. It constructed Culvert-road Bridge, Canterbury-road Bridge, Putney Bridge, and part of Church-street, Fulham. It joined with the City Commission of Sewers in widening Sandys-row, and in executing the portion of the improvement from Bishopsgate to Middlesex-street. The total nett amount voted by the Council for street improvements during the 17 years commenced March, 1889, and ended in March, 1906, amounted to about £8,000,000, which represents an average annual vote of about £470,000 nett. The Metropolitan Board, during the 33 years of its existence, spent upon street improvements, including the Embankment of the Thames, £11,516,974, an average annual expenditure of about £349,000.

The third Council, elected in March, 1895, contributed half the cost of widening the last portion of Ludgate-hill (£44,960), undertook half the cost

of widening Cheapside at the western end (£77,975), and half the cost of widening Fleet-street between Ludgate-circus and Salisbury-court (£104,750). In May, 1896, it voted £30,000 towards widening the Strand opposite the Hotel Cecil.

The fourth Council, elected in March, 1898, voted the following amounts towards the cost of widening thoroughfares :—Fleet-street at the City boundary, £20,000 ; Nine Elms-lane, £23,900; Lothbury, £15,000; Parliament-street, £12,000; Lower Thames-street, £50,000; Piccadilly, £13,536; Mansell-street, £91,100.

The fifth Council, elected in March, 1901, agreed to contribute £16,800 towards the cost of widening Blomfield-street, and £70,000 towards the cost of widening the Strand at Nos. 89 to 94. The sixth Council, elected in 1904, sanctioned contributions to local improvements as follows :—Fleet-street (£7,750), Church-street, Stoke Newington (£10,500), King's-road, Chelsea (£7,128).

The Council has carried out the following improvements :—

Evelyn-street to Creek-road, Deptford, a new street 60 feet wide, (£62,000). Greenwich District Board contributed one-fourth.

Wood-lane, Hammersmith, widening at Uxbridge-road end to about 55 to 59 feet (£4,410). Vestry of Hammersmith contributed one-half.

Blackstock-road, Islington, widening (£7,550). Vestry of Islington contributed one-half.

Isle of Dogs bridges (*a*) Preston-road-bridge (£11,100) ; (*b*) Limehouse Entrance-bridge (£16,200) ; (*c*) City Arms-bridge (£10,050) ; (*d*) South Dock, East Entrance-bridge (£11,150). Poplar District Board contributed £10,000.

Ben Jonson-road, Mile-end, widening (£6,140). Limehouse District Board contributed one-fourth, and Mile-end Vestry one-fourth, the Council contributing the remaining half, not exceeding £3,070.

Tottenham-court-road, widening by removal of block of buildings at Bozier's-court (£53,860).

Highgate-archway, widening and improving Archway-road, and altering and reconstructing the archway which carries Hornsey-lane over the road. The cost of the construction was borne by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, the London County Council, the Middlesex County Council, the Vestry of Islington, and the Hornsey District Council.

Holloway-road (£8,550). Vestry of Islington contributed one-half.

Tower Bridge Southern approach, new street, 60 feet wide (£394,000).

Reconstruction of Old Gravel-lane-bridge, St. George-in-the-East (£14,000).

Piccadilly at Hyde-park-corner (£13,537).

Old-street and Goswell-road (£164,500).

Widening of Albert-embankment, Lambeth (£34,000).

Strand at Holywell-street by removal of buildings between the two streets (£569,130).

St. George's-place, Knightsbridge, widening of latter thoroughfare to 70 feet between William-street and Wilton-place (£32,067). Westminster City Council contributed one-fourth.

Long-lane and Tabard-street, Southwark (£190,400).

Continuation of Roehampton-street, Westminster (£5,700). Westminster City Council paid one-fourth.

Reconstruction of Rosemary-branch-bridge, Hackney and Shore-

ditch (£6,800). Shoreditch Borough Council paid one-fourth and Hackney Borough Council £1,000.

Reconstruction of Cat-and-Mutton-bridge, Shoreditch (£68,500). Hackney Borough Council contributed £5,000 and Shoreditch Borough Council a sum (not exceeding £17,000) sufficient with the contribution of the Hackney Borough Council to make up one-third of the nett cost.

Widening of Wandsworth-road, Lambeth (£55,000).

St. John-street, Clerkenwell (£79,400).

Battersea-rise (£43,900). Battersea Borough Council contributed £7,500.

Brixton-road, between Cranmer-road and Camberwell New-road (£13,200).

Harleyford-street (£16,900).

Cambridge-road (£48,600). Bethnal Green Borough Council contributed one-fourth.

Southampton-row between Theobald's-road and High Holborn (£195,500).

Kensington High-street (£81,000). Kensington Borough Council contributed one-third.

Mare-street (£576,100). Hackney Borough Council contributed one-fourth.

Holborn to Strand street, Kingsway and Aldwych (£774,200).

Goswell-road (£209,500). Finsbury Borough Council contributed £20,000.

Archway-road, Islington (£6,000).

Kentish Town-road (£10,450). St. Pancras Borough Council bear cost of paving works.

High-street and Gardener's-lane, Putney (£37,430). Wandsworth Borough Council contributed half cost of widening High-street and three-fourths of cost of widening Gardener's-lane.

Sloane-street (£60,000). Chelsea Borough Council contributed £20,000 and bore cost of paving works.

Other improvements to which the Council stands committed are as follows:—

Tower Bridge Northern approach, Tower-hill to Prescot-street (£391,500). First section of improvement completed; remainder in hand.

Battersea-park-road, between Simpson-street and Home-road, including Christ Church railway bridge (£20,430). Battersea Borough Council contributes one-fourth. Permanent paving works practically completed.

Widening of York-road, Battersea and Wandsworth (£80,150). Battersea Borough Council to pay one-fourth of Battersea portion and Wandsworth Borough Council one-fourth of portion in Wandsworth. Paving works practically completed.

Thames-embankment extension and Westminster improvements at Millbank (£586,000). Westminster City Council to contribute £100,000; H.M. Government to give up land needed for widening part of Abingdon-street, and to surrender part of the Victoria Tower garden; owners of property benefited by the improvement to contribute. Negotiations for the purchase of property are proceeding. Some portions of improvements finished.

Southampton-row, between Vernon-place and Bloomsbury-place, and at Nos. 67, 69, 71, 83, 85, and 87 (£149,000). Negotiations proceeding.

Nine Elms-lane (£160,000). Battersea Borough Council to contribute £15,000. Negotiations for the purchase of property are proceeding. Paving works in section of improvement have been commenced.

Blackheath-road, Blackheath-

hill, and New-road (£39,700). Negotiations for the purchase of property are proceeding. Widening Blackheath-road completed.

Central-street, St. Luke's (£84,750). Finsbury Borough Council to contribute £15,000. Paving works practically completed.

Red Lion-street, South-street, Garratt-lane, Defoe-road, and High-street, Tooting (£273,950). Wandsworth Borough Council to contribute one-third, not exceeding £91,316. Paving works completed.

Tooting High-street (£28,000). Wandsworth Borough Council to contribute one-third. Paving works commenced.

Camberwell New-road (£52,000). Camberwell Borough Council to contribute £5,000. Greater part of widening completed.

Fulham Palace-road and High-street, Fulham, and Queen-street, Hammersmith (£92,000). Fulham and Hammersmith Borough Council to contribute one-third. Paving, &c., works commenced.

Denmark-hill, Champion-park, Grove-lane, Dog Kennel-hill, Grove-vale, and Lordship-lane (£114,950). Camberwell Borough Council to contribute one-third of Camberwell portion. Paving works practically completed.

Queen's-road Peckham (£29,500) Camberwell and Deptford Borough Councils to contribute one-third. Camberwell portion finished.

High Holborn at Nos. 107 to 113 (£16,650). Paving works have been completed.

Hampstead-road, southern end (£226,500). St. Pancras Borough Council to contribute one-eighth. Improvement practically finished.

Queen-street, Hammersmith (£4,810). Hammersmith Borough Council to contribute about one-third.

Wimbledon-road (£5,300). Paving works about to be commenced.

Brook Green-road and Scrubs-lane (£64,200). Hammersmith Borough Council to contribute one-third. Negotiations for property completed. Arrangements made for reconstruction of bridges.

Piccadilly between Arlington-street and the Green-park (£45,000). Westminster City Council to contribute £4,000. Paving works completed.

Piccadilly between the Circus and Sackville-street (£209,500). Westminster City Council to contribute one-fifth, not exceeding £40,000. Basis of settlement agreed. Completion of improvement will depend upon rebuilding operations on the site.

Piccadilly between St. James's-street and Duke-street (£72,500). Westminster City Council to contribute one-seventh, not exceeding £10,493. Terms agreed for property.

Lordship-lane and London-road (£21,500). Camberwell and Lewisham Borough Councils to contribute one-third. Negotiations for property practically concluded.

Malpas-road, Brockley-road, Brockley-rise, and Stanstead-road (£103,300). Deptford and Lewisham Borough Councils to contribute one-third. Variation of improvement authorised by Act of 1906 which will reduce cost.

Lewisham High-road, Loampit-hill, Loampit-vale, Lee High-road (£149,300). Lewisham Borough Council to contribute one-third. Widening of Lewisham High-road and Loampit-hill and Vale finished.

High-street and Lewisham-road (£26,050). Lewisham Borough Council to contribute one-third. Negotiations for property proceeding.

Bostall - hill, Basildon - road, McLeod - road, and Knee - hill (£16,700). Woolwich Borough Council to contribute one-third.

York-road (£19,270). Wandsworth Borough Council to contribute one-third. Negotiations for property proceeding.

Falcon-road (£5,900). Battersea Borough Council to contribute one-third. Negotiations for property proceeding.

An improvement or betterment rate will be paid by the owners of property benefited in the case of the Tower Bridge approaches, Holborn-to-Strand, Westminster. Hampstead-road, and Central-street improvements. In the case of the Tottenham Court-road improvement a betterment charge of £285 10s. a year will be levied on property in Tottenham Court-road and Oxford-street improved in value by the execution of the improvement, and in the case of the Tower Bridge-road (Tower Bridge southern approach) improvement a betterment charge of £358 16s. will be levied.

The Council obtained powers in the session of 1806 to widen Catford Bridge (£57,500), Mitcham-road (£28,200), York-road (£19,270), and Falcon-road (£5,900), and to vary the Malpas-road to Stanstead-road improvement.

PUBLIC CONTROL DEPARTMENT.

OFFICES: 31, SPRING GARDENS, S.W.

THE Public Control Department of the County Council was created to discharge some of the duties which the Council took over from the County Justices, and to do other work involving regulation and control. The Department is purely executive. Of all branches of the Council's work it is the one which comes into touch with the public to the greatest extent, and in the most varied ways. The diversity of its duties range from the inspection of houses in which infants are received for hire to the inspection of dynamite and the control of coroners' inquests. Outside the City, it inspects and checks all weights and measures; tests the accuracy of gas-meters, the milk-can and the beer-glass; and ascertains that the coal is of correct weight. It protects us from the danger of fire arising from storage of inflammable liquids, and has done its best to secure the safety of petroleum lamps—the light of the poor. It extends its protective influences to the animal world, and stamps out contagious diseases in horses, cattle, and other animals. It carries out the Shop Hours and Seats Acts, Acts dealing with the employment of children, sees that we get a constant supply of water, and discharges many other useful duties. Information as to any breaches of the Acts administered by the Department should be sent to the chief officer.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Western Office: 211, Harrow-road.

North-Central Office: 5, Rosebery-avenue, Clerkenwell.

Eastern Office: Calvert-avenue, Shoreditch.

South-Western Office: Netherford-road, Clapham.

South-Central Office: Union-road, Newington-causeway.

South-Eastern Office: Lamb-lane, Greenwich.

Every weight, measure, or weighing instrument used for trade must be stamped by an inspector of weights and measures. "Use for trade" includes use for buying or selling, for checking weights of goods when payment is made on results of such weighing, or for the calculation of wages. There are 14 inspectors in London, who visit all trading premises and street stalls, and inspect weighing and measuring appliances thereon. Heavy penalties are imposed for the use of unstamped or unjust appliances. Inspectors also attend at the offices at the times mentioned below, to verify and stamp weights and measures and weighing instruments brought to them for that purpose.

Metric System.—The Weights and Measures (Metric System) Act, 1897, which came into force on 6th August, 1897, makes lawful the use in trade of weights or measures of the metric system.

During a year the Department tests about two million weights, measures, and weighing instruments, and rejects nearly 400,000 of them. More than 70,000 premises, shops, and stalls are visited, and over 1¼ million articles examined. Fees and fines amount to about £5,250 a year.

The Weights and Measures Acts do not deal with *short weight*, except as regards coal.

SALE OF COAL.—All coal must be sold by weight and not by measure. Short weight in delivery incurs liability to a fine of £5. A proper delivery note must be sent with each delivery of coal exceeding two hundredweight, and in the cases of smaller deliveries each sack must have attached thereto a metal tablet denoting the quantity. When coal is delivered in bulk, the tare weight must be marked on the vehicle, and the necessary particulars must be inserted in the weight ticket.

The Council employs a staff of nine officers to inspect vehicles delivering or hawking coal in London. Premises where coal is sold are similarly inspected.

FEES.—Verifying and stamping fees vary from ½*d.* for small weights up to 4*d.* for weights of 100lb. (avoirdupois); from 1*d.* to 4*d.* each for troy and apothecaries' weights; from 2*d.* for weighing instruments of 1lb. up to 20*s.* for instruments of 25 tons or more.

Measures of length, from 1*d.* to 1*s.*; of capacity (dry and liquid), from ½*d.* to 6*d.*; of capacity (apothecaries'), from ½*d.* to 1*s.*; milk-churns, from 1*s.* to 2*s.*

No fees are charged if the weights or measures are rejected as incorrect, or because the mode of construction is faulty.

WEIGH-BRIDGES.—For the use of the public, weigh-bridges are provided at the North Central Offices, Rosebery-avenue (7 tons); South Central Offices, Union-road, Newington-causeway (20 tons); platform weighing machines, capacity 600lb., are also provided at these two offices as well as at the Harrow-road and Calvert-avenue offices. The weighing fee is 6*d.*, for which a certificate is issued.

Inspectors of Weights and Measures.

Districts.	Name of Inspector.	Office.	Times at which Inspectors will attend at Office to Examine and Stamp.
Hammersmith, Fulham, North Kensington.	C. A. Tottle.....	211, Harrow-road.	Every Monday, 9 to 4. Thursday, 9 to 4.
Paddington, Marylebone, Chelsea (detached).	R. K. Reid	Ditto.	Every Tuesday, 9 to 4. Friday, 9 to 4.
Westminster, St. George (Hanover-square), Chelsea, South Kensington.	H. C. Strugnell..	Ditto.	Every Wednesday, 9 to 4. Saturday, 9 to 1.
Hampstead, St. Pancras.	R. T. Pearce	5, Rosebery-avenue, Clerkenwell.	Every Tuesday, 9 to 4. Friday, 9 to 4.
Strand, Holborn, St. James (Westminster), St. Martin-in-the-Fields, Clerkenwell, St. Luke, and Islington (south of Pentonville and City Roads).	C. Bending	Ditto.	Every Monday, 9 to 4. Thursday, 9 to 4.
Islington, Clerkenwell, and St. Luke (north of Pentonville and City Roads)	T. Elliot	Ditto.	Every Wednesday, 9 to 4. Saturday, 9 to 1.
	D. R. Newlands & G. H. Griffith, Inspectors for Verification.	Ditto.	Every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, 9 to 4. Every Saturday, 9 to 1.
Shoreditch (south of Regent's Canal), Bethnal-green (west of Cambridge-road), Whitechapel.	C. F. Cox	Calvert-avenue, Shoreditch.	Every Wednesday, 9 to 4.
Stoke Newington, Hackney, Shoreditch (north of Regent's Canal), Bethnal-green, Mile-end and Poplar (east of Cambridge-road, and north of Great Eastern Railway).	S. B. Hough	Ditto.	Every Tuesday, 9 to 4. Friday, 9 to 4.
Bethnal-green, Mile-end and Poplar (east of Cambridge-road and south of the Great Eastern Railway), St. George-in-the-East, Limehouse.	J. W. Milner	Ditto.	Every Thursday, 9 to 4.
	S. H. Brewer and A. C. Brown, Inspectors for Verification.	Ditto.	Every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, 9 to 4. Every Saturday, 9 to 1.
Wandsworth, Battersea, Lambeth (west of Clapham, Kennington and Westminster - bridge Roads).	J. W. Hildreth ...	Netherford-road, Clapham.	Every Tuesday, 9 to 4. Friday, 2 to 4.
Lambeth (east of Clapham, Kennington and Westminster - bridge Roads, and west of Denmark-hill and Herne-hill), St. Saviour's, St. George-the-Martyr, Newington, and Camberwell (west of Southwark-bridge, Walworth and Camberwell-roads).	H. W. Clemson ...	Union-road, Newington-causeway.	Every Monday, 9 to 4. Thursday, 9 to 4.

INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—*(continued).*

DISTRICTS.	NAME OF INSPECTOR.	OFFICE.	TIMES AT WHICH INSPECTORS WILL ATTEND AT OFFICE TO EXAMINE AND STAMP.
Rotherhithe, Bermondsey, St. Olave's, St. Saviour's, St. George-the-Martyr, and Newington (east of Southwark-bridge and Walworth roads), Camberwell (north of Surrey Canal).	W. E. Manning ..	Ditto.	Every Wednesday, 9 to 4. Saturday, 9 to 1.
Camberwell (south of Surrey Canal and east of Camberwell-road), Lambeth (east of Denmark-hill and Herne-hill), Greenwich (south and west of New-cross-road, Lewisham High-road, Malpas-road and Brockley-road), Lewisham (west of Brockley-road, Sunderland-road, and Mayow-road, to the boundary of the county).	J. Webb	Ditto.	Every Tuesday, 9 to 4. Friday, 9 to 4.
	G. H. Joyce and T. P. Longman Inspectors for Verification.	Ditto.	Every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, 9 to 4. Every Saturday, 9 to 1.
Plumstead, Woolwich, Lee, Greenwich (north and east of New-cross-road, Lewisham High-road, Malpas-road, and Brockley-road), Lewisham (east of Brockley-road, Sunderland-road, and Mayow-road, to the boundary of the county).	E. E. Jury	Lamb-lane, Bridge-street, Greenwich.	Every Monday, 9 to 4; and Friday, 9 to 11.

SALE OF COAL.

DISTRICTS.	NAME OF COAL OFFICER.
No. 1, Western.	E. Harrison.
,, 2, West Central.	J. R. K. Bow.
,, 3, Central.	C. H. Winter.
,, 4, East Central.	W. Meaney.
,, 5, North-Eastern.	S. Tinworth.
,, 6, Eastern.	E. H. Pineles.
,, 7, South-Western.	G. Talbot.
,, 8, South-West Central.	Vacant.
,, 9, South-East Central.	J. V. Nicholls.
,, 10, South-Eastern.	J. Court.

The following figures indicate the results under the sale of coal last year: — Inspections of vehicles, 47,443; inspections of premises, 1,651; infringements of Act reported, 530.

Offenders are first cautioned, and in about one in twenty of the cases legal proceedings are taken. The convictions, which in 1890 were 444, were last year 25.

During last year about 12,000 inspections at bakers' and other premises were made by the inspectors, 39 persons were cautioned in writing and 106 prosecuted, and in 103 cases convictions were obtained and penalties imposed.

GAS METER TESTING.

Offices.	*Name of Inspector.*
St. Ann's-street, Westminster.	E. W. Scott. / J. L. Barry.
Rosebery-avenue, Clerkenwell.	G. Knott. / G. Hume.
White Lion-st., Spitalfields.	W. R. Land. / J. E. Fenlon.
Avonmouth-st., Newington Causeway, S.E.	A. Carnall. / R. C. Arthur.

The fees for testing (with or without stamping) gas meters are prescribed by Section 19 of the Sales of Gas Act, 1859, and for small meters are, approximately, as follows:—

			s.	d.
Wet or dry meters,	1 light	amt. of fee	0	6
,,	2 ,,	,,	0	6
,,	3 ,,	,,	0	6
,,	5 ,,	,,	0	6
,,	10 ,,	,,	1	0
,,	20 ,,	,,	1	0
Dry meters	30 ,,	,,	1	0
,,	50 ,,	,,	1	0
,,	60 ,,	,,	1	0

Consumers who may desire to have their meters tested at one of the Council's gas meter testing offices should, before removing the meter, give 24 hours' notice in writing to the gas company. Meters sent to the Council's offices should have a label attached, stating clearly the consumer's name and address. If sent by carrier, the carriage must be prepaid.

Petroleum and Petroleum Lamps.

The Petroleum Acts apply to liquid mineral products, such as naphtha, benzoline, &c., which give off inflammable vapour at a less temperature than 73° Fahr., when tested in the manner prescribed. Petroleum, under the Acts, can only be kept in the County of London under a licence of the Council. These Acts do not apply to the ordinary petroleum oil (frequently called paraffin) such as is burnt in lamps, as this does not give off inflammable vapour below 73° Fahr.

In London there are about 1,800 licensed premises.

Application for licences must be made on special forms obtained at the Public Control Department, and must be accompanied by a fee of 5*s*. The Council employs six inspectors to carry out the Acts.

Lamps.—For many years past great loss of both life and property have resulted from lamp accidents, and with a view to future legislation on the subject, the Council's inspectors have investigated the various accidents. A third of the deaths at fires in London occur at fires caused by lamp accidents.

Comprehensive reports on the subject of the prevention of petroleum lamp accidents have been issued by the Council, which recommends that only oil of a flash point of over 100° Fahr. should be used in lamps. The Select Committee of the House of Commons who investigated the subject for several sessions also recommend this.

Petroleum Spirit for use for Motor-Cars.

Petroleum spirit for use for motor-cars may be kept without a licence if the restrictions laid down in the Regulations of the Secretary of State under the Locomotives on Highways Act are strictly observed.

Where these regulations cannot be observed, or where it is intended to also *sell* spirit for use for motor-cars, a licence is necessary.

Carbide of Calcium.

By an Order in Council, Carbide of Calcium (used for the manufacture of Acetylene) is brought under the operation of the Petroleum Acts, and quantities exceeding 28lb. can only be kept in London under licence granted by the Council. Applications for licences must be made on special forms obtained at the Public Control Department, and must be accompanied by a fee of 5*s*.

Explosives Act.

The Department controls the conveyance and sale of gunpowder and all other explosives. Premises where explosives are manufactured or kept are licensed and inspected by the Council's officers.

Application for registration, the fee for which is 1*s*., must be made on forms to be obtained at the Public Control Department.

Diseases of Animals.

The Diseases of Animals Acts have for their object the suppression of contagious diseases in animals, and is enforced by the Department. The diseases which come within the scope of the Acts are glanders, epizootic lymphangitis, cattle plague, foot-and-mouth disease, sheep-pox, pleuro-pneumonia, swine fever, anthrax, sheep-scab, and rabies. The Council's outdoor staff consists of three veterinary inspectors. There are also two inspectors engaged in connection with the destruction of the carcasses of glandered animals at the knacker's yards. Every owner of a glandered horse, or one that he suspects to be glandered, must at once give notice of the fact to the police or the Council's local veterinary inspector, or he is liable to a heavy penalty.

Veterinary Inspectors.

Name.	District.
W. Hunting. Chief Inspector, 16, Trafalgar-sq., Chelsea, S.W.	The City of Westminster: the Royal Borough of Kensington; and the Metropolitan Boroughs of Paddington, Chelsea, Hammersmith-Fulham, Wandsworth, and Battersea.
C. J. Humphrey, Inspector, 30, Stockwell-rd., Clapham, S.W.	The Metropolitan Boroughs of Lambeth, Southwark, Camberwell, Bermondsey, Deptford, Lewisham, Greenwich, and Woolwich.
W. F. Shaw, 443, Liverpool-road, Highbury, N.	The Metropolitan Boroughs of Hampstead, St. Marylebone, St. Pancras, Holborn, Finsbury, Islington, Stoke Newington, Shoreditch, Stepney, Bethnal Green, Hackney, and Poplar.

Infant Life Protection.

An Act which came into force on 1st Jan., 1898, forbids the keeping for hire of more than one infant under the age of five years, unless notice in writing is given to the local authority. This Act is carried out by the department.

The Council employs five inspectors to carry out the Acts, three of whom, women inspectors, are employed in the supervision of registered houses.

Shop Hours and Seats Acts.

The Shop Hours Acts of 1892-5 provide that no person under the age of eighteen years may be employed in any shop, market, stall, warehouse, licensed house or refreshment house for more than seventy-four hours a week, including meal-times. Penalty, £1. A notice-card setting out the provisions of the Acts must also be conspicuously exhibited in every shop where any young person is employed, subject to a penalty of £2.

The Acts do not apply to a shop where the only persons employed are members of the same family dwelling in the building of which the shop forms part, or to which the shop is attached, or to members of the employer's family so dwelling, or to any person wholly employed as a domestic servant. A staff of nine inspectors has been appointed, which makes a shop-to-shop inspection throughout London.

The Seats for Shop Assistants Act of 1899 provides that in every shop where goods are sold by retail and where female assistants are employed in such sale, seats for the use of such assistants shall be provided behind the counter or in some other suitable position in the proportion of not less than one seat to every three female assistants.

Employment of Children Act, 1903.

This Act imposes restrictions on the employment of school children as follows:—

A child (*i.e.*, under 14 years) must not be employed after 9 p.m. or before 6 a.m.

A child under 11 years of age must not be employed in street trading.

A child employed half-time under the Factory Act must not be employed in any other occupation.

A child must not be employed to lift, carry, or move anything so heavy as to be likely to be injurious to its life, limb, health, or education, having regard to its physical condition.

Bye-laws further regulating the employment of school children have been made by the Council and approved by the Home Secretary, and a copy of such bye-laws, which came into operation on 4th October, 1906, may be obtained on application to the Chief Officer, Public Control Department.

The employment of school children in performances at theatres, music halls, &c., for profit is regulated by the Prevention of Cruelty to Children Act, 1904.

The law as to such employment may be briefly summarised:—Below 10 years of age, illegal; from 10 to 11 years of age, permitted under magistrate's licence; from 11 to 14 years of age, permitted up to 9 p.m. and afterwards under the terms of a licence granted by a magistrate.

Information as to infringements of these Acts should be sent to the chief officer of the Public Control Department, who will cause the matter to be investigated.

Employment Agencies.

Power to register and inspect agencies or registries for the employment of governesses, female domestic servants, or other female persons in any similar capacity, and such theatrical, &c., agencies as demand or receive preliminary fees, was given to the Council by their General Powers Act of 1905. If no preliminary fees are taken by registered agencies they need only take care to give receipts for payments made and keep counterfoils of the receipts. If, however, preliminary fees are demanded or taken the agents become subject to the bye-laws made by the Council and confirmed by the Home Secretary. These bye-laws specify the manner in which the books shall be kept and the entries to be made therein, and are intended to assist in the prevention of fraud or immorality in the conduct of the agencies. Inspectors periodically visit the agencies to examine the books and see that the Act and bye-laws are observed. Penalties are provided (*a*) for non-registration (£50), (*b*) for not giving receipts or keeping counterfoils or for obstructing inspector (£5). A magistrate may on complaint by the Council cancel or suspend registration on being satisfied that the person registered is not a proper person to carry on the business, or that for any other reason it is expedient that the registration shall be cancelled or suspended. Forms of application for registration and copies of the bye-laws may be obtained from the Chief Officer, Public Control Department.

Coroners and Inquests.

A coroner must hold an inquest on every person whose death has been caused by accident or violence. He may also hold an inquest where foul play is suspected, or where a

CORONERS OF THE COUNTY OF LONDON AND THEIR DISTRICTS.

District.	Boroughs in District.	Coroner.	Coroner's Office.	Deputy Coroner.
Western District.	Kensington; Chelsea; Fulham; and Hammersmith	C. Luxmoore Drew	49, Leinster-square, W.	S. I. Oddie
Central District.	St. Pancras; Hampstead; Islington; St. Marylebone; Paddington; Finsbury (St. Sepulchre, Clerkenwell); Holborn; and that part of Furnival's Inn which lies outside the City of London.	G. Danford P. Thomas, M.D.	Coroner's Court. Manor-place, Paddington, W.	W. Schröder
Westminster District.	City of Westminster	J. Troutbeck	Phillimore Chambers, 21, Great Smith-street, S.W.	R. H. Wellington
North - Eastern District.	Bethnal-green; Hackney; Finsbury (St. Luke); Shoreditch; Stoke Newington.	W. Wynn Westcott	396, Camden-road, N.	R. L. Guthrie
Eastern District.	Stepney and Poplar	W. E. Baxter	170, Church-street, Stoke Newington, N	Vacant
Liberty of Tower	Tower of London and the Liberties thereof	W. E. Baxter	Ditto.	Vacant
City of London and Borough of Southwark.	City of London; and the following parishes in Southwark—St. George-the-Martyr; St. Olave; St. John, Horselydown; and St. Thomas.	F. J. Waldo	City Mortuary, Golden-lane, E.C.	F. D. Thomas
Duchy of Lancaster District.	The Parish of Clapham	G. P. Wyatt	56, Tulse Hill, S.W.	A. W. Wyatt
Ditto . . .	The Precinct of the Savoy	J. Troutbeck	Phillimore Chambers, 21, Great Smith-street, S.W.	R. H. Wellington
South - Western District.	Battersea; Wandsworth (except Clapham and Streatham); and so much of the Parish of Lambeth as lies to the North and North-West of the centre of the Clapham and Kennington-park roads.	J. Troutbeck	ditto.	R. H. Wellington
Southern District.	Camberwell; Wandsworth (Streatham); Deptford (Hatcham); Southwark (Newington), Christchurch, and St. Saviour (excluding the portion within the Borough of Southwark); and so much of the Parish of Lambeth as lies to the South and South-East of the centre of the Clapham and Kennington-park roads.	G. P. Wyatt	56, Tulse-hill, S.W.	A. W. Wyatt
South - Eastern District.	Deptford (St. Paul); Greenwich; Woolwich; Lewisham; and Bermondsey.	H. R. Oswald	26, Crooms-hill, Greenwich, S.E.	H. B. Sewell

medical certificate cannot be obtained, as in a case of sudden death.

In cases of sudden, violent, or accidental death, the relatives or friends of deceased should inform the coroner or coroner's officer for the district. The death should also be registered within five days. Neglect to do this incurs liability to heavy penalties.

Subject to any special statutory exemptions, all must, of whatever age, when duly summoned, serve upon a coroner's jury. Failure to attend renders a person liable to a penalty of £5.

When a dead body is found, information should at once be given to the coroner or coroner's officer for the district, or to a police constable. A fee of 5s. for finding a body and giving information is paid.

The cost per annum of coroners' inquests in London, of which about 7,250 are held annually, is about :—

Coroners' salaries	£10,500
Disbursements at inquests (excluding jury fees)	15,000
Payment of coroners' jurors	3,100
Rents and maintenance of coroners' courts	2,250
Total	£30,850

LUNATIC ASYLUMS.

ASYLUMS COMMITTEE: 6, WATERLOO PLACE, S.W.

THE Asylums Committee of the County Council is a statutory body. It took over the management of the asylums from the old County Justices, and is armed with large statutory powers of its own with which the County Council has little directly to do. It does not consult the County Council upon its expenditure except when a capital outlay is involved. It is under the Home Secretary and the Lunacy Commissioners with regard to the structural arrangements of its asylums. Its accounts are audited by the Local Government Board, and it presents an annual report to the County Council, giving an account of its work. It has power to ask boards of guardians for any amount for the maintenance of lunatics up to 14*s.* a head per week, and the guardians have no power to criticise or refuse. If the Committee only requires 10*s.* 9½*d.* per head, that is due to internal virtues and not to external influences. The payment for keeping the insane does not necessarily come out of the rates; the guardians endeavour to recover as much as possible from the relatives of the inmates. The management of nine asylums, and the maintenance of over 17,000 inmates, is a heavy undertaking, which involves an annual expenditure of nearly £500,000, the wages bill alone amounting to over £165,000, and the commissariat departments costing nearly £180,000 a year. The Committee has earned a great reputation for its kind and considerate treatment of the insane and its able administration, which is resulting in many economies and increased efficiency. It has revised the dietary, and, with advantage, stopped the beer allowance.

The Committee consists of from thirty to thirty-five members, and it carries on its work through fourteen sub-committees. Every asylum is visited by a sub-committee or by members every fortnight. At Claybury Asylum a pathological laboratory has been erected for studying the pathology of insanity. A separate building exists at this asylum for receiving private paying male patients. Female private patients are received at the Manor Asylum, Epsom. The committee has established a working colony at Ewell for the treatment of certified insane epileptic patients (266 males and 60 females). The colonists are

selected from the inmates of the other London Asylums who are considered suitable for colony life. Private patients, male and female, are also received at this colony.

The following figures show the increase of lunacy in London during the last ten years, the numbers being the certified pauper lunatics on the 1st of January every year:—

1896	12,853	1902	16,050
1897	13,512	1903	16,689
1898	14,032	1904	17,130
1899	14,645	1905	17,770
1900	15,061	1906	18,130
1901	15,274		

The following is the percentage of recoveries effected at the asylums also during the last nine years:—

	On average number resident.	On total number under treatment.
1896	10·19	8·00
1897	9·72	7·85
1898	8·32	6·70
1899	8·20	6·41
1900	9·03	7·33
1901	7·16	5·86
1902	7·36	5·84
1903	8·20	6·48
1904	7·60	6·25
1905	7.55	6.20

LONDON COUNTY ASYLUMS STAFF.

Clerk of Asylums Committee—H. F. Keene.

Chief Assistant—R. H. Curtis.

Director of the Pathological Laboratory and Pathologist—F. W. Mott, M.D., F.R.C.P. F.R.S.

Engineer—W. C. Clifford Smith, A.M.I.C.E.

BANSTEAD ASYLUM.

(NEAR SUTTON, SURREY: LONDON, BRIGHTON, & SOUTH COAST RAILWAY.)

Medical Superintendent — D. Johnston Jones, M.D.

First Assistant Medical Officer—J. J. Murphy, M.D.

Second Assistant Medical Officer—S. W. Hanbury, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Chaplain—Rev. H. Whittaker.

Clerk of the Asylum—R. G. Morgan.

Storekeeper—F. W. Page.

VISITING DAYS. — Sundays, Thursdays, and all Bank Holidays, from 2 to 4 p.m.

BEXLEY ASYLUM.

(BEXLEY, KENT: S.E. & C. RLY.)

Medical Superintendent—T E. K. Stansfield, M.B.

First Assistant Medical Officer—M. A. Collins, M.D.

Chaplain—Rev. J. J. Brownhill.

Clerk of the Asylum—H. B. Sholl.

Storekeeper—A. W. P. Randall.

VISITING DAYS.—Sundays, Mondays, and all Bank Holidays from 2.30 to 4.30 p.m.

CANE HILL ASYLUM,

(COULSDON, SURREY: SOUTH EASTERN AND CHATHAM RAILWAY; STOAT'S NEST: L.B. and S.C.R.)

Medical Superintendent—J. M. Moody, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

First Assistant Medical Officer—H. G. Cribb, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Second Assistant Medical Officer—R. O. Sibley, M.B.

Chaplain—Rev. J. C. Crawford.

Clerk—T. J. E. C. Mynoth.

Steward—J. A. Smith.

VISITING DAYS. — Mondays, Thursdays, and all Bank Holidays, from 2 to 4.30 p.m.

CLAYBURY ASYLUM.

(WOODFORD, ESSEX: GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY.)

Medical Superintendent—Robert Jones, M.D., M.R.C.P.

First Assistant Medical Officer—C. T. Ewart, M.D.

Chaplain — Rev. W. G. Boys Johnston.

Clerk to the Asylum—E. B. S. Claxton.

Steward—J. E. Stephens.

VISITING DAYS.—Sundays, from 2 to 4 p.m. Mondays, and all Bank Holidays, from 2 to 4.30. p.m.

COLNEY HATCH ASYLUM.

(NEW SOUTHGATE, MIDDLESEX: GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY).

Medical Superintendent—W. J. Seward, M.B.

First Assistant Medical Officer—S. J. Gilfillan, M.B.

Second Assistant Medical Officer—S. Lloyd Jones, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Chaplain—Rev. A. L. Parry.

Clerk of the Asylum—E. Bailey.

Storekeeper—V. E. Mallett.

VISITING DAYS.—Sundays, Mondays, and all Bank Holidays, from 2 to 4 p.m.

HANWELL ASYLUM.

(HANWELL, MIDDLESEX: GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.)

Medical Superintendent—P. J. Baily, M.B.

First Assistant Medical Officer—A. W. Daniel, M.D.

Chaplain—Rev. G. Williams.

Clerk of the Asylum—D. Neave.

Storekeeper—S. Milsom.

VISITING DAYS.—Sundays, Mondays, and all Bank Holidays, from 2 to 4 p.m.

HORTON ASYLUM.

(EPSOM, SURREY: L.B. & S.C. and L. & S.W. RAILWAYS.)

Medical Superintendent—J. R. Lord, M.B.

First Assistant Medical Officer—D. Ogilvy, M.D.

Second Assistant Medical Officer—S. C. Elgee, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Chaplain—Rev. E. W. Deacon.

Clerk of the Asylum—A. V. Llewellyn.

Storekeeper—W. Taylor.

VISITING DAYS.—Sundays, Mondays, and all Bank Holidays from 2.30 to 4.30 p.m.

MANOR ASYLUM.

(EPSOM, SURREY: L.B. & S.C., and L. & S.W. RAILWAYS.)

Medical Superintendent—W. I. Donaldson, M.D.

Senior Assistant Medical Officer—W. J. Thomas, M.D.

Chaplain—Rev. A. E. Taylor (temporarily).

Clerk of Asylum—L. Clarke.

Storekeeper—J. J. Agar.

VISITING DAYS.—Sundays, Mondays, and all Bank Holidays, from 2 to 4 p.m.

EPILEPTIC COLONY.

(EWELL, SURREY: Ewell Station, L. & S.W. RAILWAY), or (Epsom, L.B. & S.C. and L. & S.W. RLYS.)

Medical Superintendent—P. C. Spark, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Assistant Medical Officer—T. Stratford Logan, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.P.H.

Chaplain—Rev. E. W. Deacon.

Clerk and Storekeeper—R. E. Dorrell.

VISITING DAYS.—Sundays and all Bank Holidays; also Mondays by previous notification to Medical Superintendent.

LONG GROVE ASYLUM.

(EPSOM, SURREY: L.B. & S.C. and L. & S.W. RAILWAYS.)

Medical Superintendent—C. H. Bond, M.B.

First Assistant Medical Officer—G. F. Barham, M.D.

Clerk of Asylum—A. J. Gibbs.

Storekeeper—H. S. Elliot.

THE PRESERVATION OF HISTORIC BUILDINGS.

In conjunction with numerous learned and archæological societies, the London County Council is taking steps to prevent the unnecessary destruction of historic buildings within its area. The action of the central authority has not come a moment too soon, for every one of the last six years has witnessed the loss of volumes of history in stone. The Rolls Chapel, with its Torrigiano monument and mediæval chancel arch; three of Wren's City churches on ancient foundations; the "Old Bell" Inn, the last galleried inn in London on the Middlesex side of the water; No. 4, Coleman-street, with its cedar room of early seventeenth century date; the thirteenth century crypt at No. 4, Laurence Pountney-hill; Dick's Coffee House in Fleet-street, famous in the literature of the eighteenth century; Bullingham House and garden, Kensington, where Sir Isaac Newton died; Sir Francis Drake's house in Basinghall-street; Rokeby House, where now stands a Stratford music hall; Ivy Lodge, Plaistow, of Elizabethan date; the Abbey Wall, West Ham; the Old Palace of Bromley, and many other historical object-lessons—all have gone. Many threatened buildings have been saved by the action of the Survey Committee of the Memorials of Greater London; but greater success is anticipated now that the County Council has joined in the movement.

The Council in 1898 obtained statutory power to protect buildings and places of historic interest, Section 60 of the General Powers Act of that year containing the following clause:—

> **It shall be lawful for the Council, if it thinks fit, to purchase by agreement buildings and places of historical or architectural interest or works of art, or to undertake or contribute towards the cost of preserving, maintaining, or managing any such buildings and places, and to erect and maintain, or contribute towards the provision, erection, and maintenance of works of art in London.**

The discharge of these duties is entrusted to the Local Government, Records, and Museums Committee, which, in this conection, has control over: (*a*) the Council's library; (*b*) the Horniman Museum and Library; and (*c*) the preservation of buildings in the county having architectural or archæological interest.

The Horniman Museum and grounds were presented to the public through the London County Council by the late Mr. F. J. Horniman, M.P., in February, 1901. They are situated at Forest Hill, and the old museum was for many years a favourite resort. The new building consists of two galleries, round each of which runs a balcony, also devoted to the display of exhibits. The Ethnological Collections, which are exhibited in the lower, or south, gallery, illustrate the arts and crafts of various peoples. Tools and weapons, means of transport, basket work, pottery, personal ornaments, pipes, musical instruments, religious objects, and stone implements are amongst the objects exhibited. The Natural History Collections, occupying the upper, or north, gallery, comprise a general collection of animals, as well as reference collections of birds' eggs, shells, and insects, and a special series illustrating the theory of organic evolution. The Vivaria and Aquaria contain living specimens of British land, fresh water, and marine animals, and there is an observation beehive, in which the bees may be seen at work from May to October. The Library consists in the main of books on subjects represented in the Museum Collections. In addition to works in popular language, intended

for the use of visitors generally, books have been carefully selected for systematic study, and as works of reference on the various branches of Ethnology and Natural History. The recreation grounds are over five acres in extent.

In connection with its work of preserving buildings of historic interest, the Council has purchased and restored No. 17, Fleet-street, a building of considerable historical and architectural interest, which was built in the reign of James I. for, probably, Henry Prince of Wales as an office of the Duchy of Cornwall. The thoroughfare has been widened at this point by the setting back of the ground floor of the premises; but the upper floors remain in their previous positions, supported on cantilevers, and the old false front, which was about twenty inches in advance of the original front, has been removed. The most interesting room in the building - the "Council Chamber" on the first floor, in which there are a fine carved ceiling and some old panelling, is open free to the public on week-days from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m, and can be hired for meetings after the latter hour. Another branch of the committee's work in this connection is the indication of houses of historical interest in the metropolis by means of memorial tablets. This work used to be undertaken by the Society of Arts, which affixed memorial tablets on some 34 houses which had been residences of celebrated men and women. The Council has now erected tablets in the following instances:—Holly Lodge, Campden Hill (Lord Macaulay); 48, Doughty-street (Charles Dickens); 4, Whitehall Gardens (Sir Robert Peel); 56, Devonshire-street, (Sir John Herschel); 67, Wimpole-street (Henry Hallam); 1, Devonshire-terrace, Marylebone-road (Charles Dickens); 22, Theobald's-road (Lord Beaconsfield); 14, York-place, Portman-square (William Pitt); 12, Clarges-street, Piccadilly (Edmund Kean); 48, Welbeck-street (Thomas Young); 14, Hertford-street, Park-lane (Edward Jenner); Holly Lodge, Wimbledon Park-road ("George Eliot"); 34, Gloucester-square, Hyde Park (Robert Stephenson); 23, Suffolk-street, Pall Mall (Richard Cobden); 10, Upper Cheyne-row (Leigh Hunt); 12, Savile-row (George Grote); 16, Young-street, Kensington (W. M. Thackeray); 56, Great Queen-street (James Boswell); 6, Frith-street (William Hazlitt); 27, Upper Baker-street (Mrs. Siddons); 71, Berners-street (S. T. Coleridge); 110, Gower-street (Charles Darwin); 18, Stamford-street, Southwark (John Rennie); 110, Hallam-street (Dante Gabriel Rossetti); 76, Charles-street, Fitzroy-square (John Constable); 14, Doughty-street (Sydney Smith); 31, Baker-street (Lord Lytton); 144, Kensington High-street (Sir David Wilkie); 22, St. James's-place (Samuel Rogers); 33, Ampton-street, W.C. (Thomas Carlyle); 111, Broomwood-road, Clapham (William Wilberforce). Steps are also being taken with a view to the indication of the undermentioned houses:—1, Orme's-square, Bayswater (Sir Rowland Hill); 64, Duncan-terrace, Islington (Charles Lamb); 4, Carlton-gardens, S.W. (Lord Palmerston); 21, Queen-square, Bloomsbury (Rev. F. D. Maurice); 31, Golden-square (John Hunter); 28, Broad-street, Soho (William Blake); 70, Knightsbridge (Charles Reade); 73, Harley-street (Sir Charles Lyell and W. E. Gladstone); 88, Mile End-road (Captain James Cook); 54, Great Marlborough-street (Mrs. Siddons); 28, Bennett-street, Southwark (John Leech); 18, Kensington-square (John Stuart Mill).

EDUCATION.

BY the Education (London) Act, 1903, the School Board, which first met on the 15th December, 1870, was superseded by the London County Council as the Local Education Authority for the County of London. The date of transfer was Sunday, 1st May, 1904. The official change took place on Monday, 2nd May, when the Chairmen of the Council and the Education Committee attended at the Education Offices, Victoria Embankment, W.C., and welcomed the staff, exchanging farewells with the Right Hon. Lord Reay, Chairman of the departing School Board.

On the same date the Technical Education Board, which first met on 28th April, 1893, was also abolished, and the combined duties of the School Board and the Education Board were undertaken by the Council.

Education Committee (Scheme).

The London County Council, on 26th January, 1904, adopted a scheme for the establishment of an Education Committee as required by law.

The General Purposes Committee, which framed the scheme, insisted that the Council should bear in mind the following two objects in constituting the Education Committee :—

1. That the Committee shall be one which will work harmoniously with the Council in developing a complete and well co-ordinated system of London education.

2. That its constitution shall be such as to retain one of the greatest public interests under real public control, as far as possible.

The scheme, the key-note of which is no co-option, is as follows :—

1. The London County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall establish for the purposes of the Education (London) Act, 1903, an Education Committee (hereinafter called "the Committee"), which Committee shall consist of forty-three members, and shall include (a) the chairman, vice-chairman, and deputy-chairman for the time being of the Council; (b) thirty-five persons, who shall be members for the time being of the Council; and (c) five women selected by the Council. Persons of experience in education and persons acquainted with the needs of the various kinds of schools in the administrative County of London, shall always be included in the committee.

2. In addition to the said 43 members, the Council may appoint, as members of the first committee, members of the London School Board not exceeding five in number.

3. The first members of the committee, other than the chairman, vice-chairman, and deputy-chairman of the Council, shall be appointed by the Council at a meeting of the Council to be held on the 22nd day of March, 1904, and shall hold office until the ordinary day of election of committees of the Council in the month of March, in the year 1906.

4. Except as provided by Clause 3, the members of the committee shall retire annually and shall hold office until the first meeting of their successors; but in the year in which the triennial retirement of county councillors takes place, they shall retire on the 7th of March.

5. Every member of the committee not being a member of the Council shall, after appointment or re-appointment, and before being entitled to act as a member of the committee, sign a declaration of acceptance of office on a form to be prescribed by the Council.

6. Any member of the committee who shall notify in writing to the clerk of the Council his intention to resign, or who shall (except in case of illness, or for a reason approved by the committee) be for six successive months absent from all meetings of the committee, or who being, when appointed, a member of the Council, shall cease to be a member thereof, or who, not being a member of the Council, shall fail for the period of three calendar months to sign the declaration of acceptance of office, or who

shall become bankrupt, or shall file in any Court having jurisdiction in bankruptcy a declaration of inability to pay debts, shall thereupon cease to be a member of the committee.

7. Any casual vacancy in the committee shall be filled up by the Council as soon as conveniently may be, the appointment being made only for the remainder of the term for which the vacating member was appointed.

After an experience of two years and a half, the Council decided that the Education Committee should be granted enlarged powers. One result of this decision is that the committee now has power to spend up to £500 without the approval of the Council. Another important concession was that the meetings of the committee should be held in public. The committee met for the first time with open doors on 21st November, 1906.

(A) ELEMENTARY EDUCATION.

ACCORDING to the returns dated 31st March, 1906, there were 893,344 children of the Elementary School Class in London, and there was accommodation in Council Schools for 599,407, and in Voluntary Schools for 150,868—total, 750,275. There were at that date 532 Council Schools open and 435 Voluntary Schools. During the year under review 11 additional schools, providing accommodation for 12,035 children, and eight enlargements of existing schools, accommodating 1,975 children, were opened. The approximate number of new places sanctioned by the Council but not yet provided was 32,478. If there is not room for all the children in efficient schools it is incumbent upon the Council to provide the necessary accommodation.

When the Council took over the work of education, the accommodation for which the elementary schools were recognised did not represent the real number for which these schools could effectively provide. Many of the older schools contain rooms accommodating as many as 70 and 80, and in some cases more children. When it is remembered that the Board of Education has laid down that no single class is to contain more than 60 children, and even this number is considered by present-day standards too large, it will be seen that these large rooms nominally accommodating 70 or 80 children do not provide effective accommodation for more than 60 children. The Council has, therefore, initiated a scheme for carrying out systematic re-division of these large rooms, wherever such re-division is practicable and desirable from the point of view of organisation. In other cases it is intended to write down the accommodation of each room to 60 places.

During the year 1905-6, 160 classrooms, accommodating on an average 73 children each, were re-divided so as to form 241 classrooms accommodating on an average 43 children each, and 76 classrooms, previously accommodating on an average 75 children each, were written down so as to accommodate only 60 children each. Adding these re-divisions and reductions together, 236 classrooms, previously accommodating on an average 74 children each, have been converted into 317 classrooms, accommodating on an average 47 children.

It is intended to carry out further instalments of the effective accommodation proposals during the next year or two until the schools are brought more into line with modern requirements.

The method of calculation adopted to ascertain the number of school

places required to be provided was until recently to deduct 12½ per cent. from the total number of elementary school children scheduled between the ages of three and 13, and to add the number of children over 13 attending elementary schools. The method recently approved by the Council for the purpose of providing new accommodation throughout London necessitated by the survey of the non-provided schools is to deduct 14 per cent. from the total number of children scheduled between the ages of three and 14, and to add the number of children over 14 years of age attending school. The extra 1½ per cent. will cover approximately the number of children of the special school class, for whom other accommodation is provided, but whose names have hitherto been included in the ordinary schedule, and also the number of children who will be removed year by year as scholarship holders to secondary schools. On this method of calculation the estimated number of children requiring school places on the schedule of May, 1906, was 769,690. In arriving at the existing effective accommodation, an endeavour has been made to reckon the accommodation of all classrooms in senior departments on the 10 square feet basis, and in infants' classrooms on the 9 square feet basis, except where the seating has already been settled on a higher basis.

It has also been calculated that for every 100 effective school places there should be a roll of 105 for boys, a roll of 107 for girls, 106 for mixed, and 110 for infants. This is considered to be practicable, as the percentage of average attendances of boys is 91·6, of girls 89·3, and of infants 83.8.

The results may be summarised as follows as on 31st March, 1906:—

Estimated number of children requiring school places		769,690
Permanent effective accommodation—		
Existing	707,776	
Projected	26,482	
		734,258
Possible average roll based on effective accommodation—		
Existing	759,657	
Projected	28,335	
		787,992

showing a deficiency on existing permanent accommodation of 10,033, and an excess on existing and projected permanent accommodation of 18,302.

At Lady Day, 1906, there were on the books of L.C.C. Schools 557,293, Voluntary Schools 195,194, with an average attendance of 495,866 and 167,505 respectively. The percentage of regularity of attendance —that is, the actual number of attendances made out of each 100 possible, was 89, and is the highest ever recorded for the Public Elementary Schools in London. Since 1871, 164 Voluntary Schools, accommodating 56,619, have been converted into what are now Council Schools.

Special Schools.

In addition to the ordinary schools, there were at Lady Day, 1906, 344 Domestic Economy centres, at which 49,386 scholars were in attendance at the end of March, 1906. There were also 205 Manual Training centres, with an attendance of 57,248 scholars; 83 centres for the instruction of Mentally Defective children, with a roll of 5,498; also 25 centres for the instruction of Physically Defective children, with a roll of 1,782 pupils; 11 centres for the education of the Deaf, with an attendance of 623; 9 centres for the instruction of the Blind, with a roll of 280 children. The Council has 10 Industrial Schools—the Gordon House Home at Isleworth, for 70 girls, Feltham and Mayford, the former with a daily average

of 547 and the latter 175. There are two Truant Schools, one at Homerton, accommodating 150 boys; and another at Highbury, accommodating 200 boys. There is a Day Industrial School at Drury-lane, with accommodation for 100, one at Brunswick-road, Poplar, and one at Ponton-road, Nine Elms, each with accommodation for 150 boys and girls. There is also an Industrial Home for little boys at Clapham accommodating 30. In addition, the Council has a joint management with the county borough of Brighton in the Portslade Industrial School, in which there are 60 London boys.

Residential Schools.

The Council has three Residential Schools for elder Deaf boys and girls, one at Anerley, accommodating 60, one at Homerton, accommodating 50; and one at Wandsworth. There are also three Residential Schools for the elder Blind scholars, one at Elm Court, Tulse Hill, for girls, accommodating 40, and one at Linden Lodge, Wandsworth, for boys, with an accommodation of 30, and one at Stormont House for 20. There is also a Residential Home for 32 Mentally Defective scholars at Brixton. Five Custodial Homes for Mentally Defective children who are unsuitable for instruction in the special schools have been established. The Elementary Education (Defective and Epileptic Children) Act, 1899, gives the Council power to provide for the education of Epileptic children, but at present no definite action has been taken in this direction.

Prizes.

Merit Certificates are granted in order to stimulate the interest of the scholars. Prizes and medals are given to the children in Geography and History and Needlework, also for attendance, and as a reward for conduct and industry. In addition, scholars passing the examination of the Board of Education (South Kensington) are awarded prizes in Science and Art.

Under an arrangement between the late Mr. Francis Peek and the Religious Tract Society, prizes to the value of £500 are awarded annually to the Council's scholars and pupil teachers for proficiency in Bible knowledge.

There are eight prizes for disposal in each year for award to pupil teachers who have passed the King's Scholarship examination, four of the value of £10 and four of about £6 or £7.

Attendance.

The instruction in all London County Council Schools is free, and attendance compulsory. The bye-laws state that the age of compulsory attendance is between five and fourteen. A child between twelve and fourteen is not required to attend if he or she has passed the *Seventh* Standard. What are known as "half-timers" are not allowed. No child under 14 can be employed unless such child has passed the *Seventh* Standard. It is the duty of the School Authority to enforce attendance, and 361 school attendance officers, known as "Visitors," are engaged in this work. The regular attendance of children at school is enforced by a system of sub-committees appointed locally for certain areas. These sub-committees consider the questions of taking action against parents who do not send their children to school, and of summoning before a magistrate the persons responsible for the children's attendance. Last year 14,365 summonses

were issued, and 11,570 convictions obtained. Parents are fined up to a maximum penalty of 20*s.*, and may be sent to prison. The number of cautionary notices and summonses has been consistently decreasing since the year 1901.

FEATURES OF THE SCHOOLS.

School books, apparatus, and stationery are supplied to scholars free of charge; pianos have been provided for each department and are being gradually supplied to voluntary schools. Scholars' lending libraries exist at every permanent school. Suitable books for children are lent free, to encourage a love of reading. National Home Reading Circles have been formed in classes in Standard V. and upwards. Thrift is encouraged by the establishment of penny banks at the schools. For the better study of Botany arrangements have been made for the weekly distribution to the schools of plants, seeds, leaves, &c., from the various parks and open spaces belonging to the Council. A Reference Library of standard books is supplied to each permanent school for the use of the teachers in their work. In the Higher Grade Schools instruction is continued for half an hour longer in the afternoons, *i.e.*, to 5 p.m., in order that the more extended courses of instruction may be given to the senior scholars. The Board of Education has approved the practice of hanging on the walls of the schools the names and records of former scholars who may have distinguished themselves by acts of heroism or self-sacrifice, or who have in other ways earned a high place in their country's regard. The scheme of inter-colonial school correspondence, started on the suggestion of H.M. Colonial Office, for the establishment of more intimate relations between the schools and the school children of the Colonies and those of the Mother Country by means of letters written by the children, has proved a successful feature in the schools. An Exhibition of Handwork, comprising specimens of Drawing, Manual Training, Cookery, and Scientific Apparatus, &c., done by the scholars, is held triennially. The children pay visits under the guidance of the teachers to museums, art galleries, and other places of educational value, these visits being recognised by the Board of Education. The recognition of the great need for the health of the children has caused the appointment of a medical staff for the purpose of examining candidates for the service, and also children who should be sent to the special schools. In addition thirty-two nurses, whose duty it is to examine the heads of the children with a view to securing greater cleanliness, visit the schools in rotation. The services of twenty local assistant medical officers are temporarily engaged in connection with the scheme of medical inspection and supervision of the children, and the teachers have to keep records of the results. A laboratory has been provided for the study of bacteria in connection with prevention of infectious diseases in schools. There is a joint committee, consisting of four councillors and representatives of various voluntary societies, whose duty it is to supervise the work of organising relief for under-fed children. The weekly average number of meals given last year in 264 Council Schools was 72,714. In the case of the schools for cripple children, horsed ambulances convey the scholars from home to the schools. The playgrounds of

three-fourths of the schools are opened every Saturday for the use of the children. Fire drill is taught in every department with the object of making the children familiar with a quick and orderly means of exit in case of fire. In addition, posters are hung in each school giving the position of the nearest fire alarm. A complete gymnasium has been fitted up in a few schools. Corporal punishment is only allowed in accordance with specific instructions. The school holidays, as a rule, are as follows: Easter, one week; Whitsuntide, one day; mid-summer, four weeks; Christmas, two weeks. Each permanent school has a lending library for the use of scholars in Standard III. and upward. 16*s.* per annum is allowed to Head Teachers for the purchase of materials for use in Botany, Physiology, Science, and object lessons. The sum of 10*s.* is also allowed for the purchase of plants and flowers in the girls' and infants' schools.

Miscellaneous.

London County Council Schools are available out of school hours for various "letting" purposes, *e.g.*, Lectures, Bands of Hope, Boys' Brigades, Social Evenings, &c., and religious meetings, on an approved scale of charges. The exteriors of the schools are painted every five years, and the interiors every eight years, with an intermediate cleaning every four years. In scheduling a site for a new school in any parish in the metropolis, the Council is responsible for re-housing, where 30 or more persons have been, or are about to be, dispossessed. The Council has its own store for the reception, storage, and despatch of books, stationery, &c., to the schools, and a furniture warehouse, both of which are situated in Clerkenwell, where desks and furniture are manufactured, received, examined, and dispatched to the schools. The greater number of the schools are insured against fire in a special insurance fund—which is managed by the Finance Committee of the Council.

Subjects Taught.

The subjects taught in the Day-schools are those laid down in the Code of the Board of Education. The subjects of instruction include Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, History, Geography, and Grammar, along with Drawing for boys and Needlework for girls, and suitable occupations for infants. There are however, several other subjects, scientific and otherwise, that may be taken subject to the approval of H.M. Inspector. Great attention is given to Singing, and the standard of attainment as evidenced by the scholars' occasional displays, is now very high. Physical exercises, including swimming, receive careful attention and encouragement; and a wonderful development has been witnessed in recent years in all that pertains to the health of the children. Swimming baths are attached to three Council Schools; thousands of scholars are taught to swim every year, peripatetic teachers being employed for the purpose. Cookery Work, Laundry Work, and Household Management are taught to the girls, and Manual Training in Woodwork and Metal Work are taught to the boys. In the Council Schools Bible Instruction is given according to a syllabus approved by the late School Board, and provisionally adopted by the Council.

Higher Elementary and Higher Grade Schools.

The Council has 33 Higher Elementary Departments and 45 Higher

Grade Departments, where the curriculum is of a more advanced character. The course of instruction is arranged for three years, and no child must be less than 10 years old on admission.

Teaching Staff.

At Lady Day, 1906, the Council had in its service 1,512 head and 11,237 assistant teachers, 3,989 being masters and 8,760 mistresses. The numbers in the voluntary schools were 936 head and 3,715 assistant teachers. In addition to the adult teachers there were 2,000 pupil teachers — indentured or on probation—making a total teaching staff of 19,400 at Lady Day, 1906. A scheme has been adopted, whereby all promotions of teachers in Council schools should be made from a specially selected list of 225 assistant teachers, of whom 75 are men. The final selection for a head-teachership is in the hands of the Education Committee of the Council. In addition to the staff mentioned above, there were also 409 teachers in the Blind Centres, Deaf Centres, Mentally Defective Centres, and in the Physically Defective Centres. Not included in the above were 350 instructors and assistants in the Manual Training Centres, and 429 instructresses in the Cookery, Laundry, and Domestic Economy Centres. Most of the teachers in the service are members of the Government Superannuation Fund, but there are a number who elected to remain in a former superannuation fund formed by the late School Board. All new appointments of teachers now come under the Government Superannuation Act for this purpose.

Government Grants and Cost to the Rates.

The average annual cost of maintenance per child was as follows:—(*a*) Gross cost per child, Council Schools, £4 16*s.* 5*d.*, Voluntary Schools, £2 19*s.* 3*d.*; (*b*) Income per child (excluding Aid grant), Council Schools, £1 11*s.* 2*d.*, Voluntary Schools, £1 9*s.* 6*d.*; (*c*) Income per child for all day schools, including Aid grant, £1 18*s.* 5*d.*; (*d*) Net cost per child for all day schools, including Aid grant, £2 8*s.* 9*d.*

Evening Continuation Schools.

Evening Continuation Schools were first started by the late authority in 1882. Last year (1905-6) 354 schools were open, and the number of students admitted was 153,379. The schools are open to all persons who are exempt from the legal obligation to attend a day school. A small sessional fee is charged generally to persons over 16, but in certain schools in poor districts the pupils are admitted free. Pupils may select any subject they like at these Continuation Schools. There are 34 Commercial and Science and Art Evening Schools where instruction is of a special character, and a fee of 2s. 6d. per session is charged.

Growth of Elementary Education.

The following figures show the increase of the expenditure and the expansion of public elementary education:— The year 1872 was the first one in which any material expenditure was incurred, and during which the schools were opened. In that year the amount levied on the rates was £40,000. In the following year, 1873, the amount was £75,000; the total receipts, including loans raised and Government grant, £258,705, and the average attendance was 31,240. In 1880

the amount received from the rates was £541,129; the total receipts, including loan, fees, and grants, were £1,359,662, and the average attendance 196,844. In 1885 the rating authorities contributed £944,270, the total expenditure was £2,097,171, and the average attendance 294,208. In 1890 contributions from the rates amounted to £1,177,044, the total receipts £2,140,551, and the attendance 345,746.

Finance.

	Year ended 31st March, 1906. £ s. d.
Total expenditure (elementary education)	4,027,859 11 5
Total *net* expenditure (elementary education) ...	2,708,590 8 2
Total maintenance expenditure (higher education)	656,113 0 9
Total *net* maintenance expenditure (higher education)	336,413 2 2
Total maintenance expenditure (elementary and higher education) ...	4,683,982 12 2
Total *net* maintenance expenditure (elementary and higher education) ...	3,045,003 10 4

The progress of the Education rate has been as follows:—

Year.	Rate in the £.	Year.	Rate in the £.
	d.		*d.*
1871-2 ...	·48	1889-90 ...	8·90
1872-3 ...	·89	1890-1 ...	10·70
1873-4 ...	·73	1891-2 ...	11·01
1874-5 ...	1·75	1892-3 ...	10·45
1875-6 ...	3·03	1893-4 ...	10·20
1876-7 ...	4·49	1894-5 ...	10·45
1877-8 ...	5·23	1895-6 ...	11·50
1878-9 ...	5·15	1896-7 ...	12·34
1879-80 ...	5·50	1897-8 ...	12·36
1880-1 ...	6·28	1898-9 ...	12·37
1881-2 ...	6·15	1899-1900 ...	13·37
1882-3 ...	5·93	1900-1 ...	13·98
1883-4 ...	6·86	1901-2 ...	14·51
1884-5 ...	8·00	1902-3 ...	14·66
1885-6 ...	8·64	1903-4 ...	15·18
1886-7 ...	8·84	1904-5 ...	16·00
1887-8 ...	8·37	1905-6 ...	18·00
1888-9 ...	7·97	1906-7 ...	19·00

A penny rate under the late authority produced £169,000. Under the Council this has increased to £181,000. The total expenditure incurred on capital account on the provision of elementary education both by the School Board and the Council amounted to £16,214,873. In addition £119,579 has been spent on capital account for higher education. The total capital expenditure on education, both elementary and higher, up to 31st March, 1906, amounts, therefore, to £16,334,452.

Organisation of the Education Work of the Council.

Committees. — Under the old School Board there were seven standing committees, and about thirty-two sub-committees. The places of these have now been taken by the Education Committee and its nine sub-committees, as follows: — General Purposes, Books and Apparatus, Buildings and Attendance, Day Schools, Higher Education, Non-Provided Schools Survey, Polytechnics and Evening Schools, Special Schools, Teaching Staff. In addition there are several sections of these sub-committees, appointed, from time to time, to deal with special questions, and what are called Managing Committees, which deal particularly with the special schools belonging to the Council. The number of members on each sub-committee does not exceed twelve. The Education Committee under its enlarged powers deals with all questions not involving new departures or matters of principle. In routine matters of ordinary administration the committee is empowered to act in the name of the Council.

Staff.

The management of the 532 London County Council schools and the 435 non-provided schools is carried out by a staff of officials at the Education Offices, Victoria Embankment, and elsewhere. This staff is controlled by various officers,

the chief of whom are:—(i.) Clerk of the Council. (ii.) Educational adviser. (iii.) Executive officer. (iv.) Architect (education). (v.) Chief inspector (education). (vi.) Medical Officer (education). (vii.) Comptroller. Admission to the clerical establishment is only gained after passing the examination for fourth-class assistants which is usually held in the beginning of each year. That portion of the education staff which served under the late Board contributes 2 per cent. of its salaries into a separate fund under the London School Board (Superannuation) Act, 1902, which provides for superannuation and other allowances, and the Council contributes equal amounts. The remaining members are subject to the provisions of the Council's Superannuation and Provident Fund.

LOCAL MANAGEMENT.—L.C.C. SCHOOLS.

The Education (London) Act, 1903, changed the method of appointment of local managers for Council schools. The number of managers and the grouping of schools is decided by each Metropolitan Borough Council in which the schools are situated, in consultation with the London County Council, and with the approval of the Board of Education. Two-thirds of these managers are appointed by the Boroughs and the remaining one-third by the County Council. The Council has decided that its schools should be arranged in groups containing not more than four schools, the groups to be so formed that all schools in one group should be within the limits of one metropolitan borough council area, and also within the limits of one county electoral area. It further decided that the number of managers for a group of three or four schools should be not more than 18, and the number of managers for a group of two schools, or one school, not more than twelve.

VOLUNTARY SCHOOLS.

The Education Act of 1903 also provided that the London County Council was to share with the Metropolitan Borough Councils the two representative managers for each "non-provided" school. These with the four "foundation" managers make up the minimum of six managers required by the Act for each school.

STATUTES.

The following Acts govern the supervision and administration of education in Public Elementary Schools:—Elementary Education Act, 1870 (33 and 34 Vic., c. 75); Elementary Education Act, 1873 (36 and 37 Vic., c. 86); Elementary Education Act, 1876 (39 and 40 Vic., c. 79); Elementary Education (Industrial Schools) Act, 1879 (42 and 43 Vic., c. 48); Elementary Education Act, 1880 (43 and 44 Vic., c. 23); Education Code (1890) Act, 1890 (53 and 54 Vic., c. 22); Elementary Education Act, 1891 (54 and 55 Vic., c 56); Elementary Education (Blind and Deaf Children) Act, 1893 (56 and 57 Vic., c. 42); Elementary Education (School Attendance) Act, 1893 (56 and 57 Vic., c. 51); Voluntary Schools Act, 1897 (60 Vic., c. 5); School Board Conference Act, 1897 (60 and 61 Vic., c. 32); Elementary School Teachers (Superannuation) Act, 1898 (61 and 62 Vic., c. 57), Elementary Education (School Attendance) Act (1893) Amendment Act, 1899 (62 and 63 Vic., c. 13); Elementary Education (Defective and Epileptic Children) Act, 1899 (62 and 63 Vic., c. 32); Board of Education Act, 1899 (62 and 63 Vic., c. 33); Elementary Education

Act, 1900 (63 and 64 Vic., c. 53); Education Act, 1902 (2 Edw. VII., c. 42); Elementary Education, Amendment Act, 1903 (3 Edw. VII., c. 13); Education (London) Act, 1903 (3 Edw. VII., c. 24); Employment of Children Act, 1903 (3 Edw. VII., c. 45); Education (Local Authority Default) Act, 1904 (4 Edw. VII., c. 18); Prevention of Cruelty to Children Act, 1904 (4 Edw. VII., c. 15); Education (Provision of Meals) Act, 1906, (6 Edw. VII., c. 57).

Statistics.

The following figures give the progress of Elementary Education in London since the establishment of School Boards: –

	Board (now L.C.C.) Schools.				Voluntary Schools.		
	Rate at end of each Triennial Period.	School places provided.	Number on the Roll.	Average attendance.	School places provided.	Number on the Roll.	Average attendance.
1870	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1873	·89	58,581	59,606	40,481	282,936	259,543	195,662
1876	3·03	146,074	146,031	114,380	287,116	259,436	199,605
1879	5·15	219,291	233,480	185,518	271,314	235,084	182,728
1882	6·15	280,275	295,833	238,205	263,617	223,297	174,723
1885	8·00	367,639	379,931	298,317	260,597	212,490	167,242
1888	8·37	407,636	420,914	328,578	262,022	207,887	162,349
1891	10·70	428,035	450,981	347,857	258,329	210,516	162,525
1894	10·20	468,300	488,038	390,812	257,652	226,163	177,579
1897	12·34	512,025	520,887	421,960	257,527	227,560	178,397
1900	13·37	546,483	536,019	439,744	220,987	219,921	174,702
1903	14·66	572,649	549,677	475,150	217,088	213,297	177,974
1904	15·16	579,030	550,329	485,343	215,121	210,141	177,884
1905	16·00	588,703	554,645	493,975	209,119	202,498	172,739
1906	18·00	599,407	557,293	495,866	150,868	195,194	167,505
1907	19·00	—	—	—	—	—	—

(B) HIGHER EDUCATION.

The Education (London) Act, 1903, coming into operation on 1st May, 1904, the work of the Council's Technical Board was merged into that of the new Education Committee, and the Board, which first met on 28th April, 1903, terminated a most successful record of eleven years' work in the field of higher education in the metropolis.

The latest period for which official figures are available is that for the year ending 31st March, 1906.

By the Education (London) Act, 1903, the Technical Instruction Acts and the educational sections of the Local Taxation (Custom and Excise) Act, 1890, were repealed, and there is now no statutory limit placed upon the amount available for higher education in the case of London.

Under the new Act the special provisions of the former Clause VII. of the Science and Art Directory, which enabled the late Technical Education Board to act as the local authority for all London, are rendered unnecessary. The Council being the new local education authority under that Act, is made responsible for the provision of education "other than elementary," which includes university, secondary, and technical education.

Institutions Subsidised by the Council.

The Council has, during the whole of the period from 1893 to 1906, adopted the policy of maintaining and developing the work of existing institutions in London before creating new institutions under its own management. The most important of all the educational institutions which provide technical education are the Polytechnics; and the approved object has been to consolidate, strengthen, and develop the work in such a way as to provide the greatest possible facilities in every district of the metropolis for scientific and technological instruction.

THE POLYTECHNICS.

It is estimated that the capital invested in these institutions exceeds £500,000. During the year the Council contributed £87,000 for building, equipment, and maintenance. About £40,000 is contributed by the Central Governing Body of the City Parochial Charities, chiefly under schemes prepared by the Charity Commissioners, and £20,000, is contributed by City Companies.

The Polytechnics provide instruction in all the ordinary branches of science and art, in some cases with special reference to its application to industry, and in many branches of technology, particularly the engineering, building, and chemical trades. The recognised London Polytechnics are:—

The Battersea Polytechnic, situated in Battersea-park-road. *Principal* — (Vacant). *Secretary* — J. Harwood.

The Borough-road Polytechnic in the Borough-road, Southwark. *Principal*—C. T. Millis. *Secretary*—W. M. Richardson.

The City Polytechnic, which comprises three separate Institutions, namely:—

Birkbeck College, in Bream's-buildings, Chancery-lane. *Principal*—G. Armitage-Smith, M.A. *Secretary*—W. H. Congreve.

City of London College, in White-street, Moorfields. *Principal*—Sidney Humphries, B.A., LL.B *Secretary*—D. Savage.

Northampton Institute, in St. John-street-road, Clerkenwell. *Principal*—R. M. Walmsley, D.SC. *Secretary*—Sydney Axford.

The East London Technical College (People's Palace) in the Mile End-road. *Principal*—J. L. S. Hatton, M.A. *Secretary*—C. Brandon.

The Northern Polytechnic, Holloway-road. *Principal*—R. S. Clay, D.SC. *Secretary*—W. M. Macbeth.

The Regent-street Polytechnic. *Director of Education*—Robert Mitchell.

The Sir John Cass's Aldgate Institute, in Jewry-street, E.C. *Principal*—C. A. Kohn, M.SC., PH.D. *Secretary*—W. H. Davison, M.A.

The South-Western Polytechnic, Manresa-road, Chelsea. *Principal*—H. Tomlinson, B.A., F.R.S. *Secretary*—H. B. Harper.

The Woolwich Polytechnic, in William-street, Woolwich. *Principal*—W. Gannon, M.A. *Secretary*—A. J. Naylor.

Altogether there are now twelve of these institutions in London, the Sir John Cass's Institute, at Aldgate, having been recently erected under a scheme dealing with the Cass Foundation.

The Goldsmiths' Company having decided that, as the Council had become the education authority for all grades of education, they would not continue the Goldsmiths' Institute at New Cross as a Polytechnic,

the buildings were generously offered to and accepted by the University of London. Arrangements have been completed between the University and the London, Kent, Middlesex, and Surrey County Councils, with a view to utilising the Institute for the purpose of a Training College for Teachers. In addition, the University will make use of the organisation for University teaching.

The North-Western Polytechnic is the only one of those contemplated in the original schemes of the Charity Commissioners which has not yet been opened.

THE WORK OF THE POLYTECHNICS.

Although there are now twelve Polytechnics in various parts of the Metropolis, it is not possible to assign a particular district to any Polytechnic for all purposes. South London is approximately divided into four distinct Polytechnic areas. There is the Woolwich Polytechnic, serving the Charlton, Woolwich and Plumstead area. The central portion of South London is served by the Borough Polytechnic and the western portion by the Battersea Polytechnic, except in so far as the Wandsworth Technical Institute provides for the extreme south-west district.

These rough territorial divisions serve sufficiently to indicate the districts of the Polytechnics with respect to those subjects which, like geometry, building construction, mathematics, modern languages, &c., are common to all such institutes.

The Battersea Polytechnic, however, provides, in addition, the principal training school for domestic economy teaching, and is the only Polytechnic which is specialising in paper manufacture, and provides classes for motor-car drivers. A speciality is also made of the chemistry of oils and colours.

The Borough Polytechnic comprises the National School for Bakers and Confectioners, and is the only school in London for varnish manufacturers.

In North London, the Regent-street Polytechnic draws its students from the whole of the metropolis, and is the only Polytechnic the students of which enjoy a reduction in fares at the hands of the principal railway companies. The School of Photography at Regent-street is probably unique. The other North London Polytechnics are more local in character. The physical training classes of the South-Western Polytechnic attract students from the whole county, and the opportunities for research in physics and mechanics also induce pupils to attend from a wide area.

The Birkbeck College, and the City of London College, and the the Cass Institute at Aldgate are centrally situated in the City, to which circumstance they owe their large attendances.

The Northampton Institute in Clerkenwell has a distinct local character, as seen in its watch and clock making classes and its electrical engineering workshops.

The Northern Polytechnic at Holloway specially caters for the Borough of Islington, while the East London Technical College, with its branch at Bow and Bromley, is the only first-class technical institute between Islington and West Ham.

As proof of the high character of much of the instruction, it may be remarked that under the reorganised University of London many of the courses in polytechnics have been recognised by the Senate of the University as courses suit-

able for students intending to take their degrees as internal students of the University.

TECHNICAL INSTITUTES.

Side by side with the polytechnics, a considerable number of technical institutes have grown up in recent years, which, although not included under the original schemes of the Charity Commissioners, provide organised courses of technical instruction for districts which would otherwise be left without adequate provision. Some account of the more important institutions is given below.

The Hackney Institute (which it is proposed to transfer to the Council) consists of a central institution at Hackney Downs and of a branch institution (with an endowment under the Cass scheme) at Cassland-road. The central institution provides instruction in chemistry, physics, engineering, art, and commercial subjects. The branch institution provides trade classes in carpentry and joinery, plumbing, plastering, bricklaying, painters' and decorators' work, &c. The principal of both institutions is Mr. Percy R. Kink, M.A.

The L.C.C. Paddington Technical Institute, at Saltram-crescent, has taken over the work formerly carried on at Queen's-park College and Westbourne-park Institute, and has, in addition, provided for extensive work in engineering. Fully-equipped workshops for engineering and laboratories for physics and chemistry have been provided, and provision has also been made for art and domestic economy. Principal, A. G. Cooke, M.A.

The L.C.C. Brixton School of Building in Ferndale-road was established by the late Technical Education Board for the purpose of providing complete courses of instruction in all branches of the building trade. It is under the direct management of the Council, and the principal is Mr. H. W. Richards, formerly head of the Building Trade Department of the Northern Polytechnic.

The L.C.C. Shoreditch Technical Institute, Pitfield-street, Hoxton, provides theoretical and practical instruction in all branches of the furniture and cabinet-making industries, and is provided with numerous well-equipped workshops. It also possesses a technical day school for boys, where the instruction is specially adapted to boys who intend to enter the furniture and wood-working trades, and a domestic economy school for girls. The principal is Mr. S. Hicks.

The L.C.C. Westminster Technical Institute, which has been conveyed to the Council by the late Baroness Burdett-Coutts, provides mainly for those who are engaged in the building trade. The Westminster School of Art has also been accommodated in the same institution. New premises are being erected adjoining the existing institute, owing to the great increase of students.

All these institutes are under the management of the Council.

MONOTECHNIC INSTITUTIONS.

There are other institutes which are specially devoted to the teaching of one particular craft, and may be styled "monotechnic" institutions.

Among the most typical of these institutions is the L.C.C. School of Photo-engraving and Lithography (formerly known as the Bolt Court Technical School), which is managed and maintained entirely by the Council, and devotes itself to training craftsmen in the most modern developments of photo-process work and in lithography. The principal is Mr. A. J. Newton.

The L.C.C. School of Carriage Building in Balderton-street, which

is carried on in connection with Regent-street Polytechnic, provides both day and evening courses for those engaged in the carriage building trade. The scope of the institution is to be materially enlarged by the provision of organised courses on the construction of motor-cars.

The Leather-tanning and Leather-dyeing School at Bermondsey in connection with Herold's Institute gives a complete course of training for persons engaged in the leather trades. It is maintained partly by the Council and partly by the Leathersellers' Company, and is worked as a branch of the Borough Polytechnic.

The St. Bride Foundation Institute, Bride-lane, Fleet-street, is the main centre of technical instruction in typographic work, and is fitted with the most modern appliances.

There are other institutions where technical instruction is provided, not only for workers in one special industry, but in several branches of industrial work. Among these may be mentioned the Wandsworth Technical Institute, now an important centre of education; the Working Men's College, Great Ormond-street (the pioneer institution of London); the Craft School, Globe-road, Mile End; the Morley Memorial College in Waterloo-road; and the Norwood Technical Institute, which is now under the direct control of the Council. The latest Technical Institutes are those established at Poplar and Sydenham. At Poplar special attention is devoted to marine engineering, and at Sydenham to domestic economy. Plans have been approved for the erection of an institute at Hammersmith.

The total amount of the contracts for erection, fitting, and altering of eight L.C.C. Technical Institutes, including the Central Schools of Arts and Crafts, the Hammersmith Technical Institute, the Westminster Institute, the Poplar School of Engineering and Navigation, and the Brixton School of Building, reached the huge sum of £228,805 4s. 6d.

TRADE AND WORKSHOP CLASSES.

The provision made for the various trades by the trade classes in polytechnics and cognate institutions may be gathered from the following brief summary:—

For the building trades practical instruction is given in bricklaying and brickcutting at 12 centres, in carpentry and joinery at 20 centres, in plumbing at 15 centres, in painters' and decorators' work at 12 centres, and in plasterers' work at 9 centres, while in building construction and drawing classes are held at 28 centres. For the workers in engineering and metal trades practical instruction is given in mechanical engineering at 24 centres, whilst admirable facilities are offered by the well-equipped laboratories at the East London Technical College (People's Palace), the Battersea Polytechnic, the South-Western Polytechnic, the Northampton Institute, Woolwich Polytechnic, and other similar institutions. At the Northampton Institute, the South-Western Polytechnic, and Battersea Polytechnic a special feature is made of electrical engineering, there being graduated laboratory courses from elementary to the most advanced work. There are 16 centres for practical instruction in electrical engineering. At the Northern Polytechnic, situated in Holloway, and the Brixton School of Building, special attention is given to the building trades; and at Battersea courses have been organised in electric traction.

ART TEACHING.

(*a*) Schools of Arts and Crafts.

In the year 1896-7 the L.C.C. Central School of Arts and Crafts was opened. This school is intended to provide for the artisans of London who are engaged in industries for which artistic training is needed such instruction in decorative design as can be made directly applicable to their work. No teaching is given in the school which does not bear directly upon the actual work of the student, and admission is confined to those who are engaged in some specific industry. The trades for which provision has been specially made at the school are those which are directly or indirectly associated with the building trades, such as decorators, stone-carvers, metal-workers, stained-glass-workers, furniture-designers, cabinet-makers, designers of wall-papers, and embroidresses. Special provision is also made for goldsmiths and silversmiths; while successful classes in book-binding have been conducted under Mr. Douglas Cockerell. Recent additions to the work of the school are classes in woodcuts for colours and in carving and gilding (for picture framers), writing and illumination, and day classes for silversmiths. The school is at present conducted in temporary premises at 316, Regent-street, immediately opposite the Regent-street Polytechnic; but the Council has now set aside a permanent site for the school on land acquired under the new improvement scheme in Southampton-row, and the erection of the new buildings is being carried out by the Works Committee of the Council. The school is under the general direction of Mr. W. R. Lethaby, Art adviser under the Council, and Mr. C. W. Beckett is the curator.

The success of the L.C.C. Central School led to the establishment of the Camberwell School of Arts and Crafts in Peckham-road, in a building which was erected through the munificence of Mr. Passmore Edwards, and presented by him to the Camberwell Borough Council. At the request of the Borough Council, the late Technical Education Board took over the management of the school, and it is at present administered with the aid of an Advisory Sub-Committee. Special trade-classes have been established for masons, plasterers, house-painters and decorators, and cabinet-makers. Classes are held in general drawing and design, in art needlework, in lettering, and in bookbinding. In order to meet the increasing demands for admission to the school, and for the development of the instruction, the school is being extended by the erection of a new wing. The Borough Council of Camberwell is co-operating in the scheme. The completion of the new building has enabled a considerable extension to take place in the school work. The school is under the direction of the headmaster, Mr. W. B. Dalton, and Mr. C. H. Johnson is the secretary.

(*b*) Art Schools Associated with Polytechnics.

Ten of the Polytechnics have Art Schools where special attention is given to the technical side of Art. At the Art School at the Battersea Polytechnic Art Needlework has been highly developed, and a special feature has been made of sgraffitto work; and in all the Polytechnic Institutes an endeavour is made to associate the Art teaching with the practical requirements of the workers in different industries.

(*c*) Art Schools Transferred to the Council.

A policy has been consistently followed under which schools of art, which have hitherto been carried on by separate governing bodies, have been encouraged to transfer themselves to the County Council. In accordance with this policy four Schools of Art have been transferred to the Council, viz., the Clapham School of Art, Vernon-road, High-street, Clapham; the Hammersmith School of Art, Dunsany-road, Brook-green; the Putney School of Art, Oxford-road, Putney; and the Camden School of Art, Dalmeny-avenue, Camden-road. The Westminster School of Art, has been incorporated in the L C.C. Westminster Technical Institute, (new buildings for which are in course of erection), and the North London and Borough of Hackney School of Art has been incorporated in the Hackney Institute. which is about to be transferred to the Council.

(*d*) Other Technical Art Schools.

Besides the above schools, there are in London eleven Schools of Art which are directly aided by the Council. These schools provide both day and evening instruction in Art. They include:—

Blackheath, Lee, and Lewisham School of Art, Lee-road, Blackheath.

Clapton and Stamford Hill School of Art, 81, Clapton-common.

Lambeth School of Art, Miller's-lane, Upper Kennington-lane.

St. Martin's School of Art, Castle-street, Endell-street, Long Acre.

The Royal Female School of Art, Queen's-square, Bloomsbury.

Among other Schools of Art, which, however, are unaided by the Council may be mentioned:—

Royal Academy School of Art, Burlington-gardens.

Royal College of Art, South Kensington.

Slade School of Art, University College, Gower-street.

South London Technical Art School of the City and Guilds of London Institute, 122, Kennington Park-road.

The Art Department of the Finsbury Technical College of the City and Guilds of London Institute, Leonard-street, Finsbury.

University Education.

The development of Higher Education in London has received considerable stimulus through the creation of the new University of London under the provisions of the University of London Act, 1898. The new University has established separate faculties for (*a*) engineering, and (*b*) economics and political science (including Commerce and industry). The late Board voted £2,500 a year for the maintenance of each of these faculties, as well as a sum of £2,500 a year towards the faculty of science and the same sum towards the faculty of arts, and for the present these grants are continued by the Council. These grants have been allocated by the Senate of London University in accordance with a scheme approved by the Board towards the provision of increased facilities for advanced instruction in science, engineering, economics, and German.

In addition to the above grants to the Senate of London University, the Council also makes grants to University College, King's College, Bedford College, and the London

School of Economics, requiring in return the provision of a certain number of free places for nominees of the Council. Grants are also made to individual students. The following are a few particulars with regard to these institutions:—

(*a*) UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, GOWER STREET, W.C.

This College supplies University instruction in Arts, law, science, and medicine, and is provided with exceedingly well-equipped laboratories for mechanical and electrical engineering. A scheme is under consideration for the complete incorporation of this college in the University of London.

(*b*) KING'S COLLEGE, STRAND, W.C.

Among the more technical departments of this College may be mentioned mechanical engineering, electrical engineering, architecture, and sanitary science. The women's department of King's College is situated in Kensington-square, and is attended by several of the Council's scholars.

(*c*) BEDFORD COLLEGE, YORK PLACE, W.

This College, which is open to women only, possesses laboratories for chemistry, physics, and biology, and, in addition to providing efficient courses of instruction of University character in these subjects and in language and literature, conducts a special course of training in sanitary science. It also possesses a training department for secondary teachers.

(*d*) LONDON SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND POLITICAL SCIENCE, CLARE MARKET, W.C.

This institution was established in Adelphi-terrace in 1895, and now occupies a building in Clare Market, which was erected mainly through the munificence of Mr. Passmore Edwards. The school already occupies a position of great importance as the chief centre in London for advanced instruction in economics, statistics, social and political science, palæography, and the history of trade and commerce. A considerable amount of research work is done by the students, and the institution possesses an extensive library. Instruction is carried on mainly by special classes arranged in courses of two or three years' duration. These classes are supplemented by numerous courses of lectures by experts. Complete courses have recently been organised in preparation for the new University degree in economics and political science (including commerce and industry).

LONDON'S "CHARLOTTENBURG" SCHEME.

In July, 1903, the County Council considered the handsome offer made through Lord Rosebery for the establishment of further provision here for advanced technological teaching and research. The Council then recorded its opinion that a sum of £20,000 per annum from the "whiskey" money would be well spent towards this object.

Since that date the work of initiating a scheme has progressed steadily, and bids fair to develop into an imperial college of technology. The final report of the Departmental Committee has been issued, and the President of the Board of Education has announced his intention of proceeding with the steps for a Royal Charter to establish such an institution. The whole scheme is estimated to cost £1,000,000.

The principal higher institu-

tions not aided by the Council are:—

(*a*) THE CENTRAL TECHNICAL COLLEGE.

The Central Technical College of the City and Guilds of London Institute, in Exhibition-road, South Kensington, may be termed the University College for Technical Instruction, and provides a very complete course of study in mechanical and electrical engineering, chemistry, physics, and applied mechanics.

(*b*) THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SCIENCE.

The Royal College of Science provides a very advanced course of instruction for its regular day students in chemistry, physics, mechanics, geology, biology, metallurgy, and other subjects, and special courses for science teachers.

(*c*) WESTFIELD COLLEGE, WEST HAMPSTEAD.

This institution is almost entirely a residential college, and devotes itself to preparing women students for the degrees of London University.

All the above institutions have been recognised by the Senate of London University as "schools of the University," their students being "internal" students of the University.

TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

The powers now possessed by the Council as the Education Authority have inspired the Education Committee with activity in the direction of supplying adequate accommodation for the training of elementary teachers within the county. It has been computed that the Council requires yearly over 1,200 certificated trained teachers for the public elementary schools.

The Council has already established or assisted to establish the following colleges:—

(*a*) The London Day Training College, which makes provision for students who are qualified to study for the degree of the University of London, while at the same time preparing for their teachers' certificate. The college is at present carried on in temporary premises, but will be transferred in September, 1907, to a permanent building in Southampton-row, where accommodation will be available for 300 students (men and women). In 1905, 20 students from the London Day Training College have taken their degrees at the University of London in Arts and Science, and 36 have, since 1904, taken the diploma of the University in the theory and practice of teaching. This year 62 students have entered for degrees and 12 for diplomas.

(*b*) The Goldsmiths' Training College at New Cross, which is conducted by a delegacy appointed by the University of London. The college provides accommodation for 500 students (men and women); 186 places are reserved for nominees of the London County Council, the other places being allocated to students nominated by adjoining County Councils.

(*c*) The Graystoke-place Day Training College for Women, with accommodation for 140 women students. This college has been developed out of the training classes established by the School Board of London to provide half-time instruction for students who were unable to go to college.

(*d*) The Avery Hill Residential and Day Training College, with accommodation for 290 woman students. This college has been established in the mansion which stands in Avery Hill Park, and was

formerly the property of the late Colonel North.

(*s*) In addition to these colleges, the Council has recently opened a college for two-year students in the buildings of the Finsbury pupil teacher centre, 215 students having been admitted in October, 1906.

The Council is also contemplating the erection of colleges in the North-east, North-west and South-west of London. When these three new colleges are established, it is anticipated that the Council's scheme for the provision of training college accommodation will be complete.

In addition to providing training for intending teachers, the Council has also organised 118 courses for teachers who are already working in the schools. Twenty-three of these courses have been established in connection with the schools of the University, and are intended to afford to teachers an opportunity of coming into contact with professors and lecturers who have made a speciality of a certain subject, and are able to present it to students in its wider aspects. Their object is to stimulate the minds of the teachers, and to encourage them to think and study for themselves, rather than to prepare them for any definite examination.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

It has often been stated that one of the principal weaknesses in the educational system of this country has been the inadequate supply of secondary schools. The great public schools for boys and the high schools for girls have provided for the needs of those who can afford to pay fairly high fees, but there has been no national system of secondary education adequate to meet the needs of all classes of the population. The Royal Commission on Secondary Education in 1895 called public attention to this need, and advocated the establishment of local authorities which would be empowered to provide secondary education. It was not, however, until the passing of the Acts of 1902 and 1903 that such authorities were created.

It was not possible for the Council, when it first entered upon its new responsibilities, to make an exhaustive survey of the whole field of secondary education in London and draw up a complete scheme for providing for the needs of each district. It was thought advisable in the first instance to deal with the question by means of scholarships, and the Council, in February, 1905, adopted a comprehensive scheme, which was an expansion of a smaller scheme which the Council had originated in 1893, and had been in force since. Full particulars of this scheme are to be found in the later pages of this section.

In order to find school places for the scholarship holders, the Council has made annual grants to 52 secondary schools conducted under schemes of the Charity Commissioners, the fees of which vary from £25 to £2 8*s*. a year. During the year 1905-6, 3,498 Council scholars were in attendance at these schools. The total maintenance grant made to the schools by the Council last year was £62,850. Building and equipment grants amounting to £22,900 were also paid. There are also 36 other public secondary schools in London which do not receive financial assistance from the Council, but do receive its scholars.

In spite of the assistance derived from the above schools, the Council has had to establish its own secondary schools, of which it now has 12. In four cases schools have been handed over to the Council by the owners, viz., the L.C.C. Hackney Downs School for boys, which was

formerly conducted by the Grocers' Company, the L.C.C. Paddington Technical Institute Day School for boys and girls, which was formerly carried on by a Committee of Managers in a separate building in Queen's Park, the L.C.C. Manor Mount School for girls at Forest Hill, which was formerly carried on as a private school, and the L.C.C. Kingsland Secondary School for Girls, which was formerly carried on as one of the "Birkbeck" schools under a body of trustees. In four cases the Council has converted into secondary schools for girls pupil teacher centres which had been established by the late authority, viz., the Marylebone, Peckham, Southwark, and Stockwell centres. In one case, viz., the L.C.C. Hackney Secondary School for girls at Cassland-road, the Council has established a secondary school in a building originally erected for the purposes of a higher grade school, and has incorporated in the school a large proportion of the girls who attended the higher grade school. In the three remaining cases, viz., the schools for girls at Eltham, Fulham, and Sydenham, the Council has opened new schools in premises which it has provided.

The schools are carried on in accordance with the Board of Education's regulations for secondary schools. The school formerly known as the Grocers' School, where the freehold site and building was handed over by the company to the Council free of charge, is carried on in accordance with a scheme drawn up by the Board of Education, which recognises the Higher Education Sub-Committee of the Council's Education Committee as the Governors of the school. The remaining schools are not regulated by any scheme, but the same sub-committee act as the governors, and the administration of the schools is similar to that ordinarily adopted in secondary schools of a public character. The appointment of the staff is in the hands of the Council, but the head master or head mistress enjoys the right of being consulted whenever appointments are made. The fees fixed by the Council are usually £6 6s. a year, but in special cases they are fixed at amounts above or below this figure.

The total accommodation provided by the 12 secondary schools enumerated above is reckoned at about 3,300.

Steps are already being taken for the erection of a secondary school for boys in Holloway, of secondary schools for girls in Chelsea, Dulwich, and Bethnal Green, and of a permanent school in Fulham to take the place of the school at present located in temporary buildings. In addition to these schools the Council has recently decided, in order to meet the requirements of the scholarship scheme, to take steps for the erection of 12 additional schools, six for boys and six for girls, which will provide accommodation for about 5,000 pupils. When all these projected schools have been erected, the Council will have under its control about 30 secondary schools with accommodation for about 10,000 pupils. To these must be added the 88 aided and non-aided schools, with an estimated accommodation of 25,000. The total public secondary school accommodation of London may therefore be taken as likely to amount, in the near future, to about 35,000 places. This will give an average of 7·7 per 1,000 in the County of London, for whom secondary education in schools of a public character is provided. In 1895, when an enquiry was made by the Council into the provision of secondary education, it was found that only about 19,000,

representing 4·7 per 1,000 of the population, were attending public secondary schools. The recent scheme of the Council, therefore, represents a great advance in secondary education, although it cannot be regarded as making really adequate provision for the needs of the metropolis.

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

The late Technical Education Board a few years ago made exhaustive inquiries into the question of commercial education, and appointed a special sub-committee for the purpose. The report of the sub-committee, which was presented to the Council in March, 1899, advocated the extensive development of commercial departments in existing secondary schools and the correlation of the work of these schools with institutions of University rank. The London School of Economics receives assistance from the Council with the special object of developing courses in connection with the new commercial degree of London University, and the Council has taken measures to secure the development of the teaching of foreign languages and other subjects useful for commercial training in some of the other institutions and schools that receive its grants. One of the most important steps for the development of commercial education has been the establishment of the Commercial Department of University College School, since removed from Gower-street to Hampstead. The Council sends twenty scholars to the school each year, and it is satisfactory to learn that the scholars who have been through the three years' course have acquitted themselves with credit in the intermediate examination in Science (Economics) under the University of London.

INSTRUCTION IN DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

For the provision of instruction in domestic economy two separate courses have been adopted. To meet the requirements of young women and girls at work during the day the Council has appointed a staff of lecturers in the various branches of domestic economy, whose services are offered to any local committee willing to organise a class and undertake the local arrangements. During the winter, courses of instruction have been given by these teachers in over 100 centres in various parts of London, the subjects of instruction including practical cookery, practical dressmaking, practical laundry-work, domestic hygiene, sick nursing, and the care of infants. The more highly organised work in connection with domestic economy has consisted in the establishment of domestic economy schools, generally as branches of the Polytechnics. In these schools complete courses of practical instruction, extending over a year, are given to girls who have passed the seventh standard of a public elementary school, or have attained the age of fourteen, and the training includes all ordinary branches of housework. For the purposes of these schools kitchens, laundries, and dressmaking rooms have been fully equipped with all necessary appliances. There are now 14 of these schools at work.

With the aid of the governing body of the Battersea Polytechnic, a training school for teachers of domestic economy has been established at that institution. The course of training extends over two years and three months.

THE SCHOLARSHIP SCHEME.

Since the Council became the local authority for all branches of education within the county of

London, it has revised and enlarged its scheme of scholarships.

All scholarships (excepting a few formerly awarded by the late School Board) offered by the Council are confined to candidates resident in the administrative County of London.

The scholarships may be divided into two classes:—

(1) The County Scholarships.
(2) Technical, Industrial, and other Scholarships.

1. THE COUNTY SCHOLARSHIPS.

The County Scholarships provide a complete scheme under which a boy or girl may proceed by various stages from the public elementary school to the highest grades of education, whether at a university, technical college, or other institution providing advanced training for a professional career. The scholarships consist of—

(*a*) The Junior County Scholarships (with which may be associated the Probationer Scholarships).

(*b*) The Intermediate County Scholarships.

(*c*) The Senior County Scholarships and Exhibitions.

(A) *The Junior County Scholarships and the Probationer Scholarships.*

The Junior County Scholarships are open to all boys and girls resident in London who are in attendance at public elementary schools, provided that they are not less than 11 and not more than 12 years of age on 31st July in the year when the competition is held, and that they have reached a standard of proficiency which will entitle them to nomination.

The regulations of the Council provide that every head master and head mistress of a public elementary school (whether L.C.C. school or non-provided school) which contains children eligible to compete for scholarships, must nominate all candidates of the prescribed age who are working in the sixth or higher standards in the case of boys, and in the fifth or higher standards in the case of girls, and may further nominate any candidates of the prescribed age whom they may consider likely to attain to scholarship standard.

The Junior County Scholarships are also open to London boys and girls of the prescribed age who are not in attendance at public elementary schools, provided that the incomes of the parents do not exceed £160 a year.

Associated with the Junior County Scholarships are the Probationer Scholarships, which are open to boys and girls who are not less than 14 and not more than 16 years of age on 31st July in the year of the competition. They are confined to candidates who promise to become pupil teachers. Probationer scholars are required to qualify for admission as pupil teachers before the termination of their scholarships.

The Council has undertaken to award Junior County Scholarships to all candidates who reach scholarship standard. The number awarded in 1906 was 2,000. Approximately two-thirds of the scholarships are awarded to girls. The number of the Probationer Scholarships to be awarded is fixed at 1,200 each year; they are open to candidates without restriction as to income or previous schooling.

The scholarships offer free education at approved secondary schools, the junior scholarships for a period of five years, and the probationer scholarships for a period of two years. The junior scholarships are renewable after the first three years

if the scholar is satisfactory alike in conduct and attainments. In all cases the continuance of the scholarships is subject to satisfactory reports being received from the schools at which scholars are in attendance.

The following maintenance grants are provided for junior county scholars in addition to free education:—

	First 3 yrs. (11-14)	Last 2 yrs. (14-16)
For candidates whose parents' incomes do not exceed £160 a year	£6 a year.	£15 a year.
For candidates whose parents' incomes exceed £160 a year, but do not exceed £300	Nil.	£10 a year.

Those junior county scholars, whose parents' incomes exceed £300 a year do not receive any maintenance grant.

The same maintenance grants are paid to boys and girls.

Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Junior County Scholarships are reserved for those candidates whose parents' incomes do not exceed £160 a year.

The Probationer Scholarships carry with them a maintenance grant of £15 a year both for boys and girls during the two years of tenure, whatever the incomes of the parents, who must, however, be resident within the administrative county of London.

(B) *The Intermediate County Scholarships.*

The intermediate county scholarships are open to boys and girls who are not less than 15 years of age and not more than 17 years of age on 31st July in the year of the competition, provided that their parents are in receipt of incomes not exceeding £400 a year.

(NOTE.—The Council reserves the right to award one-half of the scholarships to candidates whose parents' incomes do not exceed £250 a year.)

The Council at present offers 100 scholarships for competition each year.

There is no restriction as to the nature of the school at which candidates have been in attendance.

The scholarships are, as a rule, tenable until the end of the school year in which the scholar attains the age of 18, but may be renewed for a further year, under certain conditions, in the case of scholars who are competing for open scholarships at the universities.

The scholarships provide free education at approved secondary schools or technical colleges. They also carry with them maintenance grants on the following scale:—

To scholars who are not less than 15 and not more than 16 years of age on 31st July, £25; 16 and not more than 17, £30. The grant is increased to £35 a year for scholars who are not less than 17 and not more than 18 on the preceding 31st July. In the event of the scholarship being renewed for a further year, the maintenance grant is continued at £35 for the additional year.

The scholarships are awarded on the results of a competitive examination conducted each summer by the Council.

(C) *The Senior County Scholarships and Exhibitions.*

The senior county scholarships and exhibitions are intended to assist candidates to proceed to universities, university colleges, or technical colleges and institutions of university rank. Candidates must, as a rule, be not more than 22 years of age on 31st July in the year of the competition. The scholarships and exhibitions are confined to candidates whose parents' incomes do not exceed £400 a year. The

scholarships may be held in conjunction with other scholarships or exhibitions.

The Council awards annually not more than 50 senior county scholarships and exhibitions. The scholarships and exhibitions vary in amount according to the needs and qualifications of the candidates, the maximum amount provided by a scholarship being a maintenance grant of £60 a year, together with a grant of £30 a year towards the payment of fees and other expenses incidental to the scholar's course of study,

The scholarships are tenable in the ordinary course for three years.

The scholarships and exhibitions are not awarded on the results of a competitive examination, although the Council reserves to itself the right to hold an examination, if it think fit. The awards are made to candidates who are selected by the Council as being the most deserving of scholarships, regard being had to their past achievements, their financial requirements, and the recommendations of the teachers under whom they have worked.

II.—Technical, Industrial, and other Scholarships.

In addition to the scholarships which are included in the "County Scholarship" scheme, the Council awards annually a number of other scholarships and exhibitions which are intended to encourage students to devote themselves to special branches of technical or industrial work. All these are confined to candidates who reside within the administrative county of London, and in all cases certain restrictions are laid down with regard to the incomes of the parents. The following is a brief summary of these scholarships and exhibitions:—

(*a*) 60 Art Scholarships, 20 of the value of £20 a year. and 40 of the value of £10 a year, tenable for two, or in some cases three years, for students and young artisans who intend to study art at some approved technical institute or school of art, special regard being paid to the application of art to industrial processes;

(*b*) 100 Evening Art Exhibitions, of the value of £5 a year, tenable for two years, for students and young artisans who desire to attend courses of art study in the evening;

(*c*) 250 Evening Exhibitions in Science and Technology of the value of £5 a year, tenable for two years, for students and artisans who desire to attend scientific, industrial, or technical courses at polytechnics and technical institutes;

(*d*) 25 Technical Day Scholarships for boys, tenable at the Shoreditch Technical Institute Day School, providing free education and maintenance grants, varying from £10 a year to £20 a year, the scholarships being intended for boys who desire to enter the cabinet-making, furniture, or other woodwork industry;

(*e*) 7 Junior Scholarships in Practical Gardening for boys, providing free education for three years at the Royal Botanic Society's School of Practical Gardening in Regent's-park, together with a maintenance grant of £20 a year. intended for boys who desire to become gardeners;

(*f*) 1 Swanley Horticultural Scholarship, giving free board and tuition (equivalent to £60 a year) for two years at the Swanley Horticultural College, open to young women between the ages of 16 and 20.

(*g*) 450 Domestic Economy Scholarships for girls, providing free education for one year at the schools of domestic economy attached to polytechnics and other institutes, together with a maintenance grant of £3 a year.

(*h*) 9 Domestic Economy Training Scholarships, providing a free course of training in domestic economy for two years and a term, at the training schools attached to polytechnics, open to young women between the ages of 18 and 30.

(*i*) About 50 cookery scholarships for domestic servants, providing free instruction for 12 weeks at the National Training School of Cookery in Buckingham Palace-road, together with a payment of £5 towards travelling and incidental expenses.

(*k*) 26 scholarships for blind, deaf, and crippled children, providing free education and training at some approved institution for a period not exceeding four years, together with a maintenance grant not exceeding £20 a year, or in the case of residential institutions £30 a year.

(*l*) 80 industrial scholarships for girls, tenable for two years at various polytechnics and technical institutes, intended to provide industrial training for girls between 14 and 16 years of age. Free tuition and maintenance grant of £8 to £12.

(*m*) 12 Midwifery Scholarships, tenable for six months, open to women between 24 and 40. Value, £25.

(*n*) 60 Silversmiths' Bursaries to enable apprentices to attend Saturday morning classes at the Central School of Arts and Crafts. Free tuition and 8*d* an hour.

(*o*) 6 prizes for drawings of architectural or museum studies. Value £5, £10, and £15.

(*p*) 60 grants for Foreign Holiday Courses to enable teachers of foreign languages in London schools to attend such courses during the summer vacation. Value £10.

In addition to the above scholarships, the Council has at its disposal some 40 scholarships formerly awarded by the late School Board, upwards of 20 of which are tenable at Christ's Hospital and give free education, board and lodging at that school (estimated at the value of £70 per annum), whilst the other scholarships are of values varying from £15 to £30 per annum for periods of two, three, or four years. Candidates for these scholarships must have attended public elementary schools in London for periods varying, according to each particular scholarship, from three to four years.

LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE EDUCATION COMMITTEE (1907).

CHAIRMAN—Mr. J. T. Taylor, I.S.O.

VICE-CHAIRMAN—Dr. E. B. Forman.

CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL—Mr. H. P. Harris, J.P.

VICE-CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL—Mr. Stuart Sankey.

DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL—Captain Fitzroy Hemphill.

I.—MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL.

Name.	Electoral Division.	Address.
Allen, A. A., M.P. ...	Bermondsey ...	47, Onslow-square, South Kensington, S.W.
Barlow, C. A. M., LL.D.	East Islington ...	6, New-court, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.
Beaton, Dr. R. M. ...	... ...	9, Dartmouth Park-avenue, Kentish Town, N.W.
Bentinck, Lord H., D.L., J.P.	West Marylebone...	53, Grosvenor-street, W.
Clarke, H. J.	West Islington ...	356, Camden-road, N.

Name.	Electoral Division.	Address.
Cobb, C. S.	Fulham	5, Cornwall-terrace, Regent's-park, N.W.
Collins, Edward ...	Hammersmith ...	47, Uxbridge-road, Ealing, W.
Cornwall, Sir Edwin, M.P.	North-east Bethnal-green.	3, Whitehall-court, S.W.
Coumbe, E. H.	Mile End	36, Clissold-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Dew, George	South Islington ...	264, Milkwood-road, Herne-hill, S.E.
Forman, E. Baxter, J.P.	South Kensington...	11, Bramham-gardens, S. Kensington, S.W.
Gautrey, Thomas ...	Peckham	9, Fleet-street, E.C.
Goldsmith, Frank ...	South St. Pancras ...	14, South-street, Park-lane, W.
Gooch, H. C., J.P. ...	Dulwich	17, Oxford-square, Edgware-road, W.
Gray, Ernest	Hoxton	99, Grosvenor-road, S.W.
Guinness, The Hon. R.	Haggerston... ...	11, St. James'-square, Pall Mall.
Headlam, Rev. S. D. ...	South-west Bethnal-green.	"Wavertree," St. Peter's-rd., St. Margarets.
Hoare, S. J. G., J.P. ...	Brixton	South Hertford-street, Mayfair, W.
Jackson, Cyril	Limehouse	"Ballard Shaw," Limpsfield, Surrey.
Jay, E. A. H.	Woolwich	Tower House, Woolwich.
Key, W. H.	North Hackney ...	301, Seven Sisters-road, Finsbury-park, N.
Kinloch-Cooke, Sir Clement	Clapham	3, Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, W.
Lancaster, Sir W. J. ...	Wandsworth ...	South Lynn, 49, Putney-hill, S.W.
Lidgett, Rev. J. Scott...	Alderman till 1910	Bermondsey Settlement, Farncombe-street, Bermondsey, S.E.
Lygon, Hon. H. ...	Holborn	41, Eaton-square, S.W.
Mullins, W. E.	Alderman till 1910	18, Lyndhurst-gardens, N.W.
Rowe, H. V.	Bow and Bromley...	14, Sumner-place, Onslow-square, South Kensington, S.W.
Russell, Arthur B. ...	Central Finsbury...	17, Rosslyn Hill, Hampstead, N.W.
Sanders, W. S.	Alderman till 1910	18, Brynmaer-road, Battersea, S.W.
Shepheard, A. J. ...	Alderman till 1910	9, Rosslyn-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.
Skinner, Major C. ...	North Kensington...	57, Eccleston-square, S.W.
Sturge, C. Y.	Westminster ...	11, St. Augustine's-mansions, Vincent-square, S.W.
Taylor, J. T.	Hampstead... ...	19, Woodchurch-road, Hampstead, N.W.
Webb, Sidney	Deptford	41, Grosvenor-road, S.W.
Welby, Lt.-Col. A. C. E.	East Finsbury ...	26, Sloane-court East, S.E.

II.—Lady Members.

Name.	Address.
Adler, Miss Nettie	6, Craven-hill, Hyde-park, W.
Bryant, Mrs. Sophie, D.SC.	6, Eldon-road, Hampstead, N.W.
Frere, Miss M.	8, Sussex-place, Hyde-park, W.
Lawrence, Miss Susan	44, Westbourne-terrace, W.
Phipps, Mrs. Wilton	3, Culford-gardens, Chelsea, S.W.

CHIEF OFFICERS OF EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

Clerk of the Council	G. L. Gomme	£2,000
Educational Adviser	Dr. W. Garnett	1,500
Assistant to ,, ...	Dr. F. Rose...	700
Executive Officer	R. Blair, M.A.	1,250
Assistant to Executive Officer	B. M. Allen, M.A.	700
Chief Inspector	Dr. Kimmins	800
Chief Clerk	H. J. Mordaunt, M.A. ...	800
Clerk to the Education Committee ...	M. H. Cox, LL.B.	500

METROPOLITAN CONSOLIDATED STOCK.

THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. STOCK.

Redeemable 6th October, 1929.

Dividends payable 5th January, April, July, and October.

Date of Issue.	Average price per £100 of Stock.	Amount of Stock.	Sum raised.
1869, Nov.	£94 14 10	£2,638,673 0 4	£2,500,000 0 0
1871, Aug.	96 6 6	934,304 19 10	900,000 0 0
1873, March	95 11 10	1,883,033 14 4	1,800,000 0 0
1874, Feb.	94 10 0	2,600,000 0 0	2,457,000 0 0
1876, May	100 2 2	1,350,000 0 0	1,351,483 8 0
1877, May	100 3 2	1,250,000 0 0	1,251,989 0 6
1878, April	100 17 7	2,500,000 0 0	2,521,952 7 0
1879, May	101 9 3	2,150,000 0 0	2,181,451 1 6
1880, April	102 2 7	1,750,000 0 0	1,787,282 16 0
	*	£17,056,011 14 6	£16,751,158 13 0

* Of this amount £94,374 0*s.* 7*d.* has been purchased and cancelled.

THREE PER CENT. STOCK.

Redeemable 1st February, 1941.

Dividends payable 1st February, May, August, and November.

Date of Issue.	Average price per £100 of Stock.	Amount of Stock.	Sum raised.
1831, March	£94 19 4	£2,450,000	£2,326,688 16 6
1882, July	97 2 7	1,650,000	1,602,654 4 6
1883, July	95 16 7	1,250,000	1,197,892 10 6
1884, May	100 9 0	1,900,000	1,908,535 19 6
1885, May	97 13 11	1,750,000	1,709,713 9 0
1886, May	99 12 2	1,250,000	1,245,146 18 6
1887, Nov.	100 6 4	600,000	601,909 10 0
		£10,850,000	£10,592,541 8 6

TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. STOCK.

Redeemable on Council giving one year's notice after 30 years from date of issue, or on 1st September, 1949.

Dividends payable 1st March, June, September, and December.

Date of Issue.	Average price per £100 of Stock.	Amount of Stock.	Sum raised.
1889, Nov.	£91 12 0	£1,000,000	£916,015 4 0
1892, May	89 3 5	1,200,000	1,070,076 13 6
1893, July	90 1 1	1,500,000	1,350,859 0 0
1894, May	94 18 4	2,000,000	1,898,336 14 3
1895, July	102 7 5	1,000,000	1,023,711 12 6
1896, June	104 9 7	1,000,000	1,044,795 13 0
		£7,700,000	£7,303,794 17 3

LONDON COUNTY CONSOLIDATED STOCK.

Redeemable at the option of the Council at par at any time after 19th March, 1920, on a year's notice being given.

Dividends payable 1st March, June, September, and December.

TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. STOCK.

Date of Issue.	Average price per £100 of Stock.	Amount of Stock.	Sum raised.
1897, July	£100 9 8	£2,500,000	£2,512,145 6 9
1898, July	95 14 5	2,000,000	1,914,395 12 2
1899, July	92 4 10	1,750,000	1,614,276 19 11
		£6,250,000	£6,040,817 18 10

THREE PER CENT. STOCK.
Issued at a fixed price.

Date of Issue.	Fixed price per £100 of Stock.	Amount of Stock.	Sum raised.
1900, June	£97 10 0	£5,000,000	£4,875,000
1901, May	98 0 0	2,000,000	1,960,000
1902, Jan.	98 10 0	3,000,000	2,955,000
1903, April	95 10 0	5,000,000	4,775,000
1904, April	90 0 0	5,000,000	4,500,000
		£20,000,000	£19,065,000

THREE PER CENT. STOCK.
Issued by tender.

Date of Issue.	Average price of Stock.	Amount of Stock.	Sum raised.
1902, Nov. ...	£98 8 7	£2,000,000	£1,968,567
1905, March ...	97 10 9	2,500,000	2,438,472
1905, Dec. ...	93 10 9	1,500,000	1,403,056
		£6,000,000	£5,810,095

THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. STOCK.
Issued at a fixed price.

Date of Issue.	Fixed price per £100 of Stock.	Amount of Stock.	Sum raised.
1907, April ...	£97	£5,000,000	—

THE COUNTY RATE.

RATES LEVIED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL FROM 1889-90 TO 1906-7.

The rates made by the County Council have been as follows:—

Year.	For General County Purposes.	For Special County Purposes.	Total Old County Services.	Education.
	d.	d.	d.	d.
1889-90	10·63	1·90	12·53	—
1890-91	11·125	2·125	13·25	—
1891-92	9·5	2·25	11·75	—
Three years' average	*10·42*	*2·09*	*12·51*	—
1892-93	10·1	2·4	12·50	—
1893-94	10·7	2·3	13·00	—
1894-95	11·65	2·35	14·00	—
Last three years' average	*10·82*	*2·35*	*13·17*	—
Six years' average	*10·62*	*2·22*	*12·84*	—
1895-96	12·6	2·4	15·00	—
1896-97	12·7	2·3	15·00	—
1897-98	11·75	2·25	14·00	—
Last three years' average	*12·35*	*2·32*	*14·67*	—
Nine years' average	*11·20*	*2·24*	*13·45*	—
1898-99	11·6	2·4	14·00	—
1899-1900	11·5	2·0	13·50	—
1900-01	12·25	2.25	14·50	—
Last three years' average	*11·78*	*2·22*	*14·00*	—
Twelve years' average	*11·25*	*2·25*	*13·50*	—
1901-2	12·375	2·625	15·00	—
1902-3	12·875	2·625	15·50	—
1903-4	14·125	2·625	16·75	—
Last three years' average	*13·125*	*2·625*	*15·75*	—
Fifteen years' average	*11·7*	*2·32*	*14·02*	—
1904-5	14·5	3·25	17·75	16·0
1905-6	14·00	3·00	17·00	18·0
1906-7	14·25	2·75	17·00	19·0
Last three years' average	*14·25*	*3·00*	*17·25*	*17·7*
Eighteen years' average	*12·12*	*2·43*	*14·55*	—

"Special County Purposes" refer to those services which do not extend to the City.

The following statement shows how the rates are distributed among the services of the Council:—The Council Debt absorbs more than half, viz: 8·46*d.*; Main Drainage requires 1·35*d.*; Parks, 0·68*d.*; Fire Brigade, 1·26*d.*; Lunacy, 0·71*d.*; Salaries and Wages, Office Charges, Elections, Parliamentary Expenses, and Miscellaneous, 1·82*d.*; Judicial, including Coroners, 0·42*d.*; Bridges, Woolwich Ferry, &c., 0·32*d.*; and other Services smaller amounts.

THE RATES OF LONDON.

THE rates of London are, under the London Government Act, 1899, collected by the metropolitan borough councils as one rate, known as the general rate. But although there are no separate authorities for the parishes within the boroughs, and although nearly all the expenses are borne ratably throughout the borough, the borough councils are required to levy separate rates in each parish. It will be seen that in spite of the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund and the Equalisation Fund there is still a difference of 5*s.* in the rates, between 6*s.* 8*d.* in Paddington and Kensington, and 11*s.* 8*d.* in Poplar.

TOTAL RATES LEVIED IN EVERY PARISH IN LONDON DURING THE LAST EIGHT YEARS.

Borough and Parish.	1899-1900	1900-1	1901-2	1902-3	1903-4	1904-5	1905-6	1906-7
	s. d.	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*
BATTERSEA	6 10	6 10	7 6	8 0	7 9	8 2	8 4	8 4
BERMONDSEY—								
Bermondsey	7 9	8 5	8 8	9 4	8 11	9 7	9 4	9 4
Horselydown	7 4	7 3	8 8	8 5	8 8	9 4	9 3	9 3
Rotherhithe	8 8	8 9½	8 8	9 5	9 3	9 9	9 5	9 5
St. Olave and St. Thomas	7 7½	8 6½	8 3	8 9	8 9	9 7	9 3	9 3
Average	—	*8 5*	*8 7*	*9 2*	*8 11½*	*9 7*	*9 3¼*	*9 3¾*
BETHNAL GREEN	7 1	7 11	7 10	8 3	7 11	8 1	8 2	8 2
CAMBERWELL	7 0	7 4	7 6	8 2	8 1	8 1½	9 0	8 11
CHELSEA	6 2½	6 6½	6 8	7 0	7 0	6 11	7 0	7 0
DEPTFORD, ST. PAUL	6 1	6 4	6 8	7 5	7 2	7 6	8 0	7 5
FINSBURY—								
Charterhouse	5 3	5 4	7 8	7 1	7 8	7 3	8 4	7 11
Clerkenwell	6 1	6 7	7 1	6 9	6 9	6 8	7 1	7 1
Glasshouse Yard	5 1	6 6	5 9	7 1	7 11	7 1	7 4	7 4
St. Luke	6 0	6 4	6 8	6 7	6 7	6 11	7 2	7 3
St. Sepulchre	7 2½	7 2	7 2	7 1	7 3	6 11	7 4	7 3
Average	—	*6 5*	*6 10½*	*6 8½*	*6 9*	*6 9½*	*7 5½*	*7 4½*
FULHAM	6 7	6 11	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 4	7 6	7 9
GREENWICH—								
Charlton and Kidbrooke	7 1 / 5 10	7 5 / 6 4	6 9	7 2	7 3	6 9	7 9	7 2
Deptford, St. Nicholas	5 10	5 10	6 7	7 6	8 5	8 2	8 0	7 10
Greenwich	6 4	5 9	6 8	7 6	8 4	8 0	8 3	7 7
Average	—	*6 6½*	*6 8*	*7 5*	*8 1*	*7 9*	*8 0*	*7 6½*
HACKNEY	6 8	7 6	7 4	8 2	7 2	7 2	7 11	8 0
HAMMERSMITH	6 4	6 9	6 10	6 11	6 10	7 4	7 7	7 8
HAMPSTEAD	6 2	6 3	6 4	6 10	6 10	7 0	7 2	7 2
HOLBORN—								
Furnival's Inn	—	—	7 2	7 9½	5 3	7 3	7 0	6 4
Gray's Inn	—	—	7 4	8 4	7 8	7 1	7 0	7 0
Lincoln's Inn (Ville)	—	—	6 7	9 3	9 1	8 4	8 3	9 0
" (added parts)	—	—	7 1	8 2	8 5	7 8	7 7	6 6
Saffron-hill	6 4	6 9	7 7½	7 7½	7 8	7 3	7 3	7 4
St. Andrew and St. George	6 1	6 1	8 0½	7 6	7 4	6 11	6 11	7 4
St. Giles and St. George	6 9	7 0	6 9	7 6½	7 4	6 11	6 11	7 0
Staple Inn	—	—	7 6	8 8	7 11	7 3	7 4	7 2
Average	—	*6 8*	*7 3*	*7 7*	*7 5*	*7 0*	*7 3½*	*7 2½*
ISLINGTON	6 0	6 4½	6 7½	7 2½	7 0½	7 4	7 3	7 8
KENSINGTON	5 9½	6 1½	6 3	6 4	6 5	6 6	6 7	6 8
LAMBETH	6 7	6 8	6 8	7 1	7 1	7 5	7 8	7 5
LEWISHAM—								
Lee	6 11	7 2	7 0	7 4	7 8	7 7	7 6	
Lewisham	6 1	6 6	6 8	7 0	7 4	7 6	7 6	7 10
Average	—	*6 7½*	*6 8½*	*7 0½*	*7 4½*	*7 6*	*7 6*	

Borough and Parish.	1899-1900.	1900-1	1901-2	1902-3	1903-4	1904-5	1905-6	1906-7
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
PADDINGTON	5 8	5 11	6 1	6 6	6 7	6 8	6 6½	6 8
POPLAR—								
Bow	8 10	9 5	9 1	9 10	9 8	10 1	12 0	11 7
Bromley	8 6	9 0	9 2	9 9	9 8	10 2	12 0	11 10
Poplar	8 9	9 4½	9 2	9 9	9 8	10 1	12 0	11 7
Average	—	*9 3*	*9 2*	*9 9*	*9 8*	*10 1½*	*12 0*	*11 8*
ST. MARYLEBONE	6 0½	6 7	6 9	6 9½	6 9	6 11	6 8½	7 0½
ST. PANCRAS	6 0½	6 1	6 7	7 1	7 0	7 1	7 1	7 3
SHOREDITCH	6 5	6 8	7 3	7 4	7 8	7 7	8 1	8 1
SOUTHWARK—								
Christchurch	6 1	6 2	6 4	8 6	7 5	7 6	7 8	7 10
Newington	6 4	6 4	6 4	6 10	6 10	7 1	7 6	7 5
St. George-the-Martyr.	6 2	6 4	6 4	8 0	7 2	7 2	7 4	7 6
St. Saviour	6 4	6 2	6 4	7 11	7 0	7 0	6 8	6 10
Average	—	*6 3½*	*6 4*	*7 6½*	*7 0*	*7 2½*	*7 3½*	*7 4¾*
STEPNEY—								
Aldgate	6 2	7 5	7 6	7 4	7 10	8 1	8 1	8 3
Christchurch, Spitalfields	6 5	7 6	7 2	6 10	7 8	7 9	8 1	8 5
Limehouse	7 1	8 0	8 4	7 11	9 3	8 11	9 2	9 4
Mile End New Town	6 1	6 1	7 2	7 1	7 6	7 2	7 11	8 0
Mile End Old Town	6 7	6 10	7 7	8 2	8 4	8 8	9 6	9 5
Norton Folgate	6 3	6 3	7 4	7 2	7 7	7 10	8 4	8 0
Old Artillery Ground	5 9	6 8	7 3	7 5	8 2	7 9	7 9	8 9
Ratcliff	6 7	7 4	8 0	8 10	9 8	9 2	9 2	9 5
St. George-in-the-East.	6 3	6 11	8 0	8 8	9 2	8 10	9 3	9 4
Shadwell	7 6	7 11	8 1	8 7	9 10	8 11	9 4	9 6
Wapping	6 8	7 3	8 1	8 5	9 4	8 5	9 4	9 7
Whitechapel.	6 0	6 0	7 5	7 3	7 8	8 0	8 3	8 2
Average	—	*6 8*	*7 8½*	*7 11½*	*8 6*	*8 5½*	*8 8¼*	*8 10¼*
STOKE NEWINGTON.	6 0	6 1	6 4	6 9	6 8	7 0	7 3	—
Stoke Newington wards	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7 6
South Hornsey ward.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7 3
WANDSWORTH—								
Clapham	6 5	6 9	7 1	7 2	7 5	7 1	7 5	
Putney	6 10	7 1½	7 1	7 1	7 3	7 2	7 5	
Streatham.	6 2	6 5	7 2	7 0	7 6	7 3	7 5	7 4
Tooting Graveney	6 3	4 11	6 11	6 10	6 8	7 5	7 5	
Wandsworth	6 8½	7 1	7 3½	7 5	7 4	7 0	7 5	
Average	—	*6 10*	*7 2*	*7 2*	*7 4½*	*7 1½*	*7 5*	
WESTMINSTER (CITY)—								
Rolls	6 0	6 8	6 1½	6 8	6 10	6 10	6 8	7 1
St. Anne	5 7	5 8	5 11½	6 1	6 1	6 6	6 5	6 7
St. Clement Danes	6 4	6 7	6 8½	7 9	7 6	6 5	5 11	6 8
St. George, Hanover-square.	5 8	5 5½	5 9	6 7	7 0	6 10	6 10	6 8
St. James	5 4	5 4	5 8½	6 3	6 7	6 2	6 6	6 6
St. Margaret and St. John	5 5½	5 6	5 8½	6 5	6 11	6 6	6 8	6 9
St. Martin-in-the-Fields	6 0	6 1	6 2½	6 9	6 8	7 0	6 8	6 10
St. Mary-le-Strand	6 1	6 11	6 9½	8 5	7 7	6 9	7 0	6 0
St. Paul, Covent-garden	6 1	6 6½	6 3½	6 11	6 8	6 10	6 8	6 7
St. Peter	5 6	5 6	5 5½	6 5	7 6	6 11	6 8	6 5
Savoy	5 6	5 10	6 0½	6 11	6 7	7 0	7 4	7 8
Average	—	*5 7½*	*5 10½*	*6 7*	*6 10½*	*6 8*	*6 8½*	*6 8½*
WOOLWICH—								
Eltham	7 0	7 2	7 0	7 0	6 8	7 6	7 10	8 0
Plumstead	6 2	6 8	6 8	7 6	7 6	7 6	7 6	7 8
Woolwich	7 0	7 6	7 0	8 2	8 3	8 3	8 1	8 4
Average	—	*7 1½*	*6 10½*	*7 9½*	*7 9½*	*7 10½*	*7 9½*	*8 0*
CITY OF LONDON (average)	5 9½	6 0	6 1	6 5	6 3½	6 6½	6 9½	6 9½
Average for County	6 2·7	6 5·8	6 8·3	7 1·6	7 1·4	7 2·6	7 5	7 6·47

Note.—The parishes on which compulsory church rates were levied in 1904-1905 are—Christchurch, Southwark, ½*d.*; Horselydown, 1*d.*; St. Mary-le-Strand, nil; St. Olave, 1½*d.*; St. Paul, Covent-garden, 5*d.*; Shadwell, 1¾*d.*; and Wapping, 1*d.*

In addition to these rates there are garden rates, estate rates, and other special rates levied in certain parishes; in some cases on parts of parishes, in others on whole parishes.

COUNTY COUNCIL FINANCES.

TOTAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNTS AFFECTING THE COUNTY RATE 1905-6.

RECEIPTS.	1905-6.
Cash Balance at beginning of year	£877,824
Receipts in aid of expenditure—	
Exchequer Contribution	532,234
Government Education Grants	1,390,547
Interest on loans advanced, on cash balances, &c.	596,064
Interest and repayment transfers from tramway and other revenue accounts	328,069
Interest, &c., transfers from works account	7,480
Rents	129,391
Sundry contributions, fees, fines, &c.	270,001
Transfer of Surplus on parks, boating	2,500
Grant from Local Taxation Account under the Agricultural Rates Act, 1896	1,633
County contributions required to be raised—	
For General County purposes other than Education—equal to a rate of 14d.	2,429,426
For Education equal to a rate of 18d.	3,123,548
For Special County purposes—equal to a rate of 3d.	456,752
[Total rate, including education, 2s. 11d.]	
	£10,145,459

EXPENDITURE.	1905-6.
1. Debt—	
Redemption	£1,191,245
Dividends on Stock (less tax)	1,901,825
Interest on sundry liabilities	139,390
Income tax (including arrears)	53,226
Management of stock, &c.	61,910
2. Grants—	
To Guardians for indoor paupers.	330,064
To Guardians and others out of the Exchequer contribution	279,814
Registration of electors	13,196
Main roads (arrears)	289
3. Pensions (including Superannuation and Provident Fund and prison and asylum pensions)	61,215
4. Establishment Charges (other than those charged to particular services)	224,849
5. Judicial Expenses	46,023
6. Services—	
Main Drainage	256,488
Fire Brigade	227,333
Parks and Open Spaces	132,152
Bridges, Tunnel, and Ferry	41,833
Embankments	11,935
Pauper Lunatics	102,575
Coroners	30,261
Weights and Measures	14,119
Miscellaneous.	116,790
Education—	
Elementary	4,000,400
Higher	655,062
	4,655,462
Less Debt Charges included under Head 1, above	745,229
	3,910,233
7. Parliamentary Expenses, Inquiries, Rating Appeals, Election of Councillors, &c.	38,236
8. Deficiencies—	
Dwellings, Part III.	5,659
Estates in course of development	8,444
Less Surplus on Dwellings, Part I.	8,000
	6,103
Steamboats	51,419
Total Expenditure	9,241,502
9. Cash Balance at end of year	903,957
	£10,145,459

THAMES STEAMBOAT SERVICES.

FROM the earliest times until within a comparatively recent period the river Thames was the chief highway of London. By the beginning of the 19th century the river had lapsed into comparative disuse for this purpose, but a revival came about with the establishment of steamboat services in 1816 and subsequent years. For many years the services, which were run by individual or company enterprise, were successful and well patronised; but after 1878 they became unsatisfactory, spasmodic and quite unworthy of the river and of the metropolis. There was talk from time to time of the establishment of a municipal service, and the first practical step in this direction was taken in 1894 when the London County Council instructed its Rivers Committee to consider the question of providing London with "an efficient steamboat service." The matter dragged on for ten years, in the course of which the Council promoted three Bills to obtain power to establish a municipal service The third was passed into law in 1904. By the middle of June in the following year a service of 30 boats, which had been built to the Council's order, was inaugurated. Each boat has accommodation for 500 passengers. The attainable speed is 13 miles an hour in still water, so as to enable the boats to maintain a speed of eight miles an hour against the current. The draught of the boats was limited to 2ft. 10in. by the shallowness of the river at low water above London Bridge. Under its Act the Council, in addition to providing the steamboats, acquired and improved a large number of piers, constructed new piers, and purchased and fitted up coal hulks. The capital expended upon the undertaking amounted to about £305,000. The revenue account for the year ended 31st March, 1906, was as follows:—

Revenue Account.

	Boats. £ s. d.	Piers. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d.
The total receipts on revenue account for the period amounted to	38,692 0 3	2,623 12 4	41,315 12 7
And the working expenses amounted to	62,794 11 3	9,671 11 7	72,466 2 10
Leaving a deficiency on working of	24,102 11 0	7,047 19 3	31,150 10 3
The debt charges amounted to	13,380 17 0	4,076 18 6	17,457 15 6
Interest on purchase money for piers acquired from companies	—	1,487 10 4	1,487 10 4
Total deficit for 1905-6	37,483 8 0	12,612 8 1	50,096 16 1

From the opening of the service in June, 1905, to the end of the financial year on 31st March, 1906, 3,683,792 passengers were carried. The scale on which the table of single fares was framed ranged from 1*d.* for a distance not exceeding three miles to 5*d.* for any distance exceeding 11 miles. Return tickets were abolished after a short trial except those available for return by the Council's tramcars.

The financial result of the second year's operations was a loss of £43,400. The number of passengers carried during the five months, May to September, 1906, inclusive, was 3,357,655.

In 1906 an arrangement was come to between the Council and the Thames Steamboats Company, whereby the former should confine its operations to that portion of the river between Chelsea and Greenwich, the company taking from Chelsea upwards. The arrangement was not renewed in 1907.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF LONDON.

THE City Corporation is unique among the municipalities of the world, alike for its historical record, its exceptional powers, and its present constitution. The Court of Common Council is not, like the town and county councils, merely a deliberative body; it is also a legislative assembly, and is able to remodel its own constitution. The jurisdiction of the Corporation extends beyond the City boundaries, and for some things it is a Metropolitan Authority. It has always been a county in itself, and was not united to the Metropolis for any municipal purpose until 1855, when, with other London districts, it sent representatives to the Board of Works. The connection with what was formerly called Great London has been maintained, but the City has not been completely united to the new County of London, as in several matters the jurisdiction of the County Council stops at the City boundaries. For municipal purposes the City—which contains an area of 650 acres, with a resident night population of 37,705, a daily resident population of over 300,000, while over a million people enter and leave every 24 hours, and an electorate of 30,000—is divided into 25 Wards and 112 Parishes. The old parochial units still remain, and every parish has its vestry clerk. The legal definition of the body generally described as the City Corporation is "The Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of London," which consists of the Lord Mayor, 25 Aldermen, and 206 Common Councillors. The Common Council is in its constitution, and in principle, the most democratic assembly in the world, as the whole of the members are re-elected annually by the ratepayers, and the majority of its principal officials are re-appointed every year.

In close association with the municipal life of the City of London are the ancient and historic Trade Guilds or Mysteries. It is they, or their representatives, in fact, who nominate the Lord Mayor and elect the two Sheriffs and certain officials. From the beginning of civic history in the City they have exercised a curious and a weighty influence upon the doings of the Corporation. No ordinary person can become a Liveryman. In order to attain that distinction, and to be placed upon the Register of Voters, it is necessary (1) to be a Freeman and Liveryman of a company, and a Freeman of the City of London twelve calendar months previous to the 15th July of any year; and (2) to have resided within 25 miles of the City six calendar months prior to the same date. The Freedom of the City may be obtained by one of four methods. It may be secured by servitude, *i.e.*, having been bound to a Freeman as apprentice; by patrimony—as the son or daughter of a Freeman; by gift of the City (that is the Honorary Freedom); and by redemption or purchase.

Of the Livery Companies, twelve—called the Great Companies—take precedence of all others. The first is the Mercers' Company, whose records may be traced as far back as the reign of Henry II. One of its members is said to have been the father of Thomas à Becket, and the first two Mayors of London certainly belonged to the organisation. Its earliest known Charter was conferred by Richard II. Next in order of precedence comes the Grocers' Company, founded as the "Company of Pepperers, of Soper's lane," whose ordinances for Government existed as early as 1315. Of the other "great companies," the most notable are perhaps those of

the Drapers', whose beginnings are lost in antiquity; the Fishmongers', the Goldsmiths', and the Skinners'. Then there are those of the Merchant Taylors', the Haberdashers', the Salters', the Ironmongers', the Vintners', and the Clothworkers'. The minor companies are 67 in number, and include such varied interests as those of Armourers' and Braziers', Barbers', Bowyers', Broderers', Cooks', Cordwainers', Fan Makers', Glass Sellers', Horners', Makers of Playing Cards', Parish Clerks', Paviors', Tallow Chandlers', Upholders', Wheelwrights', and Woolmen.

THE CITY AS A COUNTY.

As a County the City extends its authority over Southwark, inasmuch as the Lord Mayor and the Aldermen who have passed the chair are justices of Southwark; and until 1888 the City also exercised a certain suzerainty over Middlesex, by appointing the Sheriff of that County. Two Sheriffs are now elected by the liverymen in the City on Midsummer day. Their duties are multifarious, but beyond helping the Lord Mayor in the discharge of his official functions, and themselves discharging shrieval duties at the Sessions House, Old Bailey, they are mainly confined to duties of a ceremonial kind. The Under-Sheriffs and Secondary assist them. The Sheriffs are not paid, but their position involves considerable private outlay. County Government is seen also in the City in its Commission of Lieutenancy, its Justices, its Courts, its Coroner—for the Lord Mayor is, among other things, Coroner of the City, doing this duty by deputy—and in other matters.

AS A JUDICIAL AUTHORITY.

1. The Central Criminal Court in the Old Bailey is under the City Corporation. The jurisdiction of the Court extends over part of Greater London, and the Counties of London (including for this purpose the City of London), Middlesex, Essex, and Surrey defray the salaries and officers' expenses of the Court, but the Corporation provides the building and maintains it.

2. The City has its Quarter Sessions, and formerly used to hold Quarter Sessions in Southwark. They are still held, but the proceedings are purely formal. The Recorder is still High Steward of Southwark.

3. The Lord Mayor and Aldermen have heavy judicial and magisterial duties to discharge in connection with the Mansion House and Guildhall Justice Rooms, and the Central Criminal Court, and they are also, nominally, judges of the Mayor's Court—a kind of Commercial Court, hearing cases which, outside the City, would fall to the King's Bench division of the High Court,

4. There are also the City of London Court (which is the County Court of the city, though with larger scope, including Admiralty jurisdiction, than an ordinary County Court); the Court of Husting, for the enrolment of deeds and wills, and the Court Leet of the Borough of Southwark (the latter now practically obsolete); the judicial powers of the City Chamberlain in disputes between Masters and Apprentices; and the London Chamber of Arbitration (now London Court of Arbitration), established in 1892, for settling business disputes.

AS A MUNICIPALITY.

Much of the purely municipal work falling on the Corporation was formerly delegated to the Commission of Sewers—but this body has been abolished, and the work is carried on by the Corporation. The Corporation has power to levy a rate for municipal or other purposes, but has hitherto confined this privilege to the making of a Police rate and a small Ward

rate for purely Ward charges. Moreover, it can do with its revenue just what it likes, but invariably employs it for public purposes extending beyond its own area.

1. *The City Estates.*—The major portion of the Corporation's revenue comes from its Freehold Estate in the City, the Conduit Mead Estate in St. George's, Hanover-square, and property elsewhere. The Corporation holds the Bridge House Estate in trust, for the purpose of maintaining London Bridge and other bridges between the City and Southwark. The money can only be applied to this purpose. It was with this fund that the new Tower Bridge was built. The Corporation and the Mercers' Company are Trustees of the Gresham Estate, which provides funds in connection with the maintenance of the Royal Exchange, for educational purposes at Gresham College, and also the maintenance of almshouses, almsfolk, &c. The Corporation income also comes from markets, fines, dues, &c.

2. *The City Police.*—The City's police is the only really municipal police force in the country, as it is independent of the Home Office. A fourth of the expense (amounting to over £40,000 a year) comes from the City's Corporate Revenue, the rest being raised by a rate. The Police Committee manages an electric motor street ambulance service, inaugurated in May, 1907.

3. *Bridges.*—London, Blackfriars, and Southwark Bridges, as well as the Tower Bridge, are under the control and maintenance of the Corporation, and the expenses connected with the building and maintenance of these Bridges, together with St. Michael's Bridge and Peg's Hole Bridge, have fallen upon the revenues of the Bridge House Estates, of which the Corporation is Trustee. It is estimated that about 197,000 persons make use of the London, Blackfriars, and Southwark Bridges daily, or 8,000 persons more than five times the whole of the population of the City, and nearly two-thirds of the entire day population. Moreover, nearly 25,000 vehicles enter the City daily by the three Bridges mentioned.

4. *The Markets.*—The Corporation is the Market Authority for London and owns the principal markets. Full particulars in the article on "London Markets."

5. *Parks and Pleasure Grounds*—The Corporation owns, manages, and maintains the following parks and open spaces outside its boundary: Bunhill-fields Burial Ground (4 acres); West Ham Park (77 acres); Epping Forest (5,400 acres); Wanstead Park and Higham Park (212 acres); Burnham Beeches (375 acres); Coulsdon Commons (347 acres); Highgate Wood, Queen's Park, Kilburn, West Wickham Common (124 acres), and Shiplake Island in the Thames. These magnificent pleasure grounds have been acquired under various conditions, largely with the grain dues—or money raised on them—which Parliament allowed the Corporation to levy in the place of certain chartered dues, which it voluntarily resigned. The maintenance falls as a charge on the City's cash.

6. *Educational Institutions.*—The Corporation is a great Educational Authority. It maintains the City of London School for Boys, partly out of the John Carpenter Estate; the Guildhall School of Music; the Freemen's Orphan School, partly maintained by fees on the admission of persons to the Freedom of of the City, but mainly by the Corporation; the City of London School for Girls (founded by William Ward). There is also the Guildhall Library and Reading Room, free to all, the Guildhall Museum, and the Corporation Art

Gallery. The Corporation also has certain powers under the various Education Acts.

7. *Port Sanitary Authority.*—The Corporation had, until 1857, the charge of the whole Conservancy of the Thames, and is still represented on the Conservancy Board by six Conservators. It is the Port Sanitary Authority, exercising the sanitary rights over the whole Port of London from Teddington Lock to about three miles beyond the Nore, maintaining a medical officer, staff of inspectors, a hospital, &c., entirely out of its own funds.

8. *County Purposes.*—The County Purposes Committee of the Corporation does duties which are very much akin to those of the Public Control Department of the London County Council. It carries out the Weights and Measures Acts, the Explosives Act, the Petroleum Acts, the Shop Hours Act, and the Gas and Water Acts (testing gas, &c.), and other Acts.

9. *Lunacy Accommodation.*—The City of London Lunatic Asylum is situated at Stone, near Dartford, Kent, and is under the management of a Committee of Visitors. The Asylum was erected by the Corporation at its own expense, and not out of rates, and has been considerably enlarged, and is in every way in a flourishing condition.

10. *Charitable Institutions.*—The Corporation has an extensive connection with hospitals and charitable institutions. It appoints Governors to St. Thomas's, St Bartholomew's, Bridewell and Bethlehem, and Christ's Hospitals, and the Lord Mayor is the head of the Royal Hospitals (except Christ's Hospital), the London Almshouses at Brixton, and a large number of almshouses and charities. He was also head of Emmanuel Hospital, Westminster, but that building has been lately demolished, and 60 out-pensions substituted for the almshouses. Vacancies on the Committee of Management of Morden College, Blackheath, are filled up from the Court of Aldermen. It has generously contributed to the support of charitable institutions (no less than £1,176,559 out of the City's cash during the past century), although its funds for that purpose are now less than formerly.

The Lord Mayor.

The Lord Mayor of London receives an allowance of £10,000 a year, but invariably expends from his private means considerably more. The way to the Mayoralty is by the Aldermanic Bench. Every Alderman becomes in due time Lord Mayor unless he previously dies, or resigns his position, or fails to secure election by his aldermanic brethren. First elected an Alderman by the ratepayers of his Ward, then by the Liverymen (members of the various City Companies), in Common Hall, as Sheriff; and on his nomination as Lord Mayor by the Liverymen, the final choice of the Lord Mayor is made by the Court of Aldermen, to whom two names are submitted. They almost invariably endorse the selection of the Liverymen, and it is the senior Alderman, who has not passed the Chair, who is usually elected.

The Lord Mayor and Aldermen.

The Wards after the following names represent the Wards the respective Aldermen now sit for, and the date gives the year each Alderman was elected Lord Mayor.

Lord Mayor.

Right Hon. Sir Wm. Purdie Treloar, Knt. Farringdon Without.—Mansion House.

Aldermen.

Sir J. Whittaker Ellis, Bart. (Broad Street 1881), 18, Old Broad-street.

Sir Henry Edmund Knight (Cripplegate, 1882), 75, Aldermanbury.

Sir Joseph Savory, Bart. (Bridge Without, 1890), 31, Lombard-street.

Sir David Evans, K.C.M.G. (Castle-Baynard, 1891), 24, Watling-street.

Sir Joseph Renals, Bart. (Aldersgate, 1894), The Poplars, Bickley, Kent.
Sir Walter Wilkin, K.C.M.G. (Lime Street, 1895), 47, St. Mary-axe.
Sir George F. Faudel-Phillips, Bart., G.C.I.E. (Farringdon Within, 1896), 40, Newgate-street.
Lieut.-Col. Sir Horatio David Davies, K.C.M.G. (Bishopsgate, 1897), 23, Great St. Helen's.
Sir Alfred James Newton, Bart., (Bassishaw, 1899), 17, Cumberland-terrace, Regent's Park, N.W.
Sir Marcus Samuel, Bart. (Portsoken, 1902), 19 and 21, Billiter-street, E.C.
Sir James Thomson Ritchie, Bart. (Portsoken, 1903), 6, Lime-street, E.C.
Sir John Pound, Bart. (Aldgate, 1904), 84, Leadenhall-street, E.C.
Sir Walter Vaughan Morgan, Bart. (Cordwainer), 42, Cannon-street, E.C.
Sir Forrest Fulton, Knt., K.C., Recorder, Recorder's Chambers, Guildhall.

The following have not passed the Chair:—
Sir J. C. Bell, Knt. (Coleman-street), 95, Finsbury-pavement.
Sir G. W. Truscott, Knt. (Dowgate), 3, Suffolk-lane.
F. P. Alliston (Bread-street), 46, Friday-st.
Sir John Knill, Bart. (Bridge), Fresh Wharf, London-bridge.
Sir T. V. Strong, Knt., (Queenhithe), 196 and 197, Upper Thames-street.
H. G. Smallman (Cheap), 8, Queen-street.
T. B. Crosby, M.D. (Langbourn), 136, Fenchurch-street.
David Burnett (Candlewick), 15, Nicholas-lane.
W. C. Simmons (Vintry), Hill-street, Finsbury, E.C.
W. M. Guthrie (Cornhill), 9, Idol-lane.
F. S. Hanson (Billingsgate), 47, Botolph-lane, E.C.
F. Howse, Esq., (Walbrook), 3, Salters' Hall-court, E.C.

SHERIFFS.

T. Boor Crosby, M.D., Alderman, 136, Fenchurch-street, E.C.
W. H. Dunn, Esq., 11, St. Helen's-place, E.C.

UNDER SHERIFFS.

H. R. Greenhill, Esq., 4, Cullum-street, E.C.
A. W. Timbrill, Esq., 44, King William-street, E.C.

THE DEPUTIES AND COMMON COUNCIL OF THE SEVERAL WARDS.

Aldersgate.

Goodinge, J. W., *Dep.*, F.R.G.S., 16, Aldersgate-street.
Ellis, T. H., *Dep.*, 90, Aldersgate-street.
Longman, V. I. R., 17, Gresham-street.
Johnston, C., 17 and 18, Aldersgate-street.
Smyth, R., 133, Aldersgate-street.
Haydon, D., 21, Noble-street.
Janes, T. M., 101, Aldersgate-street.
Green, R., 81, Aldersgate-street.

Aldgate.

Morrison, P., *Dep.*, 68, Leadenhall-street.
Barham, C., 14, Aldgate.
Pound, J. L., 84, Leadenhall-street.
Burdick, J., 34, St. Mary Axe.
Haysom, G., 109, Fenchurch-street.
Hammond, J. G., 77, Mark-lane.
Jennings, G. C. H., 69, Leadenhall-street.
Ellis, T., 23, Billiter-street.

Bassishaw.

Pannell, W. H., *Dep.*, J.P., F.C.A., F.S.S., 13 and 14, Basinghall-street.
Lee, E., 1, Gresham-buildings.
Pittman, J. B., 17 and 18, Basinghall-street.
Preen, H. E., F.C.A., 17 and 18, Basinghall-street.

Billingsgate.

Sayer, J. L., *Dep.*, 27, Monument-street.
Miller, T. H., 6, Rood-lane.
Seaman, E., 14, St. Mary-at-Hill.
Ansted, E., 19, Eastcheap.
Russell, H. W., 7, Coal Exchange.
Bird, H., F.S.S., St. Magnus House, 7, Monument-street.
Morris, S. W., 6 and 8, Eastcheap.
Howell, J. G., 69 and 105, Billingsgate Market.

Bishopsgate.

Greenaway, D., *Dep.*, 30, Camomile-street.
Taylor, G., 131, Bishopsgate-st. Without.
Pridmore, A. E., F.S.I., M.S.A., 2, Broad-street-buildings.
Birchall, G., 85, Gracechurch-street.
Robinson, J. S., 85, Bishopsgate-st. Without.
Robinson, T., 119, Bishopsgate-st. Without.
Bamberger, L., 9, Liverpool-street.
Wagstaff, A., *Dep.*, 48, Bishopsgate-street Within.
Fitch, E. F., 66, Bishopsgate-street Within.
Bull, W., 5 and 6, Bishopsgate-st. Without.
Tollworthy, J., 3A, Broad-street House.
Thomas, C. J., 202, Bishopsgate-street Without.
Ardley, E., 15, Great St. Helen's.
Dunn, W. H., 11, St. Helen's-place,

Bread-street.

Coates, S. D., *Dep.*, 15, Friday-street.
Scott, J. A., 11, Distaff-lane.
Steinberg, G. H., 38, Bread-street.
Smith, A. B., 43, Friday-street.
Alliston, P., 46, Friday-street.
Wakefield, C. C., 27, Cannon-street.
Selincourt, W. de, 16 & 18, Cannon-street.
Worskett, S. A., 45A, Cheapside.

Bridge.

Barnes, W. G., *Dep.*, Fishmongers' Hall. Offices, Upper Thames-street.
Williamson, W. H., Monument House, Monument-square,
Timbrell, A. W., 44, King William-street.
Hacker, W., 4, Arthur-street East.
Deighton, T. H., 44, King William-street.
Roll, J., 3, Adelaide-place, London-bridge.
Bowles, F. D., J.P., 3, Adelaide-place, London-bridge.
Squire, P. R., 39A, King William-street.

Broad-street.

Edwards, R. W., 1, Drapers'-gardens.
Thompson, Lt.-Col. J. S., 7, Copthall-court.

37364-11

Neal, W. P., 4, Pinner's Hall, Old Broad-street.
Hartridge, C., 24, Austinfriars.
Ive, T. J., 28, Throgmorton-street.
Davies, R., J.P., 10 and 11, Austinfriars.
Marcus, Capt. L. G., 28, Austinfriars.
Brown, W. H., 2A, Copthall-court.
Candlewick.
Algar, C. G., *Dep.*, 17, Abchurch-lane.
Game, C., 16 and 17, Nicholas-lane.
Dennis, W., 143, Cannon-street.
Ellis, G. E., F.R.MET.S., 63, King William-street.
Lamb, E. H., A.I.E.E., M.P., 37, King William-street.
Gill, A., 1, Arthur-street West.
Castle Baynard.
Hudson, A. B., F.S.I., *Dep.*, 16, Godliman-street.
Hunter, C. V., A.R.I.B.A., Wardrobe-chambers, Queen Victoria-street.
Brough, J. R., 29-32, Warwick-lane.
Callard, T. B., 75, St. Paul's-churchyard.
Wann, J., 161 and 163, Queen Victoria-street.
Clementi-Smith, Rev. P., St. Andrew's Rectory.
Wither, C. McCuig, 17, Old Change.
Thornton, H. M., 132, Queen Victoria-street.
Cheap.
Parnwell, S., *Dep.*, 1, Queen-street.
Tickle, J., 2, Crown-court, Cheapside.
Read, A. W., 94 and 95, Cheapside.
Anning, E. J., F.S.S., 78, Cheapside.
Thomas, W. H., 18, Ironmonger-lane.
Pakeman, J. R., 11, Ironmonger-lane.
Beningfield, Col. J. W., 17, King-street.
Newton, L. A., 109, Cheapside.
Coleman-street.
Woodman, Sir G. J., Knt., J.P., *Dep.*, Jewry House, 27 and 28, Old Jewry.
Wallington, Major C., F.C.A., 4, Tokenhouse-buildings.
Painter, F. G., 19, Coleman-street.
Dove, H. S., 2, Tokenhouse-buildings.
Williams, J. H., 46 and 47, London-wall.
Brinsley-Harper, F., 15, Old Jewry-chambers.
Cambden, W., 9, Finsbury-pavement.
Gunton, J., Finsbury House, Blomfield-st.
Cordwainer.
Edwards, G., *Dep.*, F.R.I.B.A., 52, Cannon-st.
Horncastle, W. R., 52, Bow-lane.
Bennet, J. F., 82, Queen-street.
Hepburn, H. F., 8, Pancras-lane.
Hughes, E., 12, Well-court, Bow-lane.
Whiteley, C. P., 82, Queen-street.
Cornhill.
Wilkinson, M., *Dep.*, 3, St. Michael's-alley.
Summers, H. A., 38, Cornhill.
Atkins, C. E., 6, Cowper's-court, Cornhill.
Sewill, M. R., 4, Castle-court.
Goldney, T., 4, Castle-court.
Stopher, J., 48, Cornhill.
Cripplegate Within.
Rogers, Sir R. H., Knt., *Dep.*, 11, Addle-st.
Stapley, R., 128, London-wall.
Briggs, G., 2, Little Love-lane.
Oatley, W., 25, Aldermanbury.
Tillie, A., 19, Addle-street.
Wye, T. H., 35, Milk-street.
Palmer, A. E., 15 and 16, Aldermanbury.
Rider, T. F., 25, Gutter-lane.
Cripplegate Without.
Baddeley, J. J., *Dep.*, Chapel Works, Moor-lane.
Double, A., F.S.S., 91, Fore-street.
Tranter, G. T. S., 6, 7, 8, 9, and 21, Bridgewater-square.
Westerby, J., 59, Redcross-street.
Lake, J., 31 and 32, Fore-street.
Dyas, R., 63, Fore-street.
Swinstead, B. T., 15, Well-street.
Peters, L. B., 41 to 43, Moorfields.
Dowgate.
Mathews, J. D., F.R.I.B.A., F.S.I., *Dep.*, 11, Dowgate-hill.
Warrick, R. B., 7, Old Swan-lane.
Corbould-Ellis, C. F., 14, Clement's-lane.
Slazenger, R., 10, Ducksfoot-lane.
Berridge, G. J., 174, Upper Thames-street.
Haywood, E. H., 95, Upper Thames-street.
Farringdon Within.
North Side.
Cuthbertson, C. J., *Dep.*, 28, Ludgate-hill,
Pitman, W. H., 30, Newgate-street.
Peachey, R., 2 and 3, Warwick-lane.
Collins, D. G., 118, Newgate-street.
Wild, J. B., 34-40, Ludgate-hill.
Crawford, T., M.B.A.A., F.R.A.S., 35, Ludgate-hill.
Downes, W. J., 19, Jewin-street.
South Side.
Rome, W., J.P., F.S.A., F.L.S., 158 and 159, Cheapside.
Brooke-Hitching, Sir T., Knt., 29, Ludgate-hill.
Grossmith, J. L., 29, Newgate-street.
Sandle, S. J., 54 to 57, Paternoster-row.
Whitaker, C. W., 12, Warwick-lane.
Brinsley, H. G. W., 30 & 31, New Bridge-st.
Wells, H. H., 17, Paternoster-row.
Farringdon Without.
North Side.
Turner, B., *Dep.*, 50, Bartholomew-close.
Lile, J. H., J.P., 4, Ludgate-circus.
Cooper, W., 26 and 27, London Central Meat Market.
Key, W. H., 252, London Central Meat Market.
Marshall, Sir H. B., Knt., J.P., M.A., LL.D., Temple House, Temple-avenue.
Hentschel, C., 182, 183, 184, Fleet-street.
Lavington, G., 68 and 69, Old Bailey.
Link, F., J.P., 210, London Central Meat Market.
South Side.
Weingott, S., *Dep.*, 74, Fleet-street.
Morton, A. C., M.P., 124, Chancery-lane.
Woodbridge, T. A., 5, Serjeant's-inn, Fleet-street.
Fortescue, N., J.P., Block A., Dean-street, Fetter-lane.
Bower, A. L., 160, Fleet-street.
Allerton, S., 98, Cheapside.
Nathan, A. J., 17, Farringdon-avenue.
Barnes, H., J.P., 149, Fleet-street.

Langbourn.

Harris, C. T., J.P., *Dep.*, 39, Fenchurch-st.
Liversidge, W. H., Ship Tavern-passage, Leadenhall Market.
Cloudsley, J., J.P., 13, Cullum-street.
Layton, J., 3, Mincing-lane.
Cross, W. M., 1, Change-alley.
Domoney, J. W., 155, Fenchurch-street.
Runtz, Sir J. J., Knt., J.P., 33, Nicholas-lane.
Kimber, H. D., 79, Lombard-street.

Lime-street.

Barrett, J., *Dep.*, 7, Leadenhall-street.
Moojen, H. E., 140, Leadenhall-street.
Brown, J. K., 29, Leadenhall Market.
Singer, H. D., 47, St. Mary Axe.

Portsoken.

Myers, L. M., *Dep.*, 147, Minories.
Harris, J., J.P., 146, Minories.
Barber, A. H., 93, Minories.
Aarons, B., 46, Houndsditch.
Redding, J. J., 89, Minories.
Bell, E., 8, Aldgate High-street.
Fraenkel, S., 129, Houndsditch.
Hollington, A. J., 9, Middlesex-street.

Queenhithe.

Pryke, W. R., *Dep.*, 40 and 41, Upper Thames-street.
Todd, C. J., 18, Bread-street-hill.
Bond, E. E., 22, Great St. Helen's.
Teuten, C. A., 221, Upper Thames-street.
Pimm, T., 12, Garlick-hill.
Pollitzer, S., 29, Upper Thames-street.

Tower.

Heath, H. H., J.P., *Dep.*, 39, Great Tower-street.
Perkins, J., F.R.G.S., 90, Lower Thames-st.
Adams, T., 91, Great Tower-street.
Farnan, F., 9, Mincing-lane.
Hall, Captain R. G., D.L., Commercial Sale Rooms, Mark-lane.
Smith, C. E., 11, Jewry-street, Aldgate.
Green, W. W., 147, Fenchurch-street.
Humphery, Major J., 8, Great Tower-street.

Vintry.

Wallace, M., J.P., *Dep.*, 181A, Upper Thames-street.
Dunfee, Lieut.-Col. V., 28, Queen-street.
Spencer, S., A.I.C.E., 14, Great St. Thomas Apostle.
Dray, F. G., 23, College-hill.
Bowater, T. V., Sheriff, 28, Queen-street.
Tippetts, W. J. B., 11, Maiden-lane.

Walbrook.

Luck, J. R. W., *Dep.*, 23, Walbrook.
Batty, J. H., 15, Walbrook.
Heilbuth, G. H., 15, Walbrook.
Jennings, C. F. J., 27, Walbrook.
Green, E. H., 17, St. Swithin's-lane.
Monckton, H. P., 32, Walbrook.

COMMITTEES OF THE CORPORATION.

(Days of Monthly Meetings except in the Month of August.)

Irish Society	Fourth Tuesday (except in the months of February, August, and September).
ESTATES, &C.	
City Lands Committee	Second Wednesday.
Bridge House Estates Committee	Third Monday.
Coal and Corn and Finance Committee	Third Tuesday.
PUBLIC HEALTH.	
Improvements and Finance Committee	Second Friday.
Streets Committee	Fortnightly meetings: First and Third Tuesdays.
Sanitary Committee	Fourth Tuesday.
PUBLIC SERVICE.	
Police Committee	Last Wednesday.
Port of London Sanitary Committee	First Tuesday.
County Purposes Committee	Fourth Monday.
Markets:	
Central Markets Committee	First Wednesday.
Cattle Markets Committee	Third Wednesday.
Billingsgate and Leadenhall Markets Committee	Third Friday.
Educational:	
Library Committee	First Monday.
City of London Schools Committee	First Wednesday.
Orphan School Committee	Second Tuesday.
Music Committee	Third Monday.
Domestic:	
General Purposes Committee	Third Wednesday.
Officers and Clerks Committee	Fourth Monday.
Law and City Courts Committee	Second Monday.
Additional:	
Gresham Committee	No fixed day.
Epping Forest Committee	Second Monday.
West Ham Park Committee	Thursdays, when necessary.
Accounts Committee (Public Health)	First Tuesday.
Visiting Committee City of London Asylum	Alternate Thursdays with the Court of Common Council.

Chief Officers of the Corporation.

Recorder.—The Recorder is the senior law officer of the Corporation. He is elected for life by the Court of Aldermen, but is subject to the approval of His Majesty before exercising judicial functions. He advises the Lord Mayor and Aldermen in all matters relating to law, appearing, if required, as the advocate of the Corporation, presides over the Mayor's Court, sits as a Judge at the Central Criminal Court, and as Legal Assessor at the Court of Quarter Sessions, and attends the Courts of Aldermen and Common Council, &c.

The City Chamberlain is the Corporation's treasurer and banker. He keeps the freeman's roll, and has jurisdiction over apprentices in the City. "The Chamber of London" has been a department of great importance in the development of City government, and was formerly vested in the Crown.

Town Clerk.—The Town Clerk is the centre of the Corporation and Committee work, attending all meetings and advising on all points of procedure, &c.

Common Serjeant.—A Judge at the Central Criminal Court and the Mayor's Court, a law officer of the Corporation—acting in the absence of the Recorder—and attending the Lord Mayor on public and ceremonial occasions.

Comptroller.—The Conveyancing Officer of the Corporation and one of its Law Officers. He acts as Agent of its Estates, including those of the Bridge House, and is custodian of its Title Deeds, Leases, etc. He is also the Vice-Chamberlain, and acts for the Chamberlain in his absence, or during a vacancy in the office.

City Remembrancer. — This official arranges the ceremonial duties connected with the Corporation, and acts as Parliamentary agent, and is also a law officer.

The City Solicitor conducts legal proceedings and prosecutions on behalf of the Corporation, prepares Acts of Common Council, Bye-laws, &c., and performs a large amount of legal duties in connection with the various Committees and Departments of the Corporation and its property. He is a law officer of the Corporation, and the City Bailiff. He also acts as Legal Assessor to the City Justices, as the Lord Mayor's Legal Adviser at Municipal Elections, and as Legal Adviser to the Commissioner of City Police.

The Secondary is the executive officer under the Sheriffs, and exercises judicial functions in connection with Writs of Enquiry, makes up the register, and superintends elections, both in London and Southwark.

The City Surveyor is responsible for making surveys and valuations of all corporate estates, whether Trust property or otherwise, and advises as to letting of property, &c.

CITY OFFICERS.

Those marked (*) are of His Majesty's Commission of Lieutenancy for the City of London.

A *In the Appointment of the Court of Aldermen.*

B *In the Appointment of the Court of Common Council.*

C *In the Approval of the Court of Common Council.*

D *In the Appointment of the Livery.*

E *In the Appointment of the Library Committee.*

F *In the Appointment of the Police Committee.*

G *In the Appointment of the Cattle Markets Committee.*

H *In the Appointment of the County Purposes Committee.*

I *In the appointment of the Crown.*

Elected.
A 1900 **Recorder*—Sir Forrest Fulton, Knt., K.C., £4,000.
D 1902 **Chamberlain*—Rt. Hon. Sir J. C. Dimsdale, Bart, K.C.V.O., £2,500.
B 1902 **Town Clerk*—James Bell, £2,000.
I 1900 **Common Serjeant*—F.A.Bosanquet, K.C., J.P., £2,500.
I 1901 *Judges of the City of London Court*—*Lumley Smith, K.C., £2,500. James Alexandar Rentoul, LL.D., K.C., £2,000.
B 1901 *Judge of the Sheriff's Court, holden for the Poultry Compter*—*Lumley Smith, K.C.
B 1901 *Judge of the Sheriffs' Court, holden for the Giltspur-street Compter* — James Alexandar Rentoul, LL.D., K.C.
C 1900 *Assistant Judge of the Mayor's Court*—F. S. Jackson, £1,250.
B 1902 *Commissioner of the City Police*—Captain J. W. Nott Bower, £1,250.
B 1898 *Comptroller of the Chamber and of the Bridge House Estates*—*E. A. Baylis, £2,000.
B 1903 *Remembrancer*—A. D. W. Pollock, £1,500.
B 1885 *Solicitor*—*Sir Homewood Crawford, Knt., £2,500.
B 1905 *Secondary and High Bailiff of Southwark*—W. Hayes, B.A.
B 1901 *Medical Officer of Health*—William Collingridge, M.A., M.D., LL.M.
B 1901 *Coroner for London and Southwark*—F. J. Waldo, M.A., M.D.
A 1900 *Steward of Southwark*—Sir Forrest Fulton, Knt., K.C.
B 1895 *Clerk of the Peace*—Alfred Read, £300.
B 1905 *City Surveyor*—S. Perks., F.R.I.B.A.
B 1905 *Engineer and Surveyor (P.H.D.)*—F. Sumner, M.I.C.E.
B 1905 *Head Master of the City of London School*—Rev. A. Chilton, D.D., M.A., £1,250.
B 1890 *Head Master of the Freemen's Orphan School*—R. E. Montague, M.A., £500.
B 1894 *Head Mistress of the City of London School for Girls*—Miss Alice Eliza Blagrave, B.A.
B 1900 *Registrar of the Mayor's Court*—David Harrison.
B 1874 *Sword Bearer*—[Vacant.]
1901 *Common Cryer and Serjeant-at Arms*—Major J. C. Ker-Fox, M.A
E 1888 *Librarian*—E. M. Borrajo.
E 1886 *Director of the Art Gallery*—A. G. Temple, F.S.A.
B 1890 *Second Master of the City of London School*—F. W. Hill, M.A., £600.
F 1885 *Surgeon of Police Force*—F. G. Brown, M.R.C.S.ENG., £600.

Elected.
B 1901 *Medical Officer of Health of the Port of London*—H.Williams, M.D.
B 1901 *Public Analyst*—Frank L. Teed, D.SC. (London), F.I.C.
1887 *Medical Superintendent City of London Asylum*—E. White, M.B. Lond., M.R.C.P.
A 1887 *Clerk to the Lord Mayor*—C. G. Douglas, £1,150.
A 1887 *Clerk to the Sitting Justices*—H. G. Savill, £1,000.
B 1889 *Registrar of the City of London Court*—J. A. Wild, £1,700.
B 1892 *High Bailiff of the City of London Court*—J. E. Sly, £600.
B 1892 *Gas Examiner*—Prof. V. B. Lewes, F.C.S., F.I.C., F.P.S., £400.
F 1885 *Police Receiver*—J. W. Carlyon-Hughes, £700.
A 1887 *Assistant Clerk to Lord Mayor*—J. G. Trotter, £650.
A 1888 *Assistant Clerk to Sitting Justices, Guildhall*—S.Richards, £500.
A 1893 *Clerk and Cashier at Justice Room, Mansion House*—R. A. Warren.
A 1895 *Cashier and Accountant at Guildhall Justice Room* — J. H. Major, £250.
B 1883 *Clerk of the Coal Market*—J. B. Scott.
B 1880 *Keeper of Guildhall*—J. Gannon, £650.
B 1904 *Marshal*—Lieut.-Col. T. J. Kearns.
B 1887 *Clerk and Superintendent of Leadenhall Market* — H. G. Price, £250.
B 1904 *Clerk and Superintendent of Metropolitan Cattle Market, and Veterinary Inspector to the Corporation*—J. King, £500.
G 1871 *Clerk and Superintendent of Foreign Cattle Market*—G. Philcox, £900.
B 1904 *Clerk and Superintendent of London Central Meat and Poultry and Provision Markets*—H.W.G. Millman.
B 1906 *Clerk and Superintendent of Billingsgate Market* — James O'Neill.
B 1883 *Deputy Gauger*—T. Moody.
B 1901 *Serjeant-at-Mace*—J. Fitch.
B 1901 *Deputy Serjeant-at-Mace* — H. Fitch.
B 1896 *Assistant to the Registrar, City of London Court*—E. B. Tattershall.

Clerks in City of London Court—
B 1867 E. T. Jackson.
B 1871 G. E. Cooper.
B 1883 W. J. Betteridge.
B 1883 H. E. Maynard.
B 1885 W. Taylor.
B 1888 J. T. Mattison.

Elected.
B 1889 H. W. Lake.
B 1890 S. Benjamin.
B 1893 H. A. Ince.
B 1890 J. C. Bonus.
B 1895 A. Phillips.
B 1895 R. E. Claridge.
B 1900 S. A. Crabb.
B 1900 R. A. Woodhead.
B 1900 A. A. Jarvis.
B 1900 H. C. Hughes.
B 1904 F. Lacey.

B 1894 *Official Shorthand Writer, City of London Court*—H. A. Grover.

Bailiffs of City of London Court—
B 1862 G. Hurdle.
B 1874 W. B. Marnham.
B 1884 E. H. Watson.
B 1890 T. Gyatt.
B 1892 J. S. Murdoch.
B 1894 R. Saunders.
B 1895 F. K. Rowe.
B 1895 R. A. Linden.

B 1902 *Clerk and Usher to City of London Court*—H. Bedggood.

B 1899 *Usher to City of London Court*—E. F. Ford.

B 1880 *First Assistant to Keeper of Guildhall*—A. J. Glasspool.

B 1893 *Housekeeper at Sessions House*—G. Peacock.

Inspectors of Weights and Measures—
H 1890 A. J. Street (Chief Inspector).
H 1891 H. Dawkes.
H 1891 J. Kyle.
H 1891 T. Allchin.

1886 *Gas Meters Inspector*—J. Stratford

Inspector under Explosives and Petroleum Acts—
B 1906 E. H. Winny.
B 1893 *Inspector under Shop Hours Act*—E. Jones.

Sanitary Inspectors of the Port of London—
B 1882 H. Spadaccini.
B 1888 W. Anderson.
B 1890 T. W. Bailey.
B 1893 W. Romeril.
B 1894 A. Garland.
B 1899 W. S. Wetjen.
B 1899 W. W. Burr.
B 1899 H. R. Hopkins.
B 1900 P. R. Lamb.
B 1901 J. H. Rolfe.

Bridge Masters—
D 1902 C. F. Crawford.
D 1903 C. Norris.

Auditors of the City and Bridge House Accounts—
D 1905 R. W. Saker.
D 1905 H. L. Bedford.
D 1906 Col. Wilde
D 1906 H. J. Pratt.

Elected.

Guildhall School of Music.

B 1896 *Principal*—W. H. Cummings, Mus. Doc., F.S.A.
B 1901 *Secretary*—Henry Saxe Wyndham.
B 1881 *Lady Superintendent*—Mrs. C. P. Smith.

In the Gift of the Court of Common Council.

1901 *Rectory of St. Peter, Cornhill*—Rev. George Bell Doughty, B.A.

1866 *Rectory of St. Margaret Pattens and St. Gabriel Fenchurch (alternate with the Crown).*

1895 *Rectory of St. James, Duke's-place, and St. Catherine Cree (alternate with Magdalene College, Cambridge)*—Rev. J. Mills, M.A. (presented by Magdalene College).

1886 *Vicarage of St. Bartholomew, Bethnal-green*—Rev. A. R. Clemens, M.A.

1887 *Vicarage of St. Mark, Victoria Docks*—Rev. S. S. Smyth, A.K.C.

1897 *Rectory of St. George-the-Martyr, Southwark (once in every three by Corporation, other two by Lord Chancellor)*—Rev. W. J. Sommerville, B.A., A.K.C. (presented by the Corporation).

1901 *Vicarage of St. Cyprian, Lewisham (twice in every three by Corporation; other by Lord Chancellor)*—Rev. W. V. Mason. M.A. (presented by Corporation).

1903 *Vicarage of St. Peter, Bethnal-green*—Rev. W. H. Maynard, M.A.

Vicarage of St. Mark, Clerkenwell, and Vicarage of St. Oswald, Fulham—The Vicars of these were not appointed by the Corporation.

Clerks in the Several Corporation Offices at Guildhall.

CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE. — *Principal Clerk*—G. A. Pickering. *Chief Cashier*—G. H. Payne. *Rent Cashier*—W. S. Singer. *Clerks*—J. Payne, A. P. Lloyd, P. O. Pickering, J. A. Cherry, H. W. Hudson, and A. J. C. Helder.

Officers' Pension Fund Clerk—E. Pugh.

TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE (GENERAL DEPARTMENT).—*Principal Clerk*—H. C. Overall. *Committee Clerks*—A. Saunders, A. M. Nortier, T. H. Hull, and W. Bates. *Assistant Clerks*—T. L. Sayer, H. S. Smith, A. V. Cox, F. J. Craker, and F. C. Bune. *Markets Department*—F. J. Pullan, A. J. Cooper, and J. R. Leverington, jun.

Records Clerk—R. R. Sharpe, D.C.L.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.—*Chief Clerk*—T. G. Hancock. *Clerks*—V. F. Crowther-Smith, E. Nash, C. N. G. Hyem, A. G. Hollingum, C. F. Porter, J. E. W. Harley, and H. V. Smith.

REMEMBRANCER'S OFFICE. — *Principal Clerk*—J. D. Taylor. *Clerks*—J. Windsor, G. Jagged, E. F. Price, and H. R. Maynard.

SOLICITOR'S OFFICE.—*Principal Clerk and Assistant Solicitor*—T. G. Vickery. *Clerks*—A. Stanier, P. S. Towell, H. S. Russell, H. S. Towell, W. N. Earle, W. A. Oakshott, and C. H. Feldon.

SURVEYOR'S OFFICES.—*Principal Clerk*—A. L. Gosling. *Clerks*—F. H. Williams, A.R.I.B.A., T. R. W. Mossman, S. J. Crosskey, F. C. Read, R. Milnes, J. H. Willett, H. Richard, J. West, S. Poole, J. P. Scriven, H. J. Lawes, and R. Knowles.

ACCOUNTANT AUDITOR.—J. A. Nicol. *Assistants*—C. J. Lungley, C. G. Kelly H. C. Roberts, F. R. Formoy, and T. V. Holt.

Public Health Department.

The Public Health Department carries on the work of the City Commission of Sewers, which was constituted in 1848 for the purpose of maintaining the streets and drains in the City. Its duties are to maintain, pave, and clean the streets within the City. The cleansing of the City involves the employment of a large staff. It makes its own plant, carts, barrows, etc., in its own workshops, and has its own stud. The execution of the Health Acts devolves upon it, including the inspection of slaughterhouses and meat, and the clearance of insanitary areas. It is responsible for public lighting in the City, and for the execution of street improvements (to which the County Council may contribute when the improvement is of a metropolitan character), and for the inspection of factories and workshops. The Department maintains the City Cemetery, and artisans' dwellings, inhabited by 1,189 persons. (See the article on "The Housing of the Working Classes.") Recently the Department has taken over sewer cleansing, repairing, &c., formerly given out to contract.

TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE.—*Principal Clerk*—H. M. Bates. *Clerks*—L. P. Summers, W. P. Bicknell, F. J. C. Helder, L. V. Cockell, H. E. Healey, F. H. E. Ferris, J. B. Oxenham, F. A. Woolls, W. V. L. Mallett, A. B. Bryant, and J. G. Bland.

Assessment and Rates Clerk—G. C. James.

Office Rate Collectors—F. C. Brown, A. T. Pannell, M. F. Blake, H. C. Daniel, and T. G. McCheane.

Electrical Engineer and Inspector—A. A. Voysey. *Clerks*—A. Roberts, A. J. Sale.

Superintendent of City Cemetery—A. Bell.

Superintendent of Cleansing, &c.—W. J. Heavey.

Assistant Superintendent of Cleansing, &c.—A. J. Eager.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH'S OFFICE.

Sanitary Clerk — H. B. Turner, F.I.C. *Clerks*—G. H. King, G. Lowe.

Chief Inspector of Slaughterhouses and Meat and Sanitary Inspector—W. P. Terrett.

Inspectors of Slaughterhouses and Meat and Sanitary Inspectors — O. Sharp, W. E. Down, W. E. Kelland, H. Mettam, and T. L. Davies.

Inspectors of Slaughterhouses and Meat —H. Jenkins and W. Elgin.

Sanitary Inspectors and Inspectors under the Sale of Food and Drugs Acts —A. R. Hills, W. H. J. Gathercole, W. H. May, E. J. Simmons, F. J. Robbins, W. H. Ralph, James Dunworth, and Arthur Wheaton.

Female Sanitary Inspectors—Miss A. J. Safford and Miss M. M. Pole.

ENGINEER'S OFFICE.

Chief Assistant—H. E. Stacey, A.M.I.C.E.

Principal Draughtsman—J. G. Garthwaite, A.M.I.C.E.

Improvements Assistant—W. A. Champion.

Draughtsman—H. K. Blake, A.M.I.C.E.

Correspondence Clerk and Cashier—C. M. Morris.

Measuring Clerk—W. E. Pearman.

Bill Clerk—J. S. Milbourne, P.A.S.I.

Clerks—E. Clayton, W. H. Noble, and S. C. Walton.

Inspectors of Pavements—S. C. Gibbs, T. F. Oliver, W. F. W. Brumell, and F. R. Bond.

Inspector of Sewers—E. J. Winsborrow.

Inspector of Gas Lighting—W. J. Liberty.

Inspector of Overhead Wires—Vacant.

In addition the Public Health Department has a large staff of weekly servants·

CORPORATION FINANCES.

The following is a statement of the receipts and expenditure of the Corporation for the year 1905:—

RECEIPTS.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Rents and Quit-Rents				201,863	1	8
Renewing Fines				1,246	14	11
Reimbursements, various premises and licence				269	0	5
Bequests				50	5	8
Interest on Government Securities				1,803	3	11
Ditto on Stocks and Securities				2,471	1	9
Holborn Valley Surplus Land Rents				2,000	0	0
Income Tax Retained				4,636	7	7
Markets (gross), viz.:—						
Metropolitan Cattle Market, Islington	18,894	15	9			
London Central Markets	137,121	18	9			
Leadenhall Market	7,767	2	8			
Billingsgate Market	25,798	5	10			
Shadwell Market	2,293	13	8			
Spitalfields Market	5,000	0	0			
				196,875	16	8
Justiciary Fees, &c., viz.:—	£	s.	d.			
Mansion House	1,146	19	2			
Guildhall	1,128	19	3			
				2,275	18	5
Reimbursements of Magistracy				1,163	6	6
Ditto in respect of Mansion House				156	14	1
Mayor's Court Fees (gross) (*a*)				7,128	0	2
Officers' Surplus Fees and Profits, &c.				18,798	1	9
Reimbursement, Officers' Salaries, and Departmental Expenses				6,767	0	0
Ditto, Wages to Workmen employed in Jobbing Work, and Materials				2,117	15	2
Ditto re Educational Charges				1,284	14	1
Ditto, Sanitary Expenses, Port of London				1,294	9	4
Rents, &c., West Ham Park and other Open Spaces				363	16	6
Sundry and Casual Receipts				620	4	8
				453,183	13	3

EXPENDITURE.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance over paid on the General Account of the City's Cash on 31st December, 1904	79,996	9	10½			
Ditto in respect of Construction, &c., Accounts	1,893	15	4			
				81,890	5	2½
Charges on the Corporation Estates, viz.:—						
Imperial Taxes, Cost of Collection and Management, Rent-Charges, Rates, Bequests, and other obligatory charges				47,979	9	3
Charges on Markets, viz.:—	£	s.	d.			
Metropolitan Cattle Market, Islington	24,528	11	10			
London Central Markets	93,241	4	4			
Leadenhall Market	6,013	15	3			
Billingsgate Market	22,062	19	10			
Shadwell Market	5,073	6	8			
Spitalfields Market	4,972	0	4			
General Market Charges and Expenses	450	0	0			
				156,341	18	3
	£	s.	d.			
Expenses of Magistracy	9,306	7	9			
Police Expenses (City's proportion), &c.	44,950	12	0			
				54,256	19	9
City of London Asylum				304	6	8
Expenses of Administration of Justice (Criminal)				7,980	15	7
Expenses of Civil Government, including Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, Judges, and Officers of the Mayor's Court, expenses of Mansion House, Guildhall, Courts, &c.				65,512	14	10
Pensions (including London Almshouses)				16,568	10	2
Charitable Donations				5,296	5	0
Donations for Public and other purposes				277	5	0
Honorary Votes				726	4	4
Educational Expenses, viz.:—	£	s.	d.			
City of London School for Boys	6,433	5	7			
Ditto ditto for Girls	673	3	4			
Freemen's Orphan School	4,572	18	5			
Guildhall School of Music	1,378	3	7½			

RECEIPTS (Continued).

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
(b)						
Commutation or Renewing Fines				1,654	0	10
Securities realised				6,900	0	0
Loans raised				750,261	12	10
Transfers, Expenses of Bills in Parliament, Remembrancer's Office Accounts				1,248	18	6
				1,213,260	5	5
Balance overpaid on the General Account of the City's Cash on 31st December, 1905	53,967	9	0			
Ditto in respect of Construction, &c., Accounts	1,893	15	4			
				55,861	4	4
				£1,269,121	9	9

EXPENDITURE (Continued).

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Technical Education	400	0	0			
Elementary Education	52	10	0			
				13,510	0	11
Sanitary Expenses, Port of London				9,228	5	4
Expenses of West Ham Park and other Open Spaces				11,820	8	9
Bills in Parliament				125	8	6
Sundry, Miscellaneous, and Incidental Expenditure				4,086	3	3
Guildhall Library and Museum				5,998	3	10
Fine Art Gallery				1,301	12	3
Expenses of Presentation of Freedom to Viscount Selby and Rev. W. (General) Booth				186	2	11
Expenses of Reception of H.M. King of Spain and H.M. King of the Hellenes				3,192	9	10
Expenses of Reception of French Navy in London				1,823	7	11
Debenture Stock Redemption Account				15,000	0	0
				503,406	15	8
(b)						
Purchase of Premises				6,442	8	0
City of London Grain Duty Loans Sinking Fund Account				3,909	18	6
Redemption of Land Tax, Rent Charges, &c.				3,233	15	11
Investments				678	11	8
Loans Discharged				750,000	0	0
Remembrancer's Office Account				1,450	0	0
				£1,269,121	9	9

(a) The expenses charged under the head-of Civil Government.
(b) The items placed below the lines (b) (b) consist of loans raised and discharged, purchase and sale of securities and property, construction of markets, &c., productive of revenue, and such matters as relate to capital rather than to income and expenditure.

THAMES CONSERVANCY.

OFFICES: VICTORIA EMBANKMENT, E.C.

Meetings: Fortnightly on Mondays, at 11.30 a.m.

THE Thames Conservancy is a central authority whose jurisdiction extends from Yantlet, in the estuary of the Thames in Kent, to the source of the river in Gloucestershire. It has manifold duties to discharge. As a harbour authority it regulates the navigation of the greatest port in the world. It keeps the waterway clear for craft, provides moorings for ships and barges, has to remove all wreckage, and prevent obstruction. It is charged with the prevention of pollution of the river and its tributaries from every cause, and in this department has a staff of inspectors at work over the whole watershed of the Thames, an area of 3,800 square miles. While the Conservancy looks after the interests of navigation on the river through its course from London to the sea, it also controls the pleasure craft in the upper portion of the river. It builds and maintains locks and weirs, registers house-boats and all varieties of pleasure-boats. It discharges the duties of a Fishery Board, and is an authority for dealing with explosives, which, until discharged, are under the supervision of the Conservancy. The trade in explosives in the Port of London is probably the largest in the kingdom.

The income of the Board is obtained from various tolls, fees, rents, licences, dues, and payments from the Metropolitan Water Board and Canal Companies. In 1905 the Water Board and Canal Companies paid £3,500 towards the Lower Navigation Fund, and £31,077, towards the Upper Navigation Fund. £18,728 was received in tolls, and £21,030 in rents, dues, licences, &c. Tonnage dues on the Lower River amounted to £65,199. The income from the registration of house-boats, pleasure-boats, &c., came to £2,612. These sums formed the receipts from all sources of revenue.

The principal items ot expenditure were: establishment and working expenses, £43,690; repair and maintenance, £22,219; and for dredging and other purposes, £59,341.

The following is a list of the members of the Board, showing the method of appointment, or election:

Chairman.—The Lord Desborough of Taplow.

Appointed by :—

Admiralty.—Admiral G. S. Bosanquet and Vice-Admiral R. W. Craigie.

Board of Trade.—Lord Desborough and Hon. N. M. Farrer.

Trinity House.—Rear-Admiral H. B. Stewart and Captain A. E. Bell.

Gloucester and Wiltshire County Councils.—C. E. Hobhouse, M.P.

Oxfordshire County Council.—J. Darell-Blount.

Oxford City and County Borough.—R. Buckell.

Berks. County Council.—H. W. Russell.

Reading County Borough.—C. G. Field.

Bucks. County Council.—A. Gilbey.

Herts. County Council.—Rt. Hon. T. F. Halsey.

Surrey County Council.—C. Burt.

Middlesex County Council.—J. Bigwood.

London County Council. — Sir J. McDougall, R. Strong, Sir Edwin Cornwall, M.P., J. D. Gilbert, R. A. Robinson, and B. Cooper.

Corporation of London.—Alderman Sir W. Wilkin, K.C.M.G., Alderman Sir D. Evans, K.C.M.G., W. H. Pannell, W. Cooper, A. C. Morton, M.P., and J. J. Baddeley.
Essex County Council.—W. W. Glenny.
West Ham County Borough.—W. Ivey.
Kent County Council.—A. Tolhurst.
Metropolitan Water Board.—E. B. Barnard, M.P.

Elected by :—

Shipowners.—G. Butler Paul, Sir C. F. Cory-Wright, Bart., and Sir T. V. S. Angier.
Owners of sailing barges, lighters, and steam tugs.—W. V. Williams and T. W. Jacobs, jun.
Dockowners.—S. E. Bates.
Wharfingers.—J. A. Humphery.

The Board holds meetings fortnightly on Mondays at 11.30. a.m., and largely carries on its work through committees, which meet weekly or fortnightly. The following are the chairmen of the standing committees :—

Lower River.—G. Butler Paul.
Finance Committee. — W. W. Glenny.
Upper River.—J. Darell-Blount.
River Purification.—R. Buckell.
Parliamentary.—C. Burt.
General Purposes.—W. V. Williams.

CHIEF OFFICERS.

Secretary.—R. Philipson.
Engineer.—Charles J. More.
Solicitor.—W. S. Bunting.
Harbour Masters.—London, Captain R. S. Pasley; Gravesend, Captain F. W. Kershaw; and a staff of 54 inspectors, boatmen, and other employees engaged on the river.

The Board employs 14 inspectors, river keepers, toll collectors, and lock keepers from Teddington to Battersea Bridge. Eighteen inspectors are employed on the River Purification service. A staff of 67 inspectors, lock keepers, and weir keepers is engaged in connection with the Upper River, from Cricklade to Teddington. Under the engineer is employed a large staff of officers and workmen, engaged in works of construction and maintenance of existing works.

LEE CONSERVANCY.

OFFICES: 12, FINSBURY CIRCUS, E.C.

Meetings: Every Friday Fortnight, at 2.30 p.m.

IN addition to the powers of maintaining the navigation, the Lee Conservancy Board is charged with the duty of preventing the pollution of the water of the river and its tributaries, extending over an area of about 600 square miles, The navigation from London to Hertford is 29 miles, with eighteen locks.

The tolls charged come to about £16,000 a year, and other rents and licences £1,500. Rents are received from the Metropolitan Water Board amounting to £8,000. The debt of the Board amounts to £185,932 4 per cent. Perpetual Debenture Stock, and £20,550 3½ per cent. Redeemable Debenture Stock.

In consequence of the pollution of the river by sewage from Tottenham, the Lee Purification Act of 1886 was passed, followed by the Tottenham and Wood Green Sewage Act of 1891, under the powers of which the London County Council now receives, in consideration of a certain payment, the whole of the sewage of Tottenham and district into the Metropolitan sewers. The same has also been done with the sewage of West Ham.

Chairman—R. B. Croft.

APPOINTED MEMBERS (10).

Bedfordshire County Council—Edwin Oakley.
Hertfordshire County Council—Richard Benyon Croft (Chairman).
Essex County Council—Christopher George Musgrave.
Middlesex County Council—Herbert Nield, M.P.
London County Council—William Wallace Bruce and the Earl of Essex.
Corporation of London—William Robert Pryke.
Corporation of West Ham—Richard White.
Metropolitan Water Board.—John Glass and Leslie William Spratt.

ELECTED MEMBERS (5).

Local Authorities in Hertfordshire—Edmund Broughton Barnard, M.P.
Essex—Frederic Chaplin Edwards.
Middlesex—William Delhi Cornish.
Hackney, Poplar, and Stepney—John Sheehan.
Barge-owners—Thomas Gardner.

OFFICERS.

Clerk of the Board—S. R. Hobday.
Assistant Clerk of the Board—Fredk. Dovey.
Engineer and Manager—C. N. Tween, M.I.C.E.
Chief Collector—A. Glass.
Consulting and Analytical Chemist—W. G. Young, F.I.C., F.C.S.

POLICE AND CRIME IN LONDON.

THE jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Police Force (which was established in 1829 to supersede the old "Charlies") extends over an area of 699·42 square miles, and includes all districts within a fifteen miles radius of Charing Cross, with the exception of the City of London, where a separate force is maintained. The mean rateable value of the police area for police purposes is nearly 51 millions (£50,959,879), but of the enormous actual value of property in charge of the police it is impossible to form any estimate. For administrative purposes the area is divided into twenty-one divisions, each being under the immediate charge of a superintendent, and the sub-divisions under that of inspectors. The supreme control of the force is vested in a Chief Commissioner (appointed by and acting under the control of the Home Office), who is assisted in his task by three Assistant Commissioners and five Chief Constables. The strength of the force at the beginning of 1907, was 32 superintendents, 556 inspectors, 2,325 sergeants, and 14,866 constables, giving a total of 17,779; but of these nearly 2,000 were retained by the Government for service at the dockyards, military stations, and other State establishments. Under the existing system 60 per cent. of the force available for duty in the streets is required for night duty. Nearly 300 mounted men patrol the more distant parts of the area, and assist in the inner divisions during processions and large meetings. A number of men, too, drawn principally from the Navy, are engaged in policeing the River Thames by means of boats and steam launches. The cost of maintaining this huge organisation is over a million and three-quarters sterling, and the revenue is derived from the proceeds of a 5*d.* rate (which in the year 1905 brought in £1,064,726) and from a Government grant equal to a 4*d.* rate. The pay of the force alone, including all ranks, was £1.483,676 Financial administration is under the control of a receiver, appointed by the Crown, who is responsible for the management and erection of police buildings, the making of contracts, and, in fact, all matters outside the preservation of law and order.

During 1905, 127,317 persons were apprehended in London by the police, but of these only 14,497 were charged with "principal" or serious offences. As regards felonies relating to property, the proportion of such crime to the population was 2·613 per 1,000, which shows a slight decrease as compared with the figures of the two previous years. The estimated value of the property stolen was £181,018, an increase of £17,142 on the previous year. There were 512 burglaries and 1,522 housebreakings during the year, booty being secured to the value of £25,810, of which £7,895 was recovered. The murders numbered 21, and in eleven cases the trials resulted in capital sentences being passed. The following tables set out the offences under their various heads:—

Indictable Offences.

Offence.	Arrests.	Discharged by magistrate.	Summarily convicted.	Convicted at trial.
1. Offences against the person, such as murder, manslaughter, assault, cruelty to children, &c.	741	192	6	390
2. Offences against property with violence, including burglary, robbery and assault, &c.	954	77	38	741
3. Offences against property without violence, including larceny, embezzlement, false pretences, fraud	11,912	2,491	7,315	1,744
4. Malicious injury to property	72	4	8	51
5. Forgery and offences against the currency	194	35	2	133
6. Other offences, including perjury, libel, attempted suicide, habitual drunkenness	949	463	351	117

Non-Indictable Offences.

Offence.	Arrests.	Summarily convicted.
Drunkenness, &c.	59,189	53,905
Adulteration of food and drugs	6	6
Assaults	7,217	5,137
Betting and gaming	341	280
Cruelty to children	95	78
Cruelty to animals	2,114	1,502
Offences against Elementary Education Acts	8	7
Offences against Labour Laws	8	8
Malicious damage to animals, trees, &c.	1,174	989
Offences against Merchant Shipping Act	23	18
Offences against Military and Naval Laws	1,695	1,530
Offences in parks and open spaces	280	264
Offences against Pawnbrokers' Acts	89	82
Offences against Police Regulations	18,430	14,436
Offences against the Poor-Law	2,975	2,584
Prevention of Crimes Acts	262	249
Prostitution	4,026	3,772
Offences in relation to railways	254	198
Offences against Revenue Laws	41	36
Offences against Stage and Hackney Carriage Regulations	5	2
Stealing animals, trees, fruit, &c.	569	431
Offences against Tramway Act	2	2
Offences against Vagrancy Acts	10,761	7,847
Offences against Highways Acts	551	422

The Licensing of Public Conveyances, &c.

In addition to ordinary police duties the police force is the authority for the licensing of public carriages, drivers and conductors, pedlars, chimney-sweeps, &c. During 1905, licences were issued in respect of the following vehicles:—

6,996	two-wheeled hackney carriages.	
3,935	four-wheeled ,, ,,	
19	,, ,, ,,	(mechanical power).
3,484	omnibuses (animal power).	
241	,, (mechanical power).	
786	tramcars (animal power).	
1,124	,, (mechanical power).	
16,585		

Amongst these vehicles there were 1,095 new carriages. Of the total number of omnibuses licensed during 1905, 241 were entirely prope led by mechanical power, as were also 1,124 tramway cars. An inspecting staff is regularly employed in visiting the premises of the proprietors of public vehicles. Hackney carriage standings provide for the accommodation of 7,024 carriages, irrespective of the accommodation provided in the City and at the railway stations. During 1905, licences were issued to 12,686 cab drivers, 8,643 stage drivers, and 10,084 conductors. Of these numbers 23 hackney drivers and 2,474 stage drivers were licensed to drive vehicles propelled by mechanical power. Convictions for drunkenness were obtained against 865 licensed hackney drivers. 1,358 of the drivers of public conveyances are over sixty years of age, and 264 are over seventy years.

Lost Property and Street Accidents.

An enormous amount of work is thrown upon the police by absent-minded passengers in public conveyances. During 1905, 57,820 articles (including 25,337 umbrellas, many purses containing over £10, bank-notes, and cases of jewellery and valuable dressing bags) were deposited at the Lost Property Office, and 26,770 of them were restored to their owners, the unclaimed residue being, after three months, returned to the drivers and conductors who deposited them with the police. The awards paid to drivers and conductors during 1905 amounted to £3,509 12s. 9½d., and included 13 payments of £5 each, five of £6, one of £7, four of £8, three of £10, one of £25, one of £30, and one of £100. Thousands of personal applications were made at the office during the year, and, as showing the efforts made by the police to trace lost property and to obtain the whereabouts of the owners of property recovered, 100,171 communications were sent out by the Department.

The police return relating to street accidents shows that 172 persons met their death by being knocked down by vehicles, while 11,688 received injuries more or less severe. 206 policemen were commended by the Commissioner for stopping or attempting to stop runaway horses.

METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE.

NEW SCOTLAND YARD, S.W.

Commissioner—Sir E. R. Henry, K.C.V.O., C.S.I., £2,000. *Private Secretary*—G. H. Edwards.

Assistant Commissioners — Sir A. C. Bruce, £1,350; Major E. F Wodehouse, £1,200; M. L. Macnaghten, £1,200.

Chief Clerk—C. L. Bathurst, £850

Surgeon-in-Chief — Clinton T. Dent, F.R.C.S., £800.

Clerk of Accounts—A. W. Hallward, £600.

Clerks—*1st Class*: W. H. Kendall, G. H. Gardner, £500 to £600.

Clerks—*1st Class* (*2nd Section*): F. H. Underwood, D. H. North, £400 to £500.

Staff Officers—B. T. Earle, S. Mylius, £300 to £400.

Clerks—*2nd Class* (*1st Section*): G. H. Edwards, H. Ravenscroft, C. Annesley, £300 to £360. (*2nd Section*): E. Napier, G. H. Atkinson, C. Macartney-Filgate, F. C. Barchard, M. B. Frere, Hon. Eric R. Thesiger, J. E. Simpson, H. A. Tripp, G. J. Ball, £90 to £300.

Solicitors to the Commissioner—Wontner and Sons.

Chief Constables—Lieut.-Col. B. J. A. Monsell, Captain G. H. Dean, F. S. Bullock, C.I.E., Major E. H. T. Parsons, Col. A. H. M. Edwards, C.B., M.V.O., £600 to £800.

Superintendent of the Executive and Statistical Branch—T. Moore.

Superintendents of the Criminal Investigation Department — F. Froest, F. Kirchner, P. Quinn, A. Leach.

Superintendent of Public Carriage Branch—A. Bassom.

Superintendents of Divisions—

A (WHITEHALL)—C. Wells.
B (CHELSEA)—A. Isaac.
C (ST. JAMES'S)—J. Mann.
D (MARYLEBONE)—H. Bantick.
E (HOLBORN)—T. Cole.
F (PADDINGTON)—D. McIntyre.
G (FINSBURY)—W. Hammond.
H (WHITECHAPEL)—J. Mulvany.
J (HACKNEY)—C. Pearn.
K (BOW)—J. Cameron,
L (LAMBETH)—H. Noviss.
M (SOUTHWARK)—D. Waters.
N (ISLINGTON)—W. Jenkins.
P (CAMBERWELL)—G. Carr.
R (GREENWICH)—O. Wakeford.
S (HAMPSTEAD)—T. Williams.
T (HAMMERSMITH)—J. Powell.
V (WANDSWORTH)—W. Robinson.
W (CLAPHAM)—C. Doyle.
X (KILBURN)—J. Olive.
Y (HIGHGATE)—L. Vedy.

THAMES — W. French. WOOLWICH—J. Devine. PORTSMOUTH—J. W. Carter, M.V.O. DEVONPORT—J. Last. CHATHAM—W. Smith. PEMBROKE DOCK — G. Dixon (*Chief Inspector*).

Police Force on 24th February, 1907—32 Superintendents, 556 Inspectors, 2,325 Sergeants, and 14,866 Constables. Total, 17,779. Horses, 306.

Office of the Receiver for the Metropolitan Police District.

Receiver — A. R. Pennefather, C.B., £1,200 to £1,500.

Chief Clerk—H. A. Everest, £650 to £800.

Clerks—*1st Class* (*1st Section*): M. H. Festing, £500 to £600. (*2nd Section*): J. P. Mann, F. J. Rose, £400 to £500. (*Accountant*): W. J. Wilby, £500 to £600.

Clerks—*2nd Class* (*1st Section*): G. H. Pryce, C. E. Gipps, E. Eraut, £360 to £400; A. E. Hall, B.A., G. H. Lufkin, £300 to £360. (*2nd Section*): A. Flower, H. de L. Anderson, H. H. Comyn, R. K. O'Neill, C. A. Palmer, £90 to £300.

Assistant Clerks—O. Bower, G. A. Bracey, W. T. Brattle, J. B. Reynolds, R. J. Hayward, D. McG. Guthrie, E. W. Petty, H. Day, E. Hennig, W. E. Taylor, R. B. Burgess, £70 to £190.

Solicitors—Ellis and Ellis, 5, Delahay-street, S.W.

Surveyor—J. Dixon Butler, £600 to £750.

2nd Surveyor—F. King, £360 to £500.

Assistant Surveyors—A. Howell, S. A. Braam, £210 to £300.

Clerks of the Works—N. Baker, T. Longstreeth, J. R. M'Intosh, J. S. Ham, £150 to £220.

Storekeeper—E. H. Hinson, £250 to £300.

Inspector of Clothing and Equipments—G. Burton, £275.

Draughtsmen—A. Hodges, A. Ferris, J. Tharp, C. Battie, £150 to £210.

THE CITY POLICE.

CHIEF OFFICE: 26, OLD JEWRY, E.C.

The City of London enjoys the distinction of possessing the only purely municipal police force in the country. The Corporation maintains a force of 1,001 men, comprising 48 inspectors of various grades, 86 sergeants, and 865 constables. The force is under the control of a Commissioner, who is appointed by the Corporation subject to the approval of the Sovereign. The total cost of the force is about £113,000 per annum, one-fourth of which is paid from the City's Cash, and the remainder by a rate of 5½d. on the assessable rental of the City. About 214 men are daily engaged in the task of regulating traffic.

Commissioner — Captain J. W. Nott Bower.

Assistant Commissioner—Captain D. Bremner.

Surgeon — F. Gordon Brown, M.R.C.S.

Receiver — John W. Carlyon-Hughes.

Superintendent of the Executive Department—Julius Fitzgerald.

Superintendent and Chief Clerk—Frank Francis.

Superintendent (Detective)—John Stark.

CENTRAL DISTRICT.

Cloak-lane and Moor-lane stations.

Chief Inspector—A. J. Nicholls.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

Snow-hill and Bridewell-place stations.

Chief Inspector—W. Marshall.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Bishopsgate and Minories stations.

Chief Inspector—D. Hayes.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.

OLD BAILEY, E.C.

THE Court has jurisdiction over all treasons, murders, felonies, and misdemeanours committed within the City of London and counties of London and Middlesex and certain portions of the counties of Essex, Kent, and Surrey. Offences committed on the high seas within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty Court are also tried at this court. The Justices in the Commission are the Lord Mayor of the City of London, the Lord Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of England, the Judges of his Majesty's

High Court of Justice, the Dean of the Arches, the Aldermen, Recorder, and Common Serjeant of the City of London, and the Judges of the City of London Court.

Clerk of the Court—H. K. Avory. *Deputy-Clerk*—H. A. Read.

COUNTY OF LONDON QUARTER SESSIONS.

ALL cases arising on the north side of the Thames are tried at the Sessions House, Clerkenwell Green; and cases on the south side at the Sessions House, Newington Causeway.

Chairman of the County Quarter Sessions—Robert Wallace, K.C.

Deputy-Chairman—R. Loveland-Loveland, K.C., D.L.

Clerk of Peace for the County of London—Sir Rich. Nicholson, F.S.A., Sessions House, Clerkenwell, E.C. and Sessions House, Newington, S.E.

Deputy—J. Dix, Sessions House, Clerkenwell, E.C., and Sessions House, Newington, S.E.

POLICE COURTS.

BOW STREET.

COVENT GARDEN.

Magistrates—Sir Albert de Rutzen, £1,800; R. H. B. Marsham, £1,500; E. N. F. Fenwick, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—H. P. Newton, £470 to £700.

CLERKENWELL.

KING'S CROSS ROAD.

Magistrates — J. R. W. Bros, £1,500; E. C. T. d'Eyncourt, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—O. Wheeler, £420 to £650.

GREENWICH AND WOOLWICH.

Magistrates — E. Baggallay, £1,500 A. H. Hutton, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—J. Nixon, £420 to £650.

GUILDHALL.

(CITY CORPORATION.)

Magistrate — An Alderman, in rotation.

Chief Clerk—H. G. Savill, £1,000.

Assistant Clerk—S. Richards, £650.

Cashier—J. H. Major, £250.

Clerk of Special Sessions—C. F. Monckton.

Assistant Clerk of Special Sessions—C. Fitch.

LAMBETH.

LOWER KENNINGTON LANE.

Magistrates — A. A. Hopkins, £1,500; C. K. Francis, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—T. C. Martin, £420 to £650.

MANSION HOUSE JUSTICE ROOM.

(CITY CORPORATION.)

Magistrate—The Lord Mayor, or one of the Aldermen.

Chief Clerk—C. G. Douglas, £1,150.

Assistant Clerk—J. G. Trotter, £650.

Cashier—R. A. Warren, £350.

MARLBOROUGH STREET.

Magistrates — G. G. Kennedy, £1,500; S. L. Denman, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—S. Savill, £420 to £650.

MARYLEBONE.

SEYMOUR PLACE.

Magistrates — A. C. Plowden, £1,500; G. Paul Taylor, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—W. Crow, £420 to £650.

NORTH LONDON.

STOKE NEWINGTON ROAD.

Magistrate — E. S. Fordham, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—F. G. Nott Bower, £420 to £650.

OLD STREET.

Magistrates—A. R. Cluer, £1,500; H. C. Biron, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—A. B. Halle, £420 to £650.

SOUTH-WESTERN.

LAVENDER HILL, S.W.

Magistrate—The Hon. J. de Grey, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—G. A. Bird, £420 to £650.

THAMES.

EAST ARBOUR STREET, STEPNEY.

Magistrates—F. Mead, £1,500; J. Dickinson, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—F. H. Glanville, £420 to £650.

TOWER BRIDGE.

BOROUGH HIGH STREET.

Magistrates—J. Rose, £1,500; C. M. Chapman, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—H. Nairn, £420 to £650.

WEST HAM.

WEST HAM LANE, STRATFORD.

Magistrate — R. A. Gillespie, £1,000.

Chief Clerk—W. H. Fowler, £900.

WEST LONDON.

VERNON ST., WEST KENSINGTON.

Magistrates—R. O. B. Lane, K.C., £1,500; E. W. Garrett, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—F. E. Lowris, LL.B., £420 to £650.

WESTMINSTER.

VINCENT SQUARE.

Magistrates—H. Curtis Bennett, £1,500; Horace Smith, £1,500.

Chief Clerk—H. Titterton, £420 to £650.

LONDON COUNTY COURTS.

OFFICE HOURS: DAILY, 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.: SATURDAYS, 10 A.M. TO 1 P.M.

BLOOMSBURY.

GREAT PORTLAND STREET, REGENT'S PARK, W.

*Judge**—F. H. Bacon, £1,500.

Registrar—E. Huelin.

High Bailiff—James Bacon.

BOW.

BOW ROAD, BOW, E.

*Judge**—His Honour Judge W. Cecil Smyly, K.C.

Registrar—F. W. R. Hore.

High Bailiff—C. J. R. Tijou.

BROMPTON.

17, WHITEHEAD'S GROVE, CHELSEA

*Judge**—Sir W. Lucius Selfe.

Registrar—E. K. Taylor.

High Bailiff—S. W. Merry.

CITY OF LONDON.

See "CITY CORPORATION."

CLERKENWELL.

33, DUNCAN TERRACE, ISLINGTON.

Judge—J. B. Edge, £1,500.

Registrar—B. U. Eddis.

High Bailiff—W. Y. Hucks.

GREENWICH.

BURNEY STREET, GREENWICH, S.E.

*Judge**—Wm. Willis, K.C., £1,500.

Registrar and High Bailiff—C. Pitt-Taylor.

LAMBETH.

CAMBERWELL NEW ROAD, S.E.

Judge—A. Emden, £1,500.

Registrar and Acting High Bailiff—W. B. Pritchard.

* Sits in other Courts; inclusive salary.

MARYLEBONE.

179, MARYLEBONE ROAD, N.W.

*Judge** — Sir W. Lucius Selfe, £1,500.

Registrar—James Curtis.

High Bailiff—J. S. Francis.

SHOREDITCH.

221, OLD STREET, E.C.

*Judge**—W. Cecil Smyly, K.C.

Registrar—E. E. Wickham.

High Bailiff—H. Grimsdall.

SOUTHWARK.

SWAN ST., TRINITY ST., BOROUGH.

*Judge**—W. Willis, K.C., £1,500.

Registrar—T. K. Bros.

High Bailiff—G. J. K. Richards.

WANDSWORTH.

SOUTH STREET.

*Judge** — Hon. Arthur Russell, £1,500.

Registrar and High Bailiff—W. A. Willoughby.

WESTMINSTER.

34, LINCOLN'S INN FIELDS, W.C.

Judge—R. Woodfall, £1,500.

Registrars—C. R. Cuff and C. E. Cuff.

High Bailiff—Stanley L. Giffard.

WHITECHAPEL.

GREAT PRESCOT STREET, E.

*Judge** — His Honour Judge Bacon, £1,500.

Registrar—M. R. Webb, J.P.

High Bailiff—F. White.

WOOLWICH.

TOWN HALL, WOOLWICH, S.E.

*Judge**—W. Willis, K.C., £1,500.

Registrar and High Bailiff—C. Pitt-Taylor.

* Sits in other Courts; inclusive Salary.

PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISIONS AND COURTS.

THERE are about 300 Justices of the Peace in London, and 17 Petty Sessional Divisions where courts are held by magistrates for the transaction of various business. Their duties are of various kinds—to license public-houses, beer-houses, refreshment-houses, billiard-rooms, to grant off-licences and game-licences. In most Divisions they hear summonses taken out under the following Acts:—Weights and Measures, Bread, Explosives, Infant Life Protection, Food and Drugs, Public Health, Industrial Schools, Metropolitan Local Management, and, in some cases, rate-summonses. They hear appeals under the Valuation Act, revise the Jury List, hear cases under the Lunacy Act, appoint overseers, etc. Probably in no two instances is the exact scope of business of the courts the same.

BLACKHEATH.

THE TOWN HALL, GREENWICH.

(OFFICES: 52, CROOM'S HILL, GREENWICH.)

Clerk—J. Batchelor, £533.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game, Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Revision of Jury Lists. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts.

FINSBURY.

SESSIONS HOUSE, CLERKENWELL.

(OFFICES: 23, GORDON STREET, GORDON SQUARE, W.C.)

Clerk—H. P. Bodkin, £496.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Game, Billiards. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Revision of Jury Lists. Paving Cases (Islington). Summonses:

Weights and Measures Act, Bread Act.

HAMPSTEAD.

IN THE HOLBORN PETTY SESSIONAL DIVISION.

POLICE STATION, ROSSLYN HILL

(OFFICES: TOWN HALL, HAVERSTOCK HILL, N.W.)

Clerk—H. E. Bridger.

Business Transacted.—Takes the same business as an ordinary Police Court for that portion of Hampstead north of St. Stephen's Parish Church. The licensing of Public-houses, &c., for Hampstead is carried out by the Justices sitting at Holborn.

HANOVER SQUARE.

ST. GEORGE'S (HANOVER SQUARE) HALL, MOUNT STREET, W.

(OFFICES: 7, SAVILE PLACE, W.)

Clerk—W. Hitchins.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game, Assessment Appeals, &c.

HOLBORN.

TOWN HALL, HOLBORN.

(OFFICES: 23, GORDON STREET, GORDON SQUARE, W.C.)

Clerk—W. Scadding, £236.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Revision of Jury Lists. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act.

KENSINGTON.

TOWN HALL, KENSINGTON.

(OFFICES: 159, HOLLAND ROAD.)

Clerk—J. Pearce, £600.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game, Refreshment-houses. Cases under Lunacy Acts. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act, Explosives Acts, Infant Life Protection Acts, Food and Drugs Acts, Public Health ('91) Acts, Metropolitan Local Management Acts, and Elementary Education Act.

NEWINGTON.

SESSIONS HOUSE, NEWINGTON CAUSEWAY.

(OFFICES: TOWN HALL CHAMBERS, BOROUGH, S.E.)

Clerk—G. C. Whiteley, £1,258.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game, Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Agricultural Rates Act. Revision of Jury Lists. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act.

PADDINGTON.

TOWN HALL, HARROW ROAD.

(OFFICES: SESSIONS HOUSE, CLERKENWELL.)

Clerk—E. W. Beal, £113.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Wine-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game, and occasional licences, The reduction of licences under the Compensation Provisions of the Act of 1904. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act 1869, and the Agricultural Rates Act, 1896. Revision of Jury Lists. Stopping up Highways under Michael Angelo Taylor's Act. Revising Parliamentary Polling Districts. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act.

ST. JAMES, WESTMINSTER.

VESTRY HALL, PICCADILLY.

(OFFICES: 17, CARLISLE STREET, SOHO SQUARE.)

Clerk—J. R. C. Rotton, £180.

Business Transacted.—Granting Licences for Public-houses, Beer-

houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game dealers. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Revision of Jury Lists.

ST. MARGARET, WESTMINSTER.

CAXTON HALL, CAXTON STREET.

(OFFICES: 23, ABINGDON STREET, WESTMINSTER.)

Clerk—L. H. Winckworth, £95.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game.

ST. MARYLEBONE.

TOWN HALL, MARYLEBONE LANE.

(OFFICES: TOWN HALL.)

Clerk—E. E. Greenwell.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act 1869. Revision of Jury Lists. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act, and General Rates.

ST. PANCRAS.

ST. PANCRAS TOWN HALL, PANCRAS ROAD, N.W.

(OFFICES: 23, GORDON STREET, GORDON SQUARE, W.C.)

Clerk—W. Scadding, £354.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Revision of Jury Lists. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act.

STOKE NEWINGTON.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH ROOMS, DEFOE ROAD.

(OFFICES: WALTHAM ABBEY.)

Clerk—H. Gough, £30.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Game. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Revision of Jury Lists.

STRAND.

WESTMINSTER CITY HALL, CHARING CROSS ROAD, W.C.

(OFFICES: 8, NEW INN, ALDWYCH, W.C.)

Clerk—C. Isaacson, £128.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Game, Billiards, Refreshment-houses. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Revision of Jury Lists.

TOWER.

SHOREDITCH TOWN HALL, OLD STREET, E.C.

(OFFICES: TOWER CHAMBERS, MOORGATE, E.C.)

Clerk—E. W. Beal, £1,201.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses. Wine-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game and occasional licences. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869, Agricultural Rates Act, 1896. Revision of Jury Lists. Stopping up Highways under Michael Angelo Taylor's Act. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act.

PETTY SESSIONS.

Summonses under the Elementary Education Acts are heard at Petty Sessions held at the Town Hall, Hackney, N.E.; Vestry Hall, St. George's, E.; Guardians offices, Mile End, E., Town Hall, Poplar, E.

WANDSWORTH.

COUNTY COURT, SOUTH STREET, WANDSWORTH.

(OFFICES: 64, EAST HILL.)

Clerk—H. N. Corsellis, £253.

Business Transacted.—Licensing: Public-houses, Beer-houses, Off-licences, Billiards, Game. Revision of Jury Lists. Appeals under Valuation (Metropolis) Act, 1869. Summonses: Weights and Measures Acts, Bread Act, Rates. Hearing, &c. Rate Summonses.

Other Central Services.

LONDON TRAMWAYS.

ALL legislation relating to the improvement of the transit facilities in London was "hung up" during the earlier part of the sitting of a Royal Commission, appointed in March, 1903. The Commissioners were :—Sir David M. Barbour, K.C.M.G. (chairman), Viscount Cobham, Lord Ribblesdale, Sir Joseph Dimsdale, M.P., Sir John Poynder Dickson-Poynder, M.P., Sir Robert T. Reid, M.P., Sir F. J. S. Hopwood (Permanent Secretary to the Board of Trade), Sir John Wolfe Barry, F.R.S., Sir S. C. Trout Bartley, M.P., Messrs. C. S. Murdoch, F. Schuster, and S. Gibb. The Secretary to the Commission is Mr. L. L. Macassey.

The terms of reference were as follows:—

> (*a*) To report as to the measures which they deem most effectual for the improvement . . . . by the development and inter-connection of railways and tramways on or below the surface, by increasing the facilities for other forms of mechanical locomotion by better provision for the organisation and regulation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic or otherwise; and
> (*b*) As to the desirability of establishing some authority or tribunal to which all schemes of railway or tramway construction of a local character should be referred, and the powers which it would be advisable to confer upon such a body.

The evidence before the Commission has been productive of the following facts :—

(1) The differences between the various authorities, and in some cases direct action by Parliament, are chiefly responsible for the poor tramway accommodation in London as compared with provincial towns.

(2) The powers of control by local authorities over railway companies should be considerably strengthened, and in all matters affecting public streets such control should be absolute.

(3) A transformation from residential to business occupation is rapidly going on in all districts adjacent to the city. This is resulting in the whole of the business population having to travel considerable distances; but unless the fares charged to the workmen are such as they can afford to pay they will endeavour to live near their employment, overcrowding and unhealthy surroundings resulting.

(4) The present evils arising from the continual breaking-up of streets are due in a large degree to the practice which has been adopted by Parliament in giving to private companies powers which, in effect, go behind legislation on this subject. No less than 42 different authorities, without taking into account all the tube railway companies and the borough councils, have statutory power to break up streets, and the restrictions regulating the exercise of such powers are very inconsistent.

The report of the Commission was issued towards the end of June, 1905. The Commissioners took into consideration not merely the County of

London but a "Greater London," 692 square miles in extent, and having at the 1901 census 6½ million inhabitants. For the purpose of relieving overcrowding in the central portion they indicate the necessity of means for taking the population in and out of London in many directions at rapid speed, frequent intervals, and cheap rates. What they suggest as an ideal scheme is the construction of railways in London for the purpose of long-distance urban traffic, and of railways radiating to the suburbs for purposes of suburban traffic, the railways in both urban and suburban localities being connected with tramways for short-distance distribution, the widening of existing and provision of new streets for local urban traffic, the regulation of street traffic to prevent or reduce congestion, and the provision of complete facilities for passenger interchange.

This section of the report is followed by the recommendation of a system of street improvements to be carried out upon a carefully thought-out plan, and the construction "forthwith" of certain main avenues 140ft. wide, first-class interval streets, 100ft. wide, second, third, and fourth-class streets, respectively 80, 60, and 40 or 50ft. wide.

In considering tramway facilities comment is made on the absence of through communication, but the Commissioners think that on suitable routes tramways will continue to be the most efficient and the cheapest means of street conveyance, and cannot recommend the postponement of tramway extension in London on the ground of any visible prospect of the supersession of tramways by motor omnibuses. Then they go on to say that they are so convinced of the urgent necessity for tramway accommodation in London that tramways should be laid down in several important thoroughfares not now served in this way. They even recommend surface tramways in the city where practicable, and emphasise the need of through-running powers over the various systems. They also urge the need of consolidating tramway and light railway legislation, and in order to be quit of the haphazard manner in which questions connected with the means of locomotion and transport in London have hitherto been dealt with, they recommend the establishment of a Traffic Board, as a permanent authority, possessed of special knowledge and experience, and giving continuous attention to all questions affecting locomotion and transport in London. Its most important function would be the preliminary examination before consideration by Parliament of Bills seeking statutory powers for the construction or extension of works affecting the means of locomotion and transport in Greater London. In making their concrete proposals the Commissioners had the assistance of an Advisory Board of Engineers.

The following were the views expressed by the London County Council regarding the proposed special tribunal :—

> That a permanent Tribunal be established -(*a*) to consider all tube and other railway schemes of a local character which may be proposed; (*b*) to consider and suggest alternative schemes, or extensions of such schemes, so as to bring all schemes into conformity with some uniform and comprehensive plan of transit throughout London; and (*c*) with power to issue Provisional Orders to be subject to confirmation by Parliament.
>
> That the Tribunal be empowered to insert clauses in Provisional Orders. That it be empowered, after an inquiry, and upon the application of a public authority or public authorities, to issue such Order or Orders revising the terms and conditions under which an undertaking is worked or requiring further facilities to

meet public requirements to be provided, and to submit such Order or Orders to Parliament for confirmation.

That the powers of the London County Council as the local tramway authority shall not come within the jurisdiction of the Tribunal; the Council being recognised as the sole authority for the construction of all tramways, whether surface or underground, in London, and retaining its present power to promote Bills dealing with the same without being obliged to obtain the consent of the road authorities to the introduction of such Bills.

Existing Tramways.

Of the 128½ miles of tramways now constructed in London, the London County Council owns 119 miles. On the north of the river 48 miles, till recently leased to the Metropolitan Electric Tramways, Limited, have now been taken over and are being worked by the Council. This northern system is now being converted to electric traction. The Council opened last year a short length of shallow underground tramway from the southern end of Aldwych to Southampton Row, with a connection to the northern system via Theobald's-road to the Angel, Islington, the whole section being electrified. South of the Thames the Council owns and works upwards of 50 miles. The first "over-bridge" trams were those from Victoria to various parts of South London, via the new Vauxhall Bridge. The bridge was opened in June, 1906, and the tramways some weeks later. Westminster Bridge was crossed by tramways for the first time by the public on 15th December, 1906, on the opening of the Embankment route. The City Corporation early in 1907 commenced the work of widening Blackfriars Bridge in order that it may carry the Council's tramways.

The Council's first electric tramcar was driven from Westminster Bridge to Tooting on 15th May, 1903, by the Prince of Wales.

The *cost* of the Westminster to Tooting lines was as follows:—

	Total.	Rate per mile.
Rails and road work	£224,020	£13,660
Cars (6·1 to the mile)	72,500	4,420
Power station and cables	74,000	4,510
Sub-stations	20,600	1,255
Car sheds and workshops	34,000	2,075
Incidentals, including consulting engineer's commission and proportion of salaries of Council's officers ...	15,000	915
	£440 120	£26,835

The principal contractors for this work were Messrs. J. G. White and Co., Limited, Messrs. Walter Scott, and Messrs. Dick, Kerr and Co., Limited.

Both double-deck cars on bogies, and single-deck cars are employed. "Top-covers" have been largely introduced. The total length of the cars varies from 30ft. to 33ft., according to the type. Each car holds about twenty-six or twenty-eight passengers seated inside, and about thirty-six or thirty-eight passengers seated on the roof, or fifty-six to sixty-four in all. Each car carries two independent motors of the geared type, one on each bogie, both motors being started and controlled from the front platform of the car. These motors are of 35 h.-p. each, sufficient to propel the car at a speed of twelve miles an hour.

Practically *all the lines in the county of London* have been acquired by the Council. The only exceptions are four miles belonging to the London

United Tramways Company, and the Harrow-road and Paddington lines, two miles in length, the lease of which expires in 1907.

Electric Traction.

About 51 route miles of the Council's tramways are worked by electricity, of which about 21 miles have been opened since 1st April, 1906, while about eight miles on the north of the Thames, and one mile on the south of the Thames are in course of electrification.

The electric lines on the Southern system consist of about 45¼ miles, and the lines opened since 1st April, 1906, both new and reconstructed tramways are as follows:—

	Miles.
Vauxhall Station, via Vauxhall Bridge and Vauxhall Bridge-road, to Victoria Station	1¼
Greenwich Terminus to Blackwall Tunnel	1
Greenwich Terminus, via Woolwich-road, to Tunnel Avenue	½
New Cross-road to Obelisk, Lewisham (opened 30th January, 1906)	1½
Obelisk, Lewisham, to Catford	1¾
Tooting, via Garratt-lane, to Wandsworth	2¾
Wandsworth, via York-road, Battersea Park-road, and Albert Embankment, to Westminster, including lines in Falcon-road to Clapham Junction, and in Lambeth-road to St. George's-circus	6
Camberwell-green, via Dog Kennel-hill, Grove-vale and Lordship-lane, to the Dulwich Library	2¼
Westminster, via Westminster Bridge and Victoria-embankment, to John Carpenter-street, near Blackfriars Bridge	1

The electric lines on the Northern system consist of about 5¾ miles, and are as follows:—

	Miles.
Aldwych, via the Tramway Subway, &c., to the Angel, Islington, opened in February, 1906	1¾
Angel, Islington, to Highbury Railway Station	1
Aldgate, via Commercial-road and East India Dock-road	3

The Council's electricity generating-station is situated on the river at East Greenwich. The first portion of the station, having a capacity of 14,000 kilowatts, was opened in May, 1906, and has enabled the use of certain temporary stations to be dispensed with. The erection and equipment of the second portion of the station, which will have a greater capacity, is now being proceeded with. Car-sheds for electric cars have been built at New Cross, Clapham, Camberwell, Streatham, and Wandsworth on the south side, and at Poplar and Stamford Hill on the north side of the Thames. Sub-stations have been erected at Elephant and Castle, Clapham, Brixton, New Cross, Camberwell, Greenwich, Streatham, Wandsworth, and Battersea on the south side of the Thames, while others have been or are being built at Limehouse, Shoreditch, Mildmay Park, and Holborn on the north side of the Thames. The electrification of extensive further lines is in contemplation.

What the Council has Done.

The effect of the ownership of London's tramways by London's Council has been to benefit not only the general body of ratepayers, but also the tramway employees. Both the services and the status of the workmen

have been improved. A brief enumeration of the advantages conferred upon London in both these directions is as follows:

(1) The relief of rates from the profits of the undertaking.
(2) The institution of all-night car services.
(3) The running of workmen's cars at reduced fares
(4) Reduced fares for ordinary passengers on many of the principal routes.
(5) The removal of advertisements from the windows of the cars.
(6) The institution of a ten-hours day (or sixty hours per week) for all tramway employees.
(7) The recognition of the principle of "one day's rest in seven."
(8) Increased wages for employees.
(9) Provision of uniforms for drivers and conductors.

Workmen's Wages.

The Tramways Department employs about 7,250 persons on weekly or daily wages, and a large number on yearly salaries or fixed wages. The regulators are paid 42*s.* to 44*s.* weekly, and the rates of pay to motormen, car-drivers and conductors are 4*s.* 9*d.* to 6*s.* 6*d.* per day. Each man is allowed a uniform coat, an overcoat, and two caps per year. The district inspectors are paid 45*s.* per week; the ticket inspectors 42*s.* per week; the night inspectors, 32*s.* to 45*s.*; the deputy night inspectors, 39*s.*; track cleaners, 25*s.*; trace boys, 14*s.* to 18*s.*; point shifters, 24*s.*; and shifters. 20*s.* to 25*s.*

Finances.

Southern System.—The capital expended upon the undertaking up to the 31st March, 1906, which then consisted of 53¾ miles, was £3,226,427 7*s*, 7*d*. The outstanding debt on the 31st March, 1906, amounted to £2,768,635 10*s*. 1*d*., the sum of £302,193 4*s*. 4*d*. having been repaid out of revenue.

	£	s.	d.
The total receipts on revenue account for the year amounted to ...	782,210	5	2
And the working expenses amounted to	561,755	17	2
Leaving a sum of	£220,454	8	0

to be carried to the nett revenue account as the profit on working.

The debt charges for the year amount to £174,863 14*s*. 4*d*., and in addition a sum of £270 16*s*. 8*d*. was written off the special outlay account (London, Camberwell and Dulwich lines). After meeting these charges, providing a sum of £8,000 for income tax, and transferring £35,000 to the renewals and reserve fund, there remained a net surplus of £2,319 17*s*. carried to the appropriation account.

Northern System.—The capital expended on the Northern system up to 31st March, 1906, was £1,118,166 3*s*. 3*d*., of which £239,259 16*s*. 1*d*. represents the expenditure in connection with electric traction. The outstanding debt on 31st March, 1906, amounted to £983,282 4*s*. 10*d*., the sum of £134,833 18*s*. 5*d*. having been repaid out of revenue.

Separate revenue accounts have been prepared for (*a*) the lines leased to the North Metropolitan Tramways Company, and the electric lines in Archway-road (⅝ mile), worked since December, 1905, by the Metropolitan Electric Tramways, Limited, under licence from the Council, and (*b*) the Aldwych-Angel electric lines (1¼ miles), which were opened on 24th February, 1906, and are worked by the Council.

As regards the lines not worked by the Council, the receipts by way of rent were as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
From the North Metropolitan Tramways Company	61,740	17	4
From the Metropolitan Electric Tramways, Limited	371	17	4
From tenants of property in Parkhurst-road	298	6	8
	£62,411	1	4
The expenditure, including £587 12s. 8d. for doubling lines and laying new crossovers, and £253 11s. 1d. in connection with assessment appeals, amounted to	1,458	17	7
Leaving a surplus balance of	£60,952	3	9

The debt charges for the year amounted to £35,695 9*s.* 6*d.*, leaving a surplus balance carried to Appropriation Account of £25,255 14*s.* 3*d.*

In the year 1904, when only the lines leased to the North Metropolitan Tramways Company were in operation, the gross surplus was £58,938 16*s.* 5*d.*, and the nett surplus £22,836 1*s.* 1*d.*

As regards the Aldwych-Angel line, which up to 31st March, 1906, was working for five weeks only, the receipts amounted to £2,393 11*s.* 4*d.*, and the working expenses to £2,075 19*s.* 10*d.*, leaving a surplus on working of £317 11*s.* 6*d.* The proportion of debt charges for the period amounted to £1,060, resulting in a net deficiency of £742 8*s.* 6*d.*

Mileage, &c.

The cars on the Southern tramways ran 15,578,793 miles, and the number of passengers carried amounted to 183,512,421, the division between horse and electric traction being as follows:—

	1903-4.	1904-5.	1905-6.
Horse traction	79,787,245	38,563,280	41,666,866
Electric traction	53,351,840	126,255,280	141,845,555
	133,139,085	164,818,560	183,512,421

The following tables show the total receipts, passengers carried, mileage, &c., as compared with the three previous years:—

Fare.	1902-1903.		1903-1904.		1904-1905.		1905-1906.	
	Passengers.	p.c.	Passengers.	p.c.	Passengers.	p.c.	Passengers.	p.c.
½d. ...	38,941,062 ...	36·00 ...	49,434,896 ...	37·13 ...	59,271,654 ...	35·97 ...	61,540,107 ...	33·53
1d. ...	55,111,157 ...	50·00 ...	64,310,117 ...	48·30 ...	77,630,645 ...	47·10 ...	89,003,363 ...	48·50
1½d. ...	9,384,133 ...	8·00 ...	11,336,303 ...	8·51 ...	15,036,988 ...	9·12 ...	16,696,824 ...	9·10
2d. ...	5,028,996 ...	5·00 ...	6,215,478 ...	4·67 ...	8,261,892 ...	5·01 ...	10,346,028 ...	5·64
2½d. ...	— ...	— ...	193,147 ...	0·15 ...	1,946,256 ...	1·18 ...	2,844,447 ...	1·55
3d. ...	1,150,149 ...	1·00 ...	1,649,144 ...	1·24 ...	2,671,125 ...	1·62 ...	3,081,661 ...	1·68
	109,615,496	100·00	133,139,085	100·00	164,818,560	100·00	183,512,421	100·00

	1902-1903.	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.
Total receipts	£444,698 ...	£536,239 ...	£682,095 ...	£782,210
Traffic receipts	425,895 ...	516,487 ...	663,922 ...	758,926
Passengers carried ...	109,615,496 ...	133,139,085 ...	164,818,560 ...	183,512,421
Mileage run	10,110,940 ...	11,536,534 ...	14,081,397 ...	15,578,793
Receipts per passenger	·93d. ...	·93d. ...	·97d. ...	·99d.
Total receipts per car-mile (horse)	10·55d. ...	10·51d. ...	10.19d. ...	10·91d.
Total receipts per car-mile (electric)	— ...	12·16d. ...	12·04d. ...	12·37d.

On the general account the capital expenditure on 31st March, 1906, amounted to £544,018 5*s.* 7*d.* for generating stations, &c. The expenses on revenue account and the debt charges on the capital expenditure, less


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miscellaneous receipts, leave a nett charge of £25,573 8*s.* to be carried to the appropriation account.

Capital expenditure of £85,399 4*s.* 1*d.*, £29,505 7*s.* 5*d.*, and £38,100, or a total of £153,004 11*s.* 6*d.*, has up to 31st March, 1906, been charged to the Southern tramways system, Northern system, and General Account respectively. Most of these improvements are not yet completed.

The appropriation account summarises the nett results for the year 1905-6, which compare with those of 1904-5 as follows:—

	1905-6. Surplus (+) or deficiency (−). £ s. d.	1904-5. Surplus (+) or deficiency (−). £ s. d.
Balance from previous year	+29,988 12 2	+18,565 0 7
Results—		
Southern system	+2,319 17 0	+7,054 9 10
Northern system—		
Leased and licensed lines ...	+25,256 14 3	+22,836 1 1
Aldwych-Angel line	−742 8 6	—
General account	−25,573 8 0	−18,466 19 4
Surplus balance carried	£31,249 6 11	£29,988 12 2

Financial Record.

The following is a financial record of the Council's tramways since their commencement:—

Year.	Balance brought forward.	Year's Results. Surplus (+) or Deficiency (−). South.	North.	General.	Total.	Total (incl'ding balance).	Carried to Relief of Rate.	Balance carried forward.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1894-5 ...	—	—	+ 1,121	—	+ 1,121	1,121	—	1,121
1895-6 ...	1,121	—	+ 2,659	—	+ 2,659	3,780	—	3,780
1896-7 ...	3,780	—	− 2,098	—	− 2,098	1,682	—	1,682
1897-8 ...	1,682	—	+ 69,526	—	+ 69,526	71,208	49,000	22,208
1898-9 ...	22,208	5,592*	− 14,781	—	− 9,189	13,019	—	13,019
1899-0 ...	13,019	+ 54,487†	+ 66,315	− 1,915	+ 119,247	132,266	110,592	21,674
1900-1 ...	21,674	+ 14,326	+ 40,152	− 6,936	+ 47,542	69,216	69,000	216
1901-2 ...	216	+ 9,062	+ 39,156	− 3,252	+ 44,966	45,182	45,000	182
1902-3 ...	182	− 2,251	+ 37,794	− 5,856	+ 29,687	29,869	20,000	9,869
1903-4 ...	9,869	− 8,283	+ 27,657	− 10,678	+ 8,696	18,565	—	18,565
1904-5 ...	18,565	+ 7,055	+ 22,836	− 18,467	+ 11,424	29,989	—	29,989
1905-6 ...	29,989	+ 2,320	+25,257 / − 743	− 25,573	+ 1,261	31,249	—	31,249
Totals		£82,308	£314,851	£72,677	£324,842	—	£293,592	—

* Proportion of profits of company's working from 10th April, 1897, to 31st December, 1898.
† Includes the three months to 31st March, 1899.

SUBURBAN TRAMWAYS.

With the provision of improved and increasing travelling facilities in the county of London, a notable development is taking place in the suburbs in connecting up the county with the outlying areas. Particularly notable is the activity on the Middlesex boundaries. There, in the early months of 1901, the London United Tramways Company

opened what was the first electric tramway in London. The line ran from Shepherd's Bush to Acton and Ealing. From the first it proved an unqualified success, and the company at once set about extending the system. It now has 37 miles of line in operation, but several extensions are under construction. Altogether it has authority to extend the length of its existing lines by 43 miles, but even this does not embrace the whole of its ambitions, as further important extensions are contemplated. The present position of the scheme is as follows:—

Lines in operation—	Miles.
Electric traction	53½
Horse ,,	1¾
Lines authorised	24
Total mileage	79¼

The London United lines commence at Shepherd's Bush, where the Central London Railway—more popularly known as the "Twopenny Tube"—has its terminus. The Metropolitan Railway, the District Railway, and the "Piccadilly and Brompton" Tube have stations at Hammersmith, where there is another terminus of the London United trams, and connecting up as they do the whole of the centre of London, including the City, with the tramway system, they naturally serve as feeders of great importance. By means of the systems passengers can now travel from the heart of the City right away to Ealing, Hanwell, Southall, and Uxbridge, to Chiswick, Brentford, and Hounslow, to Hampton Court and Kingston, and to Richmond and Kew, and over Kingston Bridge to Surbiton, Malden, Raynes Park, Wimbledon, and Tooting. Important extensions have been authorised, and when these are carried out, the lines will extend to Hanworth, Sunbury, Cranford, and Staines.

The power for the system is supplied from a generating station at Chiswick through sub-stations at Hounslow, Teddington, Hanwell, Hayes, Kingston, and Wimbledon. The power for the Surrey extension is supplied through the two last-named sub-stations from the generating station of the Underground Electric Railways Company at Chelsea. The cars hold 69 persons each, and are excellently appointed. The service is frequent and the fares are low, and the public appreciation of these combined advantages has been shown in a rapid development of traffic, especially in the morning and evening, on holidays, and on Saturdays and Sundays, when even the company's ample resources are fully employed in coping with the very large numbers of passengers.

Sir J. Clifton Robinson, M.I.E.E., A.I.C.E, is the managing director and engineer of the company, and it is very largely owing to his energy and his close attention alike to matters of general policy and matters of detail that the company finds itself in a very satisfactory position and the public with such a fine service of trams. The company has recently inaugurated with the District Railway and the Piccadilly Tube a system of through booking, by which passengers can travel from any part of the tramway system to any station on either of the two railways on the same ticket, which also gives a reduction on the price of two separate tickets.

The Position in North Middlesex.

The Middlesex County Council has effected agreements with companies for tramways and light railways purposes. The county has been divided at a point commencing on the east at a short distance to the south of Willesden Junction station, and terminating on the West at Uxbridge, Southwards the London United Tramways Company has unrestricted running powers until 1919, and northwards the light railways constructed by the Middlesex County Council have been leased to the Metropolitan Electric Tramways, Limited, upon terms, the chief of which are:—

The company to purchase the lines of the North Metropolitan Tramways Company, in the county of Middlesex; to reconstruct them for electric traction purposes; and to work them in connection with the light railways belonging to the County Council. The profits are to be appropriated as under:—

(*a*) In payment of interest at 6½ per cent. on the expenditure incurred by the company in the purchase, reconstruction, and electrical equipment of the tramways. Any sinking fund which the company may see fit to set apart to be provided out of the 6½ per cent. interest.

(*b*) The balance of the nett profits to be divided between the County Council and the company in the proportion of 45 per cent. to the County Council and 55 per cent. to the company.

The lease, expiring on 31st December, 1930, to include (*a*) all the County Council lines at present sanctioned by the Light Railway Commissioners; (*b*) lines applied for by the County Council in November, 1901; (*c*) lines applied for by the County Council in May, 1902; and (*d*) lines included in the Waltham Cross and Enfield Light Railway Order.

At 31st March, 1907, the Company was operating upwards of 17 miles of light railway constructed by the Middlesex County Council in connection with its own system, and another 10¼ miles were under construction by the Council.

In consideration of an extra five years' extension of lease the receipts from certain tramways in the northern part of the county owned by the North Metropolitan Electric Tramways, Limited, are pooled with the traffic receipts accruing from the Council's scheme, and in this connection the County Council will receive its full share of the nett profits from the tramways, which are yielding very good returns, although the traffic facilities are not so great at this stage as they will eventually be when the county scheme is fully completed.

HOUSING THE WORKING CLASSES.

THE central and local authorities of London, excluding the City Corporation, carry out their housing work under the provisions of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890. For administrative purposes this measure is divided into three parts.

Part I. places upon the London County Council the duty of preparing and carrying into effect (after sanction by the Local Government Board and Parliament) schemes for the improvement of insanitary areas which are of such a size as to be of general importance to the whole county. In any scheme it is essential that dwellings should be provided on the area dealt with for at least half the persons displaced.

Part II., by sections 32, 33, and 34, enables the borough councils to take proceedings before a magistrate for the closing and demolition of single houses which are unfit for human habitation. Sections 39 and 46 enable the borough councils and the County Council, either in conjunction or otherwise, to undertake schemes for the improvement of areas which are too small to be of general importance to the whole county. In any such scheme it is *not* essential that dwelling accommodation for the persons displaced should be provided. By section 38 the borough councils also have power to purchase and demolish obstructive buildings, *i.e.*, buildings which, by reason of their proximity to or contact with other buildings stop ventilation or prevent measures being carried out to remedy nuisance in respect of such other buildings.

Part III. enables the County Council to purchase by agreement, or (with the consent of the Local Government Board and Parliament) by compulsion, houses for the accommodation of persons of the working class, or land for the erection of such houses.

Besides the power which the borough councils have under the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, of obtaining closing and demolition orders against the owners of unhealthy houses, a power of obtaining closing orders only is also conferred upon them by the Public Health (London) Act, 1891.

The housing agitations of the last few years induced the Government to introduce and pass, in the Session of 1900, a Housing Amendment Act, the principal provisions of which, so far as they affect London, were:—

Power to all councils, except rural district councils, to purchase or acquire land *outside the areas of their jurisdictions* for the purposes of Part III. of the principal Act.

Powers to borough councils for the purpose of borrowing money under Part III. of the principal Act.

Powers to councils, with the consent of a Government Department, to lease land acquired for the purposes of Part III. of the principal Act.

Suggestions made by the London County Council and other bodies—(1) That the sinking fund period for buildings be extended from a maximum of 60 years to a maximum of 100 years, and (2) that land be reckoned as an asset against debt, *i.e.*, to exclude the value of land from the sinking fund—were not adopted. The question, however, was further

advanced by the report of the Select Committee on the repayment of loans (1903), and the report of the Joint Select Committee of both Houses on Standing Orders relating to houses occupied by persons of the labouring class.

Some of the conclusions arrived at by the two Select Committees were embodied in the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1903, the principal provisions of which are as follows:—

(a) *With regard to the Housing Act—*

(i) The extension of the maximum period for which money may be borrowed to 80 years. (Sec. 1.)

(ii) Provision for the transference by Order in Council of powers and duties under the Housing Acts from the Secretary of State to the Local Government Board. (Sec. 2.)

(iii) Power given to confirming authority after inquiry to order a local authority to make and carry out a scheme under Part I. or II. of the principal Act. (Sec. 4.)

(iv) Power given to acquire "neighbouring" lands under Part II. of the principal Act. (Sec. 7.)

(v) Power to the local authority to build shops on estates acquired under Part III. of the principal Act. (Sec. 11.)

(vi) "Contracting out" of provisions of Section 75 of the principal Act prohibited. (Sec. 12.)

(b) *With regard to re-Housing in connection with Improvements.* (*See Schedule.*)

(i) Substitution of "30 or more persons" for 20 houses, as the minimum amount of disturbance, necessitating a re-housing scheme, and undertakers prohibited from entering on any dwellings occupied by such persons without formal approval of scheme being first obtained, unless scheme decided to be unnecessary by confirming authority. (Para. 1.)

(ii.) Number of persons of working-classes displaced in previous five years to be considered when fixing number to be re-housed under a scheme. (Para. 2.)

(iii) Lands acquired under a housing scheme to be appropriated for the purpose of dwellings for the working-classes for a period of 25 years unless otherwise determined by the Local Government Board. (Para. 4.)

As regards the period allowed for the repayment of loans the extension to 80 years is confined to the cost of the sites, and does not apply to money borrowed for the erection of dwellings, which will, as hitherto, have to be repaid in 60 years.

1.—L.C.C. HOUSING.

The London County Council has from the first taken a prominent part in connection with the housing question in London, and the work developed to such an extent that in November, 1900, a Housing Department was formed to undertake the control and management of the working class dwellings provided by the Council. In February, 1901, Mr. Samuel George Burgess was appointed housing manager. Up to 31st March, 1906, accommodation for 33,853 persons, calculated on the basis of two persons per room, had been provided by the Council in 6,326 tenements of one to six rooms each in block dwellings and cottages, and 1,147 cubicles in lodging-houses. The gross rental value of the dwellings completed and opened was approximately £136,000 per annum.

Action Under Parts I. and II.

The London County Council has undertaken the following schemes under Parts I. and II. of the Act of 1890:—

PART I.

Name of Scheme.	Size of Areas.	No. displaced.	Obligation to rehouse.	Accommodation.		Estimated cost of scheme.
				Provided for.	Proposed for.	
Schemes completed.	Acres.	Persons	Persons	Persons.	Persons.	£
London (Boundary-street, Bethnal-green) Improvement Scheme, 1890	14·85	5,719	4,700	5,524	—	282,607
London (Churchway, St. Pancras) Improvement Scheme, 1895	1·98	1,095	580	832	—	34,502
London (Clare-market, Strand) Improvement Scheme, 1895 ...	5·23	3,172	2,250	2,286	—	69,554
London (Burford's-court, Tucker's-court and Favonia-street, Poplar) Improvement Scheme, 1899	·89	269	269	274	—	10,891
London (Nightingale-street, St. Marylebone) Improvement Scheme, 1899	·88	576	576	630	—	6,000*
Schemes in Progress.						
London (Garden-row, Roby-street, Baltic-street, and Honduras-street, St. Luke) Improvement Scheme, 1899 ...	2·62	1,193	1,193	496	720	144,850
London (Webber-row, and Wellington-place and King's Bench-walk, Southwark) Improvement Scheme, 1899 ...	5·16	997	903	—	1,130	152,950
London (Aylesbury-place, Clerkenwell, and Union-buildings, Holborn) Improvement Scheme, 1899	2·76	1,402	1,414	—	1,414	189,800
London (Providence-place, Poplar) Improvement Scheme, 1901.	·87	361	400	—	400	17,100

PART II.

Name of Scheme.	Size of Areas.	No. displaced.	Obligation to rehouse.	Accommodation provided for.	Total nett cost.*	Local contribution.
	Acres.	Persons	Persons	Persons.	£	£
London (Brooke's-market, Holborn) Improvement Scheme, 1891	0·54	55	60	60	5,072	3,000
London (Mill-lane, Deptford) Improvement Scheme, 1892 ...	1·98	715	550	946	9,166	10,478
London (Ann-street, Poplar) Improvement Scheme, 1893 ...	0·75	261	180	630	4,354	4,400
London (Falcon-court, Borough) Improvement Scheme, 1895 ...	1·49	824	500	680	34,747	7,750

* After deducting amount of local contribution.

Combined Action Under Part II.

The schemes that follow have been undertaken by local authorities, with contributions from the County Council, under Part II. of the Act:—

Name of Scheme.	Extent of displaced only.	Obligation to re-house.	Estimated nett cost.	Council's contribution.	Amount paid up to 31st March, 1905.
Schemes completed.	Persons.	Persons.	£	£	£
London (Green-street, Southwark) Improvement Scheme, 1891	128	72	£2,058	670	670
London (Gun-street, Southwark) Improvement Scheme, 1891	246	144	2,747	899	899
London (Queen Catherine-court, Ratcliff) Improvement Scheme, 1893	133	108	5,574	2,787	2,787
London (London-terrace, St. George-in-the-East) Improvement Scheme, 1893	100	Nil.	1,364	682	682
Schemes in Progress.					
London (Moira-place and Plumber's-place, Shoreditch) Improvement Scheme, 1893	533	520	52,221	27,500	27,500
London (Norfolk-square, Islington) Improvement Scheme, 1892	214	Nil.	6,748	4,000*	3,048
London (King John's-court, Limehouse) Improvement Scheme, 1897	49	56	16,300	8,150*	5,800
London (Fulford-street and Braddon-street, Rotherhithe) Improvement Scheme, 1897	736	980	29,120	14,560*	13,500
London (Brantome-place, St. Pancras) Improvement Scheme, 1896	719	896	16,940	One-half†	11,750
London (Prospect-terrace, St. Pancras) Improvement Scheme, 1896	581		11,273		
London (Chapel-grove, St. Pancras) Improvement Scheme, 1898, Amendment Scheme, 1901	501	400	32,970	One-third†	—
London (Eastnor-place, St. Pancras) Improvement Scheme, 1898, Amendment Scheme, 1901	189	100	9,224		
Total	4,129	3,156	£193,430	£87,890	£65,204

*One-half or sum not exceeding this amount. †Not fixed but proposed by Secretary of State.

Action Under Part III.

The extent of the Council's operations under Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, as extended by the Act of 1900, together with the position of the development of each estate up to 30th November, 1905, will be seen from the following table:—

Estate.	Area.	Accommodation provided for.	Accommodation in course of erection for	Accommodation to be provided for	Total accommodation for	Total estimated cost of land and buildings
	Ac.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Pers.	£
Dufferin-street dwellings, St. Luke...	—	174	—	—	174	6,615
Green-street and Gun-street dwellings, Southwark—Albury, Clandon, Merrow and Ripley buildings	½	418	—	—	418	24,935
Hughes Fields Estate, Deptford—Benbow and Raleigh buildings ...	¾	440	—	—	440	17,072
Millbank Estate, Westminster—Mulready-buildings	—	230	—	—	230	12,319
Southwark-street Estate, Holmwood-buildings	—	72	—	—	72	5,228
Bourne Estate (unappropriated portion)	—	69	—	—	69	—
Caledonian Estate, Holloway — Burns, Bruce, Knox, Scott, and Wallace buildings	2	—	1,388	—	1,388	73,896
Brixton-hill Estate, Lambeth — Briscoe-buildings	1	—	718	—	718	36,500
Wedmore-street Estate, Upper Holloway—Wessex-buildings ...	1¼	1,050	—	—	1,050	60,137
Norbury Estate, Croydon—Cottages	31	388	344	5,068	5,800	283,000
Totterdown Fields Estates, Tooting —Cottages	38½	4,815	298	3,319	8,432	400,238
White Hart-lane Estate, Wood Green—Cottages	225½	1,495	948	40,057	42,500	1,972,602
Old Oak Common-lane Estate, Hammersmith—Cottages	54	—	—	9,200	9,200	450,000
Total	354½	5,516	6,035	58,873	70,424	3,343,934

Especially since the passage of the Amendment Act of 1900 has the County Council been active under Part III. of the principal Housing Statute. This will be readily seen from the table which gives particulars of sites acquired for the purpose of Part III. of the Act, apart from any rehousing obligation.

The Tooting or Totterdown Fields Estate. — This estate, when completed, will provide accommodation for 8,432 persons in cottages of four classes, and the rentals vary from 6*s.* to 13*s.* per week. The total cost of the scheme is estimated at £400,238. It is being carried out in three sections, of which Section A contains about 9 acres, Section B about 14 acres, and Section C about 15 acres. The construction of the roads and sewers on Sections A and B has been completed, and 686 cottages, accommodating 4,815 persons, are in occupation. Of these

cottages, six are on section C. This Section will be developed at an early date, the roads and sewers having been completed,

The Norbury Estate.—An estate at Norbury was the first to be purchased by the Council under the provisions of the Act of 1900, which allowed operations to be conducted beyond the limits of the county boundary. The site is about 31 acres in extent, and lies about a quarter of a mile from the county boundary. It is the same distance from the station of the London, Brighton, and South Coast Railway, but the tramway service of the Croydon Corporation gives direct access to Thornton Heath and Croydon. It is estimated that accommodation for 5,800 persons can be provided on the estate. The roads and sewers on Sections A and B of the estate, consisting of about eight and eleven acres respectively, have already been formed. Five blocks containing 52 cottages with accommodation for 388 persons have been completed, and 43 additional cottages will shortly be finished.

The Wood Green and Tottenham Estate.—This estate, purchased under the provisions of the Act of 1900, is situated in the parishes of Tottenham, Wood Green, and Edmonton, and comprises altogether 225 acres. It consists of two detached portions, of which the larger, or southern portion, of about 178 acres, lies between Lordship-lane (which is a main thoroughfare from High-road, Tottenham, to Green-lanes, Wood Green) on the south, and White Hart-lane on the north, and the smaller, or northern portion, of about 47 acres, is some quarter of a mile distant, and is approached from White Hart-lane. It is estimated that accommodation for 42,500 persons in cottages and in tenements over shops can be provided on the estate. The cottages, which will be two storeys in height, will contain from three to five rooms each, and each will have its own garden. It is proposed to take advantage of the river Moselle, which runs through the eastern portion of the estate, and some slightly-rising ground upon its bank, which is difficult to build upon, to arrange a public garden of about two acres and a quarter, with the river flowing through it. Four other smaller gardens will be arranged on other parts of the site, which will help to preserve the healthiness of the estate. The northern portion of the estate is not yet ripe for development, and building operations are at present confined to the southern portion. Section A, consisting of about five acres, has already been developed by the erection of 141 cottages, providing accommodation for 1,006 persons. These cottages have been completed, and let. On Section B, which comprises about 15¼ acres, the roads and sewers have been constructed, and 60 cottages have been built. In 1903 the Council accepted a generous offer of £10,000, made by Sir Samuel Montagu, for the development of about 25 acres of the estate. The principal condition of the gift is that the tenancies in the cottages to be erected on the site are to be offered in the first instance, and from time to time as vacancies occur, to residents of Whitechapel of not less than three years' standing, without distinction of race or creed. On the Tower-gardens section, which has been allocated for the purpose of the gift, 122 cottages are now being built. It is estimated that 568 cottages and a large garden of about three acres can be provided on the section allocated for the purpose of the gift.

Wedmore-street, Upper Holloway.—A site has been purchased for £11,650, and blocks of dwellings containing accommodation for 1,050 persons, in five one-room tenements, 140 two-room tenements, and 80 three-room tenements, have been erected thereon. The buildings have been named Wessex Buildings.

Old Oak Common-lane Estate, Hammersmith.—The Council has purchased from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners a site of 54 acres of flat land at Old Oak Common-lane, Hammersmith, at the price of £550 per acre. It is proposed to develop the estate so as to provide for about 9,200 persons in 1,250 cottages of four different classes. According to the estimates of the cost of such a scheme, it would appear that the cottages could be let at reasonable rents, and that the nett income would be sufficient to enable the Council to pay the price of the land and to comply with all the financial requirements. A portion of the estate is required by the Great Western Railway Company for the purposes of constructing a branch line of railway, and the development of the estate has for this reason been delayed.

Caledonian Estate, Islington.—Purchased for £16,000, and dwellings for the accommodation of 1,388 persons in tenements of one to five rooms each have been provided.

Brixton-hill Site, Lambeth.—Purchased for £7,000, and will accommodate 718 persons in tenements of two, three, and four rooms each. The dwellings, which will be named Briscoe Buildings, are being erected.

Hughes Fields Surplus Lands, Deptford.—The Council has utilised three plots of surplus land acquired in connection with the Hughes Fields scheme (Part I.) by the erection of three blocks of working-class dwellings, named Drake, Raleigh, and Benbow Buildings. The three blocks contain accommodation for 660 persons.

The other schemes undertaken and completed by the Council under Part III. include the Millbank scheme; Green-street and Gun-street, Southwark; Murphy, Hunter, and Gardiner Buildings, Southwark; Cobham Buildings, Southwark; Sheridan, Beaumont, and Fletcher Buildings, Duke's-court, Drury-lane; Siddons and Stirling Buildings Russell-court, Drury-lane; Bourne Estate or Reid's Brewery site Holborn; and the Parker-street Lodging-house, Drury-lane; and Carrington House, Deptford.

In addition to schemes carried out by the Council under the Housing Acts, the Council also has to provide re-housing accommodation for persons of the working-class displaced by it in connection with the construction of tunnels and the widening of streets. The number of persons so displaced up to 31st March, 1906, was 10,988, and dwellings capable of re-housing 11,198 persons have been completed, the principal improvement and the number of persons provided for being as follow:—Blackwall Tunnel, 1,464; Kingsway and Aldwych, 3,090; Rotherhithe Tunnel, 1,610; Thames Embankment Extension and Westminster Improvements, 2,368; Long-lane and Tabard-street (Bermondsey), 400; Mare-street, Hackney, 606; York-road, Battersea-rise, Garratt-lane, and Merton-road, 556; Nine Elms lane, 238; and Greenwich Generating Station, 220.

LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL WORKING CLASS DWELLINGS AND LODGING HOUSES.

ANALYSIS OF ACCOUNTS FOR YEAR 1905-6.

1.—Dwellings opened for more than a year.

Dwellings.	Accommodation (persons).	Date of opening.	Net rental.	Expenditure. Maintenance and Management.	Expenditure. Interest and Sinking Fund charges.	Result of year's working. Surplus (+) Deficiency (−)	Unspent accumulations of Repairs and Renewals Fund on 31st March, 1906.	Accumulations of Sinking Fund to 31st March, 1906.	Aggregate Capital Expenditure to 31st March, 1906.
HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890.									
PART I.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brook-street dwellings ...	308	1894, 1900	1,024 2 6	479 10 0	615 5 3	− 70 12 9	308 9 6	1,517 13 4	17,114 0 9
Boundary-street estate ...	5,524	1895-1900	25,777 12 0	12,046 0 8	11,801 19 11	+ 1,929 11 5	5,591 4 9	22,798 14 7	337,536 6 0
Gold-smith's-row cottages ...	144	1895	458 14 3	207 19 3	291 3 11	− 40 8 11	228 2 10	852 17 10	8,128 8 11
Hughes-fields cottages ...	666	1895	1,742 9 5	859 7 11	1,409 1 2	− 525 19 8	1,368 8 8	4,257 13 4	39,476 1 1
Cable-street dwellings ...	800	1896, 1901	2,901 9 6	1,212 2 9	1,514 13 4	+ 174 13 5	993 18 3	3,164 3 3	41,252 8 7
Shelton-street dwellings ...	284	1896	1,526 16 0	557 11 4	891 8 9	+ 77 15 11	664 12 3	2,256 3 3	24,392 7 5
*Millbank estate ...	1.536	1899-1902	6,565 1 7	2,433 15 10	2,948 7 0	+ 1,182 18 9	1,850 7 6	3,046 4 8	82,466 19 4
Churchway dwellings ...	832	1901-2	3,841 7 0	1,427 19 0	1,749 19 11	+ 663 8 1	1,022 17 11	1,357 9 7	47,676 14 0
Hardy-cottages ...	306	1901	840 2 6	409 1 6	491 2 1	− 60 1 1	367 15 0	396 8 3	13,298 9 0
*Duke's-court dwellings ...	468	1902	1,792 6 3	680 8 10	858 19 2	+ 252 18 3	522 9 1	608 6 5	23,360 14 10
*Russell-court dwellings ...	293	1903	1,135 10 9	401 6 6	582 8 9	+ 151 15 6	204 7 5	250 11 10	15,950 6 6
*Preston's-road estate ...	269	1904	377 9 0	269 18 3	488 10 8	− 380 19 11	112 15 10	136 0 10	12,737 2 3
St. Luke's dwellings (Wenlake buildings) ...	496	1905	1,840 9 6	688 10 0	896 1 0	+ 255 18 6	175 4 6	108 9 9	24,534 0 5
PART II.									
Cranley buildings ...	60	1897	284 18 0	109 14 0	128 11 2	+ 46 12 10	102 18 8	238 11 11	3,767 8 10
Borough-road dwellings ...	400	1900	1,827 11 0	730 17 11	1,025 18 10	+ 70 14 3	485 18 4	1,244 7 0	29,014 4 1
Cobham buildings	278	1900	1,091 9 3	410 6 4	550 5 9	+ 120 17 2	316 13 4	567 4 11	15,107 1 5
Ann-street dwellings ...	630	1901-2	1,914 9 0	1,009 12 7	961 15 7	− 46 19 2	679 7 2	665 8 9	26,041 9 1
Sylva-cottages	144	1903	466 2 6	188 0 8	225 10 5	+ 52 11 5	114 1 7	108 19 8	6,053 7 7
PART III.									
Parker-street house	345	1893	3,302 15 2	2,341 1 10	950 13 10	+ 10 19 6	226 5 5	3,053 14 0	26,565 12 3
Carrington house	802	1903	4,967 14 5	3,768 11 1	2,097 0 8	− 897 17 4	857 7 2	895 19 6	57,085 9 1
Dufferin-street dwellings ...	174	1892	598 0 3	362 8 7	229 3 2	+ 6 8 6	6 4 3	885 0 4	6,614 10 11

* Proportion.

1.—Dwellings opened for more than a year—*continued.*

Dwellings.	Accommodation (persons).	Date of opening.	Net rental.	Expenditure. Maintenance and Management.	Expenditure. Interest and Sinking Fund charges.	Result of year's working. Surplus (+) Deficiency (−).	Unspent accumulations of Repairs and Renewals Fund on 31st March, 1906.	Accumulations of Sinking Fund to 31st March, 1906.	Aggregate Capital Expenditure to 31st March, 1906.
PART III—*continued.*			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Green-street and Gun-street dwellings ...	420	1897	1,720 13 0	660 8 6	870 6 5	+ 189 18 1	625 12 9	1,861 0 0	24,934 18 4
*Millbank estate ...	230	1899-1902	937 17 4	347 13 9	463 18 2	+ 126 5 5	272 14 9	479 3 0	12,318 12 5
Holmwood buildings ...	72	1900	367 10 0	178 16 10	182 11 2	+ 6 2 0	191 2 7	228 12 9	5,227 13 6
Totterdown-fields estate ...	3,740	1903-1905	6,432 7 0	2,479 5 10	3,689 10 5	+ 263 10 9	1,061 17 6	1,494 4 9	199,853 13 6
*Preston's-road estate ...	1,035	1904	1,509 16 0	1,079 13 2	1,474 3 5	− 1,044 0 7	451 3 11	450 18 11	38,648 2 3
Hughes-fields dwellings ...	440	1904	999 1 4	491 3 8	647 19 11	− 140 2 3	127 19 3	123 14 6	17,072 2 4
White Hart-lane estate (section A)	1,004	1904	1,739 12 9	684 19 5	1,409 18 6	− 355 5 2	274 9 10	276 8 2	40,528 8 6
Wessex buildings	1,050	1904-5	2,756 13 6	1,283 6 4	1,841 19 11	− 368 12 9	313 5 6	375 5 10	58,161 2 2
IMPROVEMENT ACTS.									
Battersea-bridge dwellings	286	1901	1,117 8 0	465 3 7	630 15 9	+ 21 8 8	271 16 2	502 1 4	17,054 7 8
Council buildings	238	1894	710 3 0	385 4 11	605 9 11	− 280 11 10	184 12 6	1,901 15 9	17,041 7 0
Westview, Armitage, and Collerston cottages ...	464	1894	1,259 6 9	568 17 5	1,190 7 8	− 499 18 4	329 15 10	3,705 9 5	33,456 4 2
Idenden cottages	400	1896	1,058 18 6	462 5 3	671 18 11	− 75 5 8	582 17 4	1,732 14 3	18,656 10 6
Cotton-street dwellings ...	360	1901	982 2 6	560 15 0	510 9 1	− 89 1 7	400 9 3	488 3 7	14,168 12 5
Barnaby buildings	400	1904	1,371 2 11	653 0 4	680 16 2	+ 37 6 5	134 14 2	137 14 11	17,806 4 10
Durham buildings	536	1904	947 8 0	585 11 6	1,024 19 7	− 663 3 1	165 6 2	302 16 6	27,001 9 5
*Duke's-court dwellings ...	152	1902	597 8 9	226 16 3	286 6 3	+ 84 6 3	174 2 11	202 15 5	7,786 18 3
*Russell-court dwellings ...	97	1903	378 10 3	133 15 6	192 11 5	+ 52 3 4	68 2 5	83 10 7	5,316 15 6
Herbrand-street dwellings	680	1904	2,719 11 6	988 14 1	1,256 15 11	+ 474 1 6	527 0 11	437 9 10	33,491 7 9
Bourne estate	2,640	1902-4	12,798 3 7	4,406 3 8	6,862 17 3	+ 1,529 2 8	1,810 1 4	2,590 5 3	186,131 14 3
*Millbank estate ...	2,664	1899-1902	11,254 8 4	4,172 4 4	5,113 10 10	+ 1,968 13 2	3,196 11 5	5,281 11 7	142,681 15 6
Swan-lane dwellings ...	1,270	1902-4	1,972 15 6	1,290 16 0	2,107 16 11	− 1,425 17 5	546 0 5	768 15 8	60,356 12 10
Brightlingsea buildings ...	340	1904	686 9 0	397 17 0	558 14 8	− 270 2 8	128 11 9	107 5 8	13,664 19 2
Darcy-buildings	190	1904	692 1 6	280 8 5	378 4 8	+ 33 8 5	88 3 2	87 12 11	9,701 0 7
*Hughes-fields dwellings ...	220	1904	499 10 8	245 11 10	323 19 10	− 70 1 0	63 19 7	61 17 3	8,536 1 2
						+ 2,478 9 0	27,737 10 0	72,088 10 10	1,867,569 16 4

* Proportion.

2.—Dwellings opened for less than a year.

Dwellings.	Accommodation (persons.)	Date of opening.	Net rental.	Expenditure. Maintenance and Management.	Expenditure. Interest and Sinking Fund charges.	Result of year's working. Surplus (+) Deficiency (−).	Unspent accumulations of Repairs and Renewals Fund on 31st March, 1906.	Accumulations of Sinking Fund to 31st March, 1906.	Aggregate Capital Expenditure to 31st March, 1906.
HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACT, 1890.									
PART III.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Norbury estate	68	1906	8 1 6	18 14 4	—	− 10 12 10	2 10 8	—	14,686 2 7
DWELLINGS (IMPROVEMENT ACTS).									
Valette buildings	416	1905	1,043 16 6	380 14 10	559 5 7	+ 103 16 1	87 15 2	62 18 5	21,159 11 3
Wandsworth-rd. dwellings	196	1905	745 19 0	282 13 4	373 17 7	+ 89 8 1	61 14 2	64 2 7	12,078 8 2
Total—Dwellings in occupation	34,357	—	121,583 6 6	54,304 19 11	64,617 6 3	+ 182 11 4 + 2,661 0 4	152 0 0 27,889 10 0	127 1 0 72,215 11 10	47,924 2 0 1,915,493 18 4
Interest on cash balances...	—	—	—	—	—	+ 685 16 3	—	—	—
						+ 3,346 16 7			

3.—Dwellings in course of erection.

Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890—Part I.		—	100 0 0	586 2 6	− 686 2 6	—	7 3 3	62,823 14 8
Part III.		—	—	1,459 3 10	− 1,459 3 10	—	31 6 0	77,200 1 0
Dwellings (Improvement Acts)...		—	100 0 0	629 14 5	− 729 14 5	—	8 1 2	46,605 0 5
Total—Dwellings in course of erection		—	200 0 0	2,675 0 9	− 2,875 0 9	—	46 10 5	186,628 16 1
Total—All dwellings		—	54,504 19 11	67,292 7 0	+ 471 15 10	27,889 10 0	72,262 2 3	2,102,122 14 5
Dividends (less expenses of investment) (Repairs and Renewals Account)		—	—	—	—	1,405 15 10	—	—

4.—Estates in Course of Development.

Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890—Part III.		1,262 5 4	714 15 2	8,545 17 11	− 7,998 7 9	—	6,249 1 9	203,308 11 7
Total for all dwellings and estates in course of development...		122,845 11 10	55,219 15 1	75,818 4 11	− 7,526 11 11	29,295 5 10	78,511 4 0	2,305,431 6 0

General Summary of the Work of the Committee up to 31st March, 1906.

	Number of Tenements of							Number of persons provided or to be provided for.	Number of persons displaced or to be displaced.	Estimated cost of buildings, including housing value of land.
	One Room.	Two Rooms.	Three Rooms.	Four Rooms.	Five Rooms.	Six Rooms.	Total.			
										£
Buildings already completed and occupied	*1,310	3,031	2,552	432	145	3	*7,483	33,853	...	1,857,519
Buildings in course of erection ...	†725	413	880	207	118	...	†2,343	10,577	...	574,142
Buildings for which plans are in course of preparation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52,634	...	2,517,281
Insanitary areas already dealt with	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	‡14,437	13,084	...
Insanitary areas now being dealt with	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	‡3,664	3,735	...
Street improvements and tunnels—										
Completed	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	‡11,198	10,988	...
In Progress	...	...	...	....	...	...	...	‡1,955	1,256	...
Totals	2,035	3,444	3,432	639	263	3	9,816	97,064	29,063	4,948,942

* Including 1,147 cubicles in two lodging houses for single men.
† Including 699 cubicles in a lodging house for single men.
‡ These are included in other divisions of this summary, and are therefore not included in the total.

II.—HOUSING IN THE CITY.

The City Corporation has not erected any artisans' dwellings under the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, but it has put up four blocks of dwellings, one under the provisions of the Artisans' and Labourers' Dwellings Act of 1875, one under the Holborn Valley Improvement Act, one under the Tower Bridge Act, and one voluntarily, the last-mentioned being paid for out of the City's fund.

The buildings erected under the Artisans' and Labourers' Dwellings Act are situated on a site in Stoney-lane, Middlesex-street, which was cleared between 1877-1879. The site covers 79,198ft., or nearly two acres, and five separate blocks of dwellings have been erected, at a total cost of £201,415, the plans being prepared by the late Mr. William Haywood, M.I.C.E., F.R.I.B.A. Each of the blocks is five storeys high, counting the ground floor, and altogether they contain 241 tenements—43 three-room tenements, 174 two-rooms, and 24 one-room. Under three of the blocks are 36 shops, with 34 rooms at the rear, and this brings the total number of habitable rooms, exclusive of the shops, up to 535. The rents are as follows:—Large shop, with one room, 28*s.* per week; shop, with two rooms, 25*s.*; small shop, with one room, 16*s.*; shop and basement, 13*s.*; small shop and basement, 10*s.*; three-room tenements, 8*s.* 6*d.* to 9*s.* per week; two-room tenements, from 6*s.* to 7*s.* 6*d.* per week; and one-room tenements, 4*s.* per week. The sums received by way of rentals in 1905 amounted to £5,930. Against this there was an expenditure of £5,124, including £2,588 interest on loan. There was thus a balance of £806 in favour of the account.

Of the two schemes referred to as being erected under special Acts, the Tower Bridge buildings are situated in Dockhead, and were taken on lease by the Corporation for 25 years. They are of the model dwelling style, and comprise basement, ground, and four floors. The area of the site is approximately 6,830 square feet, the buildings covering about 4,720 square feet. Excluding the shops on the ground floor, the dwellings consist of 70 rooms, divided into 31 suites of one, two, and three rooms, providing accommodation for about 30 families. The weekly rents range from 9*s.* 6*d.* to 3*s.* 6*d.* The total sum received by way of rents for the year 1905 amounted to £875 9*s.* 6*d.*, the outgoings for the same period totalling £1,100 10*s.* 9*d.*, leaving a deficit of £225 1*s.* 3*d.* to be made up from the funds of the Bridge House Estates. These are about the average figures. The Viaduct Buildings, erected under the Holborn Valley Improvement Act, stand on a site which, with a covered yard, is approximately 8,400 square feet. They are four floors high, including the ground floor, and contain 40 dwellings, each with parlour, scullery, w.c., &c., and one bedroom. The number of persons occupying the dwellings is 178. The total rentals for 1905 amounted to £784, the rents charged ranging from 8*s.* 6*d.* to 6*s.* per week.

The dwellings erected voluntarily by the Corporation are situated in Farringdon-road. They were built in 1865 at a cost of £54,568, and extended in 1880, at a cost of £5,199. The area of the site is about 26,800ft. super. The buildings are six floors high, including ground floor, and contain twelve shops, each with parlour, scullery, w.c., &c.. and two bedrooms; 84 dwellings, each with parlour, scullery, w.c., &c., and two bedrooms; and 84 dwellings, each with parlour, scullery, w.c., &c., and one bedroom. The total number of persons accommodated is 833. The rents

per set of rooms range from 4*s.* 6*d.* to 7*s.* 6*d.* per week, and the total rentals for 1905 amounted to £3,892.

III.—WHAT THE BOROUGH COUNCILS ARE DOING.

BATTERSEA.—The Council has adopted Part III. of the Act of 1890, and has built already, by direct labour, 28 five-roomed houses, 69 houses containing two three-roomed tenements each, 73 houses containing two four-roomed tenements each, one four-roomed house, and two three-roomed houses, on the Latchmere Estate, to accommodate 315 families of the working classes. Each house or tenement is self-contained, is wired for electric light, and is provided with patent combined kitchen range, copper, bath arrangements, and back garden. The rents are: Five-roomed houses, 11*s.* 6*d.* per week; Three-roomed tenements each, 7*s.* 6*d.* per week; Four-roomed tenements each, 10*s.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* per week. The 173 houses are divided into three distinct types, viz.: four-roomed tenements, three-roomed tenements, and five-roomed houses. The height of all rooms is 8ft. 9in. clear, and each tenement has its own separate entrance and back garden.

The Council has also built on the Town Hall Estate 14 houses containing two three-roomed tenements each, and 4 houses containing two two-roomed tenements each, and fitted up similarly to those on the Latchmere Estate to accommodate 36 families. Wood block flooring, however, is provided on the ground floors. The rents are: two-roomed tenements, 6*s.* 6*d.* per week; three-roomed tenements, 8*s.* 6*d.* per week.

BERMONDSEY. — The Borough Council, in pursuance of a scheme prepared under Part II. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, has erected four blocks of model dwellings capable of accommodating 980 persons in 490 rooms, made up of 25 one-room tenements, 165 two-room tenements, and 45 three-room tenements, on the site known as the Fulford-street and Braddon-street area, from the design of Messrs. Brocklesbury, Marchment and East, of 116, Jermyn-street, W., who were the successful competitors in the competition invited by the Council for the best design. The estimated cost of the erection of the buildings was £42,827, and the lowest tender was that of Messrs. Walter Lawrence and Son, of Canal Works, Waltham-cross, N., amounting to £40,960, which was accepted by the Council. Mr. John Slater, F.R.I.B.A., Vice-President of the Royal Institute of British Architects, adjudicated upon the competitive designs. Building operations were commenced in August, 1903, and the buildings were completed in July, 1905. All the tenements are let at rents as follow:—One-room tenement—3*s.* 6*d.* per week; two-room tenement — top floor, 5*s.* 6*d.*; first, second, and third floors, 5*s.* 9*d.*; ground floor, 6*s.*; three-room tenement — top floor, 7*s.* 6*d.*; first, second, and third floors, 7*s.* 9*d.*; ground floor, 8*s.* All with separate scullery, w.c., &c.

CAMBERWELL.—Two schemes are being carried out by the Council, one of which is particularly interesting. In the district known as the Hollington-street area, which contains approximately 571 houses, the Council has acquired or possesses an interest in 303, and receives the rack rents from nearly all of them, overhauling them and putting them into a thoroughly satisfactory condition, afterwards letting them at the same rents to about 800 tenants. It is calculated that the undertaking will be self-supporting if not

remunerative, and whilst preventing the increase of the rents of similar houses in the locality inhabited by the very poor, the frequent cleansing is effecting a marked improvement on the occupiers, and setting an example to adjoining owners. The Council has also widened the footways of Crown, Hollington, and Sultan streets, taken up the old York paving of the footways, and substituted asphalte, also asphalted the roadways, and planted trees along the footpaths. Beckett-street is now widened throughout by the demolition of some insanitary hovels and building to a new line of frontage. Bailey-street, a new 40ft. road, is nearly completed, and will open up the neighbourhood. The other scheme of the Council is at Grove-vale. There a plot of land, about 8 acres in extent, has been purchased for £5,400, after setting aside a proportion for public improvements. Ninety-five houses have been erected to accommodate about 183 tenements. The scheme is completed, and the total cost of the site and houses is over £60,000. This estate is quite self-supporting, after setting aside the liberal proportion for maintenance, as required by the London County Council.

CHELSEA. — In Pond-place the Council has acquired four blocks of three-storeyed dwellings (known as Onslow Dwellings), containing 108 tenements and housing 450 persons, to prevent the site being purchased for any other purpose than that of housing. There are 63 three-room tenements let at 5*s.* 6*d.* and 6*s.* per week, and 45 two-room tenements let at 4*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* per week. In Beaufort-street, near Battersea Bridge, the Council has erected artisans' dwellings, which consist of five blocks of six-storeyed houses, known as Sir Thomas More Buildings, and contain 261 tenements, capable of housing over 900 persons. In 1905-6 the Council erected Pond House upon the site of 21-23, Pond-place. This is a four-storeyed building, and contains eight two-room tenements and 24 three-room tenements, and is capable of housing 140 people. The rents are 7*s.* 6*d.* a week for two-room tenements, and 10*s.* and 9*s.* 6*d.* for three-room tenements.

HACKNEY.—The Housing of the Working Classes Acts have been adopted here; a scheme has been sanctioned by the Council for the erection of tenement dwellings in Urswick-road at an estimated cost of £21,000, and the plans are being prepared.

HAMMERSMITH. — Part III. of the Act (1890) has been adopted, and in November, 1903, three blocks of eight tenements for 24 families were opened in Yeldham-road, near the borough electricity works. There are 12 four-roomed and a similar number of three-roomed houses, the larger containing two bedrooms, living-room, scullery, and w.c. The rooms are lighted by electricity from the adjacent works. The buildings, the total cost of which was £5,500, were built on vacant land. The chief contractors were Messrs. Sims and Woods, Gray's Inn-road.

HAMPSTEAD.—Among the earliest acts of the new council was the adoption of Part III. of the Act (1890). A site was acquired at the corner of Lower Cross-road and Upper Park-road, and three blocks of dwellings, to accommodate about 250 persons, have been erected thereon. There are in all 42 tenements, viz:—10 four-roomed, 20 three-roomed, and 12 two-roomed. Each tenement is provided with a scullery containing a sink and a coal-bunker and a water-closet placed as far as possible from the living rooms with a ventilated lobby between. The

rents are:—four-roomed tenements 11*s.* 6*d.* per week; three-roomed tenements 9*s.* per week; two-roomed tenements 6*s.* 6*d.* and 6*s.* 9*d.*

LEWISHAM. — Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, has been adopted.

PADDINGTON.—Part III. of the Housing Act (1890) has been adopted, but nothing tangible has been done.

ST. MARYLEBONE.—Plans were prepared in 1901 by Mr. H. B. Measures, now Director of Barrack Construction for the War Office, for the carrying out of a housing scheme on a site in John-street. The site cost £7,000, but the London County Council sanctioned a loan of only £5,200. The Borough Council determined to go on with the scheme, although there will be a charge on the rates, and accepted a tender for £11,591 for the erection of the buildings, which comprise 18 one-room tenements, 24 two-room tenements, and 10 three-room tenements. The London County Council sanctioned a loan of £12,265 for the buildings on the condition that the Borough Council set aside £103 a year as a repairs fund. The buildings were completed in 1905. For the buildings there were very many more applicants than tenements. In the late autumn of 1902 the Improvements and Housing Committees submitted a much more important scheme, proposed to be carried out under Part II. It is in relation to an area known as the Devonshire-place area (comprising houses in Devonshire-place, Devonshire-street, and Salisbury-street). The London County Council considers that the area is not of sufficient importance to the county of London to be dealt with under the provisions of Part I., and that it should be dealt with under Part II. To avoid arbitration the Borough Council, on the 14th May, 1903, passed a resolution that itself deal with the improvement and reconstruction on the condition that the London County Council would pay half the nett cost. The latter body will co-operate in this scheme, but owing to various circumstances the scheme has not yet been proceeded with.

ST. PANCRAS.—There are two or three insanitary areas in St. Pancras, and the question of dealing with them has been under consideration for a number of years. The London County Council has cleared the area known as Churchway, and erected model dwellings thereon. The Borough Council under Part II., proposes to deal with four other areas—the Brantome-place, Prospect-terrace, Chapel-grove, and Eastnor-place areas. Brantome-place area, which included Crescent Mews North, has recently been demolished, and self-contained tenements are about to be erected thereon. Prospect-terrace area, which comprises Prospect-terrace, Derry-street, and Wellington-place, is about to be demolished. It is proposed to erect model dwellings in both areas, which will re-house 520 persons — 320 in Brantome-place and 200 in Prospect-terrace. This, however, will not re-house the whole of those displaced, and to provide for the surplus the Council has erected working-class dwellings in Great College-street. The site extends to 15,404ft., and the buildings accommodate 332 persons. There are three tenements of four rooms each, 48 sets of three rooms, two sets of two rooms, and two sets of one room. Each tenement is self-contained, having its own wash-house, copper, and sanitary conveniences, and a small covered balcony on which a dust-bin stands. The contract for the erection of the buildings amounted to £17,734, but to this must be

added the cost of the site—viz., £6,500. Model dwellings are also proposed to be constructed on Chapel-grove and Eastnor-place areas. In the first case accommodation will be provided for 400 persons in the place of 501, who will be displaced by the execution of the scheme, while in the latter case, 100 persons will be re-housed. 189 being displaced.

SHOREDITCH.—The Shoreditch Vestry cleared a large insanitary area in Moira-place, displacing 533 persons. Artisans' dwellings were erected in 1899, capable of rehousing 400 people in 25 tenements of two rooms and 50 tenements of three rooms each. Further blocks of dwellings, with shops, have been erected on the site, giving accommodation for another 148 persons. Under Part III. of the Act the Council has also purchased an estate at Haggerston, and intends developing it for housing purposes.

STEPNEY.—The Stepney Borough Council has now completed two schemes under Part II. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act. These schemes were inaugurated by the late Limehouse Board of Works, the sites being practically cleared before the Council came into existence. The first scheme—the Queen Catherine-court scheme—was prepared in 1891, and sanctioned by the Local Government Board at the end of 1893. The number of persons displaced was 133. The area of the whole site is about 9,000 super. feet, and a block of dwellings ("Edward Mann Buildings") has been erected on 6,000 super. feet, and the remainder of the site has been let as a store. These dwellings accommodate 128 persons. The Council has also purchased under the provisions of Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, seven private houses adjoining the area in Dorset-street and Brunswick-place, which the Council now lets as workmen's dwellings. The second scheme provided for the clearing of an insanitary area in Three Colt-street, Limehouse, known as King John's-court area. The area cleared consisted of 8,500 super. feet, and dwellings have been erected thereon, which accommodate 132 persons. This site was cleared under the provisions of Part II. of the Housing Act, but, as it was found that dwellings could be erected on the land to accommodate 132 persons instead of only 56 as provided by the scheme, the site was, with the sanction of the Local Government Board, appropriated by the Council for the purposes of Part III. of the Act. The cost of the erection of the dwellings, which are known as "Potter" Dwellings (named after a former mayor of the borough), was £5,974.

WESTMINSTER.—An extensive housing scheme has been carried out. The City of Westminster dwellings have been erected by the City Council upon a site purchased from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, with a frontage to Regency-street of 305 feet, to Page-street of 175 feet, and to Vincent-street of 228 feet, containing a superficial area of nearly 1½ acres. They consist of three parallel blocks, known as Norfolk House, Probyn House, and Jessel House, and are six storeys in height, including half-basement and attic storeys. There are two roadways, or playgrounds, 40 feet wide between the blocks, at the ends of which arcading has been constructed to connect the buildings, so as to form continuous and artistic frontages. The buildings house about 1,600 persons, there being 793 rooms divided into 342 tenements as follows:—44 one-room tenements weekly rents from 3*s.* to 4*s.* 3*d.* according to position; 159 two-room

tenements, 6*s.* to 7*s.*; 12 three-room tenements, 8*s.* 6*d.* to 9*s.* 6*d.*; 14 four-room tenements, 11*s.* 6*d.* to 12*s.* 6*d.* These rents include chimney-sweeping and the free use of Venetian blinds, baths and hot-water supplies, and drying-room. In considering the above rents, it should, perhaps, be noted that the cost of the land, as compared with that less centrally situated in the Metropolitan area, although appreciably lower than market value, was extremely high, whilst the refusal of the Treasury to allow a longer period than 60 years for the recoupment of outlay on buildings of this character has necessitated a higher charge than would otherwise have been practicable. But the rents charged are considerably under those ruling in the neighbourhood for tenements with rooms of a much smaller area and not nearly so well fitted up with cupboards and other conveniences. In order that the rents should be as low as possible, the one, two, and three room tenements have been built on the "associated" principle, *i.e.*, the sanitary accommodation and laundries are shared by the tenants, on each floor; but the four-room tenements are self-contained, each having a separate scullery and w.c. The living rooms have an average area of 154 feet. The bedrooms of the two-roomed tenements have an average area of 113 feet; the two bedrooms of the three-roomed tenements an area of 124 feet and 98 feet; the three bedrooms of the four-roomed tenements an area of 110 feet, 98 feet, and 94 feet respectively. The cost of the land and buildings has been approximately £95,000, or about £5,000 less than the architects' original estimate, and the rents have been adjusted to a scale that will, after providing for a sinking fund to repay the total outlay on the buildings in 60 years and on the land in 80 years, give a net return on the expenditure of 3¾ per cent. per annum. The scheme is therefore self-supporting, ample provision having been made for all outgoings. The dwellings are occupied only by members of the working classes principally employed, at limited wages, within the City of Westminster.

In July, 1906, there were opened the City of Westminster Buildings, Marshall-street, Golden-square, W. The building is five storeys in height, and contains 10 three-room tenements and 10 two-room tenements—a total of 20 tenements, containing 50 rooms, which will house about 100 persons. The rents are—three-room tenements, 11*s.* to 11*s.* 6*d.* per week; two-room tenements, 8*s.* to 8*s.* 6*d.* per week; and they include chimney sweeping and the free use of venetian blinds. Compared with the Regency-street Dwellings, these rents are somewhat higher, owing to the increased value of the land. The cost of the buildings is about £4,600, and the rents have been adjusted to a scale that will, after providing for a sinking fund to repay total outlay on the buildings in 60 years, give a nett return on the expenditure of about 3¼ per cent. per annum.

WOOLWICH.—Twenty-five cottage dwellings have been erected by the Council in Bargehouse-road and the Manor-way, North Woolwich, under the provisions of Part III. of the 1890 Housing Act. The whole scheme has cost £8,481 7*s.* 9*d.*, exclusive of the site, which was previously in the possession of the Council. Each building contains a large living room, with a scullery at the rear on the ground-floor, and three good-sized bedrooms upstairs. There are two houses at 11*s.* per week (also containing a bath-room), seven at 10*s.*, nine at 8*s.* 6*d.*, and seven at 8*s.*

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METROPOLITAN WATER BOARD.

THE Metropolitan Water Board, which was created by the Metropolis Water Act, passed December 18, 1902, held its first meeting on April 2, 1903. The offices of the Board are at Savoy Court, Strand, W.C., and it meets on alternate Fridays at the offices of the Metropolitan Asylums Board, Embankment, E.C. The chairman of the Board is Sir R. Melvill Beachcroft, L.C.C., and the vice-chairman, Mr. John Glass. The clerk is Mr. A. B. Pilling, who was formerly Town Clerk of Devonport.

On October 26, 1903, the arbitrators appointed under the Act, Sir Edward Fry (President), Sir Hugh Owen, and Sir J. Wolfe Barry, commenced their investigations into the claims made by the Water Companies for the purchase of their undertakings. The following table shows (1) the amounts claimed at the arbitration by the various companies; (2) the amount of the awards in cash; (3) the debentures taken over by the Board on the appointed day:—

Company.	Amount of Claim. (1)	Amount of Award in Cash. (2)	Debentures on appointed day. (3)
	£	£	£
East London	7,204,144	3,900,000	2,251,166
New River	13,260,144	5,967,123*	2,758,000
Grand Junction	4,830,000	3,349,500	500,250
West Middlesex	4,200,240	3,524,000	772,000
Lambeth	5,511,342	4,301,000†	1,045,753
Southwark and Vauxhall ...	5,674,140	3,603,000	2,487,982
Chelsea	4,750,000	3,305,700	249,217
Kent	3,715,614	2,712,000	333,880
Staines Reservoirs Joint Committees	—	—	1,226,700
5 per cent. on claims other than New River Company‡	49,145,624 1,793,574	—	—
Total	£50,939,198	£30,662,323	£11,624,948

* NOTE.—The award in the case of the New River Company amounts to £6,534,000 Water Stock, but the figure of £5,957,123 is the cash equivalent, taking as the basis o calculation the price at which the agreement to take stock in lieu of cash was arrived at with the other companies.

† NOTE.—Under the Award the Lambeth Company had to pay the Board the sum of £42,678 in respect of the repair of a culvert.

‡ NOTE.—Except in the case of the New River Company, each of the companies claimed in addition a sum equal to 5 per cent. of its claim, or the amount of the Award for possible loss of interest pending re-investment and for the costs of re-investment. In each of such cases, the Award included a certain amount in respect of this claim.

The Board is composed of representatives nominated by the constituent authorities of the water area, as follows :—

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

Name of Member.	Constituent Authority.	Address.
Anderson, F. B.	Southwark Boro' Council...	"Dornington," Sandford-rd., Bromley, Kent.
Baker, Charles E. ...	Bromley Borough Council and Beckenham, Chislehurst, Penge, Bexley, Dartford, Erith, and Foots Cray Urban District Councils	54, Parliament-street, S.W., and Park Hill Lodge, Shortlands.
Barnard, E. B., M.P. ...	Hertfordshire County Council	The Fair Green House, Sawbridgeworth, Herts.
Beachcroft, Sir R. Melvill	London County Council ...	24, Palace-court, W.
Beaton, R. M., M.B., J.P.	London County Council ...	9, Dartmouth Park-avenue, N.W.
Bethell, Alfred	East Ham Borough Council	Inns of Court Hotel, High Holborn, W.C.
Bradford, H. W., J.P. ...	Westminster City Council...	86, Eccleston-square, S.W.
Burt, Charles, J.P. ...	Surrey County Council ...	Hill Side House, Richmond, Surrey.
Chamberlen, Thomas, J.P.	Hammersmith Borough Council	182, Hammersmith - road, Hammersmith, W.
Cole, E. G.	Hornsey Borough and Wood Green Urban District Councils	Glencairn, 82, Pellatt-grove, Wood Green, Middlesex.
Colvile, Lieut. - Colonel Charles F.	Royal Borough of Kensington Council	45, Emperor's Gate, South Kensington, S.W.
Courthope, G. J.	Kent County Council ...	"Whiligh," Wadhurst Station-road, S.O., Sussex.
Croft, Richard B. ...	Lee Conservancy Board ...	Fanhams Hall, Ware.
Dew, George	London County Council ...	264, Milkwood-rd., Herne-hill
Doll, C. FitzRoy, F.R.I.B.A., F.S.I.	Holborn Borough Council...	5, Southampton-st., Bloomsbury, W.C.
Easton, E. G.	Fulham Borough Council ...	38, Edith-road, West Kensington, W.
Elliott, G. S.	Islington Borough Council..	14, Upper-street, Islington, N.
Emden, T. W. L., J.P. ...	Westminster City Council...	2, Lancaster-place, Strand, W.C.
Gates, E. J. P.	Shoreditch Boro' Council...	"Ranelagh," 222, Willesden-lane, N.W.
Glanville, H. J.	London County Council ...	Tresillian House, St. Margaret's-rd., Brockley, S.E.
Glass, John...	Stoke Newington Borough Council.	4, Lordship Park, Stoke Newington, N.
Goodman, W.	London County Council ...	"Grasmere," St. Peter's-rd., St. Margaret's-on-Thames.
Harris, C. T., J.P.,... ...	Common Council of the City of London.	Holly Lodge, Denmark Hill, S.E.
Hearson, C. E.	Camberwell Borough Council	5, Templar-street, Camberwell, S.E.
Hickling, George, J.P. ...	St. Pancras Borough Council	16, Willes-road, Kentish Town, N.W.
Howes, Enos	Finsbury Borough Council	60, Tabernacle-street, E.C.
Huggett, E. P., J.P. ...	Middlesex County Council.	91, Philip-lane, South Tottenham, N.
Johnson, Edward	Lambeth Borough Council	49, Gresham-road, Brixton-road, S.W.
Karslake, J. B. P. ...	Paddington Borough Council	11, Southwick-crescent, W.
Kettle, John, J.P. ...	West Ham County Borough Council	58, Woodgrange-road, Forest Gate, E.
King, Arthur W. W., J.P.	Ealing Borough Council and Acton and Chiswick Urban District Councils	"Oulart," South Parade, Bedford Park, W.

Name of Member.	Constituent Authority.	Address.
Langman, Wm.	Essex County Council ...	Hanover House, Woodford Wells, Essex.
Latham, A. M.	Chelsea Borough Council ...	7, Cheyne Gardens, Chelsea.
Lawton, J. H. S.	Brentford, Hampton, Hampton Wick, Hanwell, Heston and Isleworth, Sunbury, Teddington, and Twickenham Urban District Councils	7, Holmesdale-road. Kew, Surrey.
Layman, Arthur	Bermondsey Boro' Council	115, Pepys-road, New Cross.
Lea-Smith, John	St. Marylebone Borough Council	41, Bryanston-square, W.
Lidiard, John	Wandsworth Borough Council	Guildford House, 4, Elms-road, Clapham, S.W.
Lyne, Thomas, J.P. ...	Kingston Borough Council, and East and West Molesey, Esher and the Dittons, Ham, Surbiton, Barnes, the Maldens and Coombe Urban District Councils, and Wimbledon Borough Council	"Oakdene," Richmond-road, Kingston-on-Thames.
Malone, P. B., J.P. ...	Tottenham Urban District Council	Belmont House, Harringay road, Harringay, N.
Mann, Sir E., Bart., J.P..	Stepney Borough Council...	Thelveton Hall, Scole, Norfolk.
McDougall, Sir John ...	London County Council ...	Clifton House, Greenwich Park, S.E.
Musgrave, C. G., J.P. ...	Leyton Urban District Council	"Mosborough," Lemna-road, Leytonstone, E.
Parkinson. W. C. . .	London County Council ...	Carleton House, Hillfield-avenue, Hornsey, N.
Pickersgill, E. H., M.P....	Bethnal Green Borough Council	2, Essex Court, Temple, E.C.
Pinkham, Charles, J.P....	Willesden Urban District Council	7, Winchester-avenue, Brondesbury, N.W.
Pritchard, C. Fleetwood..	Hampstead Boro' Council ..	3, Temple Gardens, Temple.
Reynolds, W. H.	Deptford Borough Council..	"The Lillies," Woodside, S.E.
Retton, Lieut.-Col. A. ...	London County Council ...	51, Onslow Gardens, S.W.
Russell, H. W.	Thames Conservancy ...	Olney Lodge, Furze Platt, Maidenhead.
Sanders, John H.	Edmonton, Enfield, and Southgate Urban District Councils	Cedar House, Essex - road Enfield.
Sheehan, J....	Hackney Borough Council.	110, Mortimer-road, Kingsland, N.
Spratt, Leslie W., J.P. ...	West Ham County Borough Council	Tylney House, Eagle-lane, Snaresbrook.
Strong, Sir T. Vezey ...	Common Council of the City of London	196, Upper Thames-street E.C.
Syer, H. S.	Woolwich Borough Council	45, Plumstead Common-road. Plumstead.
Taylor, H. R.	London County Council ...	40, Caulfield-road, Peckham.
Thompson, W. W. ...	London County Council ...	24, Argyll-road, Kensington.
Tozer, A. H.	Buckhurst Hill, Chingford, Loughton, Waltham Holy Cross, Wanstead, and Woodford U. D. Councils.	84, Fenchurch-street, E.C.
Ward, Henry	London County Council ...	Toynbee Hall, Commercial-street, E.
Warmington, G. S., J.P. .	Lewisham Borough Council	146, Burnt Ash-hill, Lee.
Watts, William	Battersea Borough Council.	45, Kyrle-rd., Battersea, S.W.
Welby, the Right Hon. the Lord, G.C.B.	London County Council ...	11, Stratton - street, Piccadilly, W.
White, Edward, J.P. ...	London County Council ...	20, Upper Berkeley-street, W.
White, P. A.	Poplar Borough Council ...	40, Brunswick-rd., Bromley. E
Wilkinson, C. T.	Walthamstow Urban District Council	293, Hoe - street, Walthamstow, E.

LIST OF COMMITTEES.

As at 31st March, 1906.

NOTE.—The Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Board are *ex-officio* Members of all Committees and Sub-Committees; and the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of a Committee are also *ex-officio* Members of all Sub-Committees appointed by that Committee.

Appeal and Assessment Committee.

(12 Members.)

Chairman—G. S. Elliott.
Vice-Chairman—C. G. Musgrave.
Members of Committee—E. B. Barnard, M.P., H. W. Bradford, J.P., Charles Burt, J.P., Thos. Chamberlen, J.P., E. G. Cole, W. Goodman, Arthur Layman, Frederick Redman, W. W. Thompson, P. A. White.

Finance Committee.

(12 Members.)

Chairman—Lord Welby, G.C.B.
Vice-Chairman—C. Fleetwood Pritchard
Members of Committee—T. Chamberlen, J.P., Lieut.-Col. C. F. Colvile, C. T. Harris, E. P. Huggett, J.P., W. Langman, J. Lea-Smith, Sir John McDougall, C. B. Malone, J.P., C. T. Wilkinson. (One vacancy.)

General Purposes Committee.

(16 Members.)

Chairman—C. G. Musgrave, J.P. (Appeal and Assessment Committee).
Vice-Chairman—A. H. Tozer.
Members of Committee—E. B. Barnard, J.P. (Works and Stores Committee), A. Bethell (Water Examination Committee), H. J. Butter, T. Chamberlen, J.P. (Finance Committee), E. G. Cole (Appeal and Assessment Committee), J. B. P. Karslake (Law and Parliamentary Committee), J. Kettle, J.P., John Lidiard, Sir Edward Mann, Bart., E. H. Pickersgill (Law and Parliamentary Committee), Lieut.-Col. A. Rotton, Leslie W. Spratt, J.P. (Water Examination Committee), Lord Welby, G.C.B. (Finance Committee); Edward White, J.P. (Works and Stores Committee).

Law and Parliamentary Committee.

(12 Members.)

Chairman—J. B. P. Karslake.
Vice-Chairman—A. M. Latham.
Members of Committee—C. E. Baker, I. H. Benn, H. W. Bradford, J.P., Charles Burt, J.P., A. W. W. King, J.P., E. H. Pickersgill, M.P., T. M. Richards, LL.B., W. R. Sayer, G. S. Warmington, J.P., (One vacancy.)

Water Examination Committee.

(7 Members.)

Chairman—Dr. R. M. Beaton, J.P.
Vice-Chairman—C. E. Hearson.
Members of Committee—Barnard, E. B. M.P., Bethell, A., Butter, H. J., Spratt, Leslie, W., J.P., White, P. A.

Works and Stores Committee.

(27 Members.)

Chairman—E. B. Barnard, M.P.
Vice-Chairman—Edward White, M.P.
Members of Committee—T. Chamberlen, J.P., E. G. Cole, R. B. Croft, C. FitzRoy Doll, F.R.I.B.A., F.S.I., G. S. Elliott, J.P., C. E. Hearson, Enos Howes, J.P., A. W. W. King, J.P., J. H. S. Lawton, John Lea-Smith, J. Lidiard, Thomas Lyne, J.P., P. B. Malone, J.P., C. G. Musgrave, J.P., Chas. Pinkham, J.P., W. H. Reynolds, J. H. Sanders, H. T. Sawell, J. Sheehan, A. H. Tozer, Henry Ward, William Watts, P. A. White. (Two vacancies.)

Special Arbitration Committee.

(9 Members.)

Chairman—The Chairman of the Board.
Members of Committee—E. B. Barnard, M.P., H. W. Bradford, J.P., Chas. Burt, J.P., E. H. Pickersgill, M.P., the Vice-Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the Finance Committee, the Chairman of the General Purposes Committee, the Chairman of the Law and Parliamentary Committee.

CHIEF OFFICIALS.

CLERK OF THE BOARD—A. B. Pilling.
ASSISTANT CLERK OF THE BOARD—W. J. G. Norris.
SUPERVISOR—F. W. Drake.
ESTATE CLERK—C. J. Howell Thomas.
CHIEF ENGINEER—Wm. B. Bryan.
DEPUTY CHIEF ENGINEER—J. W. Restler.
COMPTROLLER AND REGISTRAR OF DEBENTURE STOCKS—Fred E. Harris.
DEPUTY COMPTROLLER—Arthur Newton.
CHIEF REVENUE OFFICER.—J. Wilson.
SOLICITOR.—Walter Moon.

The Board came into existence early in 1903, and the date of the general transfer of the undertakings was 24th June, 1904, save as regards the New River Company's undertaking, which was transferred a month later.

Members appointed by a constituent authority consisting of the councils of more than one urban district, are to be appointed by the councils acting through a joint committee. If a member of the Water Board ceases to be a member of the authority which appointed him, he is, after two months, to vacate his seat.

The term of office of chairman, vice-chairman, and members is three years, and they will go out of office on 1st June, 1907, and on 1st June every third year thereafter. The rules for the conduct of business are those generally observed on public bodies, and the Board may similarly delegate its business to committees.

The Water Board may appoint, out of their own body, such and so many committees either of a general or special nature, and consisting of such number of persons as they think fit for any purposes which, in the opinion of the Board, would be better regulated and managed by means of committees, and may delegate, with or without any restrictions or conditions, as they may think fit, any of their powers or duties, except any power of raising money, to any committee of the Board so appointed, and the provisions of section eighty-two of the Local Government Act, 1888, with respect to proceedings of committees of county councils, shall apply to committees so appointed, as if they were committees of a county council.

Limits of Supply.

The area of supply is described as "the parishes and places in which, at the date of the passing of this Act, any of the metropolitan water companies are authorised to supply water, and the parishes of Sunbury and Chessington." The extent and division of the area appear from the following statement:—

County. (1)	Area (Approximate). Acres. (2)	Sq. Miles. (3)	Acres. (3)	Population (1901). (4)
London	74,839	116	599	4,536,541
Essex*	(*a*) 62,226	97	146	680,783
	(*b*) 47,337	73	617	615,021
Hertford	14,636	22	556	10,656
Kent	100,924	157	444	207,710
Middlesex	61,060	95	260	653,744
Surrey†	30,273	47	193	153,574
Total	(*a*) 343,958	537	278	6,243,008
	(*b*) 329,069	514	109	6,177,246

* (*a*) Including, (*b*) excluding Barking, Romford, and part of Ilford Urban Districts. Although these urban districts were within the statutory area of the East London Company, the whole of the first-named districts and the greater part of Ilford were and are supplied by the South Essex Company. The saving in the Act of 1902 (Sec. 36) is confined to restricting the Board from extending its supply to so much of the Romford Rural District as is comprised within the statutory limits of the South Essex Company. The whole of that rural district is within the limits of the South Essex Company, but only Dagenham parish therein is within the East London limits. The effect is to retain only a small corner of the Dagenham parish with sixteen supplies and an area of 246 acres out of 6,556. Barking, Romford, and Ilford Urban Districts remain within the Board's statutory area, in the two former of which the Board has not a single supply. Out of an aggregate acreage of 17,929 and population (Census 1901) of 76,437 the Board supplies only 3,040 acres and 10,675 population respectively.

† In addition parts of Croydon and Richmond are supplied in bulk.

A considerable part of this area is as yet unbuilt upon, so that the statutory area is not conterminous with the area of actual supply, which is being increased by building operations almost week by week.

Special provisions are inserted in the terms of transfer.

Substitution of Water Stock for Irredeemable Debenture Stock.

Within two years from the appointed day all irredeemable debenture stock shall be extinguished, and the Water Board shall issue to the holders thereof in substitution therefor the amount of water stock to which they are severally entitled under this section.

The amount of water stock to be so issued to a holder of debenture stock shall be such an amount as is sufficient to produce the same sum by way of income as the debenture stock in substitution for which it is issued.

As soon as the Water Board resolve to issue water stock in substitution for any debenture stock under this section, they shall give notice of their intention to do so by advertising it once in the "London Gazette" and in two or more London daily newspapers, and by sending notice by post to each of the holders of that debenture stock, to his registered address, and the notice shall specify the place and the time, not being less than three months from the date of the notice, at which the issue of water stock will be made.

Before water stock is issued under this section in substitution for any debenture stock the certificate of that stock shall be produced and delivered to the Water Board: Provided that the Water Board shall dispense with the production and delivery of any certificate upon receiving such indemnity as may be reasonably required.

As from the time fixed by the notice for the issue of water stock in substitution for any debenture stock, that debenture stock shall be cancelled and extinguished, and no interest shall after that time accrue due in respect thereof, but the water stock issued in substitution therefor shall carry interest as from the time so fixed.

Water stock issued under and for the purposes of this section shall not be redeemable until after the expiration of sixty years from the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred and three.

Redemption of Stock.

The Water Board shall within one hundred years from the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred and three, purchase or redeem, and pay off, all redeemable debenture stock and all mortgage debts, and any stock so purchased or redeemed by the Board shall, as from the date of the purchase or redemption, be extinguished and cancelled.

The holder of any such debenture stock or mortgage debt, whether or not he is a trustee or under any disability, may agree with the Water Board to accept water stock in lieu of money in consideration for his debenture stock or mortgage debt.

Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorising the Water Board to redeem debenture stock otherwise than in accordance with the conditions as to redemption applicable to the stock.

Special provisions are inserted excluding any "landed estate, houses, or property," &c., not connected with its water supply, from the transfer.

Financial Provisions.

There shal be established a water fund, and all receipts of the Water Board shall be carried to that fund, and all payments by the Board shall be made out of that fund.

Any sum required to meet any deficiency in the water fund, whether for satisfying past or future liabilities, in any financial year, shall be apportioned amongst the City of London and the metropolitan boroughs in the County of London and the municipal boroughs and urban districts outside London, the councils of which are for the time being entitled to be represented on the Water Board, in proportion to the rateable value appearing in the valuation lists in force on the preceding sixth day of April of the hereditaments at that date supplied with water by the Water Board or any metropolitan water company or the council of the urban district of Tottenham or Enfield in the City and each such borough and district.

The Water Board shall issue precepts for the sums apportioned to the City and the several boroughs and districts liable—

(*a*) in the case of the City of London, to the common council;

(*b*) in the case of a metropolitan borough to the council of that borough;

(*c*) in the case of a municipal borough or urban district to the council thereof;

and the council shall pay to the Water Board the amount specified in the precept.

The amount required by any such precept shall be paid—

(*a*) in the case of the City, out of the consolidated rate;

(*b*) in the case of a metropolitan borough as part of the expenses incurred by the council thereof

(c) in the case of a municipal borough or urban district, out of the fund or rate out of which the expenses of the council thereof incurred in the execution of the Public Health Acts are payable.

A demand note for any rate levied for defraying any expenses of the Water Board, together with other expenses, shall state as a separate item the amount to be paid for defraying the expenses of that Board.

The Water Board shall not, until Parliament otherwise determine, reduce the rates charged for the supply of water below those in force during the quarter ending the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and two, unless the Board are satisfied that such a reduction would not cause a deficiency in the water fund; but the Water Board shall, within three years after the appointed day, introduce into Parliament a Bill providing for uniform scales of charges applicable throughout the limits of supply.

Within three years after the appointed day the Water Board may prepare and publish in the "London Gazette" a scheme enabling their charges for the supply of water to be collected together with any local rate.

Any local or rating authority within the limits of supply may transmit to the Local Government Board their objections to any such scheme within forty days after the scheme is published in the London Gazette.

Borrowing Powers.

The Water Board may borrow money for the purpose of—

(a) paying any money (other than money payable by way of interest on purchase money) payable under this Act by the Water Board to a metropolitan water company and

(b) paying any money payable to the council of the urban district of Tottenham and Enfield; and

(c) purchasing, redeeming, or paying off any debenture stock or mortgage debt; and

(d) executing any work authorised by the Acts relating to any of the metropolitan water companies, so that the amount does not exceed the amounts which were immediately before the appointed day under those Acts authorised to be raised for that purpose, but have not been raised before that date; and

(e) paying any compensation payable under this Act (otherwise than by way of annuity);

and, with the consent of the Local Government Board, for the purpose of any payment by the Water Board or of any permanent work or other thing which the Water Board are authorised to execute or do, and which or the cost of which ought, in the opinion of the Local Government Board, to be spread over a term of years.

All moneys borrowed under this section shall be raised by means of the issue of water stock under this Act, unless the Local Government Board consent to some other mode of raising the money, and where the Local Government Board so consent, any money raised and the interest thereon shall be charged on the water fund or on such property or revenues of the Water Board, and in such manner as the Local Government Board may sanction.

Any money borrowed under this Act shall, if borrowed for the purpose of making any payment to a metropolitan water company or to the council of the urban district of Tottenham or Enfield, or of redeeming, purchasing, or paying off any debenture stock or mortgage debt, be repaid within the period of one hundred years from the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred and three, and, if borrowed for any other purpose, within such period not exceeding sixty years from the date of the borrowing as the Water Board, with the consent of the Local Government Board, may determine.

For the purpose of paying off a loan raised under this Act, the Water Board shall have the like powers of reborrowing as a county council have under section sixty-nine of the Local Government Act, 1888, and the provisions of that section so far as they relate to reborrowing shall apply as if they were herein re-enacted and in terms made applicable to the Water Board and to the security on which that Board are by or under this Act authorised to borrow.

So much of any Local Act as relates to the method of borrowing money by a metropolitan water company shall as from the appointed day be repealed.

Water Stock.

In accordance with regulations of the Local Government Board, the Board up to the present has issued £34,318,609 of Metropolitan Water (B) Stock, which is now quoted in the Official Lists of the London and Liverpool Stock Exchanges.

A Chronological Record.

The following is a chronological record of the various stages in the work accomplished:—

1851.—Government Bill to control the companies. Not passed.
1852.—Lord John Russell's Bill enforcing filtration and reducing charges. Not passed.
1853.—Lord Derby's Government passed Metropolis Management Act fixing companies dividends at 10 per cent.
1867.—Royal Commission appointed (Duke of Richmond, chairman).
1869.—Royal Commission recommended that "**the future control of the Water Supply should be entrusted to a responsible public body.**"
1871.—Metropolis Water Act, providing for constant supply and official analysis, passed. [Constant supply not obtained until 1902 by L.C.C.].
1878.—Metropolitan Board of Works introduced Bills for purchase and for introduction of extra supply from chalk strata round London. Bills abandoned.
1879.—Government introduced Bill to create a Water Trust.
1880.—Committee inquired into Bill and recommended that "in the absence of any single municipal body" a water authority be created. Bill abandoned.
1889.—**London County Council began** attack on the water companies.
1891.—City Corporation introduced a Bill to secure an alternative supply and acquire the companies. Vestries had a Bill to establish a water authority for same purpose.
1891.—Royal Commission to inquire into efficiency and quality of existing supply. Recommended additional reservoirs, &c.
1892.—Sir Matthew White Ridley's Committee rejected both Bills, and recommended that the County Council, either by itself or in conjunction with the City Corporation, was the proper authority, and that the Council get power to investigate the question, which it did.
1895.—County Council introduced Bills to buy out the companies and introduce new supply. Passed second reading.
1896.—County Council Bill defeated.
1896.—Lord James introduced a Government Bill to create a Water Trust. Abandoned.
1897.—County Council Bill thrown out.
1898.—Royal Commission (Lord Llandaff's) appointed.
1899.—Commission issued interim report in favour of intercommunication between companies. Bill giving this power passed.
1900.—Commission reported in favour of purchase, and recommended an authority of not more than thirty members, with paid chairman and vice-chairman appointed by the Local Government Board.
1901.—County Council Purchase Bill defeated.
1902.—County Council Bill defeated. Government Bill creating a Water Trust passed. Metropolitan Water Act (1902) creating Metropolitan Water Board passed.
1904.—Transfer of the undertakings of the Metropolitan Water Companies to the Board.
1907.—Bill promoted by the Board for equalising the water rate throughout the whole of its area.

ORGANISATION AND ADMINISTRATION.

The main characteristic of the work of the Board during the year 1905-6 was the gradual completion of the organisation of the transferred undertakings under one administration. A Solicitor's Department has been established; the district secretarial organisation has completely disappeared, having been consolidated under the Clerk of the Board at the Central Offices, Savoy-court; and, similarly, in the Comptroller's Department, after an interim system of financial control under district revenue officers who succeeded the district secretaries, much of the work has now been concentrated at Savoy-court.

The offices of the East London Waterworks Company at St. Helen's Place were vacated as from 31st March, 1905, the local revenue staff being located at the New River Office, Rosebery-avenue; and a City receiving office for the convenience of the consumers in that important locality has been established at 6, Broad-street-place, E.C. The Western District Engineering Department, embracing the areas of the Chelsea, Grand Junction, and West Middlesex Water Companies, has been consolidated

at the former offices of the Chelsea Water Works Company in the Commercial-road, Pimlico. Parts of the offices of the West Middlesex Company in Marylebone-road have been converted into a laboratory for the accommodation of the Director of Water Examinations; and the Lambeth revenue staff has been consolidated with that of the Southwark and Vauxhall District at the offices of the Southwark Company in Southwark-bridge-road; whilst at each of these three offices a room is used for the purpose of a district revenue office.

The Board's principal offices, therefore, have been consolidated into one Central Office, three district offices, five receiving offices, five engineering district offices, and one laboratory.

The five engineering districts are known as New River, representing 204,308 supplies; Eastern, 231,535; Southern, 266,208; Western, 210,141; and Kent, 111,815. For each of these districts there is a district engineer (responsible to the Chief Engineer of the Board) and staff of assistants, draughtsmen, foremen, mechanics, &c.

CHARGES FOR DOMESTIC SUPPLY IN THE SEVERAL DISTRICTS.

Chelsea, Grand Junction, New River, and West Middlesex.

Supply—On houses up to £200 annual value, 4 per cent.; on houses over £200, 3 per cent. (1 per cent. in addition for all service given at an elevation of more than 160 feet above Trinity high-water mark in respect of the New River district, and 200 feet in respect of the West Middlesex).

Extras—Houses from £31 value and upwards, for first w.c., bath, or high service (*i.e.*, 10 feet from pavement), scale ranging from 4s. to 12s., according to value of house; for second, and every additional w.c., bath, or high service, scale ranging from 2s. to 6s., the charge increasing with the value in either case.

Southwark and Vauxhall.

Supply—5 per cent. on all houses.

Extras—Same as in the case of Chelsea, &c., as above.

East London.

Supply—5 per cent. on all houses.

Extras—For every bath or w.c., scale ranging from 4s. to 8s., according to value of house; for high service above 20 feet, 25 per cent., in addition to foregoing rates, in respect of both supply and extras.

Lambeth.

Supply—Scale from 7½ to 5 per cent., in inverse proportion to value of house.

Extras—Single w.c., scale 10s. to 20s., increasing with the value of the house; extra w.c., 5s. to 10s. Baths on agreed terms. No high service charge.

Kent.

Supply and one w.c.—Scale ranging from 8s. per annum for house not exceeding annual value of £7 to £3 16s. for house not exceeding £95; above £95, 4 per cent.

Extras—Scale ranging from 6s. to 12s. for one bath, 5s. to 10s. for second w.c.; for every additional bath and every additional w.c. beyond these there are uniform charges of 6s. and 5s. respectively. For high pressure (height exceeding 400 feet above sea-level) add 25 per cent. to all charges.

Revenue from Water Rates and Meter Charges.

For the year ended Michaelmas, 1905—the most recent year for which figures are available—the total gross revenue of the Board in respect of water charges under the existing scales amounted to £2,756,888. The revenue from these main sources may be divided into three classes, namely—

(*a*) Domestic supplies, for which payment is made by a percentage upon rateable or annual value of premises; (*b*) Combined meter supplies for domestic and non-domestic purposes where charges are based in part upon rateable or annual value; and (*c*) Supplies for other than domestic purposes charged by meter or by fixed amounts.

Class (*a*) includes all supplies charged according to the statutory scales under the Acts of the several companies, and, in addition, extra charges allowed by the Acts for high service, baths, &c. The total number of such supplies, according to the rental ledgers, was 966,790, of which 745,701, or 77 per cent., were charged 5 per cent. or under; and the total annual value upon which the statutory scales operated amounted to £36,568,713. The revenue derived from domestic supplies amounted to £1,889,877, of which amount £1,550,190 represented the percentage charge, £299,408 the extras, and £40,279 certain agreed or farmed rates. The percentage charge above stated represented 4.23 per cent. of the total annual value of £36,565,713.

Class (*b*) embraces domestic supplies combined with supplies to gardens and stables, or for trade and manufacture, and supplies to clubs, theatres, hotels, &c. These combined supplies are usually charged at minimum rates calculated on the annual value of the premises (amounting to £2,940,227), and produced £170,102. Included in this class are also certain domestic supplies by meter to model dwellings, workhouses and other institutions which yielded £108,827 in addition.

As regards Class (*c*) there are statutory scales of charge by meter in five of the districts, but none in Chelsea, Kent, and Lambeth, where meter supplies are furnished according to scales which had been adopted by the several companies as a matter of practice. The total revenue derived from water supplied for non-domestic and public purposes was £577,965, of which £415,939 was by measure, and £162,026 by fixed payments.

The number of collectors and assistant collectors employed as at 1st July, 1906, was 153, and the amount paid in commission and salaries was £52,318. Whenever a suitable opportunity occurs payment by commission is abolished and an inclusive salary substituted.

Supply from the Several Sources.

The following table shows the volume of water supplied from the several sources under the Board's control; the average daily quantity,

and the relative percentage of water derived from each source during the year 1905-6 :—

Source.	Total volume during the year.	Average daily quantity supplied.	Percentage of total supply.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Per cent.
1. Thames (*a*)	44,904,174,854	123,025,136	56·432
2. Lee	16,208,504,541	44,406,862	20·369
3. Wells and Springs in Lee Valley ...	10,500,859,835	28,769,479	13·197
4. Wells in Kent	6,879,678,065	18,848,433	8·646
5. Streatham, Honor Oak, and Selhurst Wells	607,994,175	1,665,738	·764
6. Hanworth Springs	434,050,480	1,189,179	·545
7. Hampstead and Highgate Ponds (*b*)	37,308,294	102,214	·047
Total	79,572,570,244	218,007,041	100·000

(*a*) Including gravel water. (*b*) For non-domestic use.

Authority to Abstract Water from the Thames.

The Board possesses as the successor of the Metropolitan Water Companies authority to abstract water from the river Thames for distribution to the seven districts wholly or partly dependent upon such source to the amount of 130 million gallons a day. Other bodies are entitled to seven million gallons, making a total daily draught of 137 million gallons. Subject to certain restrictions, the maximum quantity that may be taken in any one day is 445 million gallons, of which the Water Board may claim 435¼ million gallons, excluding gravel water.

District Distribution of Supply.

The total volume of water supplied, the average daily supply, and the percentage of the total supply in each district during the year 1905-6 are shown in the following table:—

District.	Total quantity supplied.	Average daily quantity supplied.*	Percentage of total supply.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Per cent.
Eastern (East London)	15,529,640,546	42,546,960	19·516
Kent	6,879,678,065	18,848,433	8·646
New River	15,079,223,961	41,312,942	18·950
Southern	22,578,580,126	61,859,124	28·375
Lambeth	*11,459,411,126*	*31,395,647*	*14·401*
Southwark and Vauxhall ...	*11,119,169,000*	*30,463,477*	*14·974*
Western	19,505,447,546	53,439,582	24·513
Chelsea	*4,462,069,972*	*12,224,849*	*5·608*
Grand Junction.	*6,238,469,076*	*17,091,696*	*7·840*
West Middlesex	*8,804,908,498*	*24,123,037*	*11·065*
Total	79,572,570,244	218,007,041	100

* The Water Examiner divides the average daily supply between (i.) for domestic purposes only, estimated at 80 per cent., and (ii.) for all purposes except domestic, estimated at 20 per cent.

Population Supplied.

The estimated population supplied in the eight districts on the 31st March, 1906, the average estimated population supplied, the average

daily supply per head during the year, and the percentage in each district of the total estimated population supplied, were as follows:—

District.	Estimated population supplied on 31st March, 1906.	Average estimated population supplied during the year.	Average supply per head per day during the year.	Percentage distribution of population.
			Gallons.	
Eastern	1,528,676	1,520,848	27·98	22·541
Kent	668,266	662,097	28·47	9·813
New River	1,368,953	1,362,539	30 32	20·194
Southern	1,736,005	1,720,141	35·96	25·494
Lambeth	*840,745*	*830,719*	*37·79*	*12·312*
Southwark and Vauxhall	*894,260*	*889,422*	*34·25*	*13·182*
Western	1,490,292	1,481,571	36·07	21·958
Chelsea	*313,923*	*314,239*	*38·90*	*4·657*
Grand Junction	*492,605*	*485,4·6*	*35·21*	*7·195*
West Middlesex	*683,759*	*681,846*	*35·38*	*10·106*
Whole area	6,791,192	6,747,196	32.31	100·

Constant Supply.

The Board distributes water within the limits of its area on both the intermittent and constant service systems. Under the latter the service pipes are constantly charged under pressure, but under the former the water is supplied to the service mains for a limited period only during each twenty-four hours. The Metropolis Water Act, 1871, Sec. 7, prescribes that every company shall, when required so to do in manner directed by the Act, provide and keep throughout their water limits, or throughout such parts of such limits as they may be required, a constant supply of pure and wholesome water sufficient for the domestic purposes of the inhabitants within such water limits, constantly laid on at such pressure as will make such water reach the top storey of the highest houses within such limits, but not exceeding the level prescribed by the Special Act. In the Chelsea, East London, Grand Junction, Southwark and Vauxhall, and West Middlesex Districts constant supply is maintained. In the Kent District constant supply is given throughout with the exception of some 300 services on Shooter's Hill, and this will be remedied by the water tower proposed to be erected on the summit, to hold 100,000 gallons, for the purpose of maintaining a constant supply in this district. In the remaining districts the percentage of constant supply services is as follows:—Lambeth. 77·15; New River, 91·91.

Assessment of Board's Undertaking in County of London.

The following statement shows the assessment of the water undertaking as appearing in the valuation lists in force on the 30th April, 1906:—

	Gross value.	Rateable value.
	£	£ s. d.
Administrative County of London.		
Metropolitan Boroughs and City of Westminster ...	787,974	617,577 0 0
City of London	84,394	56,193 0 0
Total County and City	£872,368	£673,770 0 0
Outside County of London.		
Boroughs and Urban and Rural Districts in Bucks, Middlesex, Essex, Hertford, Kent, and Surrey ...	605,335	487,010 17 6
Grand Total	£1,477,703	£1,160,780 17 6

Rateable Value of Board's Area.

The following statement shows approximately the total rateable value of the various boroughs and parishes within the Board's area of supply (including the rateable value of the whole parish where part only is within the statutory area), as appearing in the rate books in 1898, 1902, 1904 and 1906:—

County.	1898.	1902.	1904.	1906.
	£	£	£	£
London	36,584,981	40,201,010	41,086,974	*43,486,436
Essex	1,992,722	2,698,553	3,279,501	3,298,251
Hertford	50,073	63,656	66,715	142,322
Kent	1,143,476	1,445,368	1,610,939	1,595,102
Middlesex ...	2,699,929	3,736,744	4,478,493	5,154,097
Surrey	975,511	1,472,640	1,595,569	1,663,011
Total ...	43,446,692	49,817,971	52,118,191	55,339,219

* Quinquennial valuation.

The amount paid in rates and taxes by the Water Board approximates to £382,000 per annum, or about 1·7 per cent. of the total income.

HYDRAULIC POWER SERVICE.

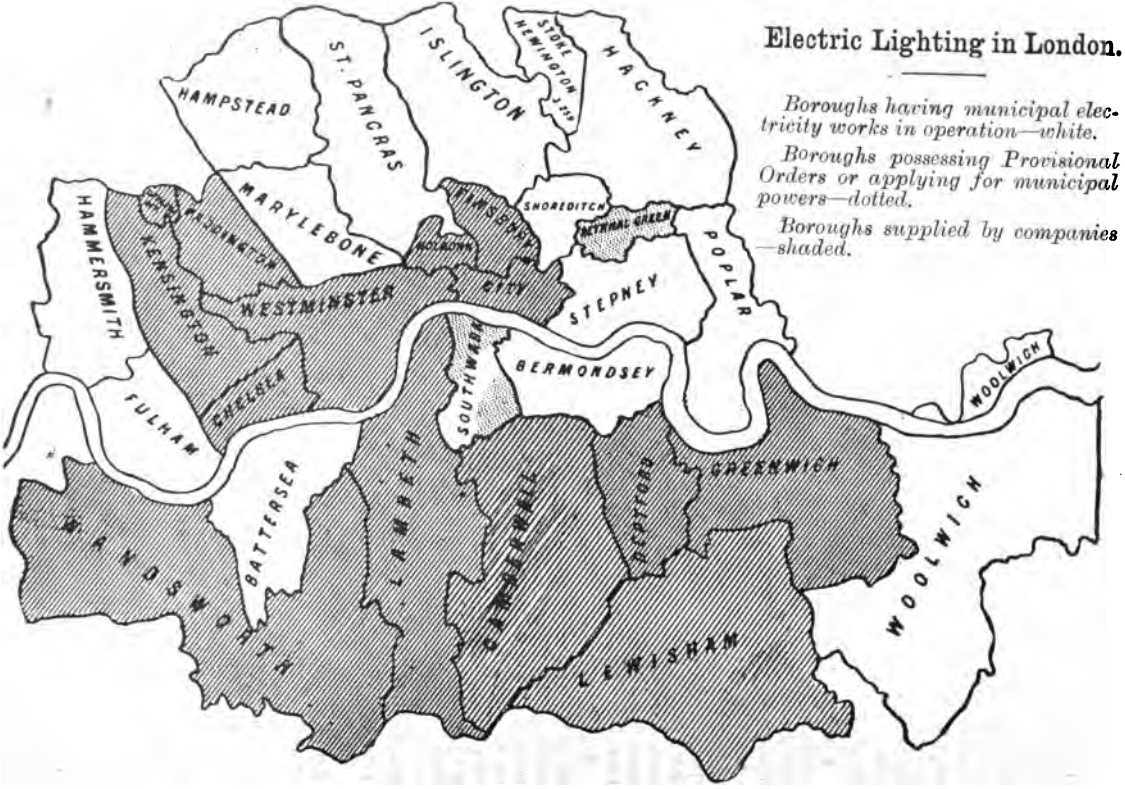
The London Hydraulic Power Company (under special Acts of Parliament 1871 to 1903) has since 1882 installed and maintained a system of hydraulic power distribution at a pressure of 700lb. to the square inch. There are six pumping stations, and about 160 miles of mains have been laid in the principal business areas of the metropolis, from Limehouse to Kensington on the north side and Rotherhithe and Vauxhall Bridge on the south side of the Thames. About 6,000 cranes and lifts within this area are worked from this service.

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY AND STREET LIGHTING.

Under the Electric Lighting Acts 1882 and 1888, the Board of Trade grants Provisional Orders for the supply of electricity. These Orders are then confirmed by Parliament. Companies when once installed cannot be bought out except by friendly agreement until after forty-two years. They are entitled to receive the "then value" of their undertakings without any addition in respect of compulsory sale or goodwill. Preference is given as a general rule to the applications of municipal authorities. The Electric Lighting Clauses Act of 1899 simplified the procedure of obtaining and the form in which Provisional Orders are granted, and embodied in one Act the clauses usually inserted in Orders, but it was expressly excluded from having force in the administrative County of London, although it could be made to apply by special clauses inserted in any new Order granted within the county.

Division of Supply Areas.

The present divisions which exist between the different areas of supply in the metropolis were originated by the large number of applications made for statutory powers after the passing of the second Electric Lighting Act. To ascertain the proposals of the various applicants an enquiry was


Electric Lighting in London.
Boroughs having municipal electricity works in operation—white.
Boroughs possessing Provisional Orders or applying for municipal powers—dotted.
Boroughs supplied by companies—shaded.
HAMPSTEAD
ST. PANCRAS
ISLINGTON
STOKE NEWINGTON
HACKNEY
HAMMERSMITH
KENSINGTON
PADDINGTON
MARYLEBONE
HOLBORN
FINSBURY
SHOREDITCH
BETHNAL GREEN
POPLAR
WESTMINSTER
CITY
STEPNEY
CHELSEA
SOUTHWARK
BERMONDSEY
WOOLWICH
FULHAM
BATTERSEA
LAMBETH
CAMBERWELL
DEPTFORD
GREENWICH
WANDSWORTH
LEWISHAM
WOOLWICH

held by the Board of Trade in Westminster Town Hall early in 1889 when witnesses were examined and a broad policy formulated. It was decided that uncontrolled rivalry was injudicious, and that if powers were to be granted to more than one applicant the supply should be given by each on a different system to the other, and the metropolis was partitioned between the successful competitors. Certain changes in designation and addition of less important areas have taken place in the intervening years, but the arrangement then made remains in its broad outlines substantially unaltered. Enquiries have at various dates been held as to changes of pressure and to other matters connected with London's electricity.

After applying four times to Parliament for an Act to enable it to readjust the areas of supply of electricity within the administrative County of London, or any parts detached therefrom, under the London Government Act, 1899, so as to make the boundaries of those areas coterminous, so far as may be, with the areas of Local Government fixed by the latter Act, the County Council succeeded in a Bill which came into operation in January, 1905. The previous electric lighting boundaries were those fixed by the Provisional Orders. The areas in which mains had been laid down prior to January, 1904, were transferred only by agreement and on terms and conditions which received the approval of the Board of Trade.

The principal provisions of the Act are as follows:—Where any area being part of the area of supply of a corporation, had become situate outside a borough, such area was transferred to the area of any corporation or company authorised to supply electricity within the borough in which such area had become situate provided the area of supply of such corporation or company adjoined the transferred area. And similarly where any area, being part of the area of supply of a company, or being an area in which there was no authorised supply, had become situate within a borough in which the corporation was authorised to supply electricity, such area was transferred to the area of supply of the corporation, provided its area of supply adjoined the transferred area.

Of the twenty-seven borough councils (and the City of Westminster) in London no fewer than eighteen have taken steps at different times to become the owners of electricity supply systems, and in thirteen cases the municipal undertakings have been in actual operation, for some years. In a fourteenth a new system has been put down recently, while in another the mains are owned but supply is purchased. The greatest enterprise was at first shown in the boroughs on the north side of the Thames, but those on the south side afterwards took vigorous action. Only four boroughs on the south side—Battersea, Southwark, Woolwich, and Bermondsey—have works in operation. Fulham, Hackney, Hammersmith, Hampstead, Islington Poplar, St. Pancras, Shoreditch, and Stepney Councils are supplying current for whole or portions of their respective boroughs; Bethnal Green is taking steps to put its Provisional Order into operation, although little progress was made for some time; Marylebone has purchased the former company's undertaking in the borough, and Stoke Newington is taking current in bulk from the North Metropolitan Power Company under an agreement, and has powers to do so if desired from the Hackney and Islington Boroughs.

Growth of Electricity Undertakings.

In the statistical tables issued by the London County Council figures are given showing the loans raised by the Borough Councils for electrical purposes. In 1900-1 the sum was £563,512. The aggregate results of the eight larger undertakings in London, municipally owned, for the year 1902-3, were:—Total expenditure, £1,965,650; revenue, £248,090; expenditure, £136,797—gross profit, £111,293; capital charges, £84,327; surplus, £26,966. These have rapidly increased, as shown below.

At the end of 1904 the financial position was generally that for fifteen metropolitan electric supply companies and ten metropolitan local authorities the—

	Local Authorities.	Companies.
Capital invested was	£2,391,000	£10,363,000
Average cost per kilowatt of plant ...	103	111
And separating them into systems:—		
Continuous current	104	92
Alternating current	102	119
Operating both systems	None	122

The capital expended annually upon electricity undertakings in the Metropolis amounted to:—

Companies. In Year.	£	Local Authorities. In Year.	£
December, 1901	1,168,524	March, 1902	590,362
,, 1902	1,425,114	,, 1903...	528,037
,, 1903	1,208,761	,, 1904...	259,389
,, 1904	80,607	,, 1905...	1,774,316
,, 1905	472,158	,, 1906	582,854
Total to December, 1905 ...	12,718,534	Total to March, 1906 ...	5,450,000

The capacity of plant installed is about 122,500 kilowatts in companies' works and 60,000 kilowatts in municipal works.

The cost of the different municipal undertakings in the metropolis varies greatly. The following table shows the amount expended, the plant installed, and the sum required to cover interest, repayments and sinking fund, together with the capital cost per kilowatt of plant, and the burden for use of capital carried by each unit sold, compiled from returns for the year 1905-6, and the statutory accounts. As the capital includes expenditure on mains, the figures must be regarded as having reference to the size and class of the borough or length of frontage supplied, while the load-factor and the provision made for early liquidation of loans in like manner has a bearing upon the annual financial charges:—

Metropolitan Borough.	Capital Expenditure.	Kilowatts of Plant Installed.	Capital per Kilowatt.	Maximum Load in Killowatts.	Capital Charges in 1905-6.	Capital Charges per Unit Sold.
	£		£		£	d.
Battersea	235,957	2,743	86	1,515	15,948	1·77
Bermondsey ...	121,449	975	123	682	4,247	·66
Fulham	240,859	2,250	106	1,250	10,021	1·08
Hackney	280,185	3,372	83	1,902	16,480	1·36
Hammersmith ...	265,285	4,500	58	3,297	13,218	·88
Hampstead ...	398,956	4,990	76	3,306	27,328	1·65
Islington	429,330	5,100	84	2,642	18,479	1·30
Poplar	253,242	3,400	73	1,520	12,491	·98
St. Marylebone ...	1,832,643	10,000	182	5,680	55,202	3·63
St. Pancras ...	526,562	6,390	78	3,660	23,010	·83
Shoreditch ...	328,351	3,055	105	2,250	14,826	·96
Southwark ...	84,968	1,212	70	700	4,659	1·12
Stepney	251,687	3,720	66	2,012	11,613	·69
Stoke Newington	14,687	94	—	110	220	·46
Woolwich ...	256,087	2,450	104	1,037	12,238	2·80

An Electrical Exhibition, held at Olympia in October, 1905, was largely attended by the public, and attracted much attention to the improvements which had been made in the utilisation of electricity for lighting and power purposes. At this exhibition the public were first made acquainted as a whole with the metallic or semi-metallic filament lamps of the Osmi and Tantalum types, which give the same light for half the consumption of ordinary carbon-filament lamps, the special high efficiency lamps with carbon filaments, such as the Meridian, Wytelite, Radiolite, and others, the mercury vapour tube lamps of Cooper-Hewitt and Bastian, the golden-flame arc lamps, which are proving so effective for street lighting, and many other novelties, as well as such things as the Nernst lamp of older date. Local exhibitions were also held earlier by Shoreditch and by several of the companies with a view to extending the knowledge of the capabilities of electricity.

There seems to be no assignable limit to the increase in consumption of electricity in London. Notwithstanding the residue of premises becoming smaller, as one after another is connected, the number of lamps added is proceeding at a more or less steady rate on the law applicable to all commodities, that the luxuries of one year become the necessities of the next. At the same time the increase in lighting cannot be reckoned on as being indefinitely maintained in areas already well covered with mains, and which have therefore become more or less filled up, and the future rate of demand for this purpose alone may not be as great as it has been in the past. With an increase in the standard of living steadily rising, and a call for improved and increased lighting universal, the development of the supply business is sure and steady, especially as the cost of electricity has been and is being largely reduced, cheapening in the cost of production, through greater output, being followed by and making possible lower charges.

Bulk Supply Schemes.

One of the first combinations formed in the Metropolis for the bulk production of electricity was the Central Electric Company, Limited, which was created by a special Act in 1899 for the purpose of augmenting the power available by the companies supplying the Westminster and St. James' areas by giving to them respectively electricity in bulk from a works in Grove-road to the west of Regent's Park. The first portion of the works was completed in time to give some assistance to the contributing companies at Christmas, 1902. The Kensington and Notting Hill companies have also combined to operate a joint bulk station at Wood-lane. These are however merely joint undertakings to assist the undertakings already at work, which were unable to extend their works sufficiently to deal with the increased demand.

The rich area afforded by the Metropolis for electricity supply purposes has attracted the attention of financiers who formed new bulk supply companies, which stated their intention to supply power in bulk at rates not not exceeding 1½d. per unit or on a sliding scale of £1 per quarter per kilowatt and ¾*d.* per unit consumed. Several of the Borough Councils are now supplying at rates even more favourable than these, *e.g.*, Poplar and Stepney.

The most important event during 1905 with respect to the supply of electricity in the metropolitan area was the attack made by the Administrative County of London Company upon the whole of the existing under-

takings with a view to obtain the sanction of Parliament to a scheme which embraced a power and bulk supply over an area including most of the county, and, in addition, some of the richer districts contiguous to it. When the project came before Parliament it was strongly opposed, and although the preamble was held to have been proved, it did not, owing to lapse of time, reach its final reading, and in consequence fell through.

The Metropolitan Company was however successful in obtaining powers to deal with a large area in the west and north-west portion of the Metropolis under a Bulk Supply or Power Act.

The principal result of the Administrative Company's abortive attempt to secure such broad powers as were sought was to awaken the local authorities to the importance of catering for motive power, and by reductions in the price charged for this and other purposes to extend their range of usefulness. As a consequence most of the undertakings are now supplying motive power at a uniform rate of 1*d.* per unit without any restrictions either as to amount taken or as to hours during which the supply can be used. In the face of competition the borough of Hammersmith led the way by reducing its lighting charge for a sliding scale with an initial rate of 6*d.* and a follow-on one of 3*d.* to a flat rate of 3*d.*, while Islington abandoned its sliding scale of 7*d.* and 4*d.* or a flat rate of 5*d.* for the more favourable uniform charge of 3½*d.* per unit.

The London County Council had on more than one previous occasion introduced a Bill into Parliament for the purpose of obtaining powers to purchase bulk supply undertakings so that the Council could act as suppliers to the Borough Councils as authorised distributors, but success did not attend its efforts.

London County Council.

The London County Council is the authority charged with the duty of lighting the embankments, and has in operation a small central station for the purpose of supplying the arc lamps lining the River Thames frontage of the Victoria Embankment. Amongst its duties are those of the sanctioning of loans for capital expenditure on electricity extensions by the Borough Councils, and of acting, through its "Electric Inspectors," as the testing and certifying authority in disputes as to the correctness of electric meters used to register consumption. It also has the right to establish testing stations for the purpose of ascertaining that the declared pressure of supply is maintained in the mains of the various authorities. For the testing and calibrating of meters and other instruments required in the discharge of these functions it has an electrical testing station, or laboratory, in Cranbourne-street, W.C. The London County Council has also erected and recently opened a very large generating station in Greenwich for the supply to its tramway system. The County Council has from time to time promoted legislation of great advantage to the municipal supply of electricity in London. For example, powers were sought and granted enabling the Borough Councils, acting as undertakers, to wire and instal fittings and to enter upon "free wiring" agreements, hire out motors and like purposes connected with their undertakings.

It is the existence of the Greenwich generating station that was one of the principal arguments in favour of the Bill which the Council promoted in the 1906 session of Parliament to enable it to supply authorised undertakers and others with electricity in bulk. The area scheduled in the Bill was a large one, and was not confined to the County of London. The

basis of the Bill was that the current required by the Borough Councils and other undertakers over and beyond the capacity of their present plant should be supplied by the London County Council from generating stations at Greenwich and Battersea. Two other Bills were promoted in the same session by the Administrative and Additional Companies respectively, but on second reading they were rejected, on the understanding that the rival promoters should have a *locus standi* before the Select Committee presided over by Mr. Luke H. White, to which the Council's Bill was referred in April. 1906. The Committee was further instructed to report generally upon the best means of providing for the supply of electrical energy in bulk, and for power and motive purposes in London and neighbourhood. For the Council evidence was given in the early part of the proceedings by Mr. T. McKinnon Wood, M.P., L.C.C., Mr. J. H. Rider, the Council's electrical engineer, and Mr. Robert Hammond, the well-known consulting engineer. Many of the Borough Councils supported the Bill on the understanding that their existing interests would be safeguarded, a guarantee which the London County Council was prepared to give.

The London County Council Electricity Supply Bill was referred in March, 1906, to a Select Committee of the House of Commons, which reported in June, expressing the opinion that the best means of providing for the supply of electricity is by one large and inclusive scheme extending not only over the entire County of London, but also to adjoining boroughs and districts, and that after giving full consideration to the various other proposals which had been placed before the Committee they were of opinion that the London County Council should be the authority, provided that obligations were placed upon the Council to carry into effect the powers sought by the Bill, and that under fair and reasonable conditions any authorised distributor should have the power to require a bulk supply. As these proposals altered the whole scope and intention of the Bill, the Committee reported to Parliament that the Preamble was not proved.

Various reports were presented to the Council by its Highways and Finance Committees in the autumn of 1906 respecting the proposal to reintroduce a Bill in the 1907 session of Parliament, and consultations were obtained with Mr. H. F. Parshall, Mr. Robert Hammond, and Mr. J. F. C. Snell as experts. The Bill at the time of issue of this edition of the MANUAL is before Parliament, the new Council having decided to proceed with it on the understanding that the powers will be leased to a private company for a period of years. In addition there are the following:—

Administrative County of London and District Electric Power Bill,
London and District Electric Power Bill,
London Electric Supply Bill,
North Metropolitan Electric Power Supply Bill.

Refuse Destructor Combined Works.

Shoreditch was the first authority in the country to utilise the heat raised from a dust-destructor for generating electricity, and the experiment was considered so successful that its essential features have been embodied in a large number of electrical undertakings since 1897, when the Shoreditch undertaking was established. Shoreditch has now several imitators in London, combined electricity and dust-destructor works having been established by the Borough Councils of Fulham, Hackney, Bermondsey

Stepney, &c. With increase of load the advantages of a destructor became less important and most of these works now raise the greater portion of their steam by burning coal in the usual way.

The increase in the number of electrical generating stations in the County of London led to His Majesty's Commissioners of Works issuing a Memorandum in May, 1906, calling attention to the possible injury to the trees, plants, and flowers in the royal gardens and parks by the emission of smoke and fumes from the chimneys of such works. They further pointed out that the national treasures in picture galleries and museums might suffer from the same cause. With a view to obviate such risks they recommended that effectual means should be taken to secure consumption of smoke by careful choice of coal and by burning with it such chemicals as would absorb any sulphurous compounds, while the use of dust destructor refuse as fuel should be entirely prohibited.

Systems of Supply.

The systems of supply under the management of the borough councils include all the variations possible. The older undertakings, such as Hampstead, Islington, and Hammersmith, are single-phase alternating current, and only provide the consumer with this kind of supply; Fulham has a two-phase alternating system; Shoreditch is high-tension continuous for purposes of transmission; the others are continous current, low-pressure, three-wire, with auxiliary extra-high-tension alternating transmission in the cases of St. Pancras (above referred to), Poplar, and Woolwich. Stoke Newington possesses the only example of a transforming station within the area of supply taking current from a generating station outside the same.

Important extensions have taken place in the central stations owned by the Metropolitan Borough Councils, as well as those operated by companies. The principal object in view in most of these has been to save space and to reduce cost, both in the outlay of capital and in running charges, by the adoption of steam turbo-generators, which average about 1,500 kilowatts in size. This change in the class of prime-mover has been largely brought about by the larger units called for, and the putting down of vertical engines, and still more certainly the horizontal types, has been relegated to the past. The addition of condensing, economising and superheating auxiliary plants, together with mechanical stoking and conveying of both fuel and ashes, forced and induced draught, hot-feed with "Stage heating" and thermal storage have all contributed to a marked reduction in the fuel costs, while the improvement in the load factor due to growth of motive power supply, and the greater general use accompanying a cheaper supply, have brought about a large saving in the standing expenses and capital charges per unit.

The costs of the whole of London supply have come down rapidly as is shown below:—

Year.	1896.	1898.	1904.
Works costs per unit ...	2·21d.	2·27d.	1·49d.
Total costs per unit ...	3·32d.	3·24d.	2·15d.

The changes which have taken place in the technical details connected with the distribution of electricity are many, the general tendency being towards higher pressures of supply to the consumer and extra high pressure for the transmission portion of a system. Thus Shoreditch

started with the supply pressure of 150 volts on a two-wire system, and, as the load increased, found it necessary to change over to a three-wire system at 240 volts on either side. St. Pancras commenced with a pressure of 110 volts on either side of a three-wire system, and shortly after the Board of Trade, in 1895, authorised the taking of 220 volts into a consumer's premises it doubled the pressure throughout. This met the requirements of the district for some years, but again, some three years ago, it was found that a direct low-pressure system could not meet the conditions which were brought about by a rapidly-increasing load, and a three-phase extra-high-tension plant was added to extend and assist the continuous current-distributing plant.

Pressure of Supply, &c., to Consumers.

BATTERSEA—Direct current three wire; 230 and 460 volts.

BERMONDSEY—Direct current three wire; 240 and 480 volts.

FULHAM—Alternating 50 periods; 2 phase 200 volts.

HACKNEY—Direct current three wire; 240 and 480 volts.

HAMMERSMITH—Alternating 50 periods; 1 phase 110 and 220 volts.

HAMPSTEAD—Alternating 90 periods; 1 phase 105 and 210 volts.

ISLINGTON—Alternating 50 periods; 1 phase 100, 200, and 400 volts.

POPLAR—Direct current three wire; 230 and 460 volts (high tension alternating transmission to sub-stations also).

ST. PANCRAS—Direct current three wire; 110, 220, and 440 volts (high tension alternating transmission to sub-stations also).

SHOREDITCH—Direct current, changing over from two to three wire (high tension continuous transmission to sub-stations for whole supply; former pressure of supply 150 volts, now 240 and 480 volts).

SOUTHWARK—Direct current three wire; 220 and 440 volts.

STEPNEY—Direct current three wire, 240 and 480 volts.

WOOLWICH—Direct current three wire; 210 and 420 volts (high tension alternating transmission to sub-stations also); Plumstead, 230 and 460 volts.

The Position of Electricity in the Metropolis.

Statutory powers are held within the County of London by sixteen local authorities and thirteen companies.

The position of municipal electricity in London is as follows:—

Battersea (works in operation).
Bermondsey (works in operation).
Bethnal Green (scheme in progress).
Fulham (works in operation).
Hackney (works in operation).
Hammersmith (works in operation).
Hampstead (works in operation).
Islington (works in operation).
Poplar (works in operation).
Marylebone (scheme in progress; altering system purchased).
St. Pancras (works in operation).
Shoreditch (works in operation).
Southwark (works in operation).
Stepney (works in operation).
Stoke Newington (distributing system in operation).
Woolwich (works in operation).

The boroughs in the County of London, the City of London, and the City of Westminster are supplied by the following companies, where the local authorities do not possess powers to supply themselves:—

Camberwell.—County of London Electric Lighting Company, Limited; London Electric Supply Corporation, Limited; South Metropolitan Electric Light and Power Company, Limited.

Chelsea.—Chelsea Electricity Supply Company, Limited.

Deptford.—London Electric Supply Corporation, Limited.

Finsbury.—County of London Electric Supply Company, Limited.

Greenwich.—South Metropolitan Electric Light and Power Company, Limited.

Holborn.—County of London Electric Supply Company, Limited.

Kensington.—Notting Hill Electric Lighting Company, Limited; Brompton and Kensington Electricity Supply Company, Limited; Kensington and Knightsbridge Electric Lighting Company, Limited.

Lambeth.—South London Electric Supply Corporation, Limited.

Lewisham.—South Metropolitan Electric Light and Power Company, Limited.

Paddington.—Metropolitan Electric Supply Company, Limited.

Wandsworth.—County of London Electric Supply Company, Limited.

Westminster (City).—Charing Cross and Strand Electricity Supply Company, Limited; Westminster Electric Supply Corporation, Limited; St. James' and Pall Mall Electric Lighting Company, Limited; Charing Cross (West-end and City) Electricity Supply Company, Limited.

City of London.—The City of London Electric Lighting Company, Limited; Charing Cross (West-end and City) Electricity Supply Company, Limited.

In certain portions of these boroughs several companies are in competition.

The South Metropolitan Company, Limited, was formed in 1896 for the supply to Greenwich, Blackheath, and neighbouring districts. It adopted its present title in 1904, and supplies in Lewisham, Penge, the Crystal Palace district, &c., from the River Thames to Beckenham, and Bromley in the south.

The following are summaries of the results of Municipal Electricity supply in the Metropolis for the year 1905-6 for the more important undertakings. These tables may be compared with those results of earlier years set out in previous issues of the MANUAL.

	Battersea. 1905-6.		Bermondsey. 1905-6.		Fulham. 1905-6.	
	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit d.
Private supply	18,470	2·947	11,102	2·215	14,907	2·666
Public lighting	7,694	2·817	5,090	3·378	5,542	1·532
Total	26,164	2·908	16,192	2·484	20,449	2·219
Meter rentals	97	·011	150	·023	68	·007
Sundry receipts	231	·025	140	·021	659	·072
Gross total	26,492	2·944	16,482	2·528	21,176	2·298
Less working expenses	14,948	1·661	8,715	1·337	11,602	1·259
Leaves gross profit	11,544	1·283	7,767	1·191	9,574	1·039
Less capital charges	15,948	1·772	4,119	·632	10,299	1·117
Gross surplus for year	—	—	3,648	·559	—	—
Gross deficiency for year	4,404	·489	—	—	725	·078
	Units.		Units.		Units.	
Units sold private	1,504,280		1,202,800		1,343,754	
Units sold public	655,593		361,662		868,105	
Total	2,159,873		1,564,462		2,211,859	
Units used on works	140,841		106,962		288,118	
Total accounted for	2,300,714		1,671,424		2,499,977	
Utilised on distribution	299,851		95,565		300,920	
Total generated	2,600,565		1,766,989		2,800,897	
Maximum load k.w.	1,514 k.w.		682 k.w.		1,250 k.w.	
Load factor	16·28 p.c.		26·19 p.c.		20·23 p.c.	

	Hackney. 1905-6.		Hammersmith. 1905-6.		Hampstead. 1905-6.	
	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit d.
Private supply	24,960	2·749	30,328	2·311	52,981	4.054
Public lighting	5,971	2·014	4,399	2·134	3,154	3·033
Total	30,931	2·568	34,727	2·287	66,135	3·980
Meter rentals	343	·028	95	·006	3.560	·214
Sundry receipts	59	·005	2,010	·132	433	·028
Gross total	31,333	2·601	36,832	2·425	70,118	4·232
Less working expenses	11,531	·957	21,035	1·385	29,990	1·809
Leaves gross profit	19,802	1·644	15,797	1·040	40,128	2·423
Less capital charges	16,707	1·387	13,166	·867	27,328	1·649
Gross surplus for year	3,095	·257	2,631	·173	12,820	·774
Gross deficiency for year	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Units.		Units.		Units.	
Units sold private	2,179,349		3,149,353		3,728,398	
Units sold public	711,547		494,793		249,612	
Total	2,890,896		3,644,146		3,978,010	
Units used on works	260,829		648,703		101,442	
Total accounted for	3,151,725		4,292,849		4,079,452	
Utilised on distribution	194,110		63,493		1,318,767	
Total generated	3,345,835		4,356,342		5,398,219	
Maximum load k.w.	1,902 k.w.		3,297 k.w.		3,306 k.w.	
Load factor	17·35 p.c.		12·62 p.c.		13·74 p.c.	

	Islington. 1905-6.		Marylebone. 1905-6.		Poplar. 1905-6.	
	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit d.
Private supply	37,252	3·871	—	—	20,063	2·191
Public lighting	18,207	4·014	—	—	5,275	1·500
Total	55,459	3·917	—	—	25,338	2·000
Meter rentals	162	·011	—	—	6	·001
Sundry receipts	133	·010	—	—	296	·003
Gross total	55,754	3 938	82,143	5.354	25,640	2·024
Less working expenses	28,220	1·993	30,035	1.958	12,587	·994
Leaves gross profit	27,534	1·945	52,108	3.396	13,053	1·030
Less capital charges	18,478	1·305	39,667	2.585	12,453	·983
Gross surplus for year	9,056	·640	12,441	.811	600	·047
Gross deficiency for year	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Units.		Units.		Units.	
Units sold private	2,309,522		3,682,841		2,197,050	
Units sold public	1,088,578		—		844,050	
Total	3,398,100		—		3,041,100	
Units used on works	109,743		1,014,312		522,603	
Total accounted for	3,507,843		4,697,153		3,563,703	
Utilised on distribution	569,376		935,285		369,228	
Total generated	4,077,219		5,632,438		3,932,931	
Maximum load k.w	2,641 k.w.		5,678 k.w.		1,520 k.w.	
Load factor	14·69 p.c.		—		22·84 p.c.	

	St. Pancras. 1905-6.		Shoreditch. 1905-6.	
	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit d.
Private supply	59,597	2·834	30,911	2·575
Public lighting	10,049	1·500	8,047	2·351
Total	69,646	2·512	38,958	2·525
Meter rentals	196	·007	9	·001
Sundry receipts	1,844	·066	1,318	·085
Gross total	71,686	2·585	40,285	2·611
Less working expenses	39,235	1·415	24,754	1·605
Leaves gross profit	32,451	1·170	15,531	1·006
Less capital charges	23,010	·830	14,826	·961
Gross surplus for year	9,441	·340	705	·045
Gross deficiency for year	—	—	—	—
	Units.		Units	
Units sold private	5,047,974		2,880,839	
Units sold public	1,607,800		821,618	
Total	6,655,774		3,702,457	
Units used on works	378,337		221,766	
Total accounted for	7,034,111		3,924,223	
Utilised on distribution	991,442		751,508	
Total generated	8,025,553		4,675,731	
Maximum load k.w.	3,660 k.w.		2,250 k.w.	
Load factor	20·76 p.c.		18·78 p.c.	

	Southwark. 1905-6.		Stepney. 1905-6.	
	Amount. £	Per unit d.	Amount. £	Per unit. d.
Private supply	9,437	3·252	25,847	2·032
Public lighting	3,597	2·809	7,474	1·805
Total	13,034	3·116	33,321	1.976
Meter rentals	193	·046	297	·018
Sundry receipts	233	·056	335	.020
Gross total	**13,460**	**3·218**	**33,953**	**2·014**
Less working expenses	8,307	1·986	19,789	1·174
Leaves gross profit	5,153	1·232	14,164	·840
Less capital charges	4,659	1·114	11,602	·688
Gross surplus for year	**494**	**·118**	**2,562**	**·152**
Gross deficiency for year	—	—	—	—
	Units.		Units.	
Units sold private	696,501		3,052,679	
Units sold public	307,352		993,526	
Total	1,003,853		4,046,205	
Units used on works	40,227		125,899	
Total accounted for	1,044,080		4,172,104	
Utilised on distribution	62,220		185,483	
Total generated	1,106,300		4,357,587	
Maximum load k.w.	700 k.w.		2,012 k.w.	
Load factor	16·37 p.c.		22.96 p.c.	

Summary of Capital Accounts 1905-6.

	Batter-sea.	Bermond-sey.	Fulham.	Hackney.
Lands	£22,991	£6,108	£56,082	£3,127
Buildings	65,626	15,008		39,267
Machinery	55,650	30,158	85,670	72,877
Accumulators	2,597	2,256	—	8,075
Mains and services	74,592	61,528	84,528	143,214
Meters	4,401	2,315	7,181	6,301
Transformers, motors, and sub-stations	—	359	—	—
Electrical instruments	471	1,883	201	7,051*
Various and not allocated	12,444	1,280	5,514	1,071
Total expended	**£238,772**	**£120,895**	**£239,176**	**£280,983**

	Hammer-smith.	Hamp-stead.	Islington.	Poplar.
Lands	£3,224	£12,500	£18,289	£41,554
Buildings	38,596	62,128	78,631	
Machinery	108,898	133,826	114,449	85,773
Accumulators	—	—	—	—
Mains and services	80,655	122,188	176,422	115,418
Meters	13,798	30,820	10,504	2,793
Transformers, motors, and sub-stations	14,417	20,053	22,476	—
Electrical instruments	697	1,128	6,365	3,565
Various and not allocated	384	—	1,677	1,770
Total expended	**£260,670**	**£382,643**	**£428,813**	**£250,873**

Summary of Capital Accounts 1905-6—(*continued*)

	St. Pancras.	Shoreditch.	South Wark.	Stepney.
Lands	£41,747	£31,247	£1,105	£22,650
Buildings	63,548	51,696	14,949	55,455
Machinery	139,293	80,407	33,629	50,111
Accumulators	—	1,716	952	2,565
Mains and services	225,366	109,757	27,050	103,524
Meters	24,967	8,437	3,223	5,952
Transformers, motors, and sub-stations..	—	25,973	—	—
Electrical instruments	1,445	9,532	3,832	2,474
Various and not allocated	1,930	4,363	—	1,251
Total expended	£498,296	£323,128	£84,740	£243,982

* Including switchboard.

Further particulars and notes showing how the various metropolitan districts have arrived at the present condition of lighting and power supply are given in the following sections.

BATTERSEA.

Provisional Order granted in 1896 to the then Vestry. Supply inaugurated September 28th, 1901. Capital expenditure to 31st March, 1902, £155,122; 31st March, 1903, £178,445; 31st March, 1904, £195,345; 31st March, 1905, £216,723; and end of March, 1906, £238,772. Generating station, situate at junction of Lombard and Holman roads, close to river. Continuous current three-wire system adopted on the advice of the consulting engineers, Messrs. Kennedy and Jenkin, with constant pressure of 460 volts across the outer conductors of the mains, and supply given at 230 volts for lighting and small motors and 460 volts for large motors. Mains were laid sufficient to supply current to over 100,000 lamps of eight-candle power, and have since been largely extended. Plant capacity 2,740 kilowatts; private lamps connected, about 80,000. Plant recently installed, three Babcock-Wilcox boilers, two 750 kilowatt Parsons turbo-generator, one high-speed Belliss engine, and Mather and Platt generator of about same size, and Green's economiser. Electrical Engineer was W. A. Kemm in 1905, but he resigned in March, 1906, and F. A. Bond, (formerly at Heston and Isleworth) was appointed and remains in office.

BERMONDSEY.

An Electric Lighting Order was obtained by the late Bermondsey Vestry in 1899, and electricity works in conjunction with a dust destructor were opened in January, 1902. At first the borough council supplied the parish of Bermondsey only, but a Provisional Order was obtained in 1902 authorising an extension of the system to the other portions of the borough, *i.e.*, Rotherhithe and St. Olave's. Supply on the three-wire continuous current system at 480 and 240 volts; capacity of plant 1,480 k.w. Electrical Engineer, W. J. Heenan.

BETHNAL GREEN.

It is proposed to erect electricity works in conjunction with refuse destructor works, and to employ the heat generated by the destructors for raising steam for driving the generators. The capital cost of the combined works, as estimated by Mr. Robert Hammond, consult-

ing engineer, will amount to about £100,000. The low-pressure direct current system of electricity will be adopted. A Provisional Order was granted in August, 1899, giving the necessary powers, but great difficulty was experienced in obtaining a suitable site for generating works, and this has caused delay, but the scheme is being proceeded with, and a site for the works was taken up in 1904. Plans had been prepared for more than one suggested site. Owing to the number of proposals for dealing with bulk supply in London slow progress is being made in this district.

CAMBERWELL.

The borough council agreed to accept an offer of the London Electric Supply Corporation to sell for £25,000 the Order granted for part of its district. This arrangement was not, however, carried through, although the agreement was signed, as the Board of Trade would only grant an Order on condition that the borough bought out all the electric supply companies, one of which, the County of London Company, obtained powers in 1896 for a portion of the district. The London and South Metropolitan Companies also supply parts of the area. The application was therefore dropped.

FULHAM.

Provisional Order granted in 1897. Public lighting was inaugurated on May 1st and private supply on June 1st, 1901. Generating station worked in conjunction with dust destructor, situated near Wandsworth Bridge. Capital expenditure, about £239,176. Plant capable of delivering an output of current equal to 28,000 eight-candle power lamps was first put down and has since been greatly modified. One of the few stations originally laid out with horizontal engines. System, 2 phase 3,000 volts 50 period alternating. Later engines, Belliss high-speed vertical, and Stirling boilers. Large extensions have recently been made. The present capacity of the plant is nearly 3,000 kilowatts. Dust destructor is capable of destroying refuse to the extent of 100 tons during 24 hours with ten cells at most, and 120 tons with twelve cells. There were 1,430 customers receiving current at March, 1905, and 1,865,052 units were sold. For 1904-5, according to published statistics, 1,865,008 units had been sold, with an income of £19,757, and costs of £10,030, while capital charges took £9,448, and the surplus amounted to £221. The maximum load was 1,008 kilowatts. 51,830 lamps were connected on private consumers' premises, the gross connections being 71,645 lamps. A frontage of 19 miles was supplied. 241,054 units were sold for motive power, bringing in just over £1,000. Such particulars as are obtainable are given in preceding tables for 1905-6. Engineer, A. J. Fuller.

HACKNEY.

Order granted in 1893. Supply inaugurated 31st October, 1901. Electricity works in conjunction with dust destructor. System, low pressure continuous current direct supply at constant pressure on the three-wire method, the standard pressure of supply being 240 volts at consumers' terminals. The four sets of generating plant originally erected in the engine-house, amounting to 3,000 h.p., were sufficient with the accumulators to supply electric current for about 75,000 eight-candle power lamps connected to the mains, after allowing for an ample amount of reserve plant. For the period of eleven months ended 30th September, 1902, the total capital invested was £207,921, the revenue

£11,606, and the working expenditure £4,969, with a gross profit of £6,637. As the interest amounted to £5,606, and the repayments to £1,104, there was a deficiency of £73. Engineer, L. L. Robinson.

HAMPSTEAD.

Provisional Order granted in 1892. Supply commenced in October, 1894. Has since taken over the Hampstead Electric Supply Company, Limited. Works in Council's Yard, Lithos-road, Finchley-road, N.W. System, single-phase high-tension alternating. Engineer, G. H. Cottam.

ISLINGTON.

Provisional Order granted in 1893. System originally laid out with horizontal engines and slow-speed alternators, 2,000 volts 50 periods single phase. Willans, Dick, Kerr turbine, set 1,200 k.w., recently installed. Supply commenced January, 1896, and works opened in March, 1896, in Eden-grove, Holloway, on Great Northern Railway. Engineer, Albert Gay.

LEWISHAM.

An Order was granted for a portion of the district to the late Board of Works, but the borough council has allowed the South Metropolitan Electric Light and Power Company, Limited, to acquire the powers and to cover the whole area.

MARYLEBONE.

The Borough Council purchased the Marylebone portion of the Metropolitan Electric Supply Company's undertaking. The Borough Council bought the undertaking in July, 1904, and commenced supply in August, 1905, and has gradually converted over from alternating to the direct current system. £1,212,000 was paid for purchase of the undertaking from the Metropolitan Company out of a loan granted by the County Council for £1,415,000. The powers for this were obtained in 1901, but a second Act in 1904 enabled the Council to complete the purchase and erect its own generating station in St. John's Wood, with a frontage to the Regent's Canal. The system adopted for permanent supply by the Council is direct current three wire at 240 and 480 volts, with Parsons steam turbines of about 12,000 kilowatts as generators, and the Council has been supplying the whole of the area from their own plant from the end of March, 1906. The scheme was prepared by Mr. Arthur Wright as consulting expert. Capital expended about £1,850,000. Engineer, F. A. Wilkinson.

POPLAR.

A Provisional Order was obtained in 1893, and put into effect by the late Poplar Board of Works, commencing supply in the winter of 1900, and the Borough Council is engaged in extending the system throughout its area. The generating works are situate at Glaucus-street, Bromley-by-Bow, and about £251,000 has been expended upon the installation. Although the original scheme laid down by the then engineer, A. Blackman, was for continuous current only, the extensions southwards to the Isle of Dogs area have necessitated high tension transmission plant with motor generator. Engineer, J. H. Bowden.

ST. PANCRAS.

Order granted in 1883. The first local authority to start electricity supply in the metropolis. The Regent's Park works opened in November, 1891, and these were followed in 1894 by the King's-road combined electricity and destructor station. Lately high tension alter-

nating transmission has been added. Parsons turbo-generators recently installed. Extensive additions have been made in public lighting by erection of arc lamps in the Gray's Inn-road and King's-cross districts and elsewhere. Engineer, Sydney Baynes.

SHOREDITCH.

Originally started works in Coronet-street on high tension continuous current system, with Willans engines, taking steam from a Manlove Alliott refuse destructor, with Druitt Halpin hot feed storage, Belliss sets added as extensions, and later put down new extra works in Whiston-street, installing two vertical Walls-End Corliss engines, with Westinghouse generators of 800 k.w. each. Engineer, C. Newton Russell.

SOUTHWARK.

Order granted to Newington Vestry in 1897; current first supplied in July, 1899. Figures for 1900-1; Capital expenditure, £57,313; interest on loans, £1,796; income, £7,326; expenditure, £5,568; deficit, £38; number of lamps connected, 18,539; number of units sold, 484,431. The Council has on more than one occasion threatened to offer to sell the undertaking. So far, wiser counsels have prevailed. Engineer, D. M. Kinghorn.

STEPNEY.

Order was obtained by Whitechapel Board of Works in 1892, and current first supplied from a temporary station in January, 1900, in which year further powers were obtained. Central station, in conjunction with dust destructor, Osborn-street. The mains are being extended throughout the whole Borough of Stepney. Two Parsons turbo-generators of 1,000 k.w. each recently installed. Engineer, W. C. P. Tapper.

STOKE NEWINGTON.

In 1902 the Borough Council obtained powers to supply electricity within the area, and a supply was taken from Hackney. After negotiations with that borough and Islington, powers were included in Act of 1903 for mutual supply by agreement. Having considered terms offered, a bulk supply from the North Metropolitan Company was accepted, and the Council laid down transforming station, which was opened in April, 1906. This is the only case in the metropolis of a borough council taking bulk supply from a company and distributing it to consumers within their area.

WOOLWICH.

The Order for electric lighting was originally obtained by the Woolwich Local Board of Health, but it was transferred by it in 1891 to a private company. The company had made a capital expenditure of about £48,000. The Borough Council entered into an agreement to purchase for £80,000. plus all additional capital expenditure from 1st January, 1901, the powers, works, plant, &c., of the Woolwich District Electric Lighting Company. The Borough Council has now powers for the supply of electricity in the whole of the borough, having obtained an additional Provisional Order in 1901-2. Before the amalgamation of Woolwich, Plumstead, and Eltham, the Plumstead Vestry had also obtained powers to supply electricity in Plumstead, and these powers the Woolwich Borough Council inherited, and a tender was accepted for the erection of a dust destructor and electricity works for £40,574. In the parish of Eltham the council purchased

by agreement the undertaking of the Blackheath and Greenwich District Electric Light Company, so far as related to that district, completing the purchase in January, 1903. A large generating station was erected in Plumstead, and that with the existing works in Woolwich supplies the whole of the borough. The systems adopted are 3-phase extra high tension, at 6,600 volts, 50 cycles, and direct current, with 420 volts on the outers. Engineer (*pro. tem.*), G. W. Keats.

ELECTRICITY CHARGES BY BOROUGH COUNCILS IN METROPOLIS.

Metropolitan Borough Councils' rates of charge for electricity supply (applying to accounts 1905-6, or arranged since time of issue of such accounts):—

	Lighting.	Power.
Battersea	Inside 3½d., outside 2½d. per unit.	1d. per unit.
Bermondsey ...	6d. and 2d., or 3½d. flat.	1½d. and 1d.
Fulham	3½d. per unit, less 5 % over £5, and 2½ % £2 and under.	1d. per unit.
Hackney	6d. and 1d., or 3½d. flat.	£1 per k.w. per qr. & ½d. per unit.
Hammersmith ...	3d. per unit.	1½d. per unit with discounts to 33⅓%
Hampstead ...	6d. (two hours) and 1½d. or 4d.	£1 per k.w. per quarter and 1d. or 1½d. per unit.
Islington	3½d. per unit.	1d. per unit.
Marylebone ...	8d. and 1d. maximum demand.	2d. and 1d. max. demand.
Poplar	5d. (one hour daily) and 3d. or 4d. flat.	1½d. or £3 and 8d. or £4 & 5d.
St. Pancras ...	6d. (one hour) and 1½d. or 4d. flat.	1d. per unit.
Stepney	8d. (300 hours per annum) and 1d.; or 6d. (300 hours per annum) and 0·9d.	1d. per unit or £4 per k.w. per annum and ½d. per unit.
Shoreditch ...	5d. (1½ hours daily) and 2d.	2d. or £3 per E.H.P. and ½d. per unit
Southwark ...	6d. (one hour) and 1d. or 4½d. flat.	2½d. to 1d. per unit.

In some cases churches and chapels receive special terms:—

Granting Special Terms.	No Special Terms.
Bermondsey (3d. per unit).	Battersea.
Hackney (4d. per unit and 10 per cent. cash discount over £10).	Fulham.
Islington (4d. per unit).	Hammersmith.
Poplar (4d. per unit).	Hampstead.
St. Pancras (4d. per unit).	Shoreditch.
Southwark (4½d. per unit).	Stepney.
	Woolwich.

As a rule the boroughs not giving preferential treatment charge very low rates, thus rendering special ones unnecessary.

Some of the foregoing rates have since been modified, changes are taking place frequently in view of the potential competition of the power companies, and in many cases special classes of customers receive separate treatment without the terms being made public.

Motive power supply is being taken up at a rate which is increasing as reductions are made in the prices charged for this class of service. The following figures give the approximate number of motors and their horse-power about the time of issue of the various accounts for 1905-6:—

Metropolitan Borough.	Number of Motors.	Total Horse-power.	Rates Charged.
Battersea	—	1,108	1d. per unit.
Fulham	Over 256	779	1d. per unit.
Hackney	Over 223	Over 797	£1 qr. rental and ½d. per unit.
Hammersmith	229	1,420	1½d., with discounts to 33 %
Hampstead	64	298	Demand scale at 2½d. per unit.
Islington	200	1,200	1d. per unit.
Poplar	430	4,702	1½d. maximum, or £3 per k.w. and 0·8d. or £4 and 0·5d.
St. Pancras	545	2,858	1d. per unit.
Shoreditch	582	2,990	2d. per unit with discounts,
Southwark	60	630	2½d. to 1d. per unit.
Stepney	360	2,330	1d. flat rate, or £4 per k.w. per annum and ½d. per unit.
Woolwich	Over 41	Over 239	2d. per unit and discount.

A general comparison of the output and costs of the London Councils and Companies for the year 1905-6 or 1905, the latest for which returns are available for all, is given in the table below. For that year the average works cost over the whole tabulated was 1d. and for total cost 1½d. per unit sold. The rapid decrease that is being effected in the fuel item is shown by the next table, which applies to Hammersmith:—

Year.	Cost of Coal.	Cost per Unit Sold.	Tons of Coal.	Pounds of Coal per Unit Sold.
	£	d.		
To March 31st, 1902 ...	4,778	·784	4,908	7·50
,, ,, ,, 1903 ...	5,082	·702	5,623	7·20
,, ,, ,, 1904 ...	5,060	·546	5,302	5·34
,, ,, ,, 1905 ...	4,916	·400	6,240	4·99
,, ,, ,, 1906 ...	5,593	·360	7,725	4·77

GENERAL TABLE OF OUTPUTS AND COSTS OF METROPOLITAN ELECTRICITY UNDERTAKINGS.

Borough.	Year of working.	No. of units sold.	Load factor.	Works costs per unit sold.	Total cost per unit sold.
			Per cent.	d.	d.
Battersea	4th	2,159,873	16·28	1·18	1·65
Bermondsey	4th	1,564,462	26·19	·83	1·36
Fulham	4th	2,214,747	20·22	1·00	1·53
Hackney	4th	2,890,896	17·35	·57	·96
Hammersmith ...	8th	3,644,146	12·62	·80	1·21
Hampstead	11th	3,978,010	13·74	1·11	1·77
Islington	10th	3,398,100	14·69	1·38	1·99
Poplar	5th	3,041,100	22·84	·71	1·19
St. Marylebone ...	1st	3,652,828	—	·98	1·49
St. Pancras	14th	6,655,774	20·77	1·06	1·44
Shoreditch	8th	3,702,457	18·78	1·25	1·59
Southwark	6th	1,003,853	16·38	1.42	1·96
Stepney	6th	4,046,205	22·96	·77	1·11
Stoke Newington ...	1st	114,662	11·90	3·31	3·60
Woolwich	5th	1,048,495	11·54	2·07	3·50

General Table of Outputs and Costs of Metropolitan Electricity Undertakings—(*continued*).

Borough.	Year of working.	No. of units sold.	Load factor.	Works costs per unit sold.	Total cost per unit sold.
			Per cent.	d.	d.
Companies.					
Brompton	17th	2,624,380	15·01	1·26	2·01
Charing Cross... ...	14th	15,483,187	15·81	—	—
Chelsea	16th	3,222,038	15·40	1·23	1·73
City of London ...	14th	20,957,648	14·94	·81	1·20
County of London ...	9th	8,614,187	14·35	1·01	1·53
Kensington	18th	4,807,221	14·35	1·36	2·26
London	20th	13,042,932	24·82	·72	·95
Metropolitan	17th	14,079,160	13·96	1·13	1·84
Notting Hill	14th	1,711,955	14·26	·98	2·05
St. James'	15th	7,815,545	16·90	1·54	2·13
South London... ...	8th	10,144,995	29·32	·91	1·04
South Metropolitan ...	6th	2,144,316	13·83	·96	1·49
Westminster	15th	14,899,170	19·86	1·49	2·01

PUBLIC AND STREET ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The late Mr. J. F. B. Firth, M.P., in an essay upon London Government has stated that 300 years ago, on the threat of a Spanish invasion, every London householder was bound to have a light before his door at night under penalty of death by the common hangman. One hundred and thirty years later the omission to supply such a light was punished by a fine. After the Restoration candles or lights were directed to be hung out from dusk to 9 p.m. between Michaelmas and Lady Day by every householder. Macaulay records that in 1685 letters patent were granted to one Edmund Hemming conferring upon him the lighting of London by means of lanterns, and one of these was placed in front of every tenth house on each side of a thoroughfare. The Lighting and Watching Acts subsequently passed made it obligatory upon local authorities to light the street at night time, although the amount and duration of such lighting is left entirely to their discretion. The first great improvement occurred in or about 1823 when gas was introduced, and by the Metropolis Management Act of 1855 the Metropolitan Board of Works was instituted, together with the vestries, to be again revised by the Act of 1899 constituting the Metropolitan Borough Councils.

Public electric lighting in the metropolis was first started on permanent lines by the St. Pancras Vestry, and is being rapidly extended; Islington, for example, is engaged in erecting 275 additional arc lamps, and Oxford street, from Tottenham Court-road to the Marble Arch, has been lighted by pairs of "Flame" arc lamps (87 in number) suspended from centre standards. Piccadilly and Regent-street have for many years been lighted in this way, but the lamps are of the open arc type, current being supplied by the St. James' Company, while the Westminster Company in recent years have found the City Council a customer for a very extensive area lighted by their current by means of arc lamps. The approximate number of lamps, or posts carrying lamps, in use by the borough councils was as follows:—

	Winter, 1900-1.		Autumn, 1904.		Autumn, 1906.	
	Arc Lamps.	Incandescent.	Arc Lamps.	Incandescent.	Arc Lamps.	Incandescent.
St. Pancras ...	416	—	755	—	792	22
Islington	398	—	486	—	516	—
Hackney ...	320	—	293	—	482	49
Shoreditch ...	320	—	260	—	322	—
Poplar	190	530	320	491	344	553
Hammersmith ...	164	—	227	—	198	108
Hampstead ...	94	—	122	41	122	—
Southwark ...	90	180	90	361	98	156
Fulham	86	172	270	80	273	404
Stepney	70	5	95	5	376	116
Battersea	—	—	366	4	381	213
Woolwich ...	—	—	—	—	127	61
Bermondsey ...	—	—	—	—	168	247

Some further particulars of public electric lighting in London are given below :—

Metropolitan Borough.	Length of Streets Electrically Lighted.	Inclusive Charge per Lamp per Annum.*
Battersea	—	Arcs £18 & £10 p.a. ; incts. £6 & £5.
Fulham	19 miles	According to total works costs, plus capital charges, maintenance, and repairs.§
Hackney	—	
Hammersmith	8½ miles	£20 p.a arc. ; £4 p.a. incandescent.
Hampstead	6½ to 7½ miles	£24 each approx.
Islington	20 miles (about)	£36 12s. 8d.†
Marylebone	1½ miles approx.	£20 13s. 7d. p.a.
Poplar	32 miles	1½d. per unit.‡
St. Pancras	63,360 yards.	1½d. per unit.‡
Stepney	15 miles	6d. (300 p.a.) & 0·9d. per unit. after.†‖
Shoreditch	13 miles.	2½ per unit.‡
Southwark	—	2·84d. per unit.‡
Woolwich	—	5d. per unit including maintenance.

* Generally applying to 1905-6 accounts. † 3½d. per unit for current only. ‡ Maintenance extra. § In 1904-5 £25 and £3 10s. 4d. for incandescents. ‖ In 1904-5 average was 1·55d. per unit for current only.

The cost of carbons, trimming, and maintenance is in some cases borne by the rates directly; in others it is included in the charge made for current. In all cases, however, the district auditors have held that the provision of lamps and standards is not a capital charge on the electricity undertaking but must be paid for by the local rates under the Metropolis Management Acts. Hence these charges do not bear any proportion for the cost of the columns as is the case with most provincial local authorities.

The tendency in the Metropolis is to do away with electric incandescent lamps, and to use arc (especially "Flame" or "Golden Sunshine") lamps for main thoroughfares and incandescent gas mantles for the side streets. Evidence of a steady increase in the use of electricity is, however, shown by the changes :—

Incandescents.

Increases 1904-5 to 1905-6.		Decreases 1904-5 to 1905-6.	
Battersea	200 to 213	Southwark	484 to 156
Fulham	200 to 404	Woolwich	201 to 61
Poplar...	463 to 553		
Stepney	114 to 116		
St. Pancras	6 to 22		

The average lighting hours in the metropolis can be ascertained from the lighting tables, of which we take that of the Borough of Finsbury as an example. Lighting and extinguishing to commence at the hour given on the 1st of each month, and to occupy about one hour :—

	Lighting.	Extinguishing.		Lighting.	Extinguishing.
January	3.30	7.37	July	7.49	3.18
February	4.17	7.11	August	7.17	3.55
March	5.8	6.16	September... ...	6.16	4.44
April	6·2	5.6	October	5.7	5.32
May	6.52	4.2	November... ...	4.2	6.25
June	7.36	3.19	December	3.22	7.17

From an extended series of tests in the City of Westminster reliable average figures as to the light obtained and expense were made available. They relate, however, to open type arc lamps only, and no such data has been published respecting the more modern "Flame" lamps. In that city at the time of these tests there were : St. George's district, 953 arcs, costing £21,046, and 217 incandescents costing £868; St. Martin's district, 100 arc lamps; St. James' district, 60 arc lamps; Buckingham Palace-road, for a length of 780 yards, is lighted electrically by 16 columns, costing £352 annually each, giving an average of 683-candle power, at the rate of £795 per mile; while Victoria-street is lighted by gas for a length of 1,000 yards with 55 columns, costing £242 annually, giving an average of 61-candle power, at the rate of £426 per mile.

Some valuable results, taken from these actual tests of gas and electric street lighting, have been published by the City Engineer of Westminster, and these form a good standard by which to measure improvements. The figures given are the latest available from that source :—

	Electric Arcs.			Incandescent Gas Mantles.					
	Charing Cross Co.	St. James' Co.	Westminster Co.	4 mantle (refuges).	3c. burners.	2c. burners.	2 kern burners.	Single burners.	2 flat-flame gas burners.
Capital cost per lamp	£40	£45	—	£15	£15	£6	—	£6	£8
Total cost per lamp per annum ...	£30	£34	£22	£13 6 6	£9 13 9	£5 18 2	—	£3 10	£6 7 2 £5 18 2
Hours of burning per annum ...	3,940	3,879	3,940	3,940	3,940	3,940	—	3,940	3,940
Average c.p. in quarter—									
September, 1902 ...	512c.p.	688c.p.	675c.p.	153c.p.	—	—	—	55c.p.	62c.p.
December, 1902 ...	937c.p.	598c.p.	691c.p.	—	—	—	—	62c.p.	61c.p.
March, 1903... ...	754c.p.	547c.p.	564c.p.	65c.p.	—	—	—	38c.p.	57c.p.
June, 1903	590c.p.	362c.p.	576c.p.	96c.p.	—	—	—	34c.p.	57c.p.
September, 1903 ...	554c.p.	585c.p.	563c.p.	113c.p.	107c.p.	77c.p.	68c.p.	49c.p.	58c.p.
December, 1903 ...	670c.p.	474c.p.	606c.p.	113c.p.	—	—	—	42c.p.	51c.p.
Average total cost per c.p. per annum of all tests ...	11·49d.	15·1d.	8·7d.	30·7d.	21·73d.	18·4d.	—	18·42d.	25·65d.
Number of lamps of each class in the City of Westminster	100	60	945	12	—	—	—	1,241	35

LONDON'S GAS SUPPLY.

PRIOR to 1870, what is now known as the Administrative County of London was supplied with gas by no fewer than 15 gas companies. Each had its own area allotted to it, and each was regulated by its own special Acts of Parliament. In 1870 the process of amalgamation began by which the number has been reduced to three. Between 1870 and 1883 the Gas Light and Coke Company absorbed seven companies. The last company which it absorbed was the London Company, which had a district on the south side of the river. Prior to this amalgamation, which took place in 1883, the Gas Light and Coke Company's operations had been confined to the north side of the Thames.

From this time dates the curious anomaly that this company charges more for gas on the north side of the river than it does on the south side. The reason for this is that one of the conditions upon which absorption of the London Company was allowed was that the Gas Light and Coke Company should at no time charge more for gas on the south side of the Thames than the South Metropolitan Company charges. At that time the charges of the South Metropolitan were less than those of the Gas Light and Coke Company, and they have always remained so. But the latter company is compelled to follow the charge of the South Metropolitan so far as its area south of the Thames is concerned, irrespective of the price charged on the north side.

Again, as all the companies are bound to charge the public lighting at not more than the lowest price charged to a private consumer, it follows that the Gas Light and Coke Company is regulated in this regard by the prices of the South Metropolitan Company, not only on the south side but also on the north side.

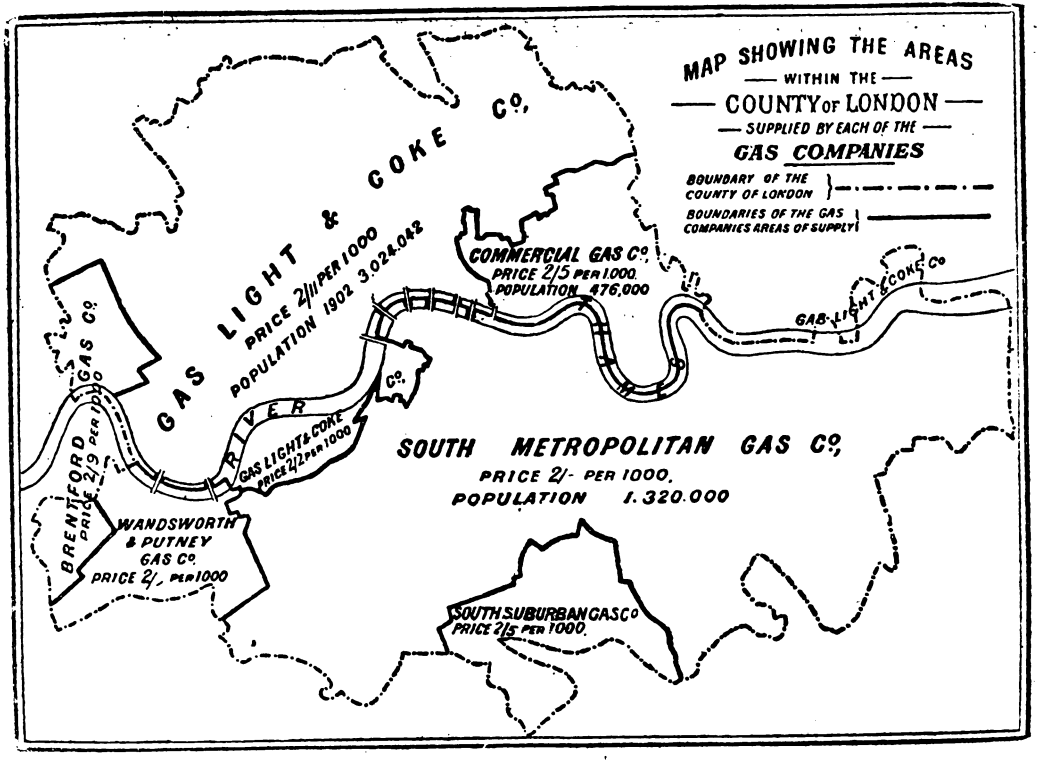
Since 1901, however, the Gas Light and Coke Company has been allowed to charge 2*d.* more than the South Metropolitan Company on the south side, and also for public lighting, for the reason that while the South Metropolitan Company now supply 14-candle gas the Gas Light and Coke Company still supply 16-candle gas.

With respect to the South Metropolitan Company, between 1879 and 1885 it absorbed four companies. The Commercial Company absorbed the Ratcliff Company in 1875. Now these three companies supply practically the whole of the administrative county, the only exceptions being a small part in the north-west supplied by the Brentford Company, a small part

in the south-west supplied by the Wandsworth and Putney Company, and a small part in the south supplied by the South Suburban Company.

Up till July, 1901, all three companies were bound to supply gas of not less than 16-candle power, as tested by gas examiners appointed by the County Council and the City Corporation at 23 fixed testing stations distributed throughout the county. This provision still applies to the Gas Light and Coke Company, but the South Metropolitan Company and the Commercial Company are now bound to supply gas of 14 candle-power only. In return for this concession the South Metropolitan Company consented to a reduction of the standard price for the sliding scale by 2*d.* and the Commercial Company to a reduction of 3*d.* The Gas Light and Coke Company maintains that it can supply 16-candle gas on better terms to the consumer than it could 14-candle gas; and, therefore, while, as mentioned later, it has agreed to a reduction of its standard price from 3s. 9d. to 3s. 4d., it did not ask for a reduction in the illuminating power, probably because had it done so the County Council would have insisted upon a still further reduction in the standard price.

The sliding-scale was first introduced in an Act obtained by the Commercial Company in 1875. By this it was provided that when the price of gas was 3*s.* 9*d.* per thousand cubic feet the company might pay a dividend on the ordinary stock at the rate of 10 per cent., and that for every penny below 3*s.* 9*d.* at which gas was sold the dividend might be increased by ¼ per cent., and for every penny above 3*s.* 9*d.* it must be reduced by ¼ per cent. In the following year both the Gas Light and Coke Company and the South Metropolitan Company came under similar legislation; but in the case of the last-named the standard price was fixed at 3*s.* 6*d.*, instead of 3*s.* 9*d.* as in the cases of the two other companies. By the legislation of 1876 it was also provided that all new capital issued must be offered to the public, either by auction or tender, and allotted to the highest bidder, and any premiums arising from such sale were to be applied by the companies as capital, but not to bear any dividend. Under these Acts the Gas Light and Coke Company has obtained premiums to the amount of £1,586,807, and the South Metropolitan Company to the amount of £832,775. Although under its Act of 1875 the Commercial Gas Company retained the right to issue stock at par, it did not exercise this right throughout, but issued some of its new stock to the highest bidder. By an Act obtained in 1902, this company is now under the same regulations as the others in regard to the issue of capital by auction or tender. Its premium capital now stands at £54,638. Both the South Metropolitan and the Commercial have now Parliamentary authority to make the first offer of new stock to their employees and their gas consumers at about the average Stock Exchange price for the time being,


MAP SHOWING THE AREAS
WITHIN THE
COUNTY OF LONDON
SUPPLIED BY EACH OF THE
GAS COMPANIES
BOUNDARY OF THE COUNTY OF LONDON
BOUNDARIES OF THE GAS COMPANIES AREAS OF SUPPLY
GAS LIGHT & COKE Co.
PRICE 2/11 PER 1000
POPULATION 1902 3.024.042
COMMERCIAL GAS Co.
PRICE 2/5 PER 1000.
POPULATION 476,000
GAS LIGHT & COKE Co
GAS LIGHT & COKE Co
RIVER
GAS LIGHT & COKE
PRICE 2/2 PER 1000
SOUTH METROPOLITAN GAS Co.
PRICE 2/- PER 1000.
POPULATION 1.320.000
BRENTFORD GAS Co
PRICE 2/9 PER 1000
WANDSWORTH & PUTNEY GAS Co.
PRICE 2/- PER 1000
SOUTH SUBURBAN GAS Co
PRICE 2/5 PER 1000.

and this is now largely taken advantage of by both employees and consumers.

In 1896 the South Metropolitan Company, under powers obtained by Act, converted its ordinary stock into an equivalent amount bearing a standard dividend of 4 per cent., and the increment or decrement of dividend per penny reduction or increase in the price of gas was fixed at 2*s.* per cent., which is the equivalent of the former 5*s.* In 1898 the Gas Light and Coke Company did likewise, and the Commercial Company followed in 1902.

The effect of these conversions is that for every £100 of stock entitled to a standard dividend of 10 per cent., £250 of stock entitled to a standard dividend of 4 per cent. was created. In other words, the nominal capital of the companies was multiplied by 2½, and the standard dividend was divided by 2½, so that the return to the shareholder remains unaffected. Prior to these conversions, when new stock was issued it commanded a high premium in the market, and the whole of the premium was placed to the credit of the capital account, but was not entitled to any dividend. Now, of course, there is not so much premium obtained; indeed, the Gas Light and Coke Company has had to issue some stock at below par. The main effect of the conversions was to bring the nominal value of the stocks somewhere near the market value.

In 1899 a Select Committee of the House of Commons recommended that the standard price for all three companies should be reduced to a uniform 3*s.* 3*d.* per thousand cubic feet, and, further, that for every complete 3*d.* below or above the standard price the dividend should be increased or reduced by another 2*s.* per cent. The following year the South Metropolitan Company accepted this, with the modification that instead of waiting for a complete 3*d.* the dividend varies 2*s.* 8*d.* for every penny change in the price of gas. The company also, as already mentioned, gave up 2*d.* more of the standard price for the privilege of supplying 14-candle gas, which, it is asserted, gives better value to the consumer The Commercial Company reduced its standard price for 14-candle gas to 3*s.* 3*d.*, as against the former 3*s.* 9*d.* for 16-candle gas. Its dividend will now vary by 2*s.* 8*d.* per cent. for every penny change in the selling price of gas, as in the case of the South Metropolitan. The Select Committee also recommended that the Gas Light and Coke Company's area on the south side of the Thames should be transferred to the South Metropolitan Company, so as to get rid of the anomaly of one company charging two prices, and in 1901 the South Metropolitan Company obtained powers to buy this area subject to the Gas Light and Coke Company coming to Parliament in 1902 to have the sale confirmed. The latter company did not do so, and the powers have now lapsed, an application by the South Metropolitan Company to Parliament in 1902 for an extension of time not having been entertained. The Gas Light and Coke Company was before Parliament in 1899, 1900, and 1901 asking for powers to raise more capital, but in each case the

Bill was opposed by the County Council, City Corporation, and the local authorities, and rejected on the ground that no willingness had been shown to comply with any of the recommendations of the Select Committee of 1899. In 1903 the Company again applied to Parliament. It was at first opposed by the London County Council, but ultimately a settlement was arrived at, the result of which is that the company is empowered to raise £750,000 of capital in second debenture stock bearing interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum. The standard price is reduced from 3*s.* 9*d.* to 3*s.* 4*d.*, but in other respects the sliding scale of the company is brought into accordance with the scales of the other companies, as already explained. Provision is made for a certain proportion of the company's profits being set aside for the redemption of capital that has become obsolete, up to a total amount of £1,000,000. Up to 31st December, 1906, £40,090 of capital was redeemed under this provision.

For a number of years there was a difference of opinion between the gas companies and the County Council as to the manner of testing the gas for illuminating power, and as to the standard of purity to be maintained. In 1903 a Committee was appointed by the Board of Trade to inquire into this matter, and also into the request of the companies to be relieved from purifying the gas from what are known as sulphur compounds. The Committee recommended that a particular method of testing for illuminating power should be adopted, and that purification from "sulphur compounds" should not be compulsory; and in 1905 an Act was passed, at the instance of the County Council, giving effect to these recommendations.

Charges Made by London and Suburban Gas Companies During the Past 14 Years.

In each case the price is given as it stood in December of the respective years.

Company.	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Gas Light and Coke—														
North of Thames	3 1	2 10	2 10	2 10	2 10	3 0	2 11	3 5	3 0	3 0	3 0	2 11	2 11	2 11
South of Thames	2 5	2 4	2 3	2 3	2 3	2 3	2 1	2 8	2 5	2 5	2 5	2 2	2 2	2 2
South Metropolitan	2 5	2 4	2 3	2 3	2 3	2 3	2 1	2 8	2 3	2 3	2 3	2 0	2 0	2 0
Southgate and District	4 3	4 2	4 0	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 8	4 0	3 9	3 10	3 9	3 9	3 8	3 9
Commercial	2 9	2 7	2 6	2 6	2 6	2 6	2 6	3 0	2 8	2 8	2 6	2 5	2 5	2 5
South Suburban	2 9	2 8	2 7	2 7	2 7	2 7	2 6	2 10	2 7	2 7	2 7	2 7	2 5	2 5
Wandsworth	2 8	2 8	2 4	2 4	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 6	2 4	2 4	2 4	2 2	2 0	2 0
Brentford	3 3	3 1	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 9	2 9	2 9
Hornsey	3 4	3 4	3 2	3 2	3 2	3 2	3 1	3 0	3 0	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11
North Middlesex	4 3	4 3	4 3	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 3	4 0	3 10	3 9	3 8	3 8	3 8
Richmond	3 1	3 0	2 10	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 4	3 0	3 0	2 10	2 10	3 7	3 7
West Ham	3 2	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 4	3 2	3 0	2 11	2 11	2 10	2 10
Tottenham	3 2	3 2	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	2 10	2 10	2 10	2 8
Croydon	2 10	2 9	2 8	2 8	2 8	2 8	2 8 and 3 5	2 10 and 3 5	2 10 and 3 7	2 8 and 3 5	2 8 and 3 5	2 8 and 3 2	2 8 and 2 11	2 8 and 3 4
Bromley	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	4 3	3 3	3 0	3 0	2 11	2 11	2 11
Lea Bridge	4 6	4 6	4 0	4 0	3 10	3 10	3 8	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 8	3 8	3 6	3 6

DETAILS RELATING TO THE THREE PRINCIPAL GAS COMPANIES IN THE METROPOLIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1906.

	Gas Light and Coke Company.	South Metropolitan.	Commercial Gas Company.
Capital Authorised—			
Stock	£21,602,975	£6,761,224	£2,235,000
Loan	£5,073,975	£2,048,994	£550,000
Capital paid up—			
Stock	£21,602,975	£6,350,000	£2,003,280
Loan	£4,323,975	£1,895,445	£475,000
Premiums	£1,586,807	£832,775	£54,638
Reserved Funds	£445,996	£301,103	£88,713
Percentage on Paid-up Capital	1·7	3·6	3·6
Revenue from Gas	£3,022,839	£1,208,213	£366,229
,, ,, Meters	free	£68,062	£26,911
,, ,, Stoves	£75,299	£54,781	£13,855
,, ,, Coke	£456,714	£312,975	£61,600
,, ,, Tar	£99,447	£66,331	£13,762
,, ,, Ammoniacal Liquor	£178,605	£108,184	£21,619
Total Revenue	£3,842,549	£1,824,502	£505,021
Gross Profit	£1,132,089	£399,163	£126,838
Capital Charges	£1,079,935	£413,910	£121,365
Per 1,000 Cubic Feet	12·03d.	8.08d.	9·31d.
Rate of Dividend on Ordinary Stock	4⅜	5½	5½ and 5
Net Cost of Gas per 1,000 Cubic Feet (sold exclusive of capital charges)	1s. 9·06d.	1s. 5·13d.	1s. 8·44d.
Price of Gas in December, 1906	2s. 11d. & 2s. 2d.	2s.	2s. 5d.
Charge for Public Lamps (per 1,000 Cubic Feet)	2s. 2d.	2s.	2s. 4d.
Candle Power of Gas	16	14	14
Coal Carbonised	2,148,166 tons.*	1,181,239 tons.	312,036 tons.*
Gas Made	23,015,409 c. ft.	12,945,718,000 c. ft.	3,354,962,000 c. ft.
Per Ton of Coal	10,714 c. ft.	10,959 c. ft.	10,752 c. ft.
Gas Sold—			
Private Lighting, &c.	20,605,843,000 c. ft.	11,893,755,000 c. ft.	3,043,511,000 c. ft.
Public Lighting	941,036,000 c. ft.	397,354,000 c. ft.	83,730,000 c. ft.
Total	21,546,879,000 c. ft.	12,291,109,000 c. ft.	3,127,241,000 c. ft.
Gas Unaccounted for	5·2 per cent.	3·8 per cent.	5·3 per cent.
Miles of Main Pipes	2,144	1,185	286
Number of Consumers	502,892	316,862	80,023
Per Mile of Main	234	267	280
Number of Public Lamps	49,596	23,128	4,080
Per Mile of Main	23	19	14
Coke Sold	974,372 tons.	626,428 tons.	127,771 tons.
Per Ton of Coal	11·6 cwts.	10·6 cwts.	11·7 cwts.
Average Price	9s. 4·5d. per ton.	9s. 11·9d. per ton.	9s. 7·7d. per ton.
Tar Made	16,406,637 gals.	11,599,046 gals.	2,531,734 gals.
Per Ton of Coal	8·9 gals.	9·8 gals.	10·6 gals.
Average Price	£1 4s. 2·9d. per ton.	£1 2s. 10.5d. per ton.	£1 1s. 8·9d. per ton.
Ammoniacal Liquor Made	51,895,836 gals.	40,524,624 gals.	5,944,752 gals.
Per Ton of Coal	30·9 gals.	34·3 gals.	27·3 gals.
Average Price	15s. 1·7d. per ton.	11s. 8·9d. per ton.	16s. 0·0d. per ton.

* These figures include oil used in the manufacture of carburetted water gas.

LONDON MARKETS.

THERE is a market muddle in London which adds to the confusion in other branches of the public services. We have proprietary markets including the great Covent Garden, which belongs to the Duke of Bedford; Cumberland Market (hay); and the Portland Market at Marylebone, re-opened at the beginning of 1901 by Viscount Portman.

The City Corporation has for many centuries been the market authority for London, but the London County Council, whilst agreeing that the great central markets which supply the whole of London should be under central control, contends that the smaller retail markets should be established and looked after by the various local authorities. As a step in this direction the London County Council, under its General Powers Act (1903), obtained powers for the local authorities to promote shelters for street traders, and the local authorities are authorised to make a small charge for the accommodation. The local authorities will bear the whole cost of these structures.

THE CITY MARKETS.

Markets have been in existence in the City for more than a thousand years. By a Charter of the first year of Edward III., dated 6th March, 1326, exclusive market rights and privileges within seven miles from the City, which already existed, were set out and confirmed to the citizens of London. These rights have since been from time to time recognised and confirmed by Acts of Parliament and decisions of the High Courts of Justice.

As population increased, and the suburbs of the City grew, applications have from time to time been made by private individuals, for licences to set up markets. In some cases these were opposed by the Corporation, as being derogatory to its Charter rights. In other cases, the City has waived its claims. The Corporation markets at present are:—

LONDON CENTRAL MARKETS	Wholesale for meat, poultry, and provisions, with sections for the sale of vegetables and fish, both wholesale and retail.
METROPOLITAN CATTLE MARKET ...	For the sale of cattle, sheep, pigs, &c.
FOREIGN CATTLE MARKET	For the landing, sale, and slaughter of foreign animals.
BILLINGSGATE MARKET.....	Wholesale for fish.
LEADENHALL MARKET	Wholesale and retail for the sale of poultry, meat, game, &c.
SMITHFIELD HAY MARKET	For the sale of hay.
SHADWELL MARKET	For the sale of fish, &c.

The Metropolitan Cattle Market, the Foreign Cattle Market, and the Shadwell Market are all situated outside the City area.

To this list, however, must now be added the Spitalfields Market for the sale of fruit, vegetables, and flowers. The Corporation is already the freeholder of the interests of the Market, and under the terms of a new Act is acquiring the leaseholders' interests, and will then itself work the market.

The Corporation has, as the owner and market authority, provided, maintained, and managed all the markets under its control for the benefit of the whole Metropolis, without any rate being levied upon the inhabitants of the City or the Metropolitan district beyond, and has raised the necessary funds for construction upon the security of its own estates and revenues generally. Altogether the markets have involved a capital expenditure of upwards of £3,500,000. The supervision and control of the markets are vested in committees, which consider all applications for space, and take action as may be necessary to enforce the bye-laws regulating the markets.

Central Markets, Smithfield.

These markets cover part of the site of Old Smithfield Market, which was founded as far back as 1614 for the sale of live stock. A dead meat market, called Newgate Market, was also carried on in the immediate neighbourhood until the opening of the first portion of the New Central Markets in 1868. The markets have been built under the authority of the various Acts of Parliament conferring powers for the raising of money, for the purchase of lands, and regulating the use and government of the various markets comprised in the group. The meat, poultry, and provision markets are strictly wholesale, except on Saturday afternoons, when the "People's Market" is held, and attended by thousands of the poorer classes from all parts of London, and a large business is carried on. The entire range of the markets covers an area of nearly eight acres. The following figures will give some idea of the vast trade :—

Year.	Gross delivery in financial year. Tons.	cwts.	qrs.	Year.	Gross delivery in financial year. Tons.	cwts.	qrs.
1869 first year	127,981	11	2	1900	408,601	14	2
1874	157,628	18	2	1901	414,638	11	0
1879	212,987	14	0	1902	403,812	18	3
1884	230,873	1	1	1903	415,863	1	3
1889	276,429	4	2	1904	418,199	5	0
1894	340,956	16	2	1905	417,281	0	0
1899	405,456	9	2	1906	423,896	0	0

The receipts from all sources during the last five years have been as follows :—

Year.	£	s.	d.	Year.	£	s.	d.
1902	134,539	1	4	1905	137,138	6	2
1903	134,602	19	1	1906	138,009	15	4
1904 (53 weeks) ...	136,757	6	0				

As compared with 1905 there was a net increase of 6,615 tons. The growth of foreign and colonial supplies is emphasised in the authority's returns, but the aggregate increase in the tonnage of produce entering the central markets is not proportionate to the ever-increasing population of the metropolis and district. A larger rate of decrease for the past year in supplies from the United Kingdom is attributed partly to a more strict classification of produce on arrival at the markets, also to the minute inspection made under the Public Health Acts.

Metropolitan Cattle Market.

This market was formerly held at Smithfield, on part of the site where the London Central Markets now stand. The present market for live cattle and sheep was opened on the 13th June, 1855. At that time the market and lairage covered an area of about 75 acres, of which the market occupied about 15. In recent years the additional area beyond the market proper has been considerably reduced.

Up till 1869 cattle from foreign countries were received at the market without restriction, but in that year the Government, with a view to the prevention of the introduction into Great Britain of contagious diseases amongst animals, passed an Act restricting the landing of animals from certain scheduled countries to duly authorised foreign animal wharves, where they were to be sold and slaughtered. The effect of this measure, while tending to largely increase the foreign cattle trade, seriously affected the supplies to the Metropolitan Cattle Market, and at the present time there is a considerable excess of expenditure over receipts. Outbreaks of foot and mouth disease in various parts of England, and the necessary stringent precautions required by the Board of Agriculture as regards the removal of animals from infected areas, have naturally prejudicially affected the supplies, while the constantly increasing importation of chilled and frozen meat and foreign animals also operate to diminish the trade of the market. In the summer of 1906 a scheme for reconstructing the slaughterhouse accommodation to bring it into line with present-day requirements was approved by the Court of Common Council. The horse trade in the market has shown a decided improvement, and the numbers have increased from 3,476 in 1905 to 8,226 in 1906. The supplies to the market for the last three years have been :—

	1904.	1905.	1906.
Beasts	68,866	63,468	58,086
Sheep	528,965	490,786	459,043
Calves	1,972	2,260	2,239
Pigs	1,403	969	263
Other animals ...	4,973	5,159	9,667
Total ...	606,179	562,632	529,297

Mondays and Thursdays are market days, but the lairs are open for the reception of animals at all hours day or night.

Foreign Cattle Market, Deptford.

Following the passing of the Contagious Diseases of Animals Act in 1869, the Corporation was made the exclusive local authority as regards foreign animals in and for the Metropolis, subject to its providing and opening for public use a market by the 1st January, 1872. On that day the market was opened. It stands upon the site of the old Admiralty Dockyard. The market has been from time to time enlarged, and now covers an area of upwards of 30 acres, the lairage space being capable of accommodating 8,500 cattle and 20,000 sheep. Every animal received is inspected by veterinary officers on arrival, and slaughtered in the market within a period of ten days. Diseased animals are at once consigned to a "digester," and reduced to ashes. There are 66 slaughterhouses in the market, most of the meat from which goes to the London Central Markets. Chill rooms were constructed to chill 450 sides of beef, and were opened for use in August, 1889, since which date further accommodation has been provided to chill 3,950 sides. From the opening of the

chill rooms to the end of 1906 1,931,915 sides of beef and 5,053 carcasses of mutton have been chilled.

The following table shows the number of animals landed at the market during recent years from the United States of America, the Argentine Republic, and Canada:—

—	Cattle.	Sheep.
UNITED STATES—		
Year 1904	135,391	30,188
,, 1905	145,210	1,819
,, 1906	139,831	None.
ARGENTINA—		
Year 1902*...	None.	None.
,, 1903	19,643	65,493
CANADA—		
Year 1904	41,968	32,987
,, 1905	51,977	12,675
,, 1906	61,072	2,373

* In April, 1900, the importation of animals from Argentina was prohibited by the Board of Agriculture (England) in consequence of an outbreak of foot and mouth disease. It was re-opened in February, 1903, and closed in June of the same year, and is still closed.

Four hundred and thirty-two steamers have discharged animals at the market during 1906.

For the purposes of the transhipment of cattle from large vessels discharging at points lower down the river three steam vessels are employed by the Corporation.

Billingsgate Market.

Billingsgate is the most ancient market belonging to the Corporation, dating from time immemorial. Documentary evidence exists in the shape of a Proclamation, dated 1297, making mention of the "Market at Billingsgate." The market is for the wholesale and retail sale of all sorts of fish. The supplies arrive both by land and water, the proportion being two-thirds by land to one-third by water, the latter both from British and foreign seas. The average weight of fish received per week is about 2,500 tons, or upwards of 400 tons daily, the average toll charged being under ¾*d.* per cwt. The following were the supplies for the four years ended December, 1906:—

	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
By land	103,577	113,388	108,532	108,381
By water	60,320	61,218	48,803	57,219
Totals	163,897	174,606	157,335	165,600

Water-borne fish, caught mainly in the North Sea, is collected from the various fishing fleets by steam vessels, known as steam carriers, which deliver at the quay at Billingsgate. The principal part of the water-borne

fish is brought by four fish carrying companies. It is disposed of by auction by the companies themselves. The land-borne fish is that which is caught all round the coast of Great Britain and Ireland.

The Leadenhall Market has existed from very early times, and was an ancient prescriptive market for the sale of meat, poultry, game, and provisions. The present market was opened in 1881, and the business is both wholesale and retail. No record of supplies is kept; no tolls being levied, weights are not obtainable.

The Smithfield Hay Market, which existed at Smithfield long prior to the establishment of the Metropolitan Cattle Market, has practically fallen into disuse, very little business having been done during recent years. However, an open space continues to be preserved at Smithfield for the sale of hay and straw.

MARKETS CONTROLLED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

At present there are only three minor markets in London—the Whitechapel Hay Market, the Borough Market for the sale of fruit and vegetables, and the Woolwich Market. This number will most probably be considerably increased as the result of the powers referred to at the commencement of this section which have been conferred on the Borough Councils. The three markets are at present directly or indirectly controlled by the local authorities, and the surplus profits go to the relief of the rates.

THE PORT OF LONDON.

VARIOUS proposals have been put forward for municipalising the Port of London or for putting it under public control. The late Government's Port of London Bill, which provided for the transfer of the undertakings of the Dock Companies to a new body to be called the Port of London Commission, was before Parliament in the Session 1903. The measure, after the second reading in the House of Commons, was referred to a Joint Committee of both Houses.

When Parliament re-assembled it was announced that there was no intention of proceeding with the Government measure; and under these circumstances the London County Council promoted another Bill, which, in its main principles, followed the lines of the Government proposals. It differed, however, in regard to the membership of the Council on the proposed Port Commission.

The Commission was to be appointed as follows:—

By the London County Council	24
By the Corporation	1
By the Admiralty	1
By the Board of Trade	1
By the Trinity House	1

The elected commissioners were to be elected as follows:—

By payers of dues on ships trading to the docks	7
By payers of dues on ships trading to the river	3
By traders	2

The second reading of this Bill was rejected on April 13th, 1905, by a majority of 68.

On the 28th March, 1906, Mr. Dickinson moved in the new House of Commons the following resolution, which was adopted without a division :—"That this House is of opinion that the condition of the Port and Docks of London urgently demands attention with a view to the management thereof being forthwith placed in the hands of a public authority."

The following was the constitution of the Port Commission proposed in the late Government's Bill:—

Appointed.		Elected.	
By the London County Council	8	By payers of dues on ships ...	10
By the Common Council of the City	2	By traders	10
By the Admiralty	1	By Wharfingers	4
By the Board of Trade ...	1	By owners of river craft ...	2
By the Trinity House	1	Total	40
By the Railway Companies Association	1		

For comparative purposes the recommendations of the Royal Commission as to the constitution of the authority are appended:—

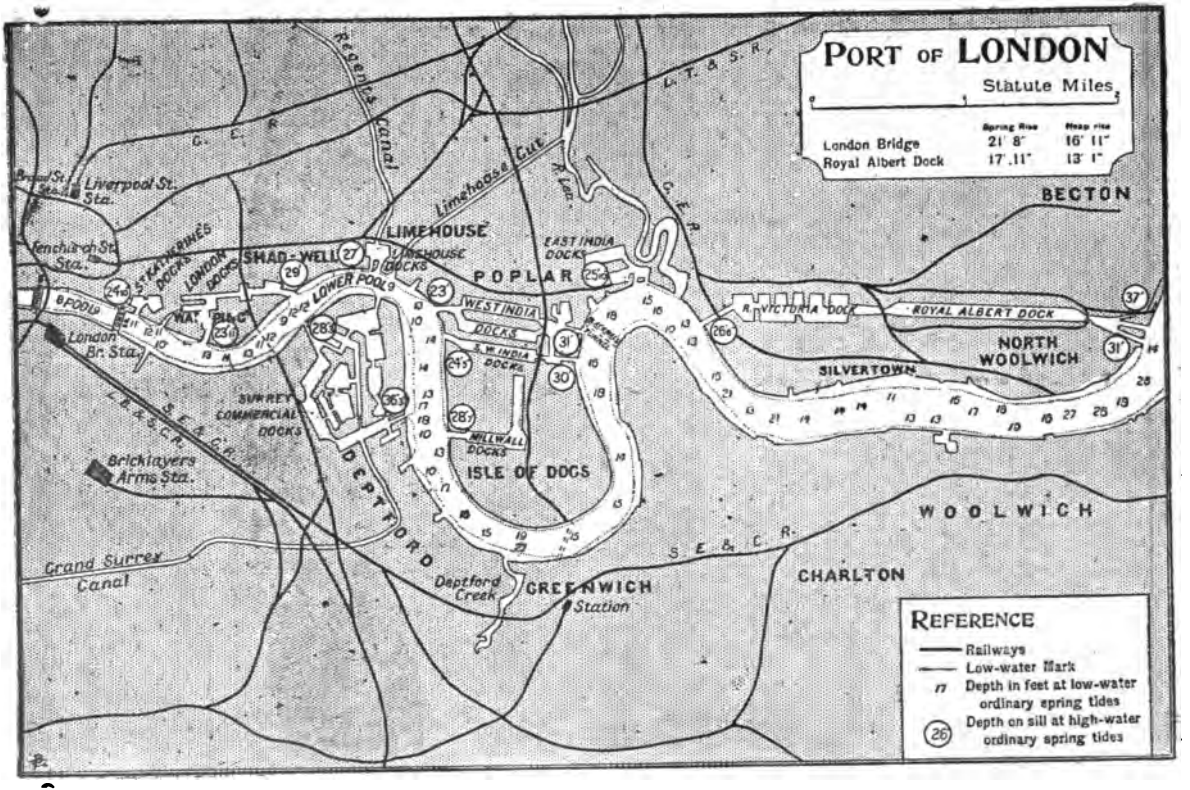
Nominated.		Elected.	
By the London County Council	11	By oversea (or ocean) trading shipowners	5
By the City Corporation	3	By the short-sea trading shipowners ...	2
By the Admiralty	1	By wharfingers and owners of private warehouses on the river	3
By the Board of Trade	1	By owners of lighters, barges, and river craft, including river passenger steamers	2
By the Trinity House	1	By railway companies connecting with docks	2
By the Kent County Council	1		
By the Essex County Council	1		
By the London Chamber of Commerce	2		
By the Governors of the Bank of England	5		
	26		14

The authority was to purchase the undertakings of—

1. The London and India Dock Company;
2. The Surrey Commercial Dock Company; and
3. The Millwall Dock Company.

The following are the docks comprised in this enumeration:—

Dock.	Water Area.	Depth.	Quayage Length.	Made.
	Acres.	Ft.	Ft.	
East India	31·48	24·8	6,200	1806
West India	97·14	26·5 (Import dock)	20,400	1802
St. Katherine	10·35	24 (neap tide on sill)	4,550	1828
London	38·72	24 " "	14,150	1805
Royal Albert	87·97	32 " "	17,250	1880
Royal Victoria	84·45	21·5 " "	22,000	1856
Tilbury	69·08	39 (Trinity high-water mark)	14,450	1868
Millwall	36·41	25·5 (neap tide on sill)	8,800	1886
Surrey Commercial	157·61	Various	27,420	1807


PORT OF LONDON
Statute Miles
Spring Rise
Neap rise
London Bridge 21' 8" 16' 11"
Royal Albert Dock 17'.11" 13' 1"
BECTON
LIMEHOUSE
POPLAR
EAST INDIA DOCKS
WEST INDIA DOCKS
ROYAL ALBERT DOCK
VICTORIA DOCK
NORTH WOOLWICH
SILVERTOWN
ISLE OF DOGS
MILLWALL DOCKS
SURREY COMMERCIAL DOCKS
DEPTFORD
GREENWICH
Station
CHARLTON
WOOLWICH
Deptford Creek
Grand Surrey Canal
Brickla yers Arms Sta.
London Br. Sta.
Fenchurch St. Sta.
Liverpool St. Sta.
Regent's Canal
Limehouse Cut
L. T. & S. R.
G. E. R.
S. E. & C. R.
REFERENCE
Railways
Low-water Mark
Depth in feet at low-water ordinary spring tides
Depth on sill at high-water ordinary spring tides

Port Authorities.

The authorities now concerned in the government of the Port comprise thirteen Governmental Departments, two Conservancy authorities, the eight dock companies, seven municipal authorities, four legal and judicial authorities, ten railway companies, and eight miscellaneous bodies. The principal are:—

I. THAMES CONSERVANCY.—For conservancy purposes, regulation of navigation, removal of obstruction, dredging, &c. The area of its jurisdiction differs in limits for various purposes.

II. CITY CORPORATION.—Port sanitary purposes from Teddington Lock seawards.

III. TRINITY HOUSE.—Pilotage, lighting, and buoying from London Bridge seawards.

IV. THE WATERMEN'S AND LIGHTERMEN'S COMPANY.

The others include the county council, the Board of Trade, the Admiralty, and the police.

Trade of the Port.

The immense importance of the Port of London may be gathered from the fact that the total tonnage entered in 1904 was 17,073,852 tons. Liverpool, which ranks next in the United Kingdom in the quantity and importance of its shipping, had a tonnage entered of 11,083,856 tons. Of Continental ports Hamburg comes first with 9,611,732 tons, which is equal to 56·3 per cent. of London's total. Then follow Antwerp with 9,400,335 tons, or 55 per cent., and Rotterdam with a total of 7,657,907 tons, equivalent to 44·7 per cent. of that of London. In 1890 the shipping of Hamburg was 39·6 of that of London, while Antwerp's was 34·4 per cent., and Rotterdam's 22·2 per cent.

LONDON POST OFFICE TELEPHONES.

UNDER the provisions of the Telegraph Act of 1899 the Post Office is providing a telephone system for London. The Select Committee of the House of Commons appointed in 1898 reported in the following year in favour of "general, immediate, and effective competition by either the Post Office or the local authority" against the National Telephone Company. In London the Government decided that the authority to instal and conduct the undertaking should be the Post Office.

The Post Office has entered into an agreement with the company for intercommunication with equality of rates.

The Telephone Area.

The London telephone area describes an irregular circle, which included Ealing on the west, whence, sweeping northward, it reaches Harrow ans Barnet. In the north-east Waltham Abbey is embraced, while due east the furthest limit is Romford. On the south the circle is very wide, going as far into Surrey as Reigate, the whole area comprehending 640 square miles.

For telegraphic and telephonic engineering purposes this area is divided into three districts—the Central Metropolitan, the South Metropolitan,

and the North Metropolitan—and these three districts are controlled by three distinct staffs. The Central Metropolitan, naturally the most important, includes the whole of the City, and extends eastward to about Bow, southward to the Elephant and Castle, westward to Westminster and Regent's Park, and northward to Islington.

The South Metropolitan district embraces Kensington, Richmond, Wimbledon, Epsom, Balham, Streatham, Croydon, Sydenham, Bromley, Dartford, Redhill, Sutton, and Reigate. The North Metropolitan district includes Hammersmith, Ealing, Harlesden, Harrow, Finchley, Barnet, Tottenham, Dalston, Enfield, Walthamstow, Stratford, Tilbury, Romford, and Barking. The population estimated to be residing in the London telephone area is 6,000,000.

The agreement provides:—

(*a*) For the purchase of the company's plant in London on the expiration of the licence in 1911.

(*b*) For full and free intercommunication between the two systems, and for the company's subscribers having all facilities which may be afforded to the Post Office subscribers, and on the same terms.

It also contains provisions under which the company will be able to obtain the use of underground wires in the London area upon reasonable terms.

The real and underlying principle of the agreement seems to be that for the future there is to be mutual co-operation between the Post Office and the company in the development of the telephone system in London so as to make it as convenient as possible for the subscribers to both systems, and to confine the competition between the Post Office and the company to the efficiency of the service and the convenience of the public. In other words, it will be "competition" as regards quality of service and "co-operation" as regards working arrangements.

The Telephone "System."

The Post Office "Central" is at G. P. O. (South), Carter-lane, and was opened on February 24th, 1902. At 31st March, 1907, 20,603 subscribers' telephones were working. Exchanges have been opened at Victoria, Kensington (Western), Mayfair, Hampstead, Putney, Wimbledon, Kingston-on-Thames, Richmond, Chiswick, Croydon, Epsom, Ealing, Sutton, Hounslow, Harrow, Wembley, Malden and Esher. The total number of subscribers' telephones working on all the Department's exchanges at 31st March, 1907, was 41,236. Other exchanges, viz., City, Hornsey, Finchley, Barnet, and Willesden are now in course of construction, and it is anticipated that the first named will soon be ready for opening. Subscribers do not have to call the exchange. That is done automatically by the taking down of the telephone from its hook, and by restoring it to its hook it automatically "clears" the line.

Instead of the "call" being effected by "drop indicators," to be seen in most exchanges, small electric glow lamps have been substituted. These lamps glow automatically by the mere removal of the subscriber's telephone from its hook, and they are extinguished by its being hung up again, thus giving the "call" and "clear" without further effort on the part of the subscriber. One great advantage of the automatic method of signalling is the fact that the line is under a constant test; for should

a fault arise in the wire at any time, the signals give warning of the fact by indicating a call to which no answer can be obtained. A linesman is at once dispatched to remedy the defect before the subscriber has learned that anything is wrong.

The charges for the Post Office system are as follows:—

I.—Ordinary Message Rate Service.

	£	s.	d.
Annual Installation charge for connection with an exchange within two miles of the sub-subscriber's premises—			
(a) In the County of London	5	0	0
(b) Outside the County of London	4	0	0
Message Fees.			
For each call made by a subscriber on an exchange in the County of London for a subscriber on any exchange in the county, or by a subscriber on an exchange outside the county for a subscriber on the same exchange	0	0	1
For each call made by a subscriber on any exchange in the County of London for a subscriber on an exchange outside the county, or by a subscriber on an exchange outside the county for a subscriber on any other exchange	0	0	2
The minimum yearly amount payable by each subscriber for message fees shall be	1	10	0

II.—Party-Line Message Rate Service.

	£	s.	d.
Annual installation charge for—			
(a) Connection with an exchange by means of a line used by not more than two subscribers	3	0	0
(b) Connection with an exchange by means of a party-line used by more than two and not more than ten subscribers	2	0	0
Subscriptions at party-line rates cannot be accepted from subscribers on the Central Exchange, or at the lower party-line rate from subscribers on any exchange in the County of London.			
Message fees for calls originated by party-line subscribers will be the same as for calls originated by other message rate subscribers, but the minimum yearly amount payable for message fees by each party-line subscriber shall be	3	0	0

III.—Unlimited Service.

	£	s.	d
Annual payment for connection with any exchange within two miles of the subscriber's premises, together with an unlimited number of calls—			
(a) For the first line	17	0	0
(b) For each additional line connecting any premises of the same subscriber with an exchange	14	0	0

IV.—Call-Office Fee.

For any call from a call office to any subscriber in the London area	0	0	2

V.—Additional Annual Charges.

(a) Where the premises of any subscriber at the ordinary message rate, or at the unlimited service rate, are more than two miles from the exchange, for every additional quarter of a mile	1	15	0
(b) Where the main circuit of a party line exceeds two miles in length, for each additional quarter of a mile, for each subscriber	0	10	0
Where the spur circuit of a party line exceeds 220 yards in length, for each additional quarter of a mile, or part thereof	1	15	0
(c) For each extension line connecting two parts of the same premises of a subscriber, where the line is not more than 110 yards in length	1	10	0
(d) For each additional 110 yards of such a line	0	10	0
(e) For each extension line connecting separate premises of the same subscriber, and not more than a quarter of a mile in length	4	0	0
(f) For each additional quarter of a mile of such a line	1	15	0

VI.—Agreements are usually for one year, and are terminable thereafter by three months' notice.

NATIONAL TELEPHONE COMPANY'S TELEPHONES.

Exchange Service Metropolitan Telephone Area.—The Metropolitan Offices of the Company are situate at Salisbury House, London Wall, E.C. The Company has now in operation throughout the area 54 exchanges, to which are directly connected, in round figures, 93,000 stations. The Company was, of course, the pioneer of telephony in London, and its system is still the most generally used throughout the area.

The *newest automatic system of operating* has been installed at many of the metropolitan exchanges, all of which will, in due course, be equipped in a like manner. Under this system the action of lifting the telephone from its rest calls the exchange, and its replacement operates a signal for disconnection, thus adding to the simplicity, accuracy, and rapidity of the service. A continuous service night and day is provided on weekdays, holidays, and Sundays. *22,000 call offices* are scattered throughout the area, and a list showing the addresses of these can be procured at any time on application.

TARIFFS.

The tariffs for exchange service, which are identical with those of the Post Office within the area, are as follows :—

Unlimited Service Rate.

First connection, £17 per annum. Second connection, £14 per annum.

These subscriptions confer the right to make an unlimited number of calls within the area free of charge.

Message Rate.

WITHIN THE COUNTY OF LONDON.

£5 per annum, with a fee of one penny for each message to a subscriber within the county, and a fee of twopence for each message to a subscriber outside the county, but within the Metropolitan Area.

The subscriber to guarantee that the amount payable for fees shall be at least 30s. per annum.

OUTSIDE THE COUNTY OF LONDON.

£4 per annum, with a fee of one penny for each message to a subscriber on the same exchange, and a fee of twopence for each message to a subscriber on any other exchange in the metropolitan area.

The subscriber to guarantee that the amount payable for fees shall be at least 30s. per annum.

Party Line Service.

This is a service where two or more share one main line, each subscriber having a separate telephone, which is connected with the main line by a spur or loop line, over which he will be able to ring up or be rung up by any of the subscribers on the company's exchange system. No fee is charged for receiving calls.

Party Line Rate.

WITHIN THE COUNTY OF LONDON.

(2-Party Lines.)

£3 per annum per subscriber, with a fee of one penny for each message to a subscriber on an exchange within the county, and a fee of twopence for each message to a subscriber on an exchange outside the county.

Each subscriber to guarantee that the amount payable for fees shall be at least £3 per annum.

(10-Party Lines.)

Nil.

10-party lines are not supplied within the county of London.

OUTSIDE THE COUNTY OF LONDON.

(2-Party Lines.)

£3 per annum per subscriber, with a fee of one penny for each message to a subscriber on the same exchange, and a fee of twopence for each message to a subscriber on any exchange in the metropolitan area.

Each subscriber to guarantee that the amount payable for fees shall be at least £3 per annum.

(10-Party Lines.)

£2 per annum per subscriber, with fees and guarantees as above.

No party line order can be accepted within the City district, and no 10-party line order within the County of London.

Extension Lines.

These lines are extensions from the main telephone instrument to an outer room or office, or to another address in cases where the extension is required to go outside the building. Internal extensions, that is from room to room and within the same building, are found to be extremely useful where a subscriber does not wish to be troubled with unimportant calls which can be answered by a clerk or attendant in an outer office or room. The charges are as follows:—

Internal extension line and instruments...	...	£1 10s. per annum (minimum).
External extension line and instruments .	...	£4 per annum „

Extra mileage charges are payable on all the services if the lines exceed the prescribed distances.

Intercommunication.

The above charges include intercommunication between all subscribers to the Company's and the Post Office telephone systems throughout the metropolitan telephone area, the Company's subscribers being allowed all such trunk line and other postal, telegraphic, and telephonic facilities within the United Kingdom as are given to Post Office subscribers at the same rates.

CENTRAL (UNEMPLOYED) BODY FOR LONDON.

THE Central (Unemployed) Body for London, which was created pursuant to the provisions of the Unemployed Workmen Act, 1905, held its first meeting on 23rd November, 1905. The offices of the Central Body are at 165, Temple Chambers, Temple-avenue, E.C., and it meets on the first and third Fridays in each month at the Guildhall. The chairman of the Central Body is the Rev. H. Russell Wakefield, and the clerk is Mr. W. T. Stutchbury.

The Central Body is composed of 58 representatives of "Distress Committees" established in accordance with the Unemployed Workmen Act in the various metropolitan boroughs, four representatives of the London County Council, four each of the Distress Committees of the City Corporation and the City of Westminster, members nominated by the Local Government Board, and additional members co-opted by the body and at present numbers 77.

The Distress Committees are composed partly of members of the Borough Councils or of the Common Council, as the case may be; partly of members of Boards of Guardians; and partly of persons experienced in the relief of distress appointed by the councils from outside their own members.

The names of the members of the Central Body, elected, nominated and co-opted, with their addresses and the bodies they represent, are as follows:—

Selected by Distress Committees.

COMMITTEE.	NAME.	ADDRESS.
Battersea... ...	Rines, W....	39, Ingelow-road, Battersea, S.W.
	Worthy, Mrs. J. A.	170, Battersea-park-road, S.W.
Bermondsey ...	Blake, W.	145, Jamaica-road, S.E.
	Shearring, W.	111, Alscott-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Bethnal Green ...	Edmunds, G.	466, Hackney-road, Bethnal-green, N.E.
	Watts-Ditchfield, Rev. J. E.	The Vicarage, St. James'-road, Victoria Park, N.E.
Camberwell ...	Johnston, Rev. S. A.	St. Mary's Vicarage, Peckham, S.E.
	Gunning, J.	17, Cicely-road, Peckham, S.E.
Chelsea	Cook, C. F.	16, Cornwall-mansions, Chelsea, S.W.
	Dunn-Gardner, Mrs.	13, Burton-court, Chelsea, S.W.
Deptford	Soper, R.	208, Lewisham High-road, S.E.
	Wells, H. G	60, Tresillian-road, St. John's, S.E.
Finsbury	Bolton, T. J.	9A, Little James-street, W.C.
	Phillips, L.	44, Exmouth-st., Clerkenwell, E.C.
Fulham	Bennetts, W. P.	30, Ringmer-avenue, Fulham, S.W.
	Henniker, Miss E. M. ...	40, Comeragh-road, W. Kensington.
Greenwich ...	Carteret, Rev. G. F. C. de ...	The Vicarage, Westcombe-park-road, Blackheath, S.E.
	Williams, E. P....	"Elmhurst," Westcombe-park-rd., Blackheath, S.E.
Hackney	Dunn, Rev. C.	The Presbytery, Ballance-road, Homerton, N.E.
	Mustard, J. E. T.	81, Mildenhall-road, Clapton, N.E.
Hammersmith ...	Chapman, D.	Wheatsheaf Hotel, 163, Goldhawk-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
	Pascall, C.	46, Bridge-road, Hammersmith, W.
Hampstead ...	Lyell, J. P. R.	51, Downshire-hill, Hampstead, N.W.
	Nunn, T. H.	Rosslyn-grove, Rosslyn-hill, Hampstead, N.W.
Holborn	Baker, Miss I. M.	37, Brooke-street, E.C.
	Hazell, W.	52, Long Acre, W.C.
Islington	Elliott, G. S.	14, Upper-street, Islington, N.
	Saint, T. W.	Park House, Tollington-park, N.
Kensington ...	Fleming, Sir F, K.C.M.G. ...	9, Sydney-place, Brompton, S.W.
	Gates, P. G.	5, Mansion-place, South Kensington, S.W.
Lambeth	Denny, Rev. E....	St. Peter's Vicarage, Upper Kennington lane, S.E.
	Howlett, G.	193, Clapham-road, S.W.
Lewisham ...	Morris, Rev. J. C.	St. Mark's Vicarage, Clarendon-road, Lewisham, S.E.
	Weeks, A. O.	54, Algernon-road, Lewisham, S.E.
Paddington ...	Mavrojani, S.	34, Hyde Park-gardens, W.
	Munford, J.	143, Queen's-road, W.
Poplar	Bussey, J.	177, Romford-road, Stratford, E.
St. Marylebone...	Lansbury, G.	103, St. Stephen's-road, Bow, E.
	Morris, F.	41, St. John's Wood-park, N.W.
	Wakefield, Rev. H. R. ...	86, Gloucester-place, W.
St. Pancras ...	Harley, J. H.	8, Kingston House, Camden-st., N.W.
	Hennessey, D.	105, Weedington-road, N.W.
Shoreditch ...	Bibby, J. T.	"Beechcroft," Colney Hatch-lane, Muswell-hill, N.
	Davies, Dr. J.	87, Cambridge-gardens, W.
Southwark ...	Devereux, J. O....	20, Nelson-square, Blackfriars-road, S.E.
	Norman, E. H.	179, Manor-place, Walworth-road, S.E.
Stepney	Brown, J....	5, Kent-terrace, Regent's Park, N.W.
	Kerwin, E. H.	Great Assembly Hall, Mile-end-road, E.

Committee.	Name.	Address.
Stoke Newington	Allardyce, H. L.	43, Allerton-rd., Stoke Newington, N.
	Brough, J. R	29, Alexandra-villas, Finsbury Park, N.
Wandsworth ...	Anderson, Rev. J. H.	The Rectory, Tooting, S.W.
	Rees, P.	"Worlabye," 377, Upper Richmond-road, Putney, S.W.
Woolwich ...	Davidson, J.	202, Burrage-road, Plumstead, S.E.
	Ingram, Dr. T. A.	160, Herbert-road, Woolwich, S.E.
Common Council of City of London	Brinsley-Harper, F.	15, Old Jewry-chambers, E.C.
	Cohen, N. L.	11, Hyde Park-terrace, W.
	McKee, Miss E. C.	12, Tavistock-square, W.C.
	Wilkinson, M.	3, St. Michael's-alley, Cornhill, E.C.
City of Westminster	Evans, Mrs. M. M.	20, Buckingham-st., Strand, W.C.
	Myers, Brig. Surg. Lt.-Col. A. B.	43, Gloucester-street, S.W.
	Walden, R. W.	"Bella Vista," Upper Warlingham, Surrey.
	Walters, J. P.	359, Oxford-street, W.

Selected by London County Council.

Harvey, T. E., Toynbee Hall, 28, Commercial-street, E.

Mitchell, J. H., 168–170, Temple Chambers E.C.

Nominated by Local Government Board.

Booth, Right. Hon. C., 24, Great Cumberland-place, W.

Cohen, C. W., 11, Hyde Park-terrace, W.

Macdonald, J. R, M.P., 3, Lincoln's-inn-fields, W.C.

Stepney, Bishop of, 2, Amen-corner, E.C.

Tennant, Mrs. H. J., 33, Bruton-street, W.

Co-opted Members.

Bailward, W. A., 64, Victoria-street, S.W.

Beveridge, W. H., 21, Park-mansions, South Lambeth-road, S.W.

Buxton, Noel, 2, Prince's-gate, S.W.

Bussey, J., 177, Romford-road, Stratford, E.

Cohen, L. L., 77, Sussex-sq., Hyde-pk., W.

Fairchild, G. C., 13, Clifden-road, Clapton.

Sharpley, Miss M. McN., 44, Nelson-square, Southwark, S.E.

Whinney, F., 32, Old Jewry, E.C.

The following are the clauses of the Organisation Establishment Order relating to the establishment of the Central Body :—

Article VI.—(1) There shall be established a Central Body for the Administrative County of London.

The Central Body shall be a body corporate by the name of "The Central (Unemployed) Body for London," with perpetual succession, and a common seal, and with power to sue and be sued in that name, and to hold lands without any licence in mortmain for the purposes of the Act.

(2) The Central Body shall comprise—

Four members selected from their own body by the County Council :

Four members selected in each case from their own body by the Distress Committee of the Common Council and by the Distress Committee of the Council of the Metropolitan Borough of Westminster :

Two members selected in each case from their own body by the Distress Committee of every other Borough Council :

Such number of members (not exceeding eight) as may be nominated by us (the Local Government Board) : and

Eight persons (of whom one at least shall be a woman) co-opted to be additional members of the Central Body by the members selected and nominated as aforesaid.

No member may hold any paid office under the authority or be concerned in any bargain or contract held under its authority; but it is provided that a person shall not be disqualified by being a member by reason of being interested :—

(*a*) In the sale or lease of any lands, or in any loan of money to the Central Body, or in any contract with the Central Body for the supply from land, of which he is owner or occupier, of stone, gravel, or other materials for making or repairing high-

ways or bridges, or in the transport of materials for the repair of roads or bridges in his own immediate neighbourhood; or

(*b*) In any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the Central Body is inserted; or

(*c*) In any contract with the Central Body as a shareholder in any joint stock company; but he shall not vote at any meeting of the Central Body on any question in which such company are interested, except that in the case of a water company or other company established for the carrying on of works of a like public nature the prohibition may be dispensed with by the Central Body.

A member of the Central Body who has been selected by the London County Council or by a Distress Committee shall continue in office until he dies, or resigns, or goes out of office as a member of the Council or Distress Committee, or until he becomes disqualified by law.

The rules for the conduct of business are those generally observed on public bodies, and the Central Body may similarly delegate its business to committees.

Financial Powers.

The expenses of the Central Body and of the Distress Committees are defrayed out of a central fund partly supplied by voluntary subscriptions and partly by a metropolitan rate which must not exceed ½d., or, with the consent of the Local Government Board, 1d. in the £. The rate fund must be used exclusively for establishment charges and the expenses of employment exchanges, emigration, migration, and the purchase of land for farm colonies. All other expenses, including the payment of wages and allowances to men employed, must be met out of the voluntary fund.

The following are the financial provisions of the Act:—

(6) Any expenses of the Central Body under this Act, and such of the expenses of the Distress Committees under this Act as are incurred with the consent of the Central Body, shall be defrayed out of a central fund, under the management of the Central Body, which shall be supplied by voluntary contributions given for the purpose, and by contributions made on the demand of the Central Body by the council of each metropolitan borough in proportion to the rateable value of the borough and paid as part of the expenses of the council:

Provided that—

(*a*) A separate account shall be kept of all sums supplied by contributions made by the councils of the metropolitan boroughs, and no expenses, except—

(i.) Establishment charges of the Central Body and the Distress Committees, including the expenses incurred by them in respect of labour exchanges and employment registers, and in the collection of information; and

(ii.) The expenses incurred by the Central Body in aiding the emigration or removal to another area of an unemployed person and of any of his dependents; and

(iii.) The expenses incurred by the Central Body in relation to the acquisition, with the consent of the Local Government Board, of land for the purposes of the act;

shall be paid out of that account.

(*b*) No such contribution by a council shall in any year exceed the amount which would be produced by a rate of one halfpenny in the pound calculated on the whole rateable value of the borough, or such higher rate, not exceeding one penny, as the Local Government Board may approve.

In accordance with Sec. 4 (3) (*b*) of the Act, the Central Body may also, subject to the consent of the Local Government Board, borrow money, upon the security of the rate contributions, for the purpose of the purchase of land,

Miscellaneous.

Other duties and powers of the Central Body and of the Distress Committees may be summarised as follows:—

It is the duty of the Distress Committees to make themselves acquainted with the conditions of labour within their area, and, when so required by the Central Body, to receive, inquire into, and discriminate between applications from persons unemployed who have resided in London for twelve months. The Distress Committee may endeavour to obtain work for selected applicants, or may recommend them to the Central Body, but they have no power to provide work.

It is the duty of the Central Body to superintend and co-ordinate the work of the Distress Committees, and to assist them by establishing Employment Exchanges, and by collecting information.

The Central Body may also assist unemployed persons referred to them by Distress Committees by aiding their emigration or removal to another area, or by providing or contributing towards the provision of temporary work. The Central Body can do this, amongst other ways, by the establishment of farm colonies, and they have the power, subject to the sanction of the Local Government Board, to purchase land for this purpose, and to provide temporary accommodation for such colonies, or for other work upon the land.

A MUNICIPAL TEMPERANCE POLICY.

LICENSING and temperance questions are fast becoming municipal concerns of the first importance, and recent agitations in various quarters have not been without their effect on the local governing bodies of London. The London County Council has now an acknowledged "Temperance policy," the chief principle of which is the abandonment of licences acquired in connection with street improvements, housing schemes or the construction of bridges and tunnels. Up to the present time the Council has allowed to lapse one hundred and thirty-eight licences, the approximate premium value of which is estimated at **£344,550.** There is generally a marked difference between the licence values put forward by the holders and the awards eventually made. The estimated value of the licence is by no means a fair asset valuation. Its renewal could be obtained by means of an application—before the premises were pulled down—for a removal to another site, or as a new licence at the annual licensing meeting. In either case it is doubtful whether the consent would be obtained. The following cases will serve as an illustration:—The claims of "The Two Brewers" were: Mortgagee, £7,606; Worthington and Co., brewers, £8,761 16s. 7d.; Lion Brewery Company, £4,427 6s.; total, **£20,795 2s. 7d.** The sum awarded was **£9,240.** In "The Crown," in the Holborn-to-Strand improvement the claims were £2.475 and £47,886—total, **£50,361.** The sums paid amounted to **£38,956 14s.** The objectors to this "abandonment principle" hold that the expenditure does not reduce the amount of drinking, but enriches neighbouring houses at the expense of the rates. Other "planks" in the Council's temperance policy may be broadly stated as follows:—

(1) The abolition of alcoholic drink from the dietary of the inmates of the lunatic and imbecile asylums, and the giving of money in lieu of a beer allowance to the officers.

(2) The provision of mortuaries, &c., accommodation in other places than public-houses for the holding of inquests.

(3) The abolition of promenades in music-halls, and the prohibition of the sale of drink in the auditoriums, and the entire prohibition in new music-halls, theatres, &c.

(4) The provision of free dressing-rooms in the public parks, thus removing the necessity of cricketers, footballers, and others using licensed premises for that purpose

(5) The refusal to allow intoxicating drink to be sold in the parks and open spaces, and the provision that all refreshments shall be of the best quality, and sold at the lowest possible tariff.

(6) The provision of tea and coffee, &c., for firemen when engaged at fires.

(7) The lessees of the Council's surplus land shall not, without the licence of the Council being first obtained, apply for or allow any application to be made for a licence for the sale of beer, wine, spirits, &c., to be drunk in premises erected on the land, or use or allow to be used such land for the carrying on of the trade of a publican or licensed victualler.

L.C.C. AND INEBRIATES.

The County Council has established at Farmfield a reformatory for female inebriates, which is under the supervision of the Public Control Committee. The Act came into force in 1899, and steps were at once taken to put its provisions into operation. The Farmfield Estate is situated near Horley, in Surrey, about midway between London and Brighton. It consists of 374 acres, and cost about £13,000, and upon it buildings have been erected, at a cost of about £22,900, to accommodate 113 patients and requisite staff. The reformatory stands in a picturesque flower-garden, which also contains a lawn and lake. At the rear is a large vegetable garden, which both supplies and occupies the inmates. At the home farm is a model dairy, where the better-behaved are instructed in butter-making, &c.; and a fruit farm is worked largely by the inmates. Poultry, bees, and other details of farm life are not forgotten, and everything, in fact, is done to take the patients back to a simple, natural life. Special attention is given to graduating the inmates for the purpose of applying the appropriate motives, restrictions, and mental and moral treatment to the several phases and types of the patients. So far, the results have been entirely satisfactory. Consideration has also been given to the question of providing accommodation for male inebriates. In view of the small number of convictions of males it has not been thought wise to incur expenditure in making permanent provision for the treatment of this class. Arrangements have been made with the National Institutions for Inebriates to receive at their reformatories cases without limitation as to religious opinion. Under this arrangement there were on 31st March, 1906, at these reformatories 61 male and 266 female inebriates. There were also three female inebriates at St. Joseph's Reformatory, Ashford.

FARMFIELD, HOOKWOOD, HORLEY, SURREY.

Superintendent—Miss E. Forsyth.

Assistant Superintendent—Miss M. L. McMullen.

Visiting Chaplain—Rev. H. T. Lewis.

Visiting Medical Officer—C. F. Williamson, M.D.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

TABLE I.

"Inner" or "Municipal London."

Metropolitan Borough.	Population.		Movement of Population per cent. between 1891 and 1901.	
	1891.	1901.	Increase.	Decrease.
City of London	37,702	26,923	—	28·59
Battersea	150,166	168,907	12·48	—
Bermondsey	136,014	130,760	—	3·86
Bethnal Green	128,929	129,680	·58	—
Camberwell	233,706	259,339	10·97	—
Chelsea	72,954	73,842	1·22	—
Deptford	101,770	110,398	8·47	—
Finsbury	109,981	101,463	—	7·74
Fulham	91,790	137,289	49·57	—
Greenwich	78,493	95,770	22·01	—
Hackney	199,606	219,272	9·35	—
Hammersmith	97,283	112,239	15 37	—
Hampstead	68,126	81,942	20·28	—
Holborn	66,781	59,405	—	11·05
Islington	319,155	334,991	4·96	—
Kensington	170,071	176,628	3·85	—
Lambeth	278,393	301,895	8·44	—
Lewisham	88,933	127,495	43·36	—
Paddington	135,955	143,996	5·89	—
Poplar	166,880	168,822	1·16	—
St. Marylebone	144,083	133,301	—	7·48
St. Pancras	234,749	235,317	·24	—
Shoreditch	124,727	118,637	—	4·88
Southwark	202,479	206,180	1·82	—
Stepney	285,116	298,600	4·73	—
Stoke Newington	47,988	51,247	6·79	—
Wandsworth	155,524	232,034	49·19	—
Westminster (City of)	201,969	183,011	—	9·39
Woolwich	98,994	117,178	18·36	—
Total administrative County of London	4,228,317	4,536,541	11·06	8·26
Nett increase of population between 1891 and 1901	—	—	7·29	—

TABLE II.

"Greater" or "Metropolitan London."

Police Districts.	Population.		Movement of Population. between 1891 and 1901.	
	1891.	1901.	Increase.	Decrease.
County of London	4,190,615	4,509,618	319,003	—
60 Parishes in Middlesex	542,894	792,316	249,442	—
39 Parishes in Surrey	295,759	384,529	88,770	—
19 Parishes in Kent	117,121	151,066	33,945	—
15 Parishes in Essex	413,679	672,184	258,505	—
16 Parishes in Herts	36,036	44,736	8,700	—
City of London	37,702	26,923	—	10,779
Total: "Greater London"	5,633,806	6,581,372	958,345	10,779
Nett increase of population between 1891 and 1901	—	—	947,566	—

TABLE III.

Districts in "Greater London," which show a remarkable increase of population since 1861:—

	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	Increase of Population since 1891.
Acton	6,443	12,683	22,859	30,945	48,873	17,928
Barking Town	5,591	6,576	9,155	14,301	21,547	7,246
Barnet	5,466	7,752	10,071	14,152	17,970	3,818
Bexley	13,026	19,566	24,137	30,590	46,445	15,855
Brentford	13,958	20,279	27,649	37,777	48,330	10,553
Carshalton	8,341	13,523	21,114	26,108	32,997	6,889
Chiswick	6,505	8,508	15,975	21,963	29,809	7,846
Croydon	37,093	71,309	101,234	128,699	164,526	35,827
Dartford	13,180	16,466	22,239	26,843	36,172	9,339
East Ham	2,264	4,334	9,815	32,713	96,999	63,286
Edmonton	10,930	13,860	23,463	36,351	61,892	25,541
Enfield	12,424	16,054	19,119	31,536	42,738	11,202
Finchley	8,281	11,493	17,616	25,820	33,692	7,872
Hampton	6,538	10,185	13,538	18,252	23,456	5,204
Harrow	7,374	10,869	12,982	15,715	25,552	9,807
Hendon	4,544	6,972	10,484	15,843	22,450	6,607
Hornsey	11,082	19,357	37,061	44,523	72,056	27,533
Ilford	5,405	5,947	7,645	10,913	41,240	30,327
Kingston	18,112	27,489	36,345	33,566	42,067	8,501
Richmond	12,665	16,829	21,301	25,389	28,871	3,482
Sunbury	7,289	9,860	11,684	13,671	18,682	5,011
Tottenham	13,240	22,869	46,441	97,174	136,774	39,600
Twickenham	8,077	10,533	12,479	16,027	20,991	4,964
Walthamstow	7,137	15,301	28,839	57,370	108,929	51,559
Willesden	3,897	15,869	27,397	61,265	114,815	53,550
Wimbledon	4,644	9,087	15,947	25,777	41,604	15,827

TABLE IV.

Showing fluctuations in the number of persons per house in 14 parishes in the County of London from 1801 to 1901. These parishes were chosen because the character of the population has remained about the same.

Parish.	Persons per House.				
	1801.	1851.	1881.	1891.	1901.
Bermondsey	5·4	6·8	7·8	7·5	8·4
Bethnal Green	6·2	6·7	7·6	7·8	9·2
Clerkenwell	7·0	8·9	9·7	10·4	10·6
Islington	6·1	7·0	8·3	8·4	8·6
Lambeth	5·8	6·8	7·1	7·1	7·2
Mile End Old Town	6·0	6·3	7·5	7·6	8·2
Newington	5·1	6·1	7·7	8·7	9·2
Rotherhithe	6·1	6·3	7·4	7·4	7 5
St. George-in-the East	5·2	7·8	8·1	8·6	9·7
St. George, Southwark	5·8	7·4	8·4	8·5	10·1
St. Pancras	7·6	8·9	9·5	9·5	9·9
Shoreditch	6·1	7·1	8·3	9·0	9·3
Whitechapel	6·7	8·1	8·6	9·7	13·9
Woolwich	7·3	8·7	7·5	7·7	7·6

TABLE V.

Fluctuation in the population of the parishes within the area of the County of London between 1801 and 1901:—

Parish.	1801.	1851.	1881.	1891.	1901.
County of London—					
Aldgate	6,153	6,453	4,148	4,086	3,906*
Battersea	3,365	10,560	107,262	150,558	168,907
Bermondsey	17,169	48,128	86,652	84,682	82,483
Bethnal Green	22,310	90,193	126,961	129,132	129,680
Bow	2,101	6,989	37,074	40,365	41,989
Bromley	1,684	11,789	64,359	70,000	68,319
Camberwell	7,059	54,667	186,593	235,344	259,329
Charlton and Kidbrooke	805	5,278	10,930	14,040	21,134
Charterhouse	249	277	161	136	140
Chelsea	11,604	56,185	88,128	96,253	73,842
Christchurch, Southwark	9,933	16,022	13,663	13,264	11,263
Christchurch, Spitalfields	15,091	20,960	21,340	22,859	24,208
Clapham	3,864	16,290	36,380	43,698	51,361
Clerkenwell	23,396	64,778	69,076	66,216	63,704
Deptford St. Nicholas	6,933	7,071	7,901	6,887	7,321
Deptford St. Paul	11,349	24,899	76,752	101,286	110,398
Eltham	1,627	2,437	5,048	5,682	7,226
Fulham	4,428	11,886	42,900	91,639	137,298
Furnival's Inn	80	164	155	121	nil
Glasshouse Yard	1,221	1,476	931	779	741
Gray's Inn	289	366	328	253	232
Greenwich	14,339	35,028	46,580	57,240	67,315
Hackney	12,730	53,589	163,681	198,606	219,272
Hammersmith	5,600	17,760	71,939	97,239	112,239
Hampstead	4,343	11,986	45,452	68,416	81,942
Horselydown	8,892	11,360	8,928	9,812	7,769
Islington	10,212	95,329	282,865	319,143	334,991
Kensington	8,556	44,053	163,151	166,308	176,628
Lambeth	27,985	139,325	253,699	275,203	301,895
[Lancaster Duchy of]	474	*a*	*a*	*a*	*a*
Lee	376	3,552	14,435	16,381	18,649
Lewisham	4,007	15,064	53,065	72,272	108,846
Limehouse	4,678	22,782	32,041	32,202	32,369
Lincoln's Inn	179	79	16	27	61
Mile End New Town	5,253	10,183	10,673	11,303	13,259
Mile End Old Town	9,848	56,602	105,613	107,592	112,827
Newington	14,847	64,816	107,850	115,804	121,863
Norton Folgate	1,752	1,771	1,528	1,449	1,663
Old Artillery Ground	1,428	1,972	2,516	2,138	2,098
Paddington	1,881	46,305	107,058	117,846	143,976
Plumstead	1,166	8,373	33,250	52,436	68,327
Poplar	4,493	28,384	55,077	56,383	58,514
Putney	2,428	5,280	13,235	17,771	24,139
Ratcliff	5,666	15,212	16,107	14,928	14,810
Rolls	2,409	2,567	546	421	252
Rotherhithe	10,296	17,805	36,024	39,255	38,460
Saffron Hill	7,781	8,728	3,980	4,506	2,561

TABLE V.—*continued.*

Parish.	1801.	1851.	1881.	1891.	1901.
St. Andrew and St. George	22,205	32,118	28,874	26,228	25,103
St. Anne, Westminster	11,637	17,335	16,608	12,317	11,493
St. Clement Danes	13,001	15,692	10,280	8,492	6,090
St. George-in-the-East	21,170	48,376	47,157	45,795	9,068
St. George, Hanover-square	38,440	73,583	89,573	78,364	76,957
St. George, Southwark	22,293	51,824	58,652	59,712	60,998
St. Giles and St. George	36,502	54,214	45,277	39,782	31,436
St. James, Westminster	34,462	36,406	29,941	24,995	21,588
[St. James and Whitehall, Verge of the Palaces of]	1,685	*b*	*b*	*b*	*b*
St. Luke	26,881	54,055	46,849	42,440	35,375
St. Margaret and St. John	25,883	65,237	59,926	55,539	51,068
St. Martin-in-the-Fields	25,752	24,640	17,508	14,616	12,980
St. Marylebone	63,982	157,696	154,910	142,404	133,301
St. Mary-le Strand	1,704	2,517	1,989	1,549	494
St. Olave and St. Thomas	—	8,015	3,028	2,911	2,048*c*
St. Pancras	31,779	166,956	236,363	234,379	235,317
St. Paul, Covent-garden	4,992	5,810	2,919	2,142	1,692
St. Peter, Westminster	—	372	249	235	231
St. Saviour, Southwark	15,596	19,709	14,999	13,913	12,056
St. Sepulchre	3,768	4,832	2,392	1,972	1,503
Savoy	320	372	245	201	166
Shadwell	8,828	11,702	8,170	8,123	8,633
Shoreditch	34,766	109,257	126,591	124,009	118,637
Staple Inn	67	57	38	21	12
Stoke Newington	1,462	4,840	22,781	30,627	51,247
Streatham	2,357	6,901	21,611	42,972	71,658
Tooting Graveney	1,189	2,122	3,942	5,784	16,473
Wandsworth	4,445	9,611	28,004	46,717	68,403
Wapping	5,889	4,477	2,225	2,123	2,125
Whitechapel	23,666	38,420	31,158	32,326	33,634*d*
Woolwich	9,826	32,367	36,665	40,848	41,627
Total County of London	816,876	2,235,455	3,783,625	4,194,482	4,509,618
Administrative County of London (including the City)	958,788	2,363,274	3,834,194	4,232,118	4,536,541

* The parishes of Old Tower Without and St. Katherine were united with Aldgate in 1895. *a* The population of the Duchy of Lancaster was included in that of the parishes of St. Clement Danes, Savoy, and St. Mary-le-Strand after 1831. *b* The Verge of the Palaces of St. James and Whitehall was included in St. Martin-in-the-Fields, St. George, Hanover-square, and St. Margaret, Westminster, after 1831. Privy Gardens and Whitehall were included in the Verge of the Palaces in 1801 and 1821. *c* The parishes of St. Olave and St. Thomas were united in 1896 as "St. Olave and St. Thomas, Southwark." *d* The parish of the Minories was united with Whitechapel in 1895.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS IN LONDON.

ESTIMATED POPULATION, DEATHS, AND DEATH RATES, BIRTHS AND BIRTH RATES IN EVERY BOROUGH FOR 1905.

BOROUGH.	Estimated Population in the middle of 1905.	Number of Deaths. 1905.	Death rate per 1,000 living.	Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 births.	Number of Births.	Birth rate per 1,000 living.
Battersea	177,532	2,567	14·5	131	4,843	27·4
Bermondsey	129,006	2,408	18·7	148	4,289	33·3
Bethnal Green	130,401	2,418	18·6	151	4,321	33·2
Camberwell	271,240	3,705	13·7	124	6,937	25·6
Chelsea	74,496	1,100	14·8	117	1,583	21·3
Deptford	114,495	1,631	14·3	122	3,289	28.8
Finsbury	98,207	1,863	19·0	127	3,398	34·7
Fulham	157,210	2,364	15·1	145	4,760	30·4
Greenwich	103,493	1,383	13·4	119	2,676	25·9
Hackney	228,479	3,201	14·0	129	5,884	25·8
Hammersmith	119,037	1,647	13·9	135	3,110	26·2
Hampstead	88,142	821	9·3	94	1,421	16·2
Holborn	56,481	985	17 5	92	1,603	28·5
Islington	342,994	4,960	14·5	125	8,604	25·2
Kensington	180,083	2,515	14·0	144	3,458	19·3
Lambeth	313,045	4,646	14·9	115	8,838	28·3
Lewisham	144,420	1,682	11·7	92	3,633	25·2
London (City of)	22,425	390	17·4	149	302	13.5
Paddington	147,935	1,964	13·3	123	3,185	21·6
Poplar	170,280	2,992	17·6	153	5,449	32·1
St. Marylebone	129,453	2,000	15·5	88	3,879	30·1
St. Pancras	236,183	3,713	15·8	135	5,811	24·7
Shoreditch	116,565	2.286	19·7	167	3,897	33·5
Southwark	208,528	3,848	18·5	148	6,250	30·1·
Stepney	305,466	5,381	17·7	141	10,744	35.3
Stoke Newington	52,828	679	12·9	122	1,078	20·5
Wandsworth	265,392	3,331	12·6	119	6,892	26·0
Westminster (City of)	175,606	2,358	13·5	114	2,940	16·8
Woolwich	125,372	1,604	12·8	102	3,546	28.4
Administrative County of London, 1905	4,684,794	70,442	15·1	129	126,620	27·1
1904	*4,648,950*	*74,555*	*16·1*	*144*	*129,335*	*27·9*

"FOR GOOD GOVERNMENT."

BYE-LAWS—AND HOW TO ENFORCE THEM.

It is easy to put the law into force regarding certain public nuisances. "For the good rule and government" of London the County Council has passed a series of regulations about which citizens should know much more than they do. The following are the chief of them: —

Steam Organs, Shooting Galleries, Roundabouts, &c.

No person shall in any street or on any land adjoining or near thereto, use or play, or cause to be used or played, any steam organ or other musical instrument worked by mechanical means to the annoyance or disturbance of residents or passengers. No person shall in any street or on any land adjoining or near thereto, keep or manage, or cause to be kept or managed, a shooting gallery, swing-boat, roundabout, or any other construction of a like character, so as to cause obstruction or danger to the traffic of any such street.

Noisy Animals.

No person shall keep within any house, building, or premises any noisy animal which shall be or cause a serious nuisance to residents in the neighbourhood. Provided that no proceedings shall be taken against any person for an offence against this bye-law until after the expiration of a fortnight from the date of the service on such person of a notice alleging a nuisance, signed by not less than three householders residing within hearing of the animal.

Street Betting.

No person shall frequent and use any street or other public place on behalf, either of himself or of any other person, for the purpose of bookmaking or betting, or wagering, or agreeing to bet or wager, with any person, or paying, or receiving, or settling bets, or for the purpose of offering for sale, selling, or distributing any paper or written or printed matter devoted wholly or mainly to giving information as to the probable result of any race, steeplechase, or other competition.

Penalty.—Any person who shall offend against any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be liable for every such offence to a fine not exceeding forty shillings, except in the case of the bye-law relating to street betting, the fine for the breach of which shall be an amount not exceeding £5.

Street Shouting.

No person shall, for the purpose of hawking, selling, or advertising any newspaper, call or shout in any street so as to cause annoyance to the inhabitants of the neighbourhood.

Penalty.—Any person who shall offend against the foregoing bye-law shall be liable for every such offence to a fine not exceeding forty shillings.

Window Cleaning, Painting, &c.

Every person who in any street, to the obstruction, annoyance, or danger of residents or passengers, orders or permits any person in his service to stand on the sill of any window for the purpose of cleaning or painting such window, or for any other purpose whatsoever, such sill being more than six feet in height from the level of the ground immediately below it, without support sufficient to prevent such person from falling, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding £5.

Every person who in any street, to the obstruction, annoyance, or danger of residents or passengers, stands on the sill of any window for the purpose of cleaning or painting such window, or for any other purpose whatsoever, such sill being more than six feet in height from the level of the ground immediately below it, without support sufficient to prevent such person from falling, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding twenty shillings.

Flash and Search Lights.

No person shall exhibit any flash light so as to be visible from any street and to cause danger to the traffic therein, nor shall any owner or occupier of premises permit or suffer any flash light to be so exhibited on such premises.

The expression "flash light" means and includes any light used for the purpose of illuminating, lighting, or exhibiting any word, letter, model, sign, device, or representation in the nature of an advertisement, announcement, or direction which alters suddenly either in intensity, colour, or direction.

No person shall exhibit any search light so as to be visible from any street and to cause danger to the traffic therein, nor shall any owner or occupier of premises permit or suffer any search light to be so exhibited on such premises.

The expression "search light" means and includes any light exceeding 500-candle power, whether in one lamp or lantern or in a series of lamps or lanterns used together and projected as one concentrated light, and which alters either in intensity, colour, or direction.

In these bye-laws the expression "street" includes any highway and any road, bridge, lane, mews, footway, square, court, alley, passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, and a part of any such highway, road, bridge, lane, mews, footway, square, court, alley, or passage.

Penalty.—Any person who shall offend against any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be liable for every such offence to a fine not exceeding £5.

Lights to Vehicles.

The owner of every vehicle which shall be driven or be upon any highway during the period between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise shall cause to be fixed outside such vehicle and on the right or off-side thereof a lamp, which shall be so constructed and placed as to exhibit a white light visible in the direction in which the vehicle is proceeding, and sufficient to afford adequate means of signalling the approach or position of the vehicle, and the person in charge of such vehicle shall, during the said period, keep such lamp properly lighted, provided that the light to be exhibited as aforesaid on any tramcar may be white or any other colour except red.

This bye-law shall not apply to any vehicle which is by any statutory enactment, or by any rule, regulation, or order made under any statutory enactment and for the time being in force required to carry a lamp outside such vehicle.

Penalty.—Any person who shall offend against this bye-law shall be liable for every such offence to a fine not exceeding forty shillings.

Vehicular Traffic.

No owner of a vehicle shall drive such vehicle, or permit the same to be driven or to be upon any highway, unless it be so constructed that the driver thereof shall have a full and uninterrupted view of the traffic on such highway in front and abreast of him on each side, and no person who shall be driving any vehicle upon any highway shall

occupy such a position as will prevent or interfere with his having such full and uninterrupted view as aforesaid.

Waste Paper, Refuse, &c.*

No person shall (1) sweep or otherwise remove from any shop, house, or vehicle into any street any waste paper, shavings, or other refuse, or, being a costermonger, newsvendor, or other street trader, throw down and leave in any street any waste paper, shavings, or other refuse; (2) throw down and leave in any street for the purpose of advertising any bill, placard, or other substance; (3) throw down and leave in any street any bill, placard, or other paper which shall have been torn off or removed from any bill-posting station.

No person shall deposit in any street or public place to the danger of any passenger the rind of any orange, banana, or other fruit, or the leaves or refuse of any vegetable.

No person shall throw, place, or leave any bottle or any broken glass, nail, or other sharp substance (not being road material) on or in any street or public place in such a position as to be likely to cause injury to passengers or animals or damage to property.

In these bye-laws the expression "street" includes any highway, and any road, bridge, lane, path, footway, mews, square, court, alley or passage, to which the public have access for the time being.

Penalty.—Any person who shall offend against any of these bye-laws shall be liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding forty shillings.

Spitting.

No person shall spit on the floor, side, or wall of any public carriage, or of any public hall, public waiting room, or place of public entertainment, whether admission thereto be obtained upon payment or not.

Penalty.—Any person who shall offend against this bye-law shall be liable for each offence to a fine not exceeding forty shillings.

Public Decency.

Every person who in any street or in any open space to which the public have access for the time being shall commit or attempt to commit any act of indecency with any other person, or shall to the annoyance of residents or passengers commit any act of indecency which is not already punishable in a summary manner by virtue of any Act of Parliament in force throughout the County of London, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5.

* This repeals the bye-laws of 12th May, 1903.

BETTERMENT.

"BETTERMENT" is a term commonly applied to the system of taxation (called an "improvement charge") by means of which the local authority bearing the gross cost of an improvement intercepts a proportion of the special benefit derived from the improvement by particular properties in its immediate vicinity.

Historically the principle of "assessment according to benefit" is an ancient canon of taxation; but the particular form is modern, having been first sanctioned by Parliament in 1894-5, after five years' contest. The chief incidents in the battle may be stated briefly:—

1889 (November). Resolution in favour of the application of the principle of betterment to London improvements passed by the London County Council led by the late Mr. Charles Harrison.

1890. Betterment clause embodied in the London Streets (Strand Improvements) Bill, rejected by Select Committee of the Commons; Bill dropped by the Council.

1892. Betterment clause embodied in the London County Council General Powers Bill (Cromwell-road Bridge Improvement), rejected by Select Committee of the Commons by one vote; improvement dropped by the Council.

1893. Betterment clause embodied in London Improvements Bill (Tower Bridge Southern Approach, and Wood-lane, Hammersmith, Improvements); passed by the Commons; objected to by the Lords, 55 to 36; Lords' amendment disagreed with by the Commons, 221 to 88; Lords adhered to objection, 50 to 27, but offered to appoint Joint Select Committee; Bill dropped by the London County Council.

1894. Betterment clause embodied in Tower Bridge Southern Approach Bill; passed by the Commons; Lords appointed Select Committee, which recognised the general principle; Lords amended the clause; Bill dropped by the London County Council,

1895. Betterment clause, as passed by Commons, again embodied in the Tower Bridge Southern Approach Bill, but amended as a compromise. Compromise altered by Select Committee, but restored by the Commons, 186 to 143, and passed by the Lords.

The Betterment clause has been incorporated in Bills sanctioning seven London improvements since 1895, while it has been adopted in the case of other municipalities since 1894, when Manchester reaped the firstfruits of London's enterprise.

The procedure in assessing the improvement charge provided for in the Betterment clause is set out shortly below :—

1. Before the improvement is begun the London County Council schedules the properties it intends to assess.
2. An Arbitrator appointed by the Local Government Board hears the parties and fixes an "initial valuation" of each of the interests in the properties before improvement.
3. Within a period of from one to three years after the completion of the improvement, the London County Council declares the increment of capital value and assesses an improvement charge at 3 per cent. per annum on one-half of that increment.
4. The owner assessed may, within three months of the assessment, require the London County Council to buy his interest at the initial valuation or to abandon the charge; or,
5. He may object to the assessment, and the Council may amend the charge or apply for the appointment of an arbitrator. A "worsement" may be set off against a "betterment" accruing to the same owner.

6. The London County Council has to pay the reasonable costs of all parties to the initial valuation; in the case of objections to the assessment, however, the costs will follow the award.

The costs are heavy—in the Ho'born-Strand improvement the initial valuation cost over £5,000—they are thus only justified in the case of improvements where the land values are high and the property large.

The following table gives the essential particulars relating to the London Improvements subject to betterment:—

Improvement.	Date of Act.	Date of Initial Valuation.	Date of completion of Improvement.	Date of Assessment.	Total Enhancement of Value.
Tower Bridge Southern Approach...	1895	Jan. 1897	12th March, 1902	7th March, 1905	£23,920
Tower Bridge Northern Approach...	1897	Jan. 1901	—	—	—
Strand at Holywell-street	1897	Jan. 1899	—	—	—
Bozier's-court, Tottenham Court-road ...	1897	Dec. 1898	3rd Aug. 1900	28th July, 1903	£18,996
Holborn to Strand ...	1899	May 1900	—	—	—
Thames Embankment, Westminster	1900	May 1902	—	—	—
High-street and Gardener's-lane, Putney ...	1900	Dec. 1901	17th July, 1905	—	—
Central-street, Finsbury	1901	Dec. 1902	—	—	—
Hampstead-road	1902	May 1904	—	—	—

The assessment for the Bozier's Court improvement, the only one which has given final results, was made on the 28th July, 1903, and is sufficiently interesting as being the first case to be set out in some detail. The initial valuation of the six properties affected amounted to £88,540, while the enhancement of value was assessed at £21,386. Objection was, however, made to some of these assessments, and the Arbitrator issued his award in July, 1904, for £18,996.

The cost of the improvement was £53,860, the cost of the initial valuation being £2,747, and of the assessment £2,144; the value of the properties in the immediate neighbourhood was enhanced by at least £18,996, of which the owners retain one-half, while the municipality intercepts the other half by means of an improvement charge at 3 per cent. per annum, amounting to £285 10*s.*, redeemable at 33 years' purchase. The improvement was therefore not a large one, and the betterment area was very limited in extent; moreover, the case was an early one, and the cost of the initial valuation was increased in consequence of two appeals to the High Court. But even with these adverse conditions the betterment charge realised £4,530 nett, sufficient to defray 8½ per cent. of the cost of the improvement.

THE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

HOW TO REDUCE YOUR RATES.

IT is of the utmost importance that every ratepayer should see that his assessment is correct. The assessment law is defective in many respects, and there is a lack of uniformity in different districts in the way it is administered. More harmonious action has been brought about lately by means of the conferences which have taken place between the County Council and the assessment authorities. These have resulted not only in procuring greater uniformity of practice but also in coming to some agreement as to the revision that is needed in the system. The Royal Commission on Local Taxation, too, had the valuation system under its consideration, and made it the subject of its first report. Briefly, it recommended a County Valuation Authority (viz., the County Council), working by means of local committees, on which the local boards of guardians and borough councils should be represented, these local committees taking the place of the overseers, and the County Council taking the place of the Assessment Committee. The Government Bill introduced into Parliament in 1904 to carry into effect these recommendations was, however, dropped.

HOW TO CHECK YOUR ASSESSMENT.

If your landlord does repairs and you pay rates, then your rent is the "gross value," and the "rateable value" is found as follows:—

If the rent is under £20, deduct one-fourth to find the proper rateable value.

If £20 and under £40, deduct one-fifth.

If £40 or more, deduct one-sixth.

N.B.—The practice is to disregard shillings and pence *altogether*—not to take the *nearest* pound.

If you do internal repairs you must add 5 per cent. to your rent to arrive at the "gross value." If you do internal and external repairs you must add 10 per cent. to your rent to arrive at the "gross value."

Then apply the scale of deductions as above to ascertain the "rateable value."

EXAMPLES.

A pays £30 per annum on an ordinary yearly tenancy. His rates are charged on a rateable value of £27. A is entitled to deduct one-fifth (£6) from his rent, leaving £24 as the correct rateable value. A should object.

B pays £30 per annum on a repairing lease and is charged on £27 rateable value. B must first add 10 per cent. to his rent, making £33 gross value; then deduct one-fifth (£6, disregarding odd shillings), leaving £27. Thus B's rateable value is correct.

If you find that the rateable value on the demand-note is too high you should at once communicate, in writing, with the borough council. The best channel is usually the rate-collector, whose address is on the demand-note. State the nature of your tenancy, the date of its commencement, the amount of the rent, and all other facts bearing on the value of the premises, and conclude by requesting that, as the rateable value is too high, your house may be inserted in a "Provisional Valuation List" at a reduced assessment. Should this not have the desired effect, application might well be made to the clerk of the Assessment Committee for your district.

GENERAL PROCEDURE.

At present, the borough councils acting as overseers in the first instance make out the valuation list, which is afterwards revised by an Assessment Committee, appointed by the borough council where the borough area comprises entire Poor Law areas, and by the guardians where there is more than one borough or part of a borough in one Poor Law union. An appeal from the decision of the Assessment Committee lies to Quarter Sessions.

THE VALUATION OF LONDON.

THE valuation of London is made under conditions differing in many respects from those obtaining in the country generally. Since 1870, when the total rateable value was under 20 millions, a complete revaluation has taken place every five years, while a supplemental valuation in each of the intervening years has brought new properties into rating. This procedure has undoubtedly resulted in keeping the valuation of London at a high level. In 1901 the total valuation was £39,643,618; in 1906 it was £43,486,437, an increase of £3,842,819 in the quinquennium. Between 1901 and 1905 the average of the supplemental lists, which may be taken as the average annual value of new property, was £503,36 The increase of the re-valuation of 1906 over the 1905 valuation was, however, £1,829,371, and the excess of this over the average annual value of new property may be taken as representing the increase in the general value of property in London, and as indicating to some extent the "unearned increment" of five years. It amounted to £1,326,000. Included in the quinquennial valuation of 1906 are the rateable values of the following special properties: — Railways, £2,351,354; tramways (including, L.C.C.), £159,685; gas, £896,390; electricity, £379,196; water, £679,691; canals, £19,593; docks, £217,750; hydraulic, £38,061; telephones and telegraphs, £60,320—Total, £4,802,040 In 1901 there were, in all, 703,119 assessments, of which no less than 309,568 were below £20, the valuation below which the owner instead of the occupier may be made responsible for the rates. Of the very high values there were 92 between £10,000 and £20,000, 38 between £20,000 and £30,000, 15 between £30,000 and £40,000, 10 between £40,000 and £50,000, and six above £50,000, the highest individual assessment in a single parish being the L. and N.W. Railway assessment in St. Pancras of £107,300. No information similar to this is available for a later year than 1901. The rateable value in force for the year 1907-8 is £43,905,962. The valuation now used for many of the rates is not the rateable value, but what is known as the assessable value, under the Agricultural Rates Acts, 1896 to 1905. The total assessable value for the year 1907-8 is £43,897,571, which is made up of the rateable value of houses, £43,889,181, together with one-half the rateable value of agricultural land, £16,781. The total gross value (used in the case of ordinary properties for King's taxes) is £53,404,124; but as there is no gross valuation put upon Govern-

ment Property, the total gross value of London corresponding to the total rateable value cannot be given. On the basis of the known values, however, the gross rental value of London may be put at £54,133,000, gross value being on an average 23 per cent. higher than rateable value. The assessable values of each borough and parish for the years 1906-7 and 1907-8 are given in the following table:—

Metropolitan Boroughs and Parishes.	Assessable Value, 1906-7.						Assessable Value, 1907-8.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
City of London				5,360,197	0	0				5,373,276	0	0
Battersea				1,056,615	0	0				1,064,738	0	0
Bermondsey				941,427	0	0				945,951	0	0
Bethnal Green				548,359	0	0				549,987	0	0
Camberwell				1,356,981	10	0				1,363,074	10	0
Chelsea				888,101	10	0				915,931	10	0
Deptford—												
Parish of St. Paul ...				635,639	10	0				641,274	10	0
Finsbury—												
Charterhouse	14,229	0	0				14,329	0	0			
Clerkenwell	455,959	0	0				457,429	0	0			
Glasshouse-yard	16,687	0	0				16,725	0	0			
St. Luke	469,153	7	6				473,104	7	6			
St. Sepulchre	66,274	0	0				66,084	0	0			
				1,022,302	7	6				1,027,671	7	6
Fulham				883,182	0	0				897,448	0	0
Greenwich—												
Charlton and Kidbrooke	137,642	0	0				139,392	0	0			
Greenwich	438,089	0	0				442,609	10	0			
St. Nicholas, Deptford ...	67,109	0	0				68,097	0	0			
				642,840	0	0				650,098	10	0
Hackney				1,214,607	10	0				1,227,961	10	0
Hammersmith				797,217	0	0				809,345	0	0
Hampstead				1,076,065	0	0				1,092,194	0	0
Holborn—												
Furnival's-inn	7,429	0	0				7,429	0	0			
Gray's-inn	17,119	0	0				17,074	0	0			
Lincoln's-inn	34,234	0	0				34,195	0	0			
Saffron-hill	119,787	0	0				120,547	0	0			
St. Andrew-above-Bar) St. George-the-Martyr)	324,671	0	0				{ 251,581	0	0			
							{ 74,097	0	0			
St. George, Bloomsbury	231,708	0	0				235,318	0	0			
St. Giles-in-the-Fields ...	298,885	0	0				304,765	0	0			
Staple-inn	3,877	0	0				3,877	0	0			
				1,037,710	0	0				1,048,883	0	0
Islington				1,950,142	0	0				1,953,325	0	0
Kensington—												
Royal Borough				2,362,619	0	0				2,389,105	10	0
Lambeth				1,947,404	0	0				1,956,988	10	0
Lewisham				1,030,063	0	0				1,054,937	10	0
Paddington				1,540,141	10	0				1,549,909	10	0
Poplar—												
Bow	—						202,289	0	0			
Bromley	—						285,212	10	0			
Poplar	—						353,521	7	6			
				—						841,022	17	6
St. Marylebone				1,917,673	0	0				1,944,217	0	0
St. Pancras				1,803,560	10	0				1,805,609	10	0
Shoreditch				807,334	0	0				809,201	0	0
Southwark—												
Christchurch, Southwark	135,504	0	0				136,107	0	0			
Newington	542,431	0	0				543,699	0	0			
St. George-the-Martyr ...	339,916	0	0				341,075	0	0			
St. Saviour	281,690	0	0				286,749	0	0			
				1,300,541	0	0				1,307,630	0	0

Metropolitan Boroughs and Parishes.	Assessable Value, 1906-7.						Assessable Value, 1907-8.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Stepney—												
Aldgate	61,295	0	0				63,556	0	0			
Christchurch, Spitalfields	119,226	0	0				112,389	0	0			
Limehouse	147,667	0	0				148,205	0	0			
Mile-end New-town ...	44,919	0	0				45,079	0	0			
Mile-end Old-town ...	442,655	0	0				444,109	0	0			
Norton Folgate	14,642	0	0				14,908	0	0			
Old Artillery-ground ...	11,710	0	0				11,868	0	0			
Ratcliff	76,909	0	0				76,861	0	0			
St. George-in-the-East...	211,943	0	0				212,487	0	0			
Shadwell	52,011	0	0				51,825	0	0			
Wapping	54,541	0	0				54,921	0	0			
Whitechapel	265,127	0	0				265,575	0	0			
				1,505,650	0	0				1,501,782	0	0
Stoke Newington				354,775	10	0				353,724	10	0
Wandsworth—												
Parish of Wandsworth												
Borough				—						2,002,996	0	0
Westminster City—												
Rolls	57,375	0	0				57,548	0	0			
St. Anne	214,193	0	0				217,502	0	0			
St. Clement Danes ...	262,531	0	0				270,561	0	0			
St. George, Hanover-sq.	2,273,520	0	0				2,294,028	0	0			
St. James, Westminster	1,038,573	0	0				1,049,484	0	0			
St. Margaret, Westminster	1,195,456	0	0				1,198,436	0	0			
St. John-the-Evangelist												
St. Martin-in-the-Fields	716,110	0	0				729,303	0	0			
St. Mary-le-Strand ...	48,886	0	0				55,391	0	0			
St. Paul, Covent-garden	128,550	0	0				133,437	0	0			
St. Peter, Westminster...	4,340	0	0				4,340	0	0			
Savoy	30,565	0	0				30,600	0	0			
				5,950,099	0	0				6,040,630	0	0
Woolwich—												
Eltham	85,091	10	0				88,745	10	0			
Plumstead	332,722	10	0				338,989	10	0			
Woolwich	347,107	10	0				350,923	10	0			
				764,921	10	0				778,658	10	0
Total				43,477,771	15	0				43,897,571	5	0

The only boroughs in which there is agricultural land are the following:—Camberwell, £427; Chelsea, £63; Deptford, £133; Fulham, £372; Greenwich, £1,111; Hackney, £175; Hammersmith, £448; Hampstead, £224; Kensington, £7; Lambeth, £475; Lewisham, £3,087; Paddington, £3; Poplar, £43; St. Pancras, £375; Stoke Newington, £75; Wandsworth, £4,702; and Woolwich, £5,061; a total of £16,781.

EQUALISATION OF RATES.

THE rates of different districts in London are equalised for certain purposes in three different ways. First, on the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund, established in 1867, and administered by the Local Government Board, is thrown part of the expenditure of Poor Law guardians on indoor paupers, insane poor, vagrants, school fees for outdoor pauper children, medical relief, Poor Law officers, registration of births and deaths, and vaccination; and of the Metropolitan Asylums Board on small-pox, fever and diphtheria patients and ambulance expenses. The expenditure thrown on the fund in 1904-5 was £1,577,089, equal to a rate of 9¼*d.* in

the £, an amount of £375,015 being collected from the richer parishes, and handed over to the poorer parishes in aid of their Poor-law expenditure. Secondly, on Exchequer Contributions and on the General County Rate of the London County Council is thrown part of the expenditure of Poor Law guardians (in addition to that borne by the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund) on indoor paupers, pauper lunatics, Poor Law medical expenses, teachers in Poor Law schools, Union officers, and registration of births and deaths; and of borough councils on sanitary officers and registration of electors, amounting in all to £602,472, equal to a rate of 3¼*d.* in the £. Thirdly, through the Equalisation Fund, established by the London (Equalisation of Rates) Act, 1894, and administered by the London County Council, relief to the amount of £281,064 is given to the poorer districts for the purpose of supporting Public Health, lighting and streets, at the expense of the richer districts. A 6*d.* rate (which produces £1,026,906) is levied all round, and is redistributed on the basis of population; that is to say, a poor district, with a dense population and a low rateable value, may receive 7*d.* or 8*d.* back over and above its 6*d.*, whilst another district, with a thinner population, but heavier rateable value, may be credited with less than 1*d.* out of its 6*d.* and have to pay more than 5*d.* into the fund. The following figures show the operation of the various equalisation funds and their influence in London in 1904-5.

The rates which would have been levied had there been no equalisation funds and Exchequer contributions are set out in the first column of the following table (taken from *London Statistics*, vol. xvi.), the increases (+) or decreases (−) in the rates caused by each of the funds are set out in the next columns, and the resulting rates actually levied are set out in the last column.

—	Rate without Equalisation.	County Grants.	Equalisation Fund.	Common Poor Fund.	Rate actually levied.
	s. d.	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.
City of London	5 5·60	+ 1·44	+ 5·72	+0 7·34	6 6·5
Battersea	8 9·27	+ 1·04	— 2·86	+0 2·19	8 2
Bermondsey—					
Bermondsey	11 4.15				9 7
Horselydown	11 1·15	— 1·11	— 1·48	—0 9·96	9 4
Rotherhithe	11 6·15				9 9
St. Olave and St. Thomas	11 4·15				9 7
Bethnal Green	11 3·20	— 3·94	— 7·07	—0 16·95	8 1
Camberwell	9 7·39	— ·21	— 4·86	—0 4·53	8 1·5
Chelsea	7 7·15	— ·97	+ 1·38	—0 0·92	6 11
Deptford	8 10·91	— ·92	— 3·72	—0 4·10	7 6
Finsbury—					
Charterhouse	7 10·41	— 2·04	+ 5·43	—0 2·72	7 3
Clerkenwell	7 9,92	— 2·04	— 1·08	—0 2·72	6 8
Glasshouse Yard	7 10·83	— 2·04	+ 3·01	—0 2·72	7 1
St. Luke	7 10·71	— 2·04	+ 1·13	—0 2·72	6 11
St. Sepulchre	7 7·12	— 2·04	+ 4·72	—0 2·72	6 11
Fulham	8 3·58	+ ·91	— 3·65	—0 1·00	7 4
Greenwich—					
Charlton and Kidbrooke	9 6·23	— ·92	— 3·06	—0 4·10	8 2
Deptford St. Nicholas	7 8·88	— ·18	— 2·86	—0 1·07	6 9
Greenwich	9 3·46	— ·92	— 2·29	—0 4·10	8 0
Hackney	8 6·01	+ ·09	— 3·92	—0 3·44	7 2
Hammersmith	7 10·61	+ ·84	— 2·52	+0 2·61	7 4
Hampstead	6 9·40	+ 1·41	+ 1·46	+0 6·44	7 0
Holborn—					
Furnival's Inn	7 9·69	— 2·04	+ 6·01	—0 2·72	7 3
Gray's Inn	7 8·45	— 2·04	+ 5·24	—0 2·72	7 1

—	Rate without Equalisation.	County Grants.	Equalisation Fund.	Common Poor Fund.	Rate actually levied.
	s. d.	d.	d.	s. d.	s. d.
Lincoln's Inn { Ville	7 5·18	+ 1·91	+ 5·90	+0 9·22	8 4
Lincoln's Inn { Added parts	6 9·18				7 8
Saffron Hill	7 10·98	— 2·04	+ 4·72	—0 2·72	7 3
St. Andrew and St. George	7 10·11	— 2·04	+ 1·59	—0 2·72	6 11
St. Giles and St. George	7 4·31	— 1·26	+ 2·79	+0 0·43	6 11
Staple Inn	7 9·91	— 2·04	+ 5·79	—0 2·72	7 3
Islington	8 3·57	+ ·33	— 3·30	—0 0·55	7 4
Kensington	6 7·97	+ 6·7	+ 1·80	+0 2·93	6 6
Lambeth	8 4·73	— ·37	— 2·55	—0 0·83	7 5
Lewisham—					
Lee	8 1·73	+ ·97	— 1·91	+0 1·77	7 7
Lewisham	8 1·21	+ ·97	— 2·39	+0 1·77	7 6
Paddington	6 10·20	+ ·97	+ ·54	+0 3·48	6 8
Poplar—					
Bow	12 4·87	— 1·19	— 5·30	—1 0·23	10 1
Bromley	12 6·52	— 1·19	— 5·96	—1 0·23	10 2
Poplar	12 3·76	— 1·19	— 4·19	—1 0·23	10 1
St. Marylebone	7 4·85	— ·66	+ 2·00	+0 0·26	6 11
St. Pancras	8 1·83	— 1·09	— ·90	—0 2·70	7 1
Shoreditch	9 0·33	— 1·51	— 1·94	—0 5·13	7 7
Southwark—					
Christchurch, Southwark	9 1·75	— 2·18	— 1·30	—0 7·12	7 6
Newington	8 11·06	— 2·18	— 3·61	—0 7·12	7 1
St. George, Southwark	8 11·28	— 2·18	— 2·83	—0 7·12	7 2
St. Saviour, Southwark	8 7·14	— 2·18	— ·69	—0 7·12	7 0
Stepney—					
Aldgate—	9 11·44	— 1·90	— 1·42	—0 9·64	8 1
Christchurch, Spitalfields	9 11·34	— 1·90	— 5·32	—0 9·64	7 9
Limehouse	11 7·86	— 2·73	— 5·41	—1 3·45	8 11
Mile End New Town	9 6·82	— 1·90	— 7·80	—0 9·64	7 2
Mile End Old Town	11 2·55	— 2·79	— 6·24	—0 11·62	8 8
Norton Folgate	9 9·89	— 1·90	— 2·87	—0 9·64	7 10
Old Artillery Ground	9 10·56	— 1·90	— 4·54	—0 9·64	7 9
Ratcliff	11 10·01	— 2·73	— 4·56	—1 3·45	9 2
St. George-in-the-East	12 10·22	— 8·79	— 5·66	—1 11·77	8 10
Shadwell	11 6·31	— 2·73	— 3·86	—1 3·45	8 11
Wapping	10 9·43	— 2·73	— ·98	—1 3·45	8 5
Whitechapel	10 0·07	— 1·90	— 3·04	—0 9·64	8 0
Stoke Newington—					
Stoke Newington wards	8 2·00	— ·11	— 2·02	—0 3·44	7 0
South Hornsey ward	7 11·00				6 9
Wandsworth—					
Clapham	7 7·87				7 1
Putney	7 8·87				7 2
Streatham	7 9·87	+ 1·04	— 2·56	+0 2·19	7 3
Tooting Graveney	7 11·87				7 5
Wandsworth	7 6·87				7 0
Westminster (City)—					
Rolls	6 7·35	+ ·68	+ 5·77	+0 3·09	6 10
St. Anne	6 3·52	+ ·86	+ 2·95	+0 5·36	6 6
St. Clement Danes	6 2·89	+ ·68	+ 5·23	+0 3·09	6 5
St. George, Hanover-square	6 7·12	+ ·88	+ 4·12	+0 4·53	6 10
St. James	5 9·68	+ ·86	+ 4·79	+0 5·36	6 2
St. Margaret and St. John	6 3·56	+ ·88	+ 3·68	+0 4·53	6 6
St. Martin-in-the-Fields	6 10·13	+ ·68	+ 4·99	+0 3·09	7 0
St. Mary-le-Strand	6 6·39	+ ·68	+ 5·73	+0 3·09	6 9
St. Paul, Covent-garden	6 7·81	+ ·68	+ 5·31	+0 3·09	6 10
St. Peter	6 8·74	+ ·88	+ 3·50	+0 4·53	6 11
Savoy	6 9·44	+ ·68	+ 5·68	+0 3·09	7 0
Woolwich—					
Eltham	8 2·55	+ ·97	— 3·63	+0 1·77	7 6
Plumstead	8 2·96	— ·18	— 5·93	—0 1·07	7 6
Woolwich	9 2·87	— ·18	— 2·84	—0 1·07	8 3

The parish gaining most by the Common Poor Fund is St. George-in-the-East which gains 1*s.* 11¾*d.*; the same parish gains most by the county grants, 8·79*d.*; Mile End New Town gains most by the Equalisation Fund, viz., 7·8*d.*; and St. George-in-the-East gains most by all the funds. Bethnal Green comes second in each of the three funds and in the total. Of the places that lose (excluding the Inns of Court) the City comes first with a loss of 7·34*d.* by the Common Poor Fund, 1·44*d.* by the county grants, and 5·73*d.* by the Equalisation Fund, or 1*s.* 2·51*d.* in all. The general result of the funds is to reduce the range of the rates from a maximum of 12*s.* 10*d.* (St. George-in-the-East), and a minimum of 5*s.* 6*d.* (City of London), a difference of 7*s.* 4*d.*, to a maximum of 10*s.* 2*d.* and a minimum of 6*s.* 2*d.*, a difference of 4*s.*

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, AND MARRIAGES.

THE registration of births, deaths, and marriages is carried on under the direction of the Registrar-General at Somerset House, but the boards of guardians are charged directly with the work. The clerk to the guardians is generally the district superintendent registrar, and he appoints one or more deputies to act under him.

Following are the names and addresses of the registrars, at whose offices births and deaths should be registered, and marriage arrangements made. Note is made of the registrars who attend to the marriage business. When no reference is made to marriages, applications should be addressed to the superintendent. The superintendent's hours are, as a rule, from 10 to 4. The offices are closed on Sundays.

BETHNAL GREEN.

Superintendent — D. Thomas, (Barrister-at Law), Register Office, Bishop's - road, Victoria - park. *Deputy*—C. F. Jones.

N.E. DISTRICT.—Captain W. H. Hamilton, 274, Cambridge-road, N.E. *Deputy*—P. B. Hancock.

S.W. DISTRICT.—J. Williams, 347, Bethnal Green - road, E. *Deputy*—C. W. Chinery.

MARRIAGES. — P. B. Hancock. Register Office, Bishop's-road, N.E. *Deputy*—H. Sedgwick.

CAMBERWELL.

Superintendent—C. S. Stevens, Guardians' Offices. *Deputy*—H. E. Mott.

CAMBERWELL (NORTH).—A. E. Baker, 34, Brunswick-square, Peckham-road. Daily, except Saturday, 12 to 4; Saturday, 12 to 2; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, 6 to 8.

CAMBERWELL (SOUTH).—W. L. Churchill, 8, Glengarry-road, East Dulwich-grove, S.E. Daily, except Saturday, 12 to 4; Saturday, 12 to 2; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, 6 to 8.

PECKHAM (NORTH).—A. Lucas, 26, Camden-grove, Peckham. Daily, except Saturday, 12 to 4; Saturday, 12 to 2; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, 6 to 8.

PECKHAM (SOUTH).—A. J. Quaif, 20, Linden-grove, Nunhead - lane, Peckham Rye. Daily, except Saturday, 12 to 4; Saturday, 12 to 2; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, 6 to 8.

ST. GEORGE'S.—C. Followes, 84, Trafalgar-road, Old Kent-road. Daily, except Saturday, 12 to 4; Saturday, 12 to 2; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, 6 to 8.

DULWICH.—A. H. Bartlett, High-

street, Dulwich. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 9 to 10 a.m. and 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—A. E. Baker, 34, Brunswick-square, Peckham-road; G. Gooding, 43, Denman-road, Peckham.

CHELSEA.

Superintendent Registrar — J. Dowling, 250, King's-road.

S. DISTRICT. — Miss H. L. Mowels, 36, Ashburnham Mansions. Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 9 to 11 a.m.; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 6 to 8 p.m

N. DISTRICT.—J. W. Facey, 411, Fulham-road. Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 9 to 11 a.m.; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—A. E. Follit, 208, King's-road.

CITY OF LONDON.

Superintendent—E. R. Woodward, 61, Bartholomew Close. *Deputy*—B. Ware.

ST. BOTOLPH, BROAD STREET, AND CRIPPLEGATE.—F. H. Pullen, 21, Great Winchester-street. *Deputy*—G. Tucker.

ALL HALLOWS, BARKING, CASTLE BAYNARD, CHRISTCHURCH, QUEENHITHE, ST. SEPULCHRE, AND ST. BRIDE.—Miss A. J. Kemm, Myddleton House, 42, Farringdon-street. *Deputy* — A. Sayer, 36, Farringdon-street.

MARRIAGES.—Rodolph Nicholls, 61, Bartholomew-close. *Deputy*—J. Bedford.

FULHAM.

Superintendent—T. Aplin Marsh, 129, Fulham-palace-road, W.

NORTH HAMMERSMITH. — R. Popham, 89A, Goldhawk-road, Shepherds Bush, W.

SOUTH HAMMERSMITH.—F. P. Branner (M), 3, The Grove, Hammersmith, W.

NORTH-WEST FULHAM.—Alfred Busby (M), 240, Dawes-road, Fulham, S.W.

NORTH-EAST FULHAM.—H. D. Shopland, 152, Halford-road, North End-road, Fulham, S.W.

SOUTH FULHAM.—Henry Williams, 66, New King's-road, Fulham, S.W.

MARRIAGES—L. Liversidge, 129, Fulham Palace-road, Hammersmith, W.

NOTE—Those Registrars of Births and Deaths marked (M) are also Registrars of Marriages.

GREENWICH.

Superintendent—S. Saw, Bank-buildings, 183, Trafalgar-road. *Deputy*—R. P. Hellyar.

GREENWICH. — E. DISTRICT: H. K. Lewis, 203A, Trafalgar-road. *Deputy*—P. C. Wates. W. DISTRICT: J. E. Wates, 53, Devonshire-road. *Deputy*—H. J. Raymond.

MARRIAGES.—H. K. Lewis, 203A, Trafalgar-road.

DEPTFORD.—N. DISTRICT: E. J. White, 326, Evelyn-street. *Deputy*—M. A. White. CENTRAL DISTRICT: H. J. Dixon, L.R.C.S., 27, Nettleton-road. *Deputy*—C. E. Seaman. S. DISTRICT: J. B. Chapman, 52, Florence-road. *Deputy* — W. A. Brumfield.

MARRIAGES. — J. B. Chapman, 52, Florence-road, Deptford.

HACKNEY.

Superintendent—Tom Hosgood, The Old Town Hall, Hackney, N.E.

CENTRAL HACKNEY. — E. L. Crane, 75, Lower Clapton-road, N.E. Daily, 10 a.m. to 12 noon; and Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, 6 to 8 p.m.

NORTH HACKNEY. — A. Jones, 8, Narford-road, Upper Clapton,

N.E. Daily, 9 to 11 a.m., and 4 to 7 p.m.; Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m. only.

SOUTH-EAST HACKNEY.—W. R. Jeffray, 115, Victoria-park-road, South Hackney, N.E. Daily, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., and 6 to 7 p.m.; Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. only.

SOUTH-WEST HACKNEY. — C. Haynes, 55, Sandringham - road, Dalston, N.E. Daily, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, 6 to 8 p.m.

STOKE NEWINGTON. — H. K. Cone, 171, Church-street, N. Daily, 8 to 10 a.m.; Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—A. Jones, 8, Narford-road, Upper Clapton, N.E. S. F. Snewin, 66, Amhurst-road, Hackney, N.E.

HAMPSTEAD.

Superintendent — R. Bridger, Town Hall, Haverstock-hill, N.E.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS. — F. V. Bridger. Daily, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., at Town Hall, Haverstock-hill; also at 199, West End-lane, Kilburn, on Tuesdays and Fridays, 7 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES. — H. E. Bridger, Town Hall, Haverstock-hill.

HOLBORN.

Superintendent Registrar—A. W. Hill, the Registry Office, Clerkenwell-road, E.C. Daily, 10 to 4, Saturdays 10 to 2.

HOLBORN. — E. J. Comfort, 12, Harpur - street, Theobalds - road. Every day, 10 to 12 a.m.; Mondays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

NORTH CLERKENWELL. — F. Tupper, 49, Amwell-street, Myddelton-square. Daily, 9 to 11 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

SOUTH CLERKENWELL.—R.O.H. Griffith, 11, Upper Charles-street, Goswell-road. Every morning, 9 to 11 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

FINSBURY.—F. M. Bilby, 312, City-road. Daily, 10 to 12; Tuesdays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES (CLERKENWELL, HOLBORN, AND ST. LUKE).—F. Tupper, 49, Amwell-street, Myddelton-square. Daily, 9 to 11 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m. F. H. Shapcott, 3, Ely-place. Daily, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

ISLINGTON.

Superintendent—Alex. S. McAuliffe, Islington Register Office, Liverpool-road, N. Daily, 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.

UPPER HOLLOWAY.—A. J. Bodimeade, 25, St. John's-villas, Upper Holloway, N. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 3 to 6 p.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., and Saturdays, 12 to 2. Tuesdays and Fridays, 7 to 9 p.m.

TUFNELL.—Mrs. A. H. Trounce, 6, Pemberton-gardens, Upper Holloway. Same as Upper Holloway.

TOLLINGTON.—Vacant, 5, Birnam-road, Tollington-park. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 3 to 6 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Tuesday and Friday evenings, 7 to 9.

LOWER HOLLOWAY.—Miss F. M. Townley, A Block, Morgan Mansions, Palmer's-place, Holloway-road. Same as Tollington.

BARNSBURY. — F. Wilcox, 23, Richmond - crescent, Barnsbury. Daily, 3 to 6 p.m.; Tuesdays and Fridays, 7 to 9 p.m.; Saturdays, 12 noon to 2 p.m.

SOUTH-EAST ISLINGTON. — J. Lamb, 5, Islington-green, N. Daily, 3 to 6. Tuesdays and Fridays, 8 to 9 p.m.; Saturdays, 11 to 1.

HIGHBURY.—J. V. Perry, 48, Lucerne-rd., Highbury-park. Daily same as Tollington.

MARRIAGES.—C. Sharp, at the Islington Register Office, Liverpool-

road (corner of Barnsbury-street), between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. daily; or at 2, Holmewood, Anson-road, Tufnell-park, N., from 7 to 10 p.m. H. Tice, 754, Holloway-road, between the hours of 9 and 11 a.m. (Saturdays from 7 to 10 p.m.), and at 5, Islington-green, from 5 to 6 p.m. (except Saturdays).

KENSINGTON.

Superintendent—W. R. Stephens, Register Office, 28, Marloes-road. *Deputy*—F. W. Turner.

KENSINGTON TOWN. — C. R. Barnes (Births, Deaths, and Marriages). *Deputy*—E. W. Barnes, 67, Church-street, Kensington. Mondays, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Tuesdays, 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Wednesdays, 8 to 11 a.m.; Thursdays, 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Fridays, 8 a.m. to 11 a.m.; and Saturdays, 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.; also at 128, Ladbroke-grove, North Kensington, opposite Notting-hill Station. Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, from 5 to 8 p.m.

BROMPTON.—A. J. Turner (Births and Deaths only), 23, Earl's-court-gardens. Mondays to Fridays, 12 noon to 1.30 p.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.; Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. *Deputy*—W. H. Holland.

MARRIAGES. — C. R. Barnes (Kensington Town and Brompton Districts). *Deputy*—E. W. Barnes.

LAMBETH.

Superintendent—E. D. L. Wilmot, Register Office, 220, Brixton-road. S.W. Office hours, 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Saturdays, 9.30 a.m. to 2 p.m. *Deputy*—J. J. Barwick, 236, Brixton-road, S.W.

WATERLOO ROAD.—W. Lake, 40, Roupell-street, Cornwall-rd., S.E. Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; Wednesdays and Thursdays, 6 to 9 p.m.

LAMBETH CHURCH.—P. W. Ayres, 29, Lambeth-palace-road, S.E. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 8 p.m.; Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.

KENNINGTON. — W. B. Smith, 130, Kennington-road, S.E. (temporary). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 9 p.m.; Tuesdays and Fridays, 9 to 11 a.m.; Saturdays, 1 to 2 p.m.

STOCKWELL.—W. H. Edwards, 6, Guildford-road, South Lambeth, S.W. Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 6 to 9 p.m.; Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.

BRIXTON. — R. Greenwood, 46, Gresham-rd., Brixton, S.W. Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 6 to 9 p.m.; Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.

NORWOOD.—A. Thompson, Head Office, 100, High-street, West Norwood, S.E. Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, 2 to 4 p.m.; Wednesdays and Saturdays, 6 to 8 p.m. Registration Station; 150, Brixton-hill, S.W. Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m. Wednesdays and Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.

LEWISHAM.

Superintendent—H. C. Mott, Union Offices.

M. J. Martin, 8A, Dartmouth-road, Forest-hill: Daily, 9 to 11 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 7 p.m. T. A. Belcham, 222, High-street, Lewisham. Daily, 10 to 11 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 7 p.m. T. A. Davies, next railway station, Lee. Daily, 10 a.m. to 12 noon; Tuesdays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m. J. R. S. Murphy, 7, Park-place, Eltham: Mondays and Fridays, 9 to 11 a.m.; Wednesdays, 5 to 7 p.m.

MARYLEBONE.

Superintendent—H. T. Dudman, 21, Marylebone-road. *Deputy*—A. J. Read. Daily, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

ALL SOULS.—J. Claxton. At the Guardians' Offices, Northumberland-street. Daily, 12 to 1 p.m., at 93, Hallam-street, Portland-place; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

ST. MARY.—T. Epton Hadwick, Guardians' Offices, Northumberland-street, W. Daily, 12 to 2 p.m.; and Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 6 to 8 p.m.

CHRIST CHURCH.—F. Stokes, 49, Upper Baker-street, Marylebone-road. Mondays, 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 5 to 7 p.m.; Wednesdays and Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.; Fridays, 2 to 4 p.m. N.T. 2336 Pad.

ST. JOHN. — T. R. Stanbra, 16, Queen's-terrace, Finchley-road, St. John's-wood, N.W. Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES. — F. Stokes, 49, Upper Baker-street, Marylebone-road.

MILE END.

Superintendent — W. Thacker, Guardians' Offices, Bancroft-road.

S.W. DISTRICT. — Thomas A. Macve, 40, Mile End-road. Mondays, 4 to 8; Tuesdays, 10 to 1; Wednesdays, 10 to 1 and 5 to 8; Thursdays, 10 to 1; Fridays, 4 to 8; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

N.E. DISTRICT.—Robert M. Ashton, Guardians' Offices, Bancroft-road. Mondays, 4 to 8; Tuesdays, 10 to 1; Wednesdays, 5 to 8; Thursdays, 10 to 1; Fridays, 4 to 8; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

MARRIAGES.—W. Bartlett, 157, Commercial-road, E.

PADDINGTON.

Superintendent—H. F. Aveling, Register Office, 313-319, Harrow-road, W. Daily, 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Saturdays, 9.30 a.m. to 1 p.m.

ST. MARY.—W. Kirk, the Register Office, 313-319, Harrow-road, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon and 3 to 5 p.m.; Saturdays, 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon; Tuesdays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

ST. JOHN.—M. B. Cranstone, 35, Spring-street, Sussex-gardens. Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 8 to 10 a.m. and 1 to 2 p.m.; Fridays, 6 to 7 p.m.; Saturdays, 8 to 10 a.m.

NORTH WEST.—A. F. Coombes, 120, Ilbert-street, Queen's-park. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 7 to 9 p.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, from 8 to 9.30 a.m.

MARRIAGES.—W. Kirk, 313-319, Harrow-road, W.

POPLAR.

Superintendent Registrar — A. Sheffield, 114, Gough-street, Poplar. Daily, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.; Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

POPLAR. — A. Purdy, 205, East India Dock-road, Poplar. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 9 p.m.; Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 3 to 6 p.m.

BROMLEY. — F. Butler, 72, Bow-road, Bromley. Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 3 to 7 p.m.; Thursdays and Saturdays, 10 to 12.

BOW.—H. Wilkins, Addington-road, Bow. Daily, 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—J. Bellsham, 164, Abbott-road, Bromley. Daily, 6 to 8 p.m.

ST. GEORGE, HANOVER SQUARE.

Superintendent — T. Worlock, Register Office, St. George's (Hanover-square) Hall, Mount-street.

MAYFAIR AND KNIGHTSBRIDGE. H. T. Hamilton, St. George's (Hanover-square) Hall, Mount-street. Daily, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., and at 3, Trevor-square, Knightsbridge, Mondays and Thursdays, 5 to 8 p.m.

BELGRAVE.—Louis C. Mountstephen, 174, Warwick-street, Ebury-bridge, S.W. Daily, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., and on Tuesdays and Fridays 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

ST. MARGARET AND ST. JOHN. —C. O. Elkerton, 4, Bessborough-street, S.W. Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—H. T. Hamilton, St. George's (Hanover-square) Hall, Mount-street, W.; H. G. Smith, 45, Cambridge-street, S.W.; W. H. Fielding, 43, Old Queen-street, Westminster, S.W.

ST. GEORGE-IN-THE EAST.

Superintendent—R. M. Lochner, Register Office, Raine-street, Old Gravel-lane.

C. Barratt, 218, Cable-street, E.

ST. GILES.

Superintendent. — J. Appleton, Guardians' Offices, 57, Broad-street, W.C.

ST. GILES AND BLOOMSBURY. —S. Ashley, Guardians' Offices, 57, Broad-street, W.C. Daily, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m., and on Wednesdays from 5 to 6 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—E. A. Newbery, Guardians' Offices, 57, Broad-street, W.C.

ST. OLAVE, BERMONDSEY.

Superintendent—E. Pitts Fenton, Union Offices, 283, Tooley-street, S.E.

ST. OLAVE.—W. Clark, 6, Mazepond-terrace, St. Thomas-street, S.E.

BERMONDSEY.—C. H. Hurst, 25, Upper Grange-road, Bermondsey, S.E.

ROTHERHITHE. — Francis H. Thomas, 84, Lower-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.

ST. PANCRAS.

Superintendent—Alfred A. Millward, Town Hall, Pancras-road.

NORTH ST. PANCRAS. — W. Wheatley, 48, Highgate-road, Kentish Town. 9 a.m. to 12 noon, and 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.; Thursdays and Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 12 noon only.

EAST ST. PANCRAS. — W. H. Culpin, 64, Camden-square. 9 a.m. to 12 noon, and 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. daily; Thursdays and Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 12 noon only.

WEST ST. PANCRAS. — T. W. Parkin, 65, Gloucester-crescent, Regent's Park. 9 a.m. to 12 noon, and from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.; Thursdays and Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 12 noon only.

SOUTH ST. PANCRAS. — R. C. Cowie, 9, Gower-place, Gordon-street. 9 a.m. to 12 noon, and 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.; Thursdays and Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 12 noon only.

MARRIAGES.—John E. Stevens, 52, Highgate-road, Kentish Town. 3 p.m. to 9 p.m., and at any other time when at home; Edwin Stevens, 9, Caversham-road, any time when at home.

SHOREDITCH.

Superintendent — R. Clay, Register Office, 213, Kingsland-road, N.E. *Deputy*—B. Roberts.

SHOREDITCH, SOUTH. — F. J. Lockyer, 2, Great Chart-st. *Deputy* —E. W. Cranston.

SHOREDITCH, NORTH WEST.— C. H. Waterer, 94, New North-road. *Deputy*—Miss Davis.

SHOREDITCH, NORTH EAST.— E. J. Sibley, 58, Queen's-road, Dalston. *Deputy*—Miss Sibley.

Each of the above Registrars attends at his office as follows:—Daily from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; Mondays and Wednesdays from 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—J. C. Clay, 213, Kingsland-road. *Deputy*—W. H. Williams. Attendance as required. Notice of Marriage, where either or both the parties reside within the district, should be given to the Superintendent Registrar.

SOUTHWARK.

Superintendent — Howard C. Jones, 85, Blackfriars-road.

CHRIST CHURCH AND ST. SAVIOUR.—F. Drewett, 51, Borough High-street. *Deputy*—J. J. Millington. Daily from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

KENT ROAD.—J. C. Mather, 216, New Kent-road. *Deputy* — Mrs. Mary Symmons. Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 5 to 7 p.m.

ST.-GEORGE-THE-MARTYR, WEST.—Thomas Haynes, 39, West-square. *Deputy* — A. Attewill. Daily, from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; and daily (except Saturdays), from 6 to 8 p.m.

NEWINGTON, NORTH. — T. J. Washford, 66, Falmouth-road, New Kent-road. *Deputy* — J. S. Beckwith, 94, Newington Butts. Daily, from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; and daily (except Saturdays), from 6 to 8 p.m.

NEWINGTON, SOUTH. — T. H. Baker, 61, Lorrimore-road, Walworth-road. *Deputy*—Albert Waddell, 35, Lorrimore-road, Walworth. Daily from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; and daily (except Saturdays), from 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—T. J. Washford, 66, Falmouth-road. *Deputy* — J. S. Beckwith, 94, Newington Butts. T. H. Baker, 61, Lorrimore-road. *Deputy* — A. Waddell, 35, Lorrimore-road.

STEPNEY.

Superintendent — T. G. Stacey, Guardians' Offices, Barnes-street, Ratcliff.

LIMEHOUSE.—J. S. Capes, 272, Burdett-road.

RATCLIFFE, SHADWELL, AND WAPPING.—F. Grout, Guardians' Offices, Barnes-street.

MARRIAGES. — A. J. Smith, Guardians' Offices, Barnes-street.

STRAND.

Superintendent — A. H. Maddocks, 15, Henrietta-street, W.C. *Deputy*—W. D. Parkhouse.

STRAND (INCLUDING ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS, ST. CLEMENT DANES, ST. MARY-LE-STRAND, ST. PAUL, COVENT GARDEN LIBERTY OF THE ROLLS, AND PRECINCT OF THE SAVOY).—J. F. Pink, 1, Bedfordbury, W.C. *Deputy* — John Benner.

MARRIAGES.—J. L. Goldspink, 15, Henrietta-street, W.C. *Deputy* —T. Cradduck.

WANDSWORTH.

Superintendent—A. N. Henderson, Barrister-at-Law, 47, Lavender-gardens, S.W.

Deputy Superintendent Registrar W. A. de Jong, 47, Lavender-gardens, S.W.

E. BATTERSEA.—W. T. L. Bray, 292, Queen's-road, Battersea-park, S.W. Mondays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 3 to 7 p.m. Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

N.-W. BATTERSEA. — F. H. Baker, 56, Falcon-road, Battersea, S.W. Every week day (except

Thursdays) from 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 8 p.m.

S.-W. BATTERSEA (AND MARRIAGES).—W. Griffin, jun., 47, Lavender-gardens, Lavender-hill, S.W. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 2 to 4 p.m.; Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon; and at 69, Bridge-road-west, Battersea. Tuesdays and Fridays, from 7 to 8 p.m.

CLAPHAM (AND MARRIAGES).—W. G. Pinhorn, 115, High-street, Clapham. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 7 p.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 9 to 11 a.m. and 3 to 5 p.m. Saturdays, 9 to 11 a.m.

PUTNEY.—Mrs. A. Hudson, 54, Disraeli-road, Putney. Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Tuesdays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

MARRIAGES—F. Udall, 144, Upper Richmond-road, Putney. Daily, 10 to 11 a.m.

STREATHAM (AND MARRIAGES).—C. T. Smith, 45, Mitcham-lane, Streatham: Daily, 9 to 11 a.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 6 to 8 p.m.; and at 338, Balham High-road, S.W. Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 8 p.m.; and Tuesdays and Thursdays, 2 to 5 p.m.

WANDSWORTH, SPRINGFIELD, (MARRIAGES). — F. Howick, 9, Westbourne-terrace, Garratt-lane, Earlsfield. Wednesdays and Fridays, 3 to 5 p.m.; Mondays, 6 to 8 p.m.; and at 198, Trinity-road, Wandsworth. Tuesdays and Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon; Thursdays, 6 to 8 p.m.

WANDSWORTH (SOUTHFIELDS).—W. V. Minter, 138, High-street, Wandsworth. Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, from 10 a.m. to 12 noon; Tuesdays and Fridays, from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m.

WESTMINSTER.

Superintendent — W. Lee, 49 Poland-street, W. *Deputy*—W G Collard.

ST. JAMES AND ST. ANNE SUB-DISTRICT.—Dr. Percy J. Edmunds, 5, Great Marlborough-street. *Deputy*—F. M. Matheson.

MARRIAGES.—Joseph P. Bond, 49, Poland-street, W. *Deputy*—E. A. H. Jenkins, 49, Poland-street, W.

WHITECHAPEL.

Superintendent—F. J. Tootell, Register-office, 74, Vallance-road, N.E.

SPITALFIELDS.—A. F. Brady, 18, Steward-street, E. Daily, 9 to 10 a.m. and (except Wednesdays and Saturdays) 5 to 7 p.m.

MILE END NEW TOWN.—J. E. Brown, 150, Whitechapel-road, E. Daily, 10 to 12 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 7 p.m.

GOODMAN'S FIELDS. — W. F. Grace, 1, Leman-street, E. Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 10 to 12 a.m.; Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 5 to 7 p.m.

MARRIAGES.—W. F. Grace, 1, Leman-street, E.; E. Bacon, Register-office, 74, Vallance-road, N.E.

WOOLWICH.

Superintendent—T. Cutter, Barrister-at-Law, 30, Rectory-place. *Deputy*—J. W. Court, 61, Heathwood-gardens, Charlton.

CHARLTON (INCLUDING KIDBROOKE).—J. Wilson, 121, Church-lane. *Deputy*—Miss Wilson. Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays, 8.30 to 10.30 a.m.; Mondays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.

WOOLWICH. — D. Stewart, 68, Brewer-street, Woolwich. *Deputy*—J. R. Hanson. Daily, 9 to 11

a.m., and Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 2 to 4 p.m.

EAST PLUMSTEAD.—W. T. Vincent, 189, Burrage-road. *Deputy*—Mrs. Vincent. At Burrage-road (daily), 8.30 to 9.30 a.m.; Tuesdays, 5 to 6.30 p.m. At Dispensary, 47, Parkdale-road, Mondays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon; Thursdays, 5.30 to 7.30 p.m.

WEST PLUMSTEAD.—Miss Isabel Anderson, 44, Bloomfield-road, Plumstead. *Deputy*, E. W. Carter. Mondays and Fridays, 6 to 8 p.m.; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

MARRIAGES.—C. H. L. James, Register Office, Rectory-place. *Deputy*—Edwin Kirkby, 24, Victoria-road, Charlton.

DISTRICT SURVEYORS UNDER THE LONDON BUILDING ACT, 1894.

THE district surveyors administer the London Building Acts (1894 to 1905), under the County Council. They are the officials to whom notice should be given and plans submitted of all building operations or alterations to buildings, and they are paid by fees. Office hours, from 10 to 4, except when otherwise stated. During 1906 the boundaries of some of the district surveyor's districts have been readjusted.

Battersea.—Central: W. J. Hardcastle, 73, Marney-road. *South, and part of Wandsworth:* H. Cheston, 35, Belleville-road, Wandsworth-common. *North:* See "Lambeth."

Bermondsey.—V. J. Grose, 13, Railway-approach, London-bridge.

Bethnal Green, East, and South Bow—E. Street, 109, Bow-road. *West:* R. P. Notley, 11, Paradise-row, Bethnal Green-road.

Bromley St. Leonard.—E. Street (Interim D.S.), 109, Bow-road, E.

Camberwell.—E. Marsland, 244, Camberwell-road, 9.30 to 5.

Catford. — R. D. Hansom, 39, Culverley-road, Catford, S.E., 9.30 to 5.

Charlton, Kidbrooke, and Lee.—A. A. Fillary (Interim D.S.), 5, Lee-road.

Chelsea.—T. E. Mundy, 6, Lincoln-street, King's-road, 9.30 to 5.

City of London.—East: O. C. Hills (Interim D.S.), Hamilton House, 139, Bishopsgate-street Without, E.C. *South:* E. Power, 97, Queen Victoria-street, 10.30 to 3.45. *West:* E. R. Hewitt (Interim D.S.), 22, Bride-lane, Fleet-street, E.C.

Clapham. — W. Grellier, 188, High-street, Clapham.

Deptford.—East and Greenwich: B. Tabberer, Lecture Hall, Royal-hill, Greenwich.

Finsbury.—E. Carritt, 20, Wilmington-square, Clerkenwell.

Fulham.—North: F. W. Hamilton, Broadway House, Walham-green, 9.30 to 5. *South:* J. A. G. Knight, Broadway House, Walham-green, 9.30 to 5.

Hackney.—North-East: O. C. Hills, 360, Mare-street, 9.30 to 5. *South-East and North Bow:* A. Payne, 10, St. Thomas'-square. *West:* W. G. Perkins, 360, Mare-street, 9.30 to 5.

Hammersmith.—W. H. Stevens (Interim D.S.), 3, The Grove, 9.30 to 5.

Hampstead.—F. Hammond, 150, Finchley-road, 9.30 to 5.

Holborn.—W. H. Lees, 35, Mecklenburgh-square, W.C., 9 to 5.

Islington.—North and St. Pancras North: J. Goodchild, Bank Chambers, Parkhurst-road, Holloway, 9.30 to 5. *South and Shoreditch:* H. Lovegrove, 169, Shoreditch High-street, 9.30 to 5.

Kensington—S. F. Clarkson, 17A, Vicarage-gate, Kensington.

Lambeth. — Central and North Battersea: C. T. Coggin, 69, Kennington Oval, 9.30 to 5. *South:* P. Hunter, 53, Clapham-road, S.W., 9.30 to 5.

Lewisham—East: E. W. Lees (Interim D.S.), 3, Lewisham-bridge.

Lewisham—West: A. P. Stokes (Interim D.S.), 301A, Brockley-road, S.E.

Limehouse, Wapping, St. Katharine and Ratcliff. — G. Tolley (Interim D.S.), 586, Commercial-road East, E.

Mile End Old Town. — H. A. Legge (Interim D.S.), 13, Grafton-street.

Newington and part of St. George, Southwark—B. J. Dicksee, 14 & 16, New Kent-road, 9.30 to 5.

Norwood: West—A. H. W. Glasson 29, Wolfington-road, Knight's-hill-road, S.E., 9.30 to 5.

Paddington. — A. Ashbridge (Interim D.S.), 17, York-place, Portman-square.

Plumstead and Eltham.—T. Batterbury, 97, Griffin-road, Plumstead, and Park House, Court-road, Eltham.

Poplar, All Saints.—J. Clarkson, 136, High-street, Poplar.

Putney and Roehampton.—T. W. Willis, 9, Hotham-road, Putney, 9 to 5.

Rotherhithe, Hatcham, and St. George-in-the-East.—A. W. Tanner, 114, Lower-road, Rotherhithe, and 334, Commercial-road East, 9.30 to 5.

St. George, Hanover Square.—North: T. H. Watson, 9, Conduit-street, 9 to 5. *Belgrave and Pimlico:* T. E. Mundes (Interim D.S.), 83A, Chester-square, 10 to 5.

St. James, Westminster.—H. N. Kerr (Interim D.S.), 13A, Great Marlborough-street.

St. Margaret, St. John, and St. Peter, Westminster.—E. D. Drury, 25, Queen Anne's-gate, 10 to 5.

St. Marylebone.—A. Ashbridge, 17, York-place, Portman-square, W., 9.30 to 5.

St. Pancras.—South: F. Wallen, 96, Gower-street, 10 to 5.

St. Saviour's, part of St. George, and Christ Church, Southwark, and North Lambeth.—E. R. Hewitt, 182, Blackfriars-road.

Stoke Newington.—J. D. Mathews, 171, Church-street.

Strand. — A. B. Hayward (Interim D.S.), 50, Great Russell-street, 9.30 to 5.

Streatham — East, and Tulse Hill — J. S. Quilter, 71, Christchurch-road, Tulse-hill. *West:* 3, Bank Buildings, Station-road, Balham.

Sydenham.—S. F. Monier-Williams, 4, Dartmouth-road, Forest-hill, 9.30 to 5.

Wandsworth—East and Tooting Graveney—G. Aitchison, R.A., 125, Trinity-road, Upper Tooting. *West:* L. R. Ford, Bank Chambers, High-street, Wandsworth, 9.30 to 5.

Whitechapel, Spitalfields, Mile End New Town, and Tower Liberty. —A. Crow, Hamilton House, 149, Bishopsgate-street Without, E.C., 9.30 to 5.

Woolwich.—A. Conder, 21, William-street.

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ONE HALFPENNY.

Local Governing Authorities.

METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCILS.

THE London Government Act, 1899, which came into operation on 9th November, 1900, abolished the vestries and district boards, and provided for the division of the Administrative County of London (exclusive of the City of London) into 28 metropolitan boroughs, and for the incorporation of councils for such boroughs, each to consist of a mayor and not more than 10 aldermen and 60 councillors. As the result of the alterations made under the Act in the county boundary the area of the County of London was reduced by 619 acres.

The borough councils have had transferred to them all the powers, duties, property, and liabilities (other than those relating to the affairs of the Church) of the old local authorities; the powers of the London County Council under Sections 84, 134, and 199 of the London Building Act, 1894, relating to the licensing of wooden structures, the removal of sky signs, and obstructions in streets respectively; the power under Section 28 of the Public Health Act, 1891, of registering dairymen; the maintenance of roads which at the passing of the Act were main roads; the maintenance, if required by the County Council, of roadways and footways of bridges embankments, etc., and the enforcement of bye-laws and regulations with respect to dairies and milk-shops, slaughterhouses, knackers' yards, and offensive businesses.

The borough councils have, concurrently with the London County Council, powers under Sections 170 and 197 of the London Building Act, 1894, relating respectively to the demolition of buildings erected in contravention of the Act, and the taking of proceedings in respect of the illegal stacking of timber; under Sections 17 to 25 of the Metropolis Water Act, 1871, with respect to the regulations of water companies; under Section 7 of the Railway and Canal Traffic Act, 1888, to make complaints or appear in opposition to complaints before the Railway and Canal Commissioners; under Section 65 of the Local Government Act, 1888, relating to the acquisition of land; under Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890; and under Section 23 of the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, as applied by Sec. 16 of the Local Government Act, 1888, to make bye-laws for the good rule and government of the borough.

Further powers may be transferred from the London County Council to the borough councils, or *vice-versa*, by Provisional Order of the Local

Government Board, on the application of the London County Council and of the majority of the borough councils. The Local Government Board may also, on joint application by the London County Council and the Corporation of the City of London, make a Provisional Order transferring any power from the London County Council to the Common Council, or from the Common Council to the London County Council.

The sanction of the London County Council under Section 84 of the Metropolis Management Amendment Act, 1862, is not necessary before the closing or stopping up of streets by borough councils; and the borough councils are given a right of appeal to the Local Government Board in the event of the refusal of the London County Council to sanction loans, against the conditions of such sanction, or if the loan is not sanctioned within six months after application has been made.

Subject to the consent of the Local Government Board, the borough councils may alienate land vested in them, other than any recreation ground or open space dedicated to the use of the public or land held on trusts which prohibit building thereon.

The borough councils are the authorities for adopting and administering the Adoptive Acts, *i.e.*, the Baths and Washhouses Acts, 1846 to 1896; the Burial Acts, 1852 to 1885; and the Public Libraries Acts, 1892 and 1893; and have the same powers of promoting and opposing Bills in Parliament, and of prosecuting or defending any legal proceedings necessary for the promotion or protection of the interests of the inhabitants of their boroughs, as are conferred on borough councils outside London by the Borough Funds Act, 1872.

The council of each borough is the overseer of every parish within its borough, and the town clerk has the powers, duties, and liabilities of overseer with respect to the preparation of the lists of voters and of jury lists, and is the town clerk within the meaning of the Acts relating to the registration of electors.

Under the Act great changes have been made in the system of London rating. As from 1st April, 1901, the separate sewers and lighting rates have been discontinued, and all the expenses of the borough councils paid out of one rate, termed the general rate. Where a borough comprises more than one parish, the amount to be raised to meet the expenses of the borough council, or other sums payable as part of those expenses, is, subject to any provision required for the adjustment of local burdens, divided between the parishes in proportion to their rateable value. Where any of the adoptive Acts or any local or other Act does not extend to the whole borough, any rate required to meet the expenses of such Act is raised as an additional item of the general rate over the area to which the Act extends. As between landlord and tenant, every tenant who, if the Act had not been passed, would have been entitled to deduct against or to be repaid by his landlord any sum paid by the tenant on account of the sewers rate, is in like manner entitled to deduct against or to be repaid by his landlord such portion of the general rate as represents the sewers rate. All rates collected in a metropolitan borough by the borough council are, as far as is practicable, to be levied upon one demand note, which is to be in a form approved by the Local Government Board, and to contain certain particulars prescribed by the Act. Where the whole of a poor-law union is within one borough, the Assessment Committee is appointed by the borough council instead of by the board of guardians, and, where the

borough comprises the whole of two or more unions, the borough council appoints only one Assessment Committee for those unions.

Every borough council must appoint a Finance Committee for regulating and controlling its finances, and no order for payment of any sum may be made by a borough council except in pursuance of a resolution of the council passed on the recommendation of its Finance Committee; and any costs, debt, or liability exceeding fifty pounds may not be incurred except upon a resolution of the council passed on an estimate submitted by the Finance Committee. The accounts of the borough councils are made up annually to 31st March, and are audited by the Local Government Board in the same way as the accounts of the London County Council.

ELECTION RESULTS.

Elections for the Borough Councils take place triennially—an arrangement that was made upon the almost unanimous request of the Borough Councils. The results at the three elections—1900, 1903, and 1906—have been as follows:—

	1900.			1903.			1906.		
Name of Borough.	Progs.	Mods.	Ind. & Lab.	Progs.	Mods.	Ind. & Lab.	Progs.	Mods.	Ind. & Lab.
Battersea	37	17	—	38	16	—	29	25	—
Bermondsey	25	27	2	24	28	2	23	31	—
Bethnal Green	22	8	—	27	3	—	30	—	—
Camberwell	33	23	4	45	9	6	10	35	15
Chelsea	15	21	—	15	21	—	2	34	—
Deptford	16	20	—	18	17	1	1	23	12
Finsbury	13	15	26	32	19	3	16	32	6
Fulham	21	14	1	18	16	2	—	36	—
Greenwich	12	18	—	14	14	2	9	20	1
Hackney	22	37	2	49	11	—	22	23	15
Hammersmith	8	26	2	9	23	4	—	15	21
Hampstead	13	23	6	—	—	42	13	29	—
Holborn	3	39	—	4	37	1	4	35	3
Islington	10	48	2	34	26	—	—	59	1
Kensington	10	49	1	15	45	—	5	48	7
Lambeth	25	35	—	26	34	—	4	55	1
Lewisham	7	35	—	34	6	2	—	42	—
Paddington	10	43	7	24	36	—	8	49	3
Poplar	20	21	1	18	15	9	9	23	10
St. Marylebone	13	47	—	23	37	—	6	53	1
St. Pancras	21	39	—	40	20	—	12	48	—
Shoreditch	28	13	1	16	26	—	12	30	—
Southwark	44	15	1	39	21	—	27	32	1
Stepney	25	31	4	23	21	16	14	42	4
*Stoke Newington	—	—	30	—	—	30	—	—	30
Wandsworth	2	57	1	18	42	—	—	58	2
Westminster	8	49	3	17	43	—	1	56	3
Woolwich	10	24	2	—	8	28	13	22	1

* Not fought on the usual party lines.

BATTERSEA.

TOWN HALL: BATTERSEA, S.W.

(Meetings: Second and fourth Wednesdays in the month, except August, at 7 p.m.)

THE borough of Battersea practically comprises the area of the parish of Battersea. For Poor Law purposes Battersea forms part of the Wandsworth Union; for electoral purposes it forms part of the Parliamentary borough of Battersea and Clapham—namely, the whole of the Battersea division and part of the Clapham division. It contains an **area** of about **three and a-half square miles.** It was not until 1845, when it had a population of 7,500, that Battersea obtained a local Act for elementary local government administration. In 1855, with a population of 140,000, it was only of sufficient importance to be added to five other parishes to form the Wandsworth District; but after 1861 its progress was rapid. From a **population** of less than 20,000 in 1861 it grew to 54,016 in 1871, 107,262 in 1881, 150,558 in 1891, 165,115 in 1896, and 168,907 in 1901. The estimated population for 1907 is 181,736. In 1888 it obtained local government independence, and has consistently taken advantage of every provision for local efficiency. The council has now under its own control baths, cemeteries, and libraries, as well as electricity supply, and the Municipal Buildings on Lavender-hill are among the finest in London.

The borough is very fully developed: on the area available for building it contains **85 persons to the acre,** thus leaving but a small margin for an increased population in healthy conditions. There is in the borough a rather large proportion of small houses, and tenements of three or four rooms form 37½ per cent. of all the tenements in the borough. This is not accompanied by a large proportion of overcrowding; the proportion of overcrowding in Battersea being only 14¼ per cent., as compared with 19¼ per cent. for London at large and 40 per cent. in the East End.

In **open spaces** Battersea is fortunate in having Battersea Park and large parts of Clapham Common and Wandsworth Common, besides small public gardens containing in all some 400 acres, or one-fifth of the area of the whole borough.

It is not surprising, then, to find that the borough is healthy. The **death rate** in 1906 was 13·3 per 1,000 persons living, as compared with a death rate for all London of 14·7.

The Council has erected a mortuary and coroner's court, disinfecting station, and established the first metropolitan municipal milk depot. The number of children fed on the milk during 1906 was 617.

The **rateable value** of the borough is £1,046,695.

The borough council consists of 9 aldermen and 54 councillors. The borough is divided into 9 wards.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

(Latchmere-road.)

Last year the number of bathers was 239,619. *Charges:* Private baths: warm, 6*d.* and 2*d.*; cold, 3*d.* and 1*d.*; swimming baths, 1*d.*, 2*d.*, 3*d.*, and 6*d.* Charges for swimming bath during winter season: Adults, 3*d.*; children, 1*d.* The baths are

open in summer from 6 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. (Sundays from 6 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.), and in winter as under: Sundays, from 8 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.; Monday to Thursday, from 12 noon to 8.45 p.m.; Friday and Saturday, 9 a.m. to 8.45 p.m. The first-class bath is fitted up and used as a gymnasium during the winter months. The gymnasium is open daily (Sundays excepted), for males only, from 12 noon to 10 p.m. Instruction is free, and the terms of admission are: 2*d.* adults, 1*d.* boys; weekly tickets, 8*d.* and 4*d.*, including use of shoes. The second-class swimming bath is fitted up and used as a recreation-room during the winter months. The times of opening are as follows:—Monday to Friday, 6 to 10 p.m.; Saturday, 2 to 10 p.m. The charges for admission are: 1*d.*, and 4*d.* for weekly ticket. Use of billiard tables: two persons, 20 minutes, 2d.; four persons, 40 minutes, 4d. Bagatelle, chess, draughts, and other games are also provided.

(Nine Elms.)

Number of bathers and washers for the year, 125,822. *Charges:* Private baths, warm, 4*d.* and 2*d*; cold, 2*d.* and 1*d.*; swimming bath (males only), 3*d.* and 2*d.* adults, 1*d.* boys. The baths are open in summer from 6 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. (Sundays, 6 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.). Private baths only during winter: Sundays, 8 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.; Monday to Thursday, 12 noon to 8.45 p.m.; Fridays and Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 8.45 p.m. The swimming bath is fitted up as a hall during the winter, and is available for meetings, &c. The wash-houses are open on weekdays from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. *Charges* 1½*d.* per hour' including use of all plant, &c.

(Plough-road.)

Attached to the Plough-road Museum and Recreation Rooms, opened in September, 1906, are private baths for men and women. There are four first class baths for men and four for women; seven second class for men and five for women. *Charges:* First class, 4*d.* warm, 2*d.* cold; second class, 2*d.* warm and 1*d.* cold. The men's baths are open in the summer from 8 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. on weekdays, and 7 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. on Sundays. In the winter the Sunday time for opening is 8·30 a.m. The women's baths are open daily, Sundays excepted, from 8 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. throughout the year.

Free Public Libraries.

Established 1887. The number of books issued last year was 408,572; number in stock is 54,300. *Central library:* Lavender-hill, S.W. *Branch libraries:* Lurline-gardens, and Lammas Hall, Bridge-road West. The libraries are open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m., and on Sundays from 3 p.m. to 9 p.m. The lending library is open until 9 p.m., excepting Thursdays, when it is open until 1 p.m. There is a reading room for children at each library. The free library system in the borough is to be considerably extended, as Mr. Carnegie has offered to provide three additional branch establishments.

Librarian—Lawrence Inkster.

Social Institute.

In the autumn of 1906 a composite institution of a social character was opened in the Plough-road. It consists of a museum, gymnasium, recreation room, and children's reading room. At the back of the block are the private baths already referred to. The museum is open on week days from 12.30 to 9 p.m., and on Sundays from 3 to 9 p.m. Admission is free. The gymnasium is open daily from 1.30 to 4.30 p.m., and 5 to 10 p.m. The charges for

admission are: for adults, 2*d.*; boys between 14 and 16, 1*d.* Boys under 14 are not admitted. The recreation room is open daily as a reading room from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m., free of charge. From 1 to 10 p.m. a charge of 1*d.* is made for admission, and between these hours billiards may be played, the charges for the use of the tables being 2*d.* for two persons for twenty minutes, and 4*d.* for four persons for forty minutes. Boys under 16 years of age are not admitted. The children's reading room, to which admission is free, is open from Monday to Friday inclusive from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., and 5 to 9 p.m.; on Saturdays and school holidays from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.; and on Sundays from 3 to 9 p.m.

Electric Light.

The borough has electric lighting works. (See Electric Light section.)

Works Department.

The council's Works Department, which has been in existence nine years, still continues to work successfully. The workshops are situated in the Battersea-park-road, and are equipped with all modern machinery for executing carpenters', joiners', wheelwrights', smiths', and other work. During the past year a number of large works have been carried out and completed.

Housing.

The council has adopted the Housing of the Working Classes Acts, and has carried out a scheme. (See Housing of the Working Classes section.)

Officers.

Town Clerk—W. Marcus Wilkins.

Assistant Town Clerk—Edwin Austin, Barrister-at-Law.

Accountant—W. H. Ward, A.S.A.A.

Borough Surveyor—T. W. A. Hayward, A.M.I.C.E., &c.

Solicitor—Paul Caudwell, B.A., 109, St. John's-hill, S.W.

Medical Officer of Health—G. Q. Lennane, F.R.C.S., &c.

Public Analyst—C. E. Cassal, F.I.C.

Electrical Engineer—F. A. Bond.

Chief Sanitary Inspector—I. Young.

Sanitary Inspectors—H. Marrable, A. E. Purnell, A. Odell, J. Herrin, J. Lawrence, H. H. May, J. T. Baxter, W. E. Benjamin, J. J. Burgess, and Miss E. Dawson.

Foods and Drugs Inspector.—A. Chuter.

Rate-Collecting Clerks—District 1: H. G. Brocking. *District* 2: W. J. Mayes. *District* 3: F. E. Lawrence. *District* 4: A. B. Cole. *District* 5: F. A. G. Pratt. *District* 6: W. T. Franks. *District* 7: A. J. Woodruff. *District* 8: F. Cathie. *Office*: Town Hall, Battersea, S.W. *Times of Attendance*: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, 10 a.m. till 12 noon, and 2 to 4 p.m.; Friday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon, 2 to 4 p.m., and 5 to 8 p.m.; Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

MAYOR.

Councillor J. H. Brown, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

†Evans, W. A., 157, Broomwood-road.
*Joselin, J. E., 81, Bennerley-road.
†Melville, W., 45, Latchmere-grove.
*Simmons, T. W., 16, Wroughton-road.
*Simonds, W. N., 92, Warriner-gardens.
*Waterland, T. C., 4, Brussels-road.
†Watts, W., 45, Kyrle-road.
†West, W. J., 112, Lavender-hill.
*Worthy, F. W., 170, Battersea-park-road

* Retire in 1909. †Retire in 1912.

COUNCILLORS.

Abel, R. 55, Darien-road.
Adams, W. A., 52, Kyrle-road.
Allnutt, J., 16, Binfield Road, Clapham.
Andrews, W. A., 24, Matthew's-street.
Archer, J. R., 55, Brynmaer-road.
Baker, S., 10, Foxmore-street.
Bell, H. O., 3, Highfield, 42, Northside, Wandsworth-common.

Benn, A. S., 18, Bolton-gardens, South Kensington.
Bigden, H. C., 229, St. John's-hill.
Brogan, T. P., 102, York-road.
Brolly, P., 71, Silverthorne-road
Brown, J. H., J.P., 110, Castle-street.
Cassidy, J. J., 9, Albert-bridge-road.
Chown, J. C., 24, Home-road.
Clarke, W. P., 5, Chivalry-road.
Clist, A., 41, Reform-street.
Cornwall, H. V., 27, Norfolk-mansions.
Crowe, W., 112, Tyneham-road.
Davies, W., J.P., L.C.C., 18, Alexandra-avenue.
Dibdin, J. G., 14, Matthews-street.
Emery, A., 11, Orbel-street.
Griffin, H., 54, High-street.
Haythornthwaite, P. P., 79, Clapham-common, West Side.
Hoyle, W., 145, Lavender-hill.
Hurley, J., 88, Bridge-road-west.
Jeffery, J. B., 13, Albert Bridge-road.
Kee is, A. L., 98, Kyrle-road.
Kettley, G. T., 131, Taybridge-road.
Lane, J. F., 42, Longhedge-street.
Lightfoot, R. S., 78, Eccles-road.
McManus, Dr. L. S., 25, Spencer-park.
Macrory, Dr. L. G. F., "Clifton House," Cambridge-road.
Mann, C. J., 25, Verona-street.
Marsh, S., 52, Mantua-street.
Moore, W. J., 109, Thurleigh-road.
Murphy, P., 55, Sabine-road.
Newman, I., 145, High-street.
Newman, W., 270, Battersea-park-road.
Penna, W. H., 42, Broxash-road.
Price, B. T., 5, Louvaine-road.
Ranson, J., 69, Ravendea-road.
Raymond, W., 18, Salcott-road.
Rees, G. L. B., 90, Kyrle-road.
Rines, W., 39, Ingelow-road.
Rogers, G., 16, Doddington-grove.
Rogers, J. W., 128, Wickersley-road.
Runeckles, A. E., 68, Kyrle-road.
Smith, H. J., 25, Morella-road.
Storkey, J., 128, Calvert-road.
Taylor, E. G., 113, New-road.
Taylor, J. J., 101, Altenburg-gardens.
Whitmee, S., 279, York-road.
Willis, W., 207A, Latchmere-road.
Winfield, A., 37, Nansen-road.

BERMONDSEY.

TOWN HALL: SPA ROAD, S.E.

(Meetings: First and third Tuesdays in each month.)

THE borough is "the area consisting of the parishes of Rotherhithe and Bermondsey, and the district of the St. Olave Board of Works" (comprising the parishes of Horselydown and St. Olave and St. Thomas, Southwark). It is coterminous with the Bermondsey Poor Law Parish, but not with the Parliamentary divisions. It includes the whole of the Rotherhithe division of the Parliamentary borough of Southwark (consisting of Horselydown, St. Olave and Thomas, Rotherhithe, and part of Bermondsey), and the greater portion of the Bermondsey division, a small portion situate within the boroughs of Southwark and Camberwell.

In **area** the borough is 2⅔ square miles in extent. It has been thickly inhabited since the '70's. At the beginning of last century the **population** was 46,281; it rose by about 5,000 a decennium until 1841, when it was 68,701; then by 16,500 for two decennia; then by 20,000 to 1871; between 1871 and 1881 it increased less rapidly; in 1881 it was 134,632, in 1891 136,660, in 1895 137,585, and in 1901 130,486. As in Southwark, the increasing population of more recent years has had fewer houses to live in—in 1896 a population of 137,585 had practically the same number of inhabited houses (16,586) as the 1871 population of 122,398, and 1,112 fewer than in 1891. In 1891 the proportion of overcrowding in Rotherhithe was 20·3 per cent., in Bermondsey 23·3, and in the St. Olave district 27·6 per cent. Within the borough there are 10 **open spaces**, chief among them being Southwark Park; the total acreage is 75 out of a total acreage of the borough of 1,506. The 1906 **death rate** of the borough was 19·7.

Under the Adoptive Acts scheme, the Baths and Libraries Acts are in force, but the Burial Acts in no part of the borough.

The borough council has 9 aldermen and 54 councillors. The local

bodies which have been superseded had a total membership of 305. The borough is divided into 12 wards.

Electric Lighting.

The borough council has established an electric lighting undertaking under the powers obtained by the old Vestry of Bermondsey, the only local authority, by the way, to which such authority has been granted where a company has powers to supply electricity in the same area. The order only applied to the parish of Bermondsey, and the borough council accordingly obtained an Order which was confirmed by Parliament extending its powers over the parish of Rotherhithe. The site of the works adjoins the Town Hall, baths and wash-houses, and public library in Spa-road. A destructor is also erected in connection with the works. The Council has also erected stables, workshops, flag-making plant, &c., and owns the most complete set of municipal undertakings in London. The electric light was switched on in January, 1902. (See Electric Light section.)

The **rateable value** of the borough is £945,951; there is no agricultural land.

Public Baths and Wash-Houses.

(Spa-road.)

In 1905-6 the total number of bathers was 132,958, and washers 17,824. *Charges:* Private baths, 2*d.* and 4*d.*; swimming baths, 2*d.* and 4*d.* (children under 14 when accompanied by parent or guardian 2*d.* first class); Winter, first class, 3*d.*; ticket books of 12 each, 2*s.*; Schools, 1*d.* Chutes and new diving boards added, and baths redecorated.

(Lower-road.)

The number of bathers in 1905-6 was 92,940, and washers 15,998. *Charges:* Same as at Spa-road.

Superintendent—Thomas Fey.

Free Public Libraries.

Central Library (Spa-road).

Bermondsey adopted the Public Libraries Act in 1887. A large and handsome building in the Renaissance style was erected in Spa-road, a centrally situated position, and was opened for public use in January, 1892. The special features of the work carried on are (1) the library, consisting of 18,620 vols.; circulation (1906-7) 90,570 vols., averaging per day 337; open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m., Wednesdays 9 to 1; (2) the advertisement pages of the daily newspapers are displayed at 8 a.m. each morning for the convenience of persons seeking employment; (3) the reading-rooms, open daily from 9 a.m. to 9.30 p.m.—daily average attendance 1,652; (4) ladies' room, open daily.

Chief Librarian—John Frowde.

(Lower-road.)

The public library for the Rotherhithe district was opened in October, 1890, and contains 10,746 volumes. Issues (1906-7) 57,725, a daily average of 211; news-room, ladies' reading-room, and boys' room, open 9 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. A public museum is in course of formation. Mr. John Frowde has been appointed curator.

Librarian—L. Hobbs.

(Tooley-street.)

The public library for the St. Olave district was opened in July. 1902, and contains 8,639 volumes, Issues, 1906-7, 34,732, a daily average of 129; news-room, ladies' room, and boys' room, open 9 a.m. to 9.30 p.m.

Librarian—F. E. Eidmans.

Housing.

(See Housing section.)

Officers.

Town Clerk—Fredk. Ryall.

Assistant Town Clerk—E. Carr Olivier.

First Assistant Clerk—T. Knott.

Second Assistant Clerk—E. G. Clark.

Borough Treasurer—J. Buckman.

Surveyor—R. J. Angel.

Medical Officer—Dr. R. K. Brown.

Chief Sanitary Inspector — H. Thomas.

Public Analyst—R. Bodmer.

Electrical Engineer — W. E. J. Heenan.

MAYOR.

Councillor John Molesworth Thomas Dumphreys, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Harbord, H., 82, Jerningham-road, New-cross, S.E.
Hinton, H. O., 119, Pepys-road, New-cross, S.E.
Millson, H., 4, Maze-pond-terrace, St. Thomas'-street, S.E.
Parkinson, W. W., Workhouse, Tanner-street, Bermondsey, S.E.
Storey, C. G., 132, Grange-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Talbot, F. T., 20, St. James', New-cross, S.E.
Tyler, W. W., J.P., 185, Denmark-hill, S.E.
Wilkinson, J. H., 129, Jamaica-road, Bermondsey, S.E.

COUNCILLORS.

Aldridge, H., 38, Albion-street, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Anderson, J. B., 33, Bromley-common, Kent.
Bessell, W. C., 186, Tooley-street, S.E.
Bird, G., 47, Bush-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Blake, W., 145, Jamaica-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Brenner, G., 184, Long-lane, Bermondsey, S.E.
Brine, F. W., 150, Ardgowan-road, Hithergreen, S.E.
Brown, J., 151, Rotherhithe New-road, S.E.
Bulmer, J. H., "Nayland," 8, Erlanger-road, New-cross, S.E.
Bustin, W. C., 126, Jamaica-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Clark, A. B. B., 24, Guy-street, Bermondsey, S.E.
Day, J., 19, Rebecca-terrace, Gomm-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Dean, G. R., 56, Flockton-street, Bermondsey, S.E.
Delderfield, W. J., 29, Reverdy-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Dhonau, J., 82, Keeton's-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Dumphreys, J. M. T., J.P., 76, Southwark-park-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Dunn, Rev. W. K., B.A., 24, Galleywall-road, Bermondsey, S.E
Eddis, F. E., "Raydon House," Potters-fields, Tooley-street, S.E.
Fells, J. E., 38, Barry-road, East Dulwich, S.E.
Fells, R., 3, Eynella-road, Dulwich, S.E.
Fogden, J., 194, Denmark-hill, S.E.
Foster, F., 11, West-lane, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Gardiner, H., 114, Alscot-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Gardiner, H. N., 114, Alscot-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Garnar, J. W., "Falshaw," Cator-road, Sydenham.
Gatter, J. B., 8, Needfull-buildings, Vine-street, Tooley-street, S.E.
Gorrie, W., 269, Rotherhithe-street, S.E.
Goulding, F. S., 1, Breakspears-road, Brockley, S.E.
Hart, J. H., 42, Keeton's-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Hitchcock, A., 79, Tower Bridge road, S.E.
Hood, W., 239, Southwark-park-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Ings, P., 48, St. Thomas'-street, S.E.
Johns, F. H. P., 89, Union-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Lawrence, G., 86, Rotherhithe New-rd., S.E
Layman, A., 115, Pepys-rd., New-cross, S.E
Lee, Rev. E. M. O'Hara, B.A., 92, Eugenia-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Lillywhite, J. C., 144, Springbank-road, Hither-green, S.E.
Marriott, W. G., 2, Redriff-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Martin, J. R., "Grange Villa," 7, Thorburn-square, Bermondsey, S.E.
Morriss, H. F., 112, Lower-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Oake, J. W., 39, Tooley-street, S.E.
Peeke, G., "Hillside," Marischal-road, Lee, S.E.
Pridmore, F. T., 36, Upper Grange-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Renwick, J. A., 91, Tooley-street, S.E.
Richmond, B. A., M.B., 28, Lower-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.
Shand, Augustus, "The Hollies," Blackheath, S.E.
Shearring, W., 111, Alscot-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Shepherd, G. H., 9, Tanner-street, Bermondsey, S.E.
Stickland, E., 207, London-road, Thornton Heath.
Tovey, E., 132, Spa-road, Bermondsey, S.E.
Trott, H. R., 57, Oxley-street, Bermondsey, S.E.
Vezey, H. J., 682, Rotherhithe-street, S.E.
Widdows, J., 138, Abbey-street, Bermondsey, S.E.
Williams, D., 6, Thorburn-square, Bermondsey, S.E.

BETHNAL GREEN.

TOWN HALL: CHURCH ROW, N.E.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICES: 2, PARADISE ROW, CAMBRIDGE ROAD, N.E.

(Meetings: First and third Thursdays each month, except during August, at 6 p.m.)

THE borough of Bethnal Green is the parish area, uniform for Poor Law and local government purposes. It is practically the same as the Parliamentary borough, which is divided into two divisions, North-East and South-West, Bethnal Green. In **area** it is among the smallest of the London boroughs, being only 1⅛ square miles in extent **(759 acres).**

For some years past the borough has been fully populated—in 1871 the **population** had reached 120,104, in 1881 it was 126,961, in 1891 it was 129,132, and at the last census it was 129,681. The Registrar-General estimates the population of the borough in the middle of the year 1906 at 130,609. A large proportion of the inhabitants live in small tenements.

The borough contains within its boundaries Bethnal Green Gardens and Poor's Land, Meath Gardens and five other small open spaces besides 70 acres of Victoria Park, making in all 100 acres of open space. The **rateable value** of the borough is £549,987.

The borough council consists of a mayor, 5 aldermen, and 30 councillors, who have taken the place of 60 members of one extinct local body. The borough is divided into four wards.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

The Baths and Wash-houses Acts are the only optional Acts that have been adopted in the borough.

The Baths and Wash-houses are situated in Cheshire-street.

Libraries.

A voluntary free library exists in the borough. There is also a branch of the South Kensington Museum, which is open free every day, including Sundays.

Electric Light.

Bethnal-green obtained an Electric Lighting Order in 1899. (See Electric Light section.)

Council's Depot—Digby-street.

Dust Screening Plant—Marian-square.

Officers.

Town Clerk and Solicitor—Robert Voss.

Deputy Town Clerk—C. G. E. Fletcher.

Borough Accountant and Treasurer—Wm. H. Ashmole, A.S.A.A.

Medical Officer of Health—G. P. Bate, M.D.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor—E. E. Finch, A.M.I.C.E.

Public Analyst—A. W. Stokes, F.C.S., F.I.C.

Chief Sanitary Inspector—J. Foot.

Sanitary Inspectors—E. Ainley, F. T. Bare, E. Q. Bilham, H. F. Bridel, A. S. Henley, I. R. Jones, E. Richards, W. Rowsell, J. G. Weeks, and one Female Inspector—Miss A. Harris.

Rate-Collectors—South Division: W. H. Rust. *East Division:* R. D. Quy. *West Division:* S. P. Cole. *North Division:* W. Goodwin.

Superintendent and Matron of Baths and Wash-houses—William Billings and Frances E. Billings.

MAYOR.

Councillor Charles Edward Fox, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Fleming, J. J., 342, Old Ford-road.
Merison, J., "Llantrissant," Mount Pleasant-road, Bruce-grove, South Tottenham.
Norris, J., 220, Cambridge-road.
Read, F. J., 28, St. James'-road.
Roberts, E., 343, Cambridge-road.

COUNCILLORS.

Barnard, A. F., 88, Columbia-road.
Bayley, G., 61, Granby-street.
Brooks, T., 263, Brick-lane.
Clark, W. H., 493-495, Hackney-road.
Davey, J. C., 43, Cambridge-road.
Dean, T. A., 63, Approach-road.
Durell, J., 306, Old Ford-road.
Edmonds, G., 455, Hackney-road.
Felton, F. T., 307, Wilmot-street.
Fox, C. E., J.P., 109-111, Bethnal-green-road.
Hall, J., 113, Green-street.
Hardy, E. G., 211-213, Globe-road.
Haydon, J., 127, Bishop's-road.
Hobney, J. T., 25, Turin-street.
How, J. W., 28, Barnsley-street.
Larkins, R., 19, Arbery-road.
Lewis, A., 17, Capel-road, Forest Gate.
Lewis, W. J., 33, St. Peter-street.
Ling, W. H., 12, Thistlewaite-rd., Clapton.
Neate, J. G., 335, Bethnal-green-road.
Phipps, J., 242, Old Ford-road.
Pullen, J., 197, Green-street.
Rawles, W., 477, Cambridge-road.
Salmon, T. F., 122, Gossett-street.
Saunders, F., 309, Bethnal-green-road.
Slade, E. A., 293, Hackney-road.
Sweetman, W., 64, Squirries-street.
Thorning, N., 477, Bethnal-green-road.
Ward, J. W., 41, Church-street.
Wood, C., "The Oak," Chase Cross, Romford, Essex.

CAMBERWELL.

TOWN HALL: PECKHAM ROAD, S.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, 6.30 p.m.)

THE borough of Camberwell is almost identical with the old local government parish area and with the Poor Law area. It differs from the Parliamentary borough of Camberwell (containing the divisions of North Camberwell, Peckham, and Dulwich) by the exclusion of Penge, which forms part of the Dulwich division. Under the Act, Camberwell received a small fringe of the detached part of Streatham, and exchanges of areas (with a view of straightening the boundaries of the borough) were made with Lambeth, Lewisham, Deptford, Rotherhithe, Newington, and Bermondsey.

Camberwell is one of the larger boroughs; it is, in fact, the largest borough which consists of a single parish. It is nearly **7 square miles** in extent (4,480 acres), its greatest width east to west being 2½ miles, and its extreme length 5 miles. It is developing rapidly. Its **population** in 1861 was 71,488, in 1871 111,306, in 1881 186,593, in 1891 235,344, and in 1901 259,339, thus having an average of nearly 58 persons to the acre. But the population is unevenly distributed, the density in the North division being 133 to the acre, in the Peckham division 73, while in the Dulwich division, where there is still a considerable area of land unbuilt upon, there are only, on an average, 28 persons to the acre. Thus there is room for an increased population. Taking as 120 the number of persons who can be housed on those parts of the borough that are available for building, Camberwell could accommodate a population of 500,000.

The borough is fortunate in possessing two large **open spaces**, Peckham Rye and Park, with an area of 112¾ acres, and Dulwich Park, 72 acres, as well as several smaller spaces, making in all 205½ acres out of a total of 4,480. There is but little overcrowding (11·1 per cent.), and the **death rate** in 1901 was 16·34 per 1,000.

The **rateable value** on 5th October, 1906, was £1,364,397, of which £427 was the valuation of

agricultural land, &c. Expenditure for borough purposes other than from loans, 1903-4, £137,644, and £121,150 out of loans; debt, £421,383. £360,800 was raised to meet precepts levied by other authorities, and representing expenditure over which the Borough Council has no control. General rate, 8s. 11*d.*

All three Adoptive Acts are in operation in the borough, but the electric lighting is in the hands of the London, the County of London, and the Crystal Palace Companies. The Council has an extensive works depôt at Grovevale.

The Borough Council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors, who have taken the place of 120 members of the old vestry. The borough is divided into 20 three-member wards.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

Superintendent—J. McCandie.

CHURCH STREET.

Last year these Baths were patronised by 181,704 persons. *Charges:* Private baths, 1*d.* to 6*d.*; swimming baths, 1*d.* to 6*d.* The use of the laundry is charged at the rate of 1½*d.* per hour.

DULWICH BATHS, Goose Green.

Attendance last year 126,266. Same charges. No laundry.

NORTH CAMBERWELL BATHS, Wells-street.

1st and 2nd class slipper-baths and public wash-houses. No swimming baths. Opened May, 1903. Attendance last year 53,398.

OLD KENT ROAD BATHS.

Swimming, warm, Turkish, and Russian baths, and public wash-houses. Attendance from 4th November, 1905, to 31st March, 1906, 19,426.

Public Libraries.

The Libraries Acts were adopted in Camberwell in 1889, and there are now six libraries, which (together with the Art Gallery) are administered by a committee of the Borough Council, with a sub-committee of management, composed of members of the main committee, for each institution.

Central Library (1890), Peckham-road: Lending department, 16,451 vols.; reference department, 10,500 vols.; issues, 192,143 vols. *Librarian*—W. G. Snowsill. *Dulwich Library* (1891), Lordship-lane: Lending department, 11,034 vols.; reference department, 831 vols.; issues, 145,726 vols. *Librarian*—L. Hurdon. *Livesey Library* (1890), Old Kent-road: Lending department, 8,069 vols.; reference department, 1,192 vols.; issues, 75,473 vols. *Librarian*—C. R. S. Philp. *Nunhead Library* (1896), Gordon-road; Lending department, 7,251 vols.; reference department, 124 vols.; issues, 78,043 vols. *Librarian*—W. J. Vellenoweth. *North Camberwell Library* (1903), Wells-street: Lending department, 5,820 vols.; reference department, 20 vols.; issues, 59,472 vols. *Librarian*—C. F. Newcombe. *Minet Library* (1890) — Joint with Lambeth—Knatchbull-road: Lending department, 15,891 vols.; reference department, 3,425 vols.; juvenile department, 1,447 vols.; issues, 165,344 vols. *Librarian*—C. J. Courtney. The figures are for year ending 31st March, 1906.

Hours of opening news-rooms, 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.; magazine and reference rooms, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.; lending department, 10.30 a.m. to 9 p.m.; closed on Tuesdays. Minet Library hours slightly different.

Camberwell School of Arts and Crafts, Art Gallery and Museum.

The South London Art Gallery, Peckham-road, is under the control of the borough council. This fine art gallery is open daily from 2 p.m. to 10 p.m.; Sundays, 3 p.m. to 9 p.m. The school is held in a special building adjoining, belonging to the council, and is conducted by the London County Council. The original building owes its existence chiefly to the generosity of Mr. Passmore Edwards.

Principal—W. B. Dalton, A.R.C.A. (Lond.).

Secretary—C. H. Johnson, B.A.

Housing.

Two important schemes for the housing of the poor are being carried out by the borough council, one of which is unique. For particulars see the section on the Housing of the Working Classes Act.

Chief Officers.

Town Clerk—C. William Tagg.

Assistant Town Clerk—A. Ranney Bryant.

Solicitor—G. W. Marsden.

Borough Engineer — William Oxtoby, M.INST.C.E.

Assistant Borough Engineer—F. J. Slater.

Medical Officer of Health — F. Stevens, M.A., M.D.

Borough Accountant — Arthur Griffiths.

Public Analyst—F. L. Teed, D.Sc., F.C.S., F.I.C.

Bacteriologist—E. C. Bousfield, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.

Food and Drugs and Smoke Nuisance, &c., Inspector—W. E. Groom.

Sanitary Inspectors—District 1: W. Malins. *District* 2: G. T. Dewey. *District* 3: C. H. Kerslake. *District* 4: E. Homer. *District* 5: J. H. Heath. *District* 6: G. W. Scudamore. *District* 7: W. Eagle. *District* 8: J. S. Pointon. *District* 9: W. R. Farmer. *District* 10: G. G. Morley. *District* 11: E. R. Collins.

Female Sanitary Inspector—Miss G. D. Bevan.

Rate Collectors—District A: R. Maltby, 43, Warner-road. *District* B: W. E. Wooldridge, 55, Church-street. *District* C: J. B. Maltby, 111, Camberwell-road. *District* D: H. H. Hooper, 14, Addington-square. *District* E: F. Belshaw, 51, Avondale square. *District* F: J. Mitchell, 865, Old Kent-road. *District* G: J. Borland, 34, Queen's-road. *District* H: A. N. Watton, Railway-approach, Rye-lane. *District* I: A. Perram, 62, Albert-road. *District* J: W. H. Webb, 19, Linden-grove. *District* K: E. Bickerton, 79, Lyndhurst-road. *District* L: S. P. Fisher, 29, Amott-road. *District* M: M. A. O'Connell, 29, Tintagel-crescent. *District* N: J. C. Jones, 311, Crystal Palace-road. *District* O: G. Blunden, 531, Lordship-lane.

MAYOR.

Councillor W. Lane Mitchell, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Clarke, Goddard, J.P., "South Lodge," Champion-hill.
Dunn, F., 32, St. Mary's-road, Peckham.
Gautrey, T., L.C.C., 20, Elm-grove, Peckham.
George, J., 109, Camberwell-grove.
Hearson, C. E., 5, Templar-street, Camberwell.
Hichisson, J. G., 9, Belmont-park, Lee.
St. Cedd, W., 14, Love-walk, Denmark-hill.
Smith, E. R., "Elmhurst," Peckham Rye.
Somerville, J., 37, The Gardens, Peckham Rye.
Williams, A. H., 276, Camberwell New-road.

COUNCILLORS.

Austin, G., 198, Peckham Rye.
Ayers, E., 46A, Stondon-park, Forest-hill.
Ball, G. H., 3, Bowles-road, Old Kent-rd.
Barnes, Rev. S., "The Manse," Lordship-lane.
Bott, H. D., 190, Croxted-road, West Dulwich, S.E.
Brenchley, W., 15, Dagmar-road, Peckham-road, S.E.

Brooks, S., 44, Camberwell-green.
Cane, R. C., 185, East Dulwich-grove, S.E.
Cooper, J. H., "Worcester Lodge," 191, East Dulwich-grove,
Curram, A. R., 351, Lordship-lane, S.E.
De la Court, T. W., 133, Verney-road.
Dent, W., 302, Camberwell-road.
Doughty, J. A., 71, Park-road, West Dulwich, S.E.
Edmonds, H., 99, Talfourd-road, Peckham-road, S.E.
Florey, T. J., 19, Aspinall-road, Brockley.
Ford, W. B., 311, Camberwell-road.
Forrest, J., 185, Camden-grove North.
Fudge, W., 17, Waterloo-street.
Gray, W. J., 3, Morna-road, Camberwell.
Gregory, J. E., 16, Woods-road., Peckham.
Hartley, C. W., 133, Avondale-square, Old-Kent-road, S.E.
Hobill, S., 16, Peckham-road, S.E.
Jackson, W., "Reigate Lodge," 90, Woodvale, Forest-hill, S.E.
Jennings, Rev. H. E., St. Clement's Vicarage, Manor House, Barry-road, East Dulwich.
Johnston, Rev. S. A., 22, St. Mary's-road.
Jordan, D. J., 344A, Old Kent-road, S.E.
Killbourn, C. J., 115, Dunstan's-road.
Lawrence, E., 227, Rye-lane.
Lomer, E. E., 264, Barry-rd., East Dulwich.
Lonnon, F., 77, Denmark-hill, S.E.
MacCarthy, W., 48A, Forest-hill-road, Honor Oak.
Markillie, J. A., 31, Blenheim-grove, Peckham.
Martin, W. S. T., "Sunnyside," Peckham Rye.
Mitchell, W. L., J.P., 107, East Dulwich-grove.
Molony, G. J., "Listowel," 5A, East Dulwich-road,
Monks, W., 162, Peckham Rye, S.E.
Morris, A. G., 126, East Dulwich-road, Peckham Rye, S.E.
Moss, A., 46, Credon-road, Rotherhithe New-road, S.E.
Newton, C. E., 10, Alleyn-road, West Dulwich, S.E.
Parker, J., 219, Underhill-road, East Dulwich, S.E.
Pillgrem, J. W., 96, Evelina-rd., Nunhead.
Preston, D. C., "The Hall," Dulwich Village.
Raiment, H. J., 47, Commercial-road.
Rawlings, F. R., 21, Rye-hill-park.
Rayment, T. R., 56, Bellenden-road, East Dulwich.
Robinson, A. W., 10, Harder's-road,
Robinson, J. E., 94, Hill-street.
Rooksby, W., 33, Linden-grove.
Rose, O. M., 9, Linden-grove, Nunhead.
Sayer, S., 302, Southampton-street.
Scott, G., 14, High-street, Peckham.
Serjeant, Dr. D. M., 27, Peckham-road.
Shrimpton, J., 34, Barkworth-rd., Rotherhithe.
Snoxell, F., 109, Bellenden-road, Peckham.
Thornhill, J. A., 54, Lyndhurst-grove, Lyndhurst-road, S.E.
Tuite, M., 184, Peckham Rye, S.E.
Veazey, Rev. H. G., 93, Coburg-road, S.E.
Warman, C., 129, Queen's-road.
Whitehead, F., 7, Elcot-avenue, Peckham.
Windus, A. J., 175, Camberwell-grove.
Wint, F. A., "Atherton," Calton-road, Dulwich.

CHELSEA.

CHELSEA TOWN HALL, S.W.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, at 5.30 p.m.)

THE borough of Chelsea has a **population** of 73,842 (Census 1901), a **rateable value** of £888,133 (subject to appeals), with an **area of 659·6 acres,** just over one square mile.

The **death rate** in 1905 was 14·9 per 1,000.

The Baths and Libraries Acts are adopted in Chelsea. The council has carried out two schemes under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts, particulars of which are given in the section on the Housing of the Working Classes Act. The electric lighting is in the hands of the Chelsea and the London Companies.

The borough council consists of 6 aldermen and 36 councillors. The borough is divided into 5 wards.

Free Public Library.
(Manresa-road.)

The Acts were adopted in May, 1887. There are 44,341 volumes in the library, and 208,188 volumes were issued last year. There are three members of the Libraries Committee who are not on the borough council.

Librarian—J. Henry Quinn.

Public Baths.

(Manor-street.)

The public baths in Manor-street have been reconstructed in the past year.

Officers.

Town Clerk—T. Holland.
Assistant Clerk—J. T. Jefferys.
Medical Officer of Health.—Louis C. Parkes, M.D., D.P.H.
Food Analyst. — S. Rideal, D.SC., &c.
Surveyor—T. W. E. Higgens, A.M.INST.C.E.
Assistant Surveyor—W. R. Manning.
Borough Treasurer.——T. Tattersall, A.S.A.A.
Chief Sanitary Inspector—A. Grant.

MAYOR.

Alderman The Hon. William Sidney, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Cadogan, The Right Hon. Earl, K.G., "Chelsea House," Cadogan-place.
Latham, A. M., 7, Cheyne-gardens.
Monkswell, The Right Hon. Lord, "Monkswell House," Chelsea-embankment.
Norman, R. C., 2, Sloane-court East.
Sidney, The Hon. W., J.P., 107, Sloane-st.
Snowden, H. G., 80, Elm-park-gardens.

COUNCILLORS.

Andrews, R. M., 51, Smith-street, and 131, Church-street.
Cadogan, The Hon. E. C. G., "Chelsea House," Cadogan-place.
Cook, C. F., 16, Cornwall-mansions, Ashburnham-road.
De Maid, W., 21, Tetcott-road.
Doll, Major R. S. E., V.D., 79, Sloane-street.
Froome, C. B., 45, Ovington-street.
Gamble, Rev. H. R., M.A., 141, Sloane-street.
Goff, T. C. E., 46, Pont-street.
Gordon, W. E., 42, Oakley-street.
Harwood, E. W., L.D.S., D.D.S., 97, Sloane-street.
Head, C., 66, Cadogan-place.
Hodgson, B. T., J.P., 26, Draycott-place.
Hughes, J. F., 4, Cheyne-gardens.
Jeffery, J., J.P., 37, College-street.
Jeffery, J., jun., 17, Glebe-place.
Johnson, B. V., 78, Elm-park-gardens.
McFarlane, Dr. A. R., 27, Milner-street.
Meinertzhagen, E. L., J.P., 4, Cheyne-walk.
Mulvey, W. J., 29, Royal-avenue.
Norton, W., 42, Sydney-street.
Pickworth, W. J., 10, Whitehead's-grove.
Ramsden, Dr. H. K., 21, Elm-park-road.
Robinson, P. A., 25, Halsey-street.
Robinson, T. J., 280, King's-road.
Ruthven-Stuart, A. W., 35, Sloane-gardens.
Salisbury, R., 25, Milner-street.
Sartorius, Major-General E. H., V.C., C.B., "Old Swan House," 17, Chelsea-embankment.
Smith, G., 8, Ashburnham-road.
Stone, E. V., 25, Cremorne-road.
Synge, F. J., 30, Sloane-court West.
Thrupp, G. H., 59, Cadogan-square.
Welch, F. J., Christ Church Schools, Chelsea.
White, G., 530, King's-road.
Woods, Major W. F., 31, Rossetti Garden-mansions.
Wright, H. J., 3, Durham-place, and "Hollydale," Keston, Kent.
Wynter, R., 14, Argyll-mansions, Beaufort-street.

DEPTFORD.

TOWN HALL: NEW CROSS ROAD, S.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Tuesdays, at 7 p.m.)

THE metropolitan borough is the Parliamentary borough of Deptford, and agrees with the parish of St. Paul, Deptford, which forms part of the Greenwich Union for Poor Law administration, and was part of the Greenwich District for local government purposes. It is 2¼ square miles in **area,** and has **a population,** according to the last census returns, of **110,398,** an average of 70 persons to an acre. The parish of St. Paul had in 1861 a population of 37,834; it is now 110,398. The borough contains only a small area of open spaces—Deptford Park (11 acres) and Telegraph Hill (9½ acres) being the only ones of importance. There is another open space (a very small one) known as the Ravensbourne Recreation Ground. The borough also contributed towards the purchase of the Hilly Fields (45½

acres) which immediately adjoin the south-eastern boundary of the borough, although not within it. The **rateable value** is £629,695, of which £391 is the valuation of agricultural land. The **death rate** in 1903 was 15·4 per 1,000.

Deptford has baths and a cemetery. The electric lighting powers are in the hands of the London Company.

The borough council consists of the mayor, 6 aldermen and 36 councillors, who have taken the place of over 200 members of extinct bodies. The borough is divided into 6 wards.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

Public baths and wash-houses were opened on 20th April, 1898. They are situated in Lauriegrove, New Cross-road, and include two swimming baths, numerous slipper baths, and public wash-houses, containing thirty-four separate cubicles, also ironing rooms, &c. An independent water supply was provided by sinking a well, which yields an ample supply.

Free Public Libraries Act.

The Act was adopted by the Council on 26th April, 1904. Three ballots were previously taken, but the Act not adopted. In 1890, majority against, 666; 1893, majority against, 237; 1894, majority against, 1,236. A temporary library has been opened at 221, New Cross-road, S.E.

Officers.

Town Clerk—V. Orchard.
Medical Officer of Health.—Dr. H. W. Roberts.
Borough Surveyor.—T. Corfield.
Borough Accountant. — T. E. Charles.
Assistant Town Clerk. — A. Purkis.

Rate-Collectors—S.E. Ward: J. W. Shingler, 5, Albert-road, St. John's. *S. Ward*: W. S. Morley, 78, Manor - road, Brockley. *E. Ward*: (Vacant). *N.W. Ward*: M. Farris, 163, New Cross-road. *S.W. Ward*: J. Warcup, 114, New Cross-road. *N. Ward*: H. Stone, 180, Evelyn-street.

MAYOR.

Mr. Jesse Jacob, J.P., 60, Wickham-road.

ALDERMEN.

Dickson, A, 82, Tyrwhitt-road.
Garland-Wells, H., 20, Hilly-fields-crescent.
Hines, D., 83, Wickham-road.
Knight, E. J., 86, Manor-road.
Telling, J. T., 6, St. Nicholas-street, Tanner's-hill.
Wise, W., 37, Lewisham High-road.

COUNCILLORS.

Aucutt, W. R., 80, Tresillian-road.
Bax, E. G. G., 45, Rosenthal-road, Catford.
Brain, J. H., 11, Wickham-road.
Brooks, W. H., 10, Hilly-fields-crescent.
Collins, G., 82, Wickham-road.
Cooper, W. H. W., 68, Tanner's-hill.
Edwards, A., 42, Camplin-street.
Falkner, W., 30, Stafford-road, Waddon.
Fenner, A., 93, Waller-road.
Gallehawk, C., 276, Evelyn-street.
Heald, F. W., 21, Breakspears-road.
Howell, J. G., "Casella House," Casella-rd
Jacob, B. J., J.P., 29, Pepys-road.
Jones, D. J., 44, Lewisham High-road.
Lockyer, J. E., 244, Evelyn-street.
Males, G. F., 20, The Broadway.
Middleton, F., 1a, Cornbury-road.
Nash, W., 25, Tyrwhitt-road.
Quail, J., 66, Pepys-road.
Robinson, T., 325, New Cross-road.
Simmonds, E. G., 62, Erlanger-road.
Soper, R., 208, Lewisham High-road.
Stanley, J. J., 66, Lewisham High-road.
Thomas, J. G., 88, Wickham-road.
Thomas, K. J., 86, Breakspears-road.
Vohmann, H. A., 91, Evelyn-street.
Waterworth, J. H., 385, Queen's-road.
Webb, C., 60, Pepys-road.
Webster, J., 38, Wickham-road.
Wedderburn, F. W., 467, New Cross-road.
Weston, J., 7, Amersham-vale.
Willis, W. A., 7, The Broadway.
Yonge, J. V., 28, Manor-road.

FINSBURY.

TOWN HALL: ROSEBERY AVENUE, E.C.

(Meetings: First and third Thursdays, at 6 p.m.)

THE borough of Finsbury is the area of the Central and East divisions of the Parliamentary borough of Finsbury. It consists of the greater part of the Holborn Union. The settlement of this borough was probably one of the hardest tasks set the Commissioners by the London Government Act, involving as it did financial adjustments between many existing districts, as well as the rectification of areas between county and county. The creation of Finsbury meant the amalgamation of the whole of two existing local government districts, viz.: the parishes of Clerkenwell and St. Luke, a small part of the Holborn district (the parish of St. Sepulchre and the liberty of Glasshouse-yard), and the extra parochial place of the Charterhouse. The liberty of Glasshouse-yard formed part of the parish of St. Botolph without Aldersgate, the main part of the parish being in the City of London, but Glasshouse-yard is without the City.

Another difficult question of areas arose in connection with the detached part of Clerkenwell, situated more than four miles from the main part of the parish and one-and-a-half miles beyond the county boundary. This outlying part, only 64 acres in extent, had already caused much trouble to London. It had been embraced in the London building area and drainage questions became acute. It was physically impossible to drain Muswell Hill into the metropolitan main drainage area, and none of the neighbouring districts were anxious to take the responsibility. Subsequently Friern Barnet took the drainage for the consideration of a 1*s.* 3*d.* rate payable for thirty years by the London County Council which itself levies on Clerkenwell a rate of only 1*s.* 1½*d.* for all purposes. The Commissioners added Muswell Hill to the parish of Hornsey. Besides these questions, important financial matters were involved in the amalgamation of areas with loans of such varying magnitude as those of St. Luke, Clerkenwell, and Holborn, and with such different criteria of local efficiency. Holborn district has libraries and a Town Hall (situated however in the Holborn borough); Clerkenwell also has libraries and a Town Hall; St. Luke has a convenient Vestry Hall in City-road and the right to use the library of the Cripplegate Institute, which is situated in the City of London. In size the borough is the smallest in London save Holborn, being only **588 acres** in extent. Its **rateable value** is very high, viz., £1,022,302, and it is still increasing. Its **population** in 1901 was 101,463. Its estimated population in 1905 was 98,207. It reached its climax in 1861 (129,031), and is now declining but not nearly at so great a rate as is the area available for residence, which is becoming more and more limited by the increase of business premises. The district is an example of the effect of the encroachment of the central business area on the area occupied by working class populations living in the immediate neighbourhood of their work.

In general character the different parts of the borough are not greatly dissimilar. They are all fully built

upon and densely populated, the persons per acre for the whole borough being 170, as compared with 64 for all London. There is much overcrowding. The proportion of tenements with less than five rooms averages 85 per cent., and 77 per cent. of the population live in such tenements. In open spaces Finsbury is very deficient, there being only sixteen acres of breathing space for a population of 100,487. The average death rate for the borough in 1905 was 18·9, the metropolitan average for that year being 15·6.

Under the Adoptive Acts scheme the Baths and Burial Acts are to be in force in no part of the borough, the Libraries Acts only in Clerkenwell, St. Sepulchre, and Glasshouse-yard, and not in St. Luke or Charterhouse, but the first mentioned Acts have since been adopted for the whole borough.

The electricity supply for the borough is mainly in the hands of the County of London and Brush Provincial Electric Lighting Companies. A Horsfall Dust Destructor is in operation.

The borough council consists of 9 aldermen and 54 councillors (retiring triennially), who have taken the place of about 214 members of extinct bodies. The borough is divided into 11 wards.

Public Libraries.

The Public Libraries Acts are, as already stated, in force in Clerkenwell, St. Sepulchre, and Glasshouse-yard. The central library is in Skinner-street, Clerkenwell, and there are branches at Penton-street, Pentonville, and 48, St. John-street. The total number of volumes in the library exceeds 28,000. The issue of books in 1905 was 169,000 volumes (an increase of about 27,000 over the previous years, which are exclusive of references to directories and some hundreds of encyclopædias, dictionaries, and similar works in the open reference library). This library adopted the open access system of lending books in 1894, and in 1900 the principle was extended to a selection of books in the reference library. The institution also has a special juvenile library. News-room open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Reading room open on Sundays from 3 to 9.

Officers.

Town Clerk—G. W. Preston.

Borough Accountant—E. J. Haythornthwaite.

Borough Surveyor—P. G. Killick. May be seen at the Town Hall daily, from 10 to 11.30 a.m., when and where all applications for licences, hoardings, house drainage, &c., must be made.

Borough Medical Officer of Health—G. Newman, M.D., D.P.H., Town Hall.

Chief Sanitary Inspector—Wm. Green.

Sanitary Inspectors — Messrs. Davis, Longden, Norman, Peverett, Watson, Draper, and Jackson; Mrs. Greenwood and Miss Jones.

Meat Inspector—G. T. Billing.

Public Analyst—J. Kear Colwell, F.I.C., F.C.S., Town Hall.

Superintendent of Cleansing.—A. May.

Rate-Collectors — J. T. Kidman, J. H. Pickup, G. A. Potter, E. J. Sans, and H. Taylor.

Borough Librarian and Clerk to the Public Libraries Committee—Harry G. T. Cannons.

MAYOR.

Councillor Rev. Prebendary G. H. Perry, M.A., J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Crowle-Smith, J., 25, Lloyd-square, W.C.
Gibson, J., 45, Penton-street, N.
Howes, E., "Fairview," 121, Bethune-road, Stamford-hill, N.
Howes, W., "Brama," 85, Amhurst-park, Stamford-hill, N.
Miller, E., 25, Regent's-park-road, N.W.
Penny, E. J., "Fernsbury," Muswell-road, Muswell-hill, N.
Pond, A., 106-108, Old-street, E.C.
Tripp, E. H., 17, Amwell-street, E.C.
Wildbore, T., 165, Farringdon-road, E.C.

COUNCILLORS.

Abrahams, W. F., 65, Rosoman-street, and 30, Cloudesley-square.
Barnes, H. G., 98, Farringdon-road, E.C.
Barton, H. B., 22, Mildmay-park, N., and 20, Bath-street, St. Luke, E.C.
Bassett, G., 32, Cumming-street, Pentonville, N.
Beard, G., 34, Cranbourne-road, Muswell-hill, N., and 22, Green-terrace.
Bond, E., 145, Old-street, E.C.
Born, C. J., 6, Amwell-street, E.C.
Brown, W. S., 37, Charterhouse-square, E.C.
Brust, C. F., 53, Amwell-street, E.C.
Cassidy, G., 47, Northampton-street, E.C.
Chapman, M., 2, Charterhouse-buildings.
Coles, F. G., 6, Myddleton-street, E.C.
Cooksey, D., 52, Amwell-street, E.C.
Corke, W. R., 27 and 28, Northampton-sq.
Cornish, R., 5 and 7, Central-street, E.C.
Davey, J., 126, Guinness-buildings, Leverstreet, E.C.
Deighton, W. T., 54, Great Percy-street.
Dingle, W. A., 46, Finsbury-square, E.C.
Evans, G., 103, Mountview-road, Stroudgreen, N.
Garrity, E., 4, Hall-street, E.C.
Gibson, C. G., 17A, Barnsbury-park, N.
Gower, W., 56, Bunhill-row, E.C.
Grey, A. E., 20, Canonbury-villas, Canonbury-road, N.
Hull, J., 27, Cumming-street, Pentonville.
King, E. H., 3, Northampton-square, E.C.
Lemming, W., 138, St. John's-street, E.C.
Lindsey, C., 294, Goswell-road, E.C.
Millward, A., 2, Albemarle-street, E.C.
Page, W. T., 74, Compton-street, E.C.
Paine, R., 17, H Block, Peabody-buildings, Dufferin-street, E.C.
Patterson, C., 2, President-street, E.C.
Perry, G. H., M.A., J.P., St. Luke's Rectory, Helmet-row, Old-street, E.C.
Phillips, L., 44, Exmouth-st., Clerkenwell.
Randall, C., 6, Cumming-st., Pentonville, N.
Ratcliffe, R. S., 167, Whitecross-street, E.C.
Reason, W., 33, Baker-street, W.C.
Richards, O. M., 13, White Conduit-street.
Roach, W., 95, Central-street, E.C.
Robinson, J., 8, Lloyd-square, W.C.
Shaw, R., 33, Pemberton-road, Harringay, and 60, Spencer-street, E.C.
Sherry, J. J. A., 329, Goswell-road, E.C.
Small, E., 185, St. John-street.
Smith, G., St. Paul's Vicarage, Bunhill-row, E.C.
Smith, W., "Eversfield," Shoot-up-hill, Brondesbury, N.W.
Standring, G., 31, St. Paul-street, N., and 7-9, Finsbury-street, E.C.
Stern, G., 21, King-square, E.C.
Stow, H., 9, Cumberland-terrace, Great Percy-street, W.C.
Trewby, H., 64, St. John-street, E.C.
Trott, E., 46, Sekforde-st., Clerkenwell.
Walton, J., 7, Upper Charles-street, E.C.
Wilkes, G. T., 262, Goswell-road, E.C.
Wilkins, J., 241 and 243, St. John-street, E.C.
Williams, D., 69, Great Percy-street, W.C.
Wood, T. W., 59, Red Lion-street, Clerkenwell.

FULHAM.

TOWN HALL: WALHAM GREEN, S.W.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, at 7 p.m.)

THE metropolitan borough is the parish of Fulham, and is coincident with the Parliamentary division and the old local government area. The Poor Law area also is now coterminous with the new borough, the Fulham Union (comprising Fulham and Hammersmith) having been dissolved on the 25th March, 1899, following the precedent of the dissolution of the Fulham District Board in 1886. Fulham is one of the eight new boroughs that are autonomous for all purposes.

In **area** Fulham is below the average. It is **two and two-thirds square miles** in extent, as compared with an average of a little over four square miles. Out of its 1,701 acres, only 68 are open spaces, made up of five small places—a proportion of only 4 per cent. as compared with a proportion for all London of 8·2 per cent. In 1891

14½ per cent. of the population lived in overcrowded conditions. The **death rate** in 1901 was 15·8 per 1,000 living, as compared with 17·7 in 1900. In 1902 it was 17·1, and in 1903 13·9. In **population** Fulham has been increasing very rapidly. Until the middle of the past century it had a population of less than 10,000, in 1881 it had increased to 42,900, in 1891 to 91,639, while in 1896 it had reached 113,781, equal to an average of 67 persons per acre. At the last census the figures were 137,289; estimated now at 160,000.

In municipal enterprise Fulham is advanced. It has adopted the Baths Acts, the Burials Acts, and the Libraries Acts; and the Council has laid down a very large plant for the supply of electric energy in the borough. In combination with the electric lighting scheme are worked a dust destructor, disinfector, and brick and flag-making plant.

The **rateable value** is about £920,000, of which £709 is the valuation of agricultural land.

The borough council consists of 6 aldermen and 36 councillors, who have taken the place of 97 members of extinct bodies. The borough is divided into 8 wards.

Public Libraries.

The parish adopted the Act in 1886. The library contains over 15,100 vols., and is open on Sundays. *Chief Library:* 592, Fulham-road. *South Branch Library:* 132, Wandsworth-bridge-road. *North Branch Library:* Lillie-road.

Chief Librarian—W. S. C. Rae.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

The Act has been adopted, and baths and wash-houses, erected on a site in Melmoth-place, in the centre of the borough, were opened on 10th April, 1902. The establishment has three swimming ponds, private baths for ladies and men, douche baths, &c., and a commodious public wash-house. The wash-house contains stalls for 66 washers, and a large ironing room. The whole establishment cost over £80,000, the architect being Mr. H. Dighton Pearson, A.R.I.B.A., of Chancery-lane, W.C.

Superintendent—A. A. Baker.

Electric Lighting.

The supply was inaugurated in January, 1901, the generating station being worked in conjunction with a 12-cell Horsfall destructor situated near Wandsworth Bridge. Particulars of the scheme are given in the Electric Light section.

Borough Electrical Engineer.—A. J. Fuller.

Officers.

Town Clerk, Solicitor, and Parliamentary Agent — Richard Melling Prescott.

Deputy Town Clerk—J. Percy Shuter.

Surveyor — Francis Wood, M.INST.C.E.

Medical Officer of Health—J. C. Jackson, D.P.H., CAMB.

Borough Treasurer—R. H. Meyer F.S.A.A.

Public Analyst—C. H. Cribb, B.SC., F.I.C., F.C.S., &c.

Sanitary Inspectors—C. B. Jones, W. H. Grigg, C. B. Lloyd, F. Manning, S. Chapman, H. J. Gentry.

Rate - Collectors — W. Barrett, 94, Edith-road, W.; E. Warren, 43, North-end-road, W.; P. Lawson, 87, Finlay-street; J. Nicholson, 10, Dancer-row; J. Parker, 11, Parson's-green-lane; J. C. F. Rainger, 18, Chipstead-street; W. Dell, 534, Fulham Palace-road.

MAYOR.

Councillor J. M. Littleboy, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Atkinson, W., 70, Margravine - gardens, West Kensington, W.
Bennetts, W. P., 35, Ringmer-avenue, Fulham, S.W.
Clarke, J., 59, Garvan-rd., Hammersmith.
Davidson, A. T., 13A, Napier-avenue, Fulham, S.W.
Hunt, J., 19, Doneraile-street, Fulham.
Parfitt, A., 51, Chaldon-road, Fulham, S.W.

COUNCILLORS.

Andrew, E., "Milicent," 21, Elmstone-rd, Fulham, S.W.
Bavin, J., 24, Yarrell-mansions, Queen's Club-gardens, W.
Birch, W. C., M.A., 71, Gunterstone-road, West Kensington, W.
Boyton, F. A., 23, Lebanon-park, Twickenham.
Bradban, W. R., 175, Munster-rd., Fulham.
Clark, G. F., "Nascot," 718, Fulham-road, Fulham, S.W.
Cook, A., 86, Margravine-gardens, Hammersmith, W.
Corbin, W. R., 37, Doneraile-st., Fulham.
Crew, H. G., 85, Wandsworth Bridge-road, Fulham, S.W.
Cronin, P., 103, Rylston-road, Fulham, S.W.
Dodimead, H., 9, Broomhouse-rd., Fulham.
Easton, E. G., 38, Edith-rd., W. Kensington.
Evans, T. H. R., 137, New King's-road, Fulham, S.W.
Fléche, G. A., 106, Kenilworth - court, Putney, S.W.
Guttridge, A., 67, St. Dunstan's - road, Hammersmith, W.
Harris, R., 50, Edith-road, W. Kensington.
Heathman, J. H., 4, Fulham-park-gardens.
Hovell, C. J., 226, North End-road, West Kensington, W.
Jannaway, H., 9, Montserrat-rd., Putney.
Jones, Dr. H. J., 30, Lillie-rd., Fulham, S.W.
Keen, G. A., 74, May-st., W. Kensington.
Littleboy, J. M., J.P., 8, Fulham-pk-g'rd'ns.
Meyer, J. H., "The Cottage," 21, Colehill-lane, Fulham, S.W.
Norman, A. F., 92, Lillie-road, Fulham.
Norris, H. G., "Sirron Lodge," Roehampton.
Peachey, G. W., "Rose Villa," Fulham park-road, S.W.
Pendlebury, C., M.A., 40, Glazbury-road, West Kensington, W.
Sadler, A. H., 797, Fulham-road, Fulham.
Sainsbury, E. J., B.A., 33, Clonmel-road, Fulham.
Shaw, F. J., 45, Coniger-road, Fulham, S.W.
Soper, W. C., 333, Fulham Palace-road, S.W.
Varge, E., 91, St. Dunstan's-road, Hammersmith, W.
Walborn, J., 169, North End-road, West Kensington, W.
Waldron, W. J., 28, Redcliffe - square, South Kensington, S.W.
Winfield, F., "Balfour Cottage," 238-240, Dawes-road, Fulham, S.W.
Whitty, Rev. W. J. S., M.A., St. Matthew's Vicarage, Clancarty-road, Fulham, S.W.

GREENWICH.

TOWN HALL: GREENWICH ROAD, S.E.

(Meetings: Every third Wednesday, at 7.30 p.m.)

THE metropolitan borough of Greenwich is the area of the Parliamentary borough of Greenwich, but it conflicts with every other area of administration. It comprises part of the Greenwich Poor Law Union, and part of the Woolwich Union; and its constitution necessitated the division and arrangement of two local government districts—viz., Greenwich District, from which it took two parishes, St. Nicholas Deptford and Greenwich, and Lee District, from which it took Charlton and Kidbrooke, two parishes which were united by the Charlton and Kidbrooke Order, 1900.

It is **six square miles in area,** and contains within its boundaries several important open spaces—Greenwich Park, parts of Blackheath and Woolwich Common, and many smaller spaces, to an extent of 390 acres in all.

With regard to questions of overcrowding and death rate, it is not possible to give exact statistics owing to the difference between the borough area and the areas for which statistics are available.

The borough is still but thinly inhabited; the estimated **population** is 105,350—an average of 26·56 persons to the acre, ranging from 86·64 in West Greenwich to 11.67 in

Charlton and Kidbrooke. There is thus room for a greatly increased population. At a proportion of 120 persons to each acre available for building, the borough has a capacity for 408,000 inhabitants.

The **rateable value** is £650,654, of which £1,132 is the value of agricultural land.

With regard to local services, the Baths Acts, Burial Acts, and



GREENWICH CHAIN AND BADGE.
Manufactured by the Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' Company.

Libraries Acts are in force throughout the borough.

Electric lighting is in the hands of the London and the Blackheath and Greenwich Companies.

The borough council consists of 5 aldermen and 30 councillors, who have taken the place of about 290 members of extinct bodies. The borough is divided into 8 wards.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

Established 1851. Last year 78,944 persons used the baths, and 2,767 washers; total, 81,711. *Charges:* Private baths, 1*d.* to 6*d.* Open in summer from 6 a.m. to 8.30 p.m. Saturdays, 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. Sundays, 7 to 9.30 a.m. Winter, 7 a.m. till dusk. Sundays, 8 to 9 a.m.

Officers.

Town Clerk and Solicitor—Francis Robinson.

Deputy Town Clerk—F. J. Simpson.

Medical Officer of Health—Ernest G. Annis, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor—E. J. Heward, F.S.I.

Public Analyst—R. H. Harland.

Borough Accountant — Wm. C. Chaffey.

Borough Treasurer—H. Wright.

Borough Librarian — W. E. Barnes.

Sanitary Inspectors—C. T. Wilson, A. E. Bache, C. W. Nettleton, T. Clark, E. Martin.

MAYOR.

Councillor Charles Stone, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Benn, J. H., "Hendra," 32, St. John's-park, Blackheath.
Bingham, F. C., 12, South-st., Greenwich.
McCall, D., J.P., 32, South-st., Greenwich.
Soames, W. K., "Maze-hill House," 17, Maze-hill, Greenwich, S.E.
Tysoe, J., "Colwyn," Westcombe-park-road, Blackheath.

COUNCILLORS.

Ashby, J., 4, Nelson-street, Greenwich.
Batchelor, J. W. A., 11, Vanbrugh-park-road West, Blackheath.
Catt., G. B., 14, Ruthin-road, Westcombe-park.
Charlton, W. T., "Mansfield," Mycenæ-road, Blackheath.
Cooney, B. W., 43, London-street, Greenwich.
Dannatt, T. W., "The Croft," Coleraine-road, Blackheath.
De Havilland, H. C., 32, Vanbrugh-park, Blackheath.
Dixon, J., 37, Delafield-road, Charlton.
Lovibond, Major A. E., 169, Greenwich-rd., Greenwich.

Luckett, A. H., Langdale House, 136, Greenwich-road, Greenwich.
McLean, J. W., 2, Union Wharf, Greenwich.
Meers, G., 15, Hervey-road, Kidbrooke.
Newbery, C., 32, Annandale-rd., Greenwich.
Newington, H. A. H., 33, Kidbrooke-park-road, Blackheath.
Nicholas, W. H., 29, The Village, Old Charlton.
Nixon, C., 70, Humber-road, Blackheath.
Parker, J. G., D.Sc., "Scotscraig," Beaconsfield-road, Blackheath.
Perou, W., 17, Greenwich-road, Greenwich.
Richardson, W., 60, Annandale-road, Greenwich.
Ross, J., 21, Blissett-street, Greenwich.
Scarr, W. S., 3, Ingleside-grove, Blackheath
Shaw, J. E., 88, London-street, Greenwich.
Skinner, H. S., 13, Albury-st., Deptford.
Skinner, T., 10, Swallowfield-rd., Charlton.
Soames, W. F., 12, St. German's-place, Blackheath.
Stone, C., J.P., 6, Vanbrugh-ter., Blackheath.
Stone, J. M., 5, St. German's-place, Blackheath.
Watson, H. M., "Kildonan," Coleraine-road, Westcombe-park.
Wild, R., 39, Trafalgar-road, Greenwich.
Williams, E. P., "Elmhurst," Westcombe-park-road, Blackheath.

HACKNEY.

TOWN HALL: MARE STREET, N.E.

(Meetings: Second and fourth Thursdays in the month at 7 p.m.)

THE borough is the parish, conterminous with the local government district, but only part of the Hackney Poor Law Union, which comprises Stoke Newington as well as Hackney. The Parliamentary borough of Hackney, too, differs from the municipal borough by reason of Stoke Newington being part of the North Division, the divisions wholly in the borough being Central and South Hackney.

In **area** Hackney holds the third place among single-parish boroughs, being nearly 5¼ square miles in extent. Of its **3,299 acres,** 618 acres are open space—a proportion of 18·7 per cent. The estimated **population** is 230,000, considerably over three times what it was in 1861; and in 1901 it was 219,288. The density of population is 65, or on the area available for building about 80. Thus, if Hackney becomes as thickly populated as Marylebone, say, there is room for 120,000 more people, or 335,000 in all. The **rateable value** of the borough is £1,230,580, of which £297 is the valuation of agricultural land.

Hackney has adopted the Baths and Wash-houses Act, and the electricity supply is under municipal control.

The borough council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors, who have taken the place of about 150 members of extinct bodies. The borough is divided into 8 wards.

Public Baths.

The public baths are situated in Lower Clapton-road, and were opened in February, 1897. *Prices:* Swimming baths—Men's 1st Class (with use of two towels, &c.), 6*d.*; Men's 2nd Class (with use of towel, &c.), 2*d.* Women's 1st Class (with use of two towels and costume), 6*d.*; Women's 2nd Class (with use of one towel and costume), 2*d.* Private Baths—Men's 1st Class (with use of two towels and soap), 6*d.*; Men's 2nd Class, warm (one towel and soap), 2*d.*; cold, (with use of towel, soap ½*d.*), 1*d.* Women's 1st Class (with use of two towels and soap), 6*d.*; Women's 2nd Class, warm (one towel and soap), 2*d.*; cold (with use of one towel, soap ½*d.*), 1*d.* First Class only—Book of 12 tickets (Male or Female), Private or Swimming, 5*s.* Schools—Book of 100 tickets, 1st Class Swimming only, 25*s.*; 2nd Class Swimming only, 12*s.* 6*d.* Clubs, 4*d.* each member. During the year ended Lady Day, 1906, the number of persons who used the baths was 336,852.

There are no wash-houses on the establishment.

Public Library.

The borough council has adopted the Public Libraries Acts and has accepted a gift of £25,000 from Mr. Andrew Carnegie for the erection of one central and two branch libraries. The Central Library is in course of erection, and sites have been secured for the two branch libraries.

Electric Light.

Electricity works were established in conjunction with a refuse destructor, and the supply was inaugurated on 31st October, 1901. For financial and other particulars of the scheme see the section on Electric Light.

Officers.

Town Clerk and Solicitor—W. A. Williams.

Borough Treasurer — Andrew Millie.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor —Norman Scorgie, M.I.C.E.

Medical Officer of Health — J. King-Warry, M.D., D.P.H., &c.

Borough Electrical Engineer— L. L. Robinson, M.I.E.E., M.I.M.E.

Borough Accountant—J. A. Jenkins.

Public Analyst — Leo Taylor, F.I.C., &c.

Assistant Town Clerk — F. E. Lampard.

MAYOR.

Alderman Frederick Montagu Miller, J.P., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S., L.S.A.

ALDERMEN.

Beurle, W. L., 331, Victoria-park-road, South Hackney, N.E.
Billings, G., "Arundel," Crescent-road, Chingford.
Corby, T., M.R.C.V.S., 184, Evering-road, Clapton, N.E.
Feesey, R., 113, Downham-road, Kingsland.
Holmes, G. B., J.P., 84, King Edward-road, South Hackney, N.E.
Miller, F. M., J.P., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S., L.S.A., "Northolme," 135, Upper Clapton-road, N.E.
Rawll, H. C., 42, Oakfield-rd., Clapton, N.E.
Reynolds, E., 120, Clapton-common, N.E.
Sheehan, J., 110, Mortimer-rd., Kingsland.
Whitemore, L., 248, Millfields-rd., Clapton.

COUNCILLORS.

Barley, J. R., 97, Clapton-common, N.
Barlow, R. N., 132, Shacklewell-lane, N.E.
Beadle, E. J., 66, Albert-rd., Dalston, N.E.
Bennett, H., 52, Lower Clapton-road., N.E.
Bishop, W. H., 150, Stoke Newington-road.
Bond, W. H., 20, Brooksby's-walk, Homerton, N.E.
Brown, E. C., 80, Albert-rd., Dalston, N.E.
Bunch, J. B., 116, Clapton-common, N.E.
Butler, A. S., 68, Filey-avenue, N.
Carr, G., "Elm Villa," 123, Upper Clapton-road, N.E.
Case, F. M., 34, Horton-road, Dalston, N.E.
Chapman, T., 23, Shore-road, N.E.
Clarke, R., 11, Fletching-road, N.E.
Cornish, W., 34, Gore-road, N.E.
Davenport, H. E., 4, Linthorpe-road, Stamford-hill, N.
Day, C. F., 241, Lower Clapton-road, N.E.
Elliott, J. R. R., 62, Mount Pleasant-lane, N.E.
Evans, D. H., 285, Victoria-park-road, N.E.
Farmer, E., 172, Richmond-road, N.E.
Fenton-Jones, W. F., 12, King Edward-rd.
Frye, F. E., 60, Shacklewell-lane, N.E.
Garnham, R. J., 90, Greenwood-road, Dalston, N.E.
Grant, H., 30, Elderfield-road, N.E.
Greenwood, F., 230, Amhurst-road, N.E.
Hammer, W., 98, Rendlesham-road, Clapton, N.E.
Hasemer, G. A., 30, Cawley-road, N.E.
Hillman, J., 51, St. Thomas'-road, N.E.
Holmes, G. J., 135, Victoria-park-road, N.E
Holmes, J., 178, Graham-road, N.E.
Hosgood, T., 84, Osbaldeston-road, N.
Inkpen, J., 35, Blackhorse-road, Walthamstow.
Johnson, L. S., 17, Linthorpe-road, Stamford Hill, N.
Jones, G. W. H., 33, Darenth-road, Stamford-hill, N.
Juniper, J. T., 18, Brooksby's-walk, N.E.
King, A., 48, Bodney-road, N.E.
King, C. A., 212, Mare-street, N.E.
King, F. W., 127, Kyverdale-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Lashmar, W. A. L., 255, Mare-street, N.E.
Leigh, V. S., 313, Mare-street, N.E.
Lewis, W. G., 40, Amhurst-road, N.E.
Lockie, J. J., 72, London-road, N.E.
Lockyer, F. J., 60, Graham-road, N.E.
Margetts, L. A. T., 23, Warwick-road, N.E.
Morpole, D. W., 4, Sutton-place, Homerton.
McCann, F., 522, Kingsland-road, N.E.
McClelland, J. J., 263, Victoria-park-road.
Meredith, M. T., 55, Mortimer-road, Kingsland, N.
Munro, C., 47, Rushmore-road, N.E.
Pengelly, W., 6, Mildenhall-road, N.E.
Pitt, T. R., 49, Cawley-road, N.E.

Ridgway, W. G., 18, Lower Clapton-road.
Rushbrooke, T., 93, Stamford-hill, N.
Shaw, C. J., 81, London-road, N.E.
Simpson, E., 11, Charnock-road, Lower Clapton, N.E.
Smith, C. G., 15, Portland-avenue, N.
Southerton, G. R., 25, Meynell-crescent, N.E.
Stapleton, W. J., 47, Brooke-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Stowers, H., 29, Myrtle-st., Dalston, N.E.
Walsh, R. F., 161, Lower Clapton-rd., N.E.
Watford, J. F., 80, Chatsworth-road, N.E.

HAMMERSMITH.

TOWN HALL: BROADWAY, HAMMERSMITH.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, 6.30 p.m.)

HAMMERSMITH, like Fulham, is an area autonomous for all purposes. It was formerly joined to Fulham for municipal and for Poor Law purposes, but it is now separated from the parish for both purposes. In size it is near the average, being **three and a half square miles** in extent, 10¼ per cent. of which is open space (242 acres out of 2,286). The **population** has increased very rapidly during the last few years. A village of 5,600 inhabitants at the beginning of last century became a district of 17,000 inhabitants by the middle of the century, of 71,939 in 1881, 97,239 in 1891, and 112,233 in 1901. It is still increasing, and the density of 56·61 persons to the acre leaves a wide margin for expansion. The borough contains a large proportion of small properties, and in 1891 there was a proportion of 13·44 per cent. of the population living more than two in a room—a rather large proportion in comparison with the thin population of the district. The death rate in 1904, 15·4 per 1,000, was 1·2 less than the average of all London. The **rateable value** is £820,763, of which £448 is the value of agricultural land.

Hammersmith has adopted the Burial, the Public Baths and Washhouses, and the Libraries Acts. The borough cemetery, which was acquired in 1869, is situate in Margravine-road, and additional land for the same purposes has recently been secured at Mortlake. The Central Public Library, which is in Brook Green-road, was provided by the munificence of Mr. Andrew Carnegie, and there are other libraries at Ravenscourt Park and at Uxbridge-road, the latter being erected on land given by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, the building itself being the gift of Mr. Passmore Edwards, whose name it bears. There is also a public reading-room in Waldo-road, College-park. Public Baths and Wash-houses are in course of erection on a site at Lime Grove, and will be completed during the present year. A municipal supply of electric lighting was inaugurated in June, 1897, for financial details of which see our Electric Light section. The handsome Town Hall, which was opened in 1897 by his Grace the Duke of Fife, is situate in the Broadway.

The borough council consists of 6 aldermen and 36 councillors, who have taken the place of 81 members of extinct bodies. The borough is divided into 7 wards.

Expenditure 1905-6; £197,459 excluding amounts paid on the precepts of central authorities. Debt: £398,079.

Officers.

Town Clerk—H. Thompson.
Treasurer—J. F. Long.
Borough Surveyor — H. Mair, M.I.C.E.
Medical Officer of Health—N. C. Collier, L.R.C.P., L.S.A.

Public Analyst—P. A. Richards, F.I.C., F.C.S.

Electrical Engineer—G. G. Bell.

Chief Librarian—S. Martin.

Accountant—A. G. Keen.

Assistant Town Clerk — T. C. Jarvis.

Assistant Surveyor—J. Gair.



HAMMERSMITH CHAIN AND BADGE.
Manufactured by the Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' Company.

Chief Clerk Rating Department —G. Mussared.

Superintendent of Roads, &c.—E. Mitchell.

Sanitary Inspectors—S. Addison, W. Brown, J. S. Cromack, J. Cosson, C. Gee, S. H. Brown, H. Neighbour, C. V. Nutley, and H. Oatley.

Rate-Collectors—G. Dexter, 27, Bloemfontein road, Shepherd's-bush; H. E. Rogers, 33, St. Stephen's-avenue; F. Jeffery, 21, Westwick-gardens; T. Hanks, 44, Glenthorne-road, Hammersmith; J. A. Beak, 12, Elm-gardens; C. F. Chatfield, 45, Bridge-avenue.

MAYOR.

Mr. E. C. Rawlings,
6, Gunnersbury-avenue, Ealing-common, W.

ALDERMEN.

Apsey, J. L., 4, Godolphin-road, Shepherd's-bush, W.
Chamberlen, T., J.P., 24, Rivercourt-road, Hammersmith.
Hunter, W. P., 50, Mall-rd., Hammersmith.
Mulholland, J. B., King's Theatre.
Phillips, A., "Acton Lodge," London-road, Isleworth.
Smythies, Major R. H. R., 20, Addison-court-gardens, W.

COUNCILLORS.

Atkinson, A., 2, Down-place, Hammersmith.
Bevan, R., 31, Girdler's-road.
Bewsher, S., "Colet Court," 138, Hammersmith-road.
Boyle, J., 58, Bassein-park-road.
Burns, W. I., 170, Hammersmith-road.
Carter, A. J., 75, Shepherd's-bush-road.
Cockerell, A., 43, Rowan-road.
Cracknell, A. R., 5, Devonport-road.
Davidson, W. A., 235, Uxbridge-road.
Davies, T. W., 49, Ashchurch-grove.
Davies, W. P., 261, Goldhawk-road.
Ebbs, A., 183, The Grove.
Fletcher, J. F., 75, Goldhawk-road.
Gillies, W. A., 31, Pennard-road.
Gilham, A., 57, Blomfield-road.
Green, J. J. R., "Clyde House," Springgrove, Isleworth.
Hodgson, T. G., 41, Bassein-park-road.
Hooper, H. R. D., "Pavilion Hotel," North Pole-road.
Hunt, J. W., "Coniston," Holland-road, Sutton.
Johnson, H. T., 28, Eyot-gardens.
Keogh, C. G. N., 12, Girdler's-road.
Levy, J. M., 28, Rivercourt-road.
Lewis, J. J., 174, Uxbridge-road.
May, H. J., 164, Percy-road.
Mayle, F., 15, Amherst-avenue, Ealing.
Morris, T., 33, Cambridge-road.
Pascall, C., 52, Digby-mansions.
Pomeroy, S. R., 49, Bloemfontein-avenue.
Ratcliffe, F. A., 9, Netherwood-road.
Thomas, W., 33, Poplar-grove.
Tomes, W., 29, Bath-road, Bedford-park.
Walker, Rev. R. J., M.A., "Little Holland House," 6, Melbury-road, Kensington.
Wallace, R. B., 55, Shaftesbury-road.
White, H. W., 13, Sinclair-gardens.
White, J., 4, Bloemfontein-road.
Wright, H., 17, Dalling-road.

HAMPSTEAD.

TOWN HALL: HAVERSTOCK HILL, N.W.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays, at 8 p.m.)

THE borough is nearly coterminous with the parish, the old local government district, the Poor Law area and the Parliamentary borough. It is **three and a half square** miles in extent, and contains 350 acres of open space (15¼ per cent. of the whole area), including the finest open space in London. The **population** has increased considerably of late years: it was 12,000 in 1851, 45,452 in 1881, 68,416 in 1891, 75,449 in 1896, and at **Census** 1901, 81,942. In character the borough is almost wholly residential, and the average rateable value of the houses is high. There is very little overcrowding, and the **death rate** for 1905 was 9·3 per 1,000, being the lowest rate ever recorded for Hampstead, and the lowest in London.

The **rateable value** of the borough is £1,088,075, of which £274 is the valuation of agricultural land.

The parish has adopted the Baths, the Burial, and the Library Acts, and the municipal electric lighting undertaking is in a flourishing condition.

The borough council consists of the mayor, 7 aldermen, and 42 councillors, who have taken the place of 89 members of previously existing bodies. The borough is divided into 7 wards.

Public Baths.

(175, Finchley Road.)

The baths were opened in June, 1888, and consist of four swimming baths and about 50 private baths. The three largest swimming baths are floored over for the winter season, two being used as gymnasia, and the third for indoor cricket.

Superintendent—C. W. Biggs.

Free Public Libraries.

Public libraries have been established. The central library building cost about £5,000, which was presented by Sir Henry Harben, J.P. (ex-Mayor), then chairman of the vestry. The site of this library, one of the best in London, is at the corner of Finchley-road and Arkwright-road. It contains a reference library, lending department, news-room, and magazine-room. There are also branch libraries at Worsley-road (Town), Antrim-street (Belsize), Westbere-road (West-end), and Cotleigh-road (Kilburn).

Chief Librarian—W. E. Doubleday.

Electric Lighting.

Municipal electric lighting was established in 1894. See section on Electric Light.

Officers.

Town Clerk—A. P. Johnson, M.A

Borough Engineer and Surveyor—Oliver E. Winter, M.I.C.E.

Electrical Engineer—G. H. Cottam, M.I.E.E.

Medical Officer of Health—Geo. F. McCleary, M.B., M.D., D.P.H.

Public Analyst—A. W. Stokes, F.C.S., F.I.C.

Borough Accountant—Chas. E. Moon, F.S.A.A.

MAYOR.

Councillor Charles Hendrick.

ALDERMEN.

†Andrews, E. C., 110, Finchley-road.
*Bousfield, J. E., 9, Parsifal-road.
†Hanhart, N., 35, Fellows-road.
†McMillan, D., 12, Willoughby-road.
*Pitt, W. A., 1, Cantley-mansions, 68, Fairhazel-gardens.
*Pritchard, C. F., 17, Maresfield-gardens.
*Randall, T. G., 42, England's-lane.

* Retire in 1909. † Retire in 1912.

COUNCILLORS.

Ashenden, T. E., 45, Lowfield-row.
Bailey, H., 4, Rosslyn-hill.
Blessley, A. W., 59, Hillfield-road.
Buckle, G., 61, Heath-street.
Candler, H., 112, Greencroft-gardens.
Cleaver, J. D., 7, Quex-road.
Cunnington, C. W., 85, West End-lane.
Dougall, K. J., 37, Belsize-park-gardens.
Farmer, L., 13, Mortimer-crescent.
Frampton, A., 10, Greencroft-gardens.
Frazer, J. I., 25, Kingdon-road.
Gadsby, C. H., 6, Minster-road.
Green, C. T., 45, Arkwright-road.
Greenhill, T., 7, Tanza-road.
Gundry, J., 158, Adelaide-road.
Hall, C., 38, Fairfax-road.
Hamilton, W. R., 25, Fairfax-road.
Hendrick, C., 41, Parkhill-road.
Holtzapffel, G. W., 83, King Henry's-road.
Hulls, C. H., 10, Denningtonpk.-mansions, West-end-lane.
Jupp, C. L., 219, Belsize-road.
King, C. B., 5, Frognal.
Lake, E. E., "East Heath Lodge," East Heath-road.
Lloyd, W. E., 44, Holmdale-road.
Lyell, J. P. R., 51, Downshire-hill.
Neave, F. G., 19, Stanley-gardens.
Nunn, T. H., 11, Rosslyn-hill.
Osler, J. T., 43, Belsize-park-gardens.
Parker, A. G., 75, Alexandra-road.
Payne, E. S., 45, Rosslyn-hill.
Pocock, W., 58, Flask-walk.
Preston, C. S., 4, Lyndhurst-road.
Rider, W. R., 143, Haverstock-hill.
Spriggs, W. J., 16, Parsifal-road.
Swinburne-Hanham, J. C. 106, Goldhurst-terrace.
Symmons, I. A., 55, Sherriff-road.
Taylor, E. C., 18, Rosslyn-hill.
Taylor, J. G., 5, Lindfield-gardens.
Todd, E., 57, Belsize-park-gardens.
Turner, G. H., 35, Rosslyn-hill.
Woodward, W., 10, Church-row.
Wrentmore, J. H., 1, John-street.

HOLBORN.

MUNICIPAL OFFICES: 197, HIGH HOLBORN. TOWN HALL: GRAY'S INN ROAD.

(Meetings: Second and fourth Wednesdays, at 5 p.m.)

THE Metropolitan Borough of Holborn consists principally of the area of the Holborn Division of the Parliamentary Borough of Finsbury, but certain portions of the Holborn Division have, by virtue of the London Government Act, 1899, become parts of the City of Westminster and of the Metropolitan Boroughs of Finsbury and St. Pancras. The borough consists of the united Parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury, St. Andrew, Holborn-above-the-Bars, and St. George-the-Martyr, and the Liberty of Saffron Hill, with Lincoln's Inn, Gray's Inn, Staple Inn, and so much of Furnival's Inn as is outside the City of London.

For Poor Law purposes the borough is divided between two Unions, *i.e.*, St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury, and the Holborn Union; but Lincoln's Inn is not in any Poor Law Union. For assessment purposes, the parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury, Lincoln's Inn, and Gray's Inn are dealt with by the Assessment Committee appointed by the council, and the remaining parishes are dealt with by the Assessment Committee appointed by the Guardians of the Holborn Union.

The superficial **area** of the borough is 405 acres, and the **rateable value** on the 6th April, 1906, was £1,037,710.

The **population**, according to the census taken on the 31st March, 1901, was 59,405, but at the middle of the year 1905 it was estimated at 56,522. The total number of parochial electors is 12,075.

The borough is divided into nine wards, and the council consists of seven aldermen and 42 councillors.

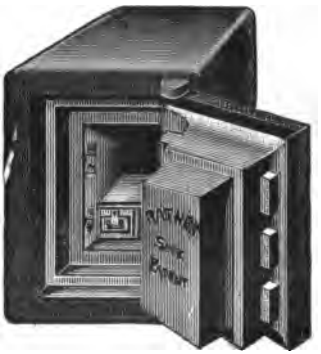
Since the council came into power the Public Libraries Acts,

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Westminster Union.
Deptford Town Council.
Woolwich Town Hall.
Acton U.D.C.
Rotherhithe Town Hall.
Bethnal Green B.C.
West Ham Guardians.
etc., etc.

Catalogue and Booklet free.

51, MOORGATE STREET, E.C.

which were only in force in parts of the borough, have been adopted over the whole of the borough without limit of rate.

The Baths and Wash houses Acts are also in force in the whole borough, but the Burial Acts are not in force in any parts of the area.

Powers to supply electricity are possessed by the Metropolitan Electric Supply Company, the Charing Cross and Strand Electricity Supply Corporation, and the County of London and Brush Electric Lighting Company.

Public Libraries.

(198, High Holborn, and 10, John-street, Bedford-row.)

Borough Librarian — W. A. Taylor.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

(Endell-street and Broad-street.)

Superintendent—G.W. Simmons.

Officers.

Town Clerk—Lionel Walford.

Borough Surveyor—E. Spurrell.

Medical Officer of Health—W. A. Bond, M.A., M.D.

Public Analyst—J. K. Colwell, F.I.C., F.C.S.

Sanitary Inspectors — Messrs. Bennett, Clarke, Larard, and Miss Lovibond.

Borough Accountant — Bernard G. Pocock, A.S.A.A., F.S.S., &c.

MAYOR.

Alderman W. Donaldson Rawlins, K.C., J.P.

ALDERMEN.

*Dibdin, C., 33, Woburn-square, W.C.
†Dibdin, R. W., 56, Russell-sq., W.C.
*Doll, C. FitzRoy, 5, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury, W.C.
†Glave, N., 80, New Oxford-street.
†Ridge, L. W., 5, Verulam-buildings, Gray's-inn, W.C.
*Rawlins, W. D., K.C., 1, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, W.C.
*Willoughby, G. P., J.P., 4, Bedford-square, W.C.

* Retire in 1909. † Retire in 1912.

COUNCILLORS.

Angel, E., 12, Howard-road, Cricklewood.
Baddeley, W., 37 and 38, High Holborn.
Buer, J. B., 78, Tulse-hill, S.E.
Canney, Rev. E., The Rectory, Cross-street, Saffron-hill, E.C.
Chapman, A., 8, Warwick-court, Gray's Inn, W.C.
Clarke, M., 4, Queen-square.
Coleman, E. J., 12, Woburn-square, W.C.
Coxen, W. G., 21, Hart-street, W.C.
Davies, R., 59-60, Chancery-lane, W.C.
Gammon, V. E., 94 and 96, Lamb's Conduit-street, W.C.
Green, C. E., 49, Hatton-garden, E.C.
Hardy, B. E., 66, Ladbroke-grove, Notting-hill, W.
Hazell, W., J.P., 82, Bedford-c'rt-mansions.
Heckscher, E. J., 11, New-sq., Lincoln's-inn.
Hill, J. H., M.D., 2, Bedford-square, W.C.
James, S. T. T., 8, Warwick-court, Gray's-inn, W.C.
Jewell, H., 132, High Holborn, W.C.
Kent, W. G., "Southampton Villa," Twickenham.
Morris, T. E., 57, Great Ormonde-street.
Motion, J. S., 42, Bloomsbury-square, W.
Mure, R. J., 7, New-square, Lincoln's-inn.
O'Hare, A., 10, Argyle-street, W.C.
Parker, G. P., 15, Bloomsbury-st., W.C.
Parker, T., 9, Little Andrew-street, W.C.
Patten, C. W., 35, Great Ormond-st., W.C.
Porter, H., 16, Russell-square, W.C.
Pyke, E. L., 178, Charing Cross-road, W.C.
Reilly, J., 29, Betterton-street, W.C.
Shearn, W. B., 5, Torrington-place, W.C.
Shoppee, C. H., 41, Mecklenburgh-sq., W.C.
Simmons, P. C., 29, Russell-square, W.C.
Smith, J., 15, Great Russell-street, W.C.
Smith, W. R., M.D., J.P., 74, Gt. Russell-street, W.C.
Takon, J. W., 277, High Holborn, W.C.
Tasker, H. F., 2, John-st., Bedford-row.
Tollinton, Rev. R. B., 19, Woburn-square.
Wagstaff, W. H., 371, London-road, Thornton Heath, Surrey.
Warner, G., 7, King's Bench-walk, Temple.
Wheatley, W. M., 15 and 16, Brook-street, Holborn, E.C.
Wilkinson, P. A., "Craven House," Kingsway.
Williams, G. C. W., 20, Bedford-square, W.C.
Wrentmore, J. H., 29, Bedford-row.

ISLINGTON.

TOWN HALL: UPPER STREET, N.

(Meetings: First and third Fridays in the month, at 7 p.m.)

THE borough is the parish of Islington, a unit of local government and of Poor Law administration, and a Parliamentary borough containing the four divisions of North, East, West, and South Islington. The **area** is over **four and three-quarter square miles** and it is very nearly built over. The population has been increasing rapidly: in 1801 it was 10,212; it rose fifty per cent. each decennium till 1841, when it was 55,690; forty years later it was 282,865; in 1891 it was 319,143; in 1896, 336,764; and in 1901, 334,991. Islington is not well off as regards open spaces. Highbury Fields, the most important, occupies only 27½ acres and all of the open spaces together only make up 40 acres, a very small proportion of the total of 3,092 acres, and in relation to the population providing only one acre to every 8,375 persons. The proportion of overcrowding in 1891 was 2,025, a percentage a little above the average of all London. The **death rate** in 1906 was 14·6 per 1,000. The borough has baths and a cemetery, and public libraries. (See Public Libraries.)

It has an electric lighting undertaking, upon which it has spent over £428,813. the gross revenue from which amounted during the year 1905-6 to over £55,974.

Income from rates for the year 1905-6, £681,753; income from all sources for the year 1905-6. £791,780; expenditure, £799,400; debt 31st March, 1906, £645,089 (including electric lighting, baths and washhouses, conveniences, public libraries, and cemetery); rateable value at Lady Day, 1906, £1,960,274.

The old vestry had all the local services in its own hands, and was the only body superseded by the borough council. It had a membership of 123. The new council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors. The borough is divided into 11 wards.

Public Baths and Wash-Houses.

There are three establishments, situated in Caledonian-road, Hornsey-road, and Essex-road, which were respectively opened to the public in May, 1892, July, 1892, and April, 1895. During the year ended 31st March, 1906, the number of bathers at the Caledonian-road establishment was 208,519; at Hornsey-road, 294,236; and at Essex-road, 200,724, or a grand total of 703,479. *Charges:* Swimming baths, 1st class, 6*d.*, or books of 12 tickets for 4*s.* 6d.; 2nd class, 2*d.* Private baths: 1st class, warm, 6*d.*; 1st class, cold, 3*d.*; 2nd class, warm, 2*d.*; cold, 1*d.* Baths open as follows:—Weekdays (except Saturdays), November to March (inclusive), 8 a.m. to 9 p.m.; April and October, 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.; May to September (inclusive), 7 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. Saturdays, at 9 p.m., with the exception of the months of April and October, when the baths are closed at 9.30 p.m. Sundays, November to March (inclusive), 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. April to October (inclusive), 7 a.m. to 9.30 a.m.

The number of washers last year at Caledonian-road was 31,316; at Hornsey-road, 25,557; and at Essex-road, 50,084; or a grand total of 106,957. *Charges:* 1½*d.* per hour. Open daily, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., Sunday excepted.

Superintendent of Baths—F. A.

Burch, Hornsey - road Baths, Hornsey-road, N.

Public Libraries.

Three polls have been taken—the first in 1887, when the voting was—for 10,152, against 15,774; in 1891, when 7,542 voted for and 10,912 against; and the last in January, 1898, when 11,344 voted for and 14,413 against the adoption of the Acts, but on the 29th July, 1904, the Council, acting under the powers conferred upon them by the London Government Act, adopted the Public Libraries Acts, 1892 and 1893. The Northern Library was opened in September, 1906. It is expected that the West Library and the Central Library will be opened before the end of the present year, and two further branch libraries are contemplated. Mr. Carnegie has promised £40,000 towards the cost of the erection of these libraries.

Electric Light.

The supply of electricity was commenced in 1896. (See Electric Light section.)

Officers.

Town Clerk—Wm. F. Dewey.

Assistant Town Clerk—D. McMonnies.

Medical Officer of Health—A. E. Harris.

Borough Treasurer and Accountant—G. H. Meakin.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor—J. Patten Barber.

Assistant Borough Engineers and Surveyors — N. District: J. E. Cooke. *S.-E. District:* P. A. Moss. *S.-W. District:* W. Gallon.

Electrical Engineer—Albert Gay.

Chief Assistant Engineer—Alex. P. MacAlister.

Solicitor to the Council—A. M. Bramall, East India-chambers, 23, Leadenhall-street, E.C.

Public Analyst—F. L. Teed, 9, Mincing-lane, E.C.

Chief Librarian—J. D. Brown.

Superintendent of Public Health Department and Chief Sanitary Inspector—J. R. Leggatt.

Superintendent of Horse and Depôt Department—J. W. Wroot.

Superintendent of Baths and Washhouses - F. A. Burch.

Superintendent of Cemetery—Alfred King.

Inspector of Meat—H. Wilkinson.

Inspector of Food and Drugs—W. W. Ward.

Inspector of Workshops and Bakehouses—G. West.

Inspectors of Houses Let in Lodgings—G. J. Bridel and T. H. Hancock.

Inspectors of Factories, Workshops, &c., in which females are employed—Miss J. J. Brown and and Mrs. A. Catherine Brown.

Sanitary Inspectors—District 1: W. Cook. *District* 2: H. J. Bicknell: *District* 3: A. Bagshaw. *District* 4: C. T. Bacon. *District* 5: W. H. Flood. *District* 6: C. E. Horsman. *District* 7: E. I. Fortune. *District* 8: J. Metcalf. *District* 9: W. Irving. *District* 10: H. J. J. Watson. *District* 11: T. L. Burrell. *District* 12: T. W. Agar. *District* 13: J. J. Jordan. *District* 14: H. Callow.

Rate-Collectors — Ward No. 1: J. Williams, 34, Harberton-road; J. Chisnell, 44, Mercers'-road, Holloway-road. *Ward No.* 2: J. Williams, 34, Harberton-road; E. F.

Baker, 34, St. John's-villas, Upper Holloway. *Ward No.* 3: J. Williams, 34, Harberton-road; A. E. Hitchin, 229, Seven Sisters-road; T. Rust, 25, Hanley-road, Hornsey-rise. *Ward No.* 4: C. R. Butcher, 484, Caledonian-road; J. T. Baker, 17, Richmond-crescent, Barnsbury; J. Chisnell, 44, Mercer's-road, Holloway-road; J. Tucker, 67, Cross-street, Upper-street. *Ward No.* 5: A. E. Hitchin, 229, Seven Sisters-road; John Moffat, 4, Benwell-road, Drayton-park. *Ward No.* 6: F. W. Saffery, 20, Newington-green; J. Moffat, 4, Benwell-road, Drayton-park; O. Hill, 82, Ockenden-road. *Ward No.* 7: S. F. Strong, Public Baths, Caledonian-road; J. T. Baker, 17, Richmond-crescent, Barnsbury. *Ward No.* 8: J. T. Baker, 17, Richmond-crescent, Barnsbury. *Ward No.* 9: J. Tucker, 67, Cross-street, Upper-street; A. V. Davis, Public Baths, Essex-road. *Ward No.* 10: O. Hill, 82, Ockenden-road; J. Tucker, 67, Cross-street, Upper-street. *Ward No.* 11: A. V. Davis, Public Baths, Essex-road.

MAYOR.

Alderman George Samuel Elliott, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Dryden, G., 51, Medina-rd., Seven Sisters-rd.
Eggett, H. G., 41, St. James's-road, N.
Elliott, G. S., J.P., 14, Upper-street, N.
Mills, H., J.P., 38, Wray-crescent, N.
Moffat, C., 20, Canonbury-park South, N.
Myers, A., 39, Highbury New-park, N.
Saint, T. W., 81, Tollington-park, N.
Smallwood, E., 133, Highbury-quadrant, N.
Walkley, A., 17, Cromartie-road, Hornsey-rise, N.
Wyllie, A. E., 424, Camden-road, N.

COUNCILLORS.

Aldridge, W., 21, Highbury-terrace, N.
Andrew-Marshall, G., 42, Canonbury-park South.
Auber, G., 13, Highbury-park, N.
Baker, J. G., 62, Richmond-rd., Islington.
Batty, J., 60, Canonbury-park South, N.
Bennett, S. J., 12, Penn-road-villas, Holloway.
Biddle, J. W., 379, Camden-road, N.
Box, H. A., 287, Caledonian-road, N.
Bradbear, W. M., 102, St. Paul's-road, N.
Bumberry, T. W., "Hipple Lodge," Holly-park, N.
Case, S. E., "Rokesley House," Middle-lane, Hornsey, N.
Clarke, A. O., 5, Highbury-quadrant, N.
Clarke, H. J., 356, Camden-road, N.
Cooksey, W. T., 266, Upper-street, N.
Cornell, W. H., 89, York-road, N.
Cowling, J. W., 98, Carleton-road, Tufnell-park, N.
Crole-Rees, C., "Inglewood," 21, Highbury-quadrant, N.
Davis, E. W., 104, St. Paul's-road, Canonbury, N.
Dey, T. H., 23, Douglas-road, N.
Didsbury, G. W., 4, Dresden-road, N.
Edis, J. W., 24, Richmond-road, N.
Elliott, W., 140A, Upper-street, N.
Elmes, A. E., 60, Marquess-road, N.
Essex, J., 95, Seven Sisters-road, N.
Freeman, H. S., 279, New North-road, N.
Grundy, H. H., 30, Duncan-terrace, N.
Guttridge, G., 29, Yonge-park, N.
Harper, S. C., 80, Mercers-road, N.
Harper, T. W., 498, Hornsey-road, N.
Harwood, T. L., 28, Clephane-road, N.
Hill, A. G., 84, Adelaide-road, N.W.
Hind, A. R., 10, Hemmington-avenue, New Southgate, N.
Keeves, J. H. T., "The Grove," Bush-hill, Winchmore-hill, N.
Kingston, H. M., 297, Caledonian-road, N.
Lambert, S., 125, Barnsbury-road, N.
Lander, J. B., 132, Fairbridge-road, N.
Lander, M. T., 2, Ashbrook-road, Upper Holloway.
Loomes, R., 83, Carleton-rd., Tufnell-pk.
Madgett, T. B., 25, Cheverton-road, N.
Manchester, W. E., 23, Freegrove-road, N.
Markham, A. G., 25, Thornhill-crescent, N.
Markham, W. E., 79, Essex-road, N.
Merrington, W. J., 147, Upper-street, N.
Monk, A., 291A, Camden-road, N.
Nutter, J., 38, Highbury-grove, N.
Palmer, J. B., 194, Brecknock-road, N.
Pratt, E. W., 27, Liberia-road, N.
Prior, W., 38, Durham-road, N.
Seal, W., 243, Camden-road, N.
Seaman, W. M., 116, York-road, N.
Smith, W. J., 311, Hornsey-road, N.
Snare, R., 45, Queen Elizabeth's-walk, Stoke Newington, N.
Sparkes, T., 24, Quadrant-road, N.
Spiller, J., 2, St. Mary's-road, Canonbury.
Vorley, H. B., 54, Highbury New-park, N.
Waghorn, F., 10, Pemberton-gardens, St. John's-park.
Wenborn, F. M., "Braywick House," 139, Green-lanes, N.
Whittard, A. J., 96, Carleton-road, Tufnell-park.
Williams, A. L., 18, Highbury-terrace, N.
Wilson, C. H., 29, Thornhill-road, N.

KENSINGTON.

TOWN HALL: HIGH STREET, KENSINGTON, W.

(Meetings: Alternate Tuesdays, 8 p.m.)

THE Royal borough is the parish of Kensington, hitherto an autonomous area for local government, Poor Law, and electoral purposes, the Parliamentary borough being divided into the North and South divisions.

The special provision in the Act which allowed Kensington Palace to be transferred from Westminster to Kensington has been put into operation. Kensington also receives the part of Chelsea detached (Kensal Town) lying to the south or west of a line running along the south side of Grand Junction Canal, and the centre of Wedlake-street and Kensal-road. These additions cause considerable difference between the borough and the county and Parliamentary electoral areas.

The **area** of the borough is a little over **three and a half square miles,** nearly all of which is occupied. The **population** in 1901 was 176,623, an increase of about 10,000 upon the population of 1891. The period of greatest increase was between 1861, when it was 70,108, and 1881, when it had reached 163,151—an addition of 93,000 in twenty years. There is but little open space in the borough, some twelve acres in all, but on the eastern boundary lie Kensington-gardens and the succession of parks stretching three miles to the river. The **death rate** in 1906 was 13·9 per 1,000; the **rateable value** in November, 1906, was £2,395,590, of which £12 was the valuation of agricultural land. The Baths, Burials, and Library Acts have been adopted in the borough, and the Town Hall is one of the finest in London. The electric lighting is in the hands of three companies—the Notting Hill, the Brompton and Kensington, and the Kensington and Knightsbridge.

The borough council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors, who have taken the place of local bodies having a membership of 152. The borough is divided into nine wards.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

(Lancaster-road, Notting-hill.)

These were opened in 1888. The number of bathers during 1905-6 was 97,144, and persons using the laundry, 70,776. *Charges:* Men's tickets: cold, first class, 3*d.*; second class, 1*d.* Warm, first class, 6*d.*; second class, 2*d.* Swimming, first class, 6*d.*; second class, 3*d.*; third class, 2*d.* 10 first class (transferable), 4*s.* 2*d.*; second class (transferable), 2*s.* 6*d.* 50 first-class (transferable), 16*s.* 8*d.* 100 second class (transferable), £1. Women's tickets; Cold, first class, 3*d.*; second class, 1*d.* Warm, first class, 6*d.*; second class, 2*d.* Swimming, first class, 6*d.* 10 first class (transferable), 4*s.* 2*d.* 50 first class (transferable), 16*s.* 8*d.*

Instruction in swimming is given at the baths at a moderate fee.

There are 60 separate washing compartments, with an unlimited supply of hot and cold water, and steam for boiling, steam wringers and mangles, with drying chambers, containing 55 horses, and ironing room with stoves, tables, and blankets. Open on week days throughout the year from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Each person is furnished with a separate washing compartment, and the use of a drying-horse, mangles, tables, pails, scrubbing boards, flat irons for ironing, &c., at the charge of 1½d. per hour.

Public Libraries.

The parish adopted the Public Libraries Act in 1887. *Central library:* Kensington High-street, W. *North Kensington branch:* 108, Ladbroke-grove, W. *Brompton branch:* Old Brompton-road, S.W. There are at present 54,667 books in the libraries, and in year ending March, 1906, the total issues numbered 179,428.

Officers.

Town Clerk — Wm. Chambers Leete.

Chief Assistant Clerk — Horace Rapson.

Borough Treasurer—Edward A. Coombs, F.S.A.A.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor A. R. Finch, C.E., M.S.A.

Borough Medical Officer of Health —T. Orme Dudfield, M.D.

Public Analyst — Col. C. E. Cassal, F.I.C.

Lighting Engineer—P. Monson, M.I.E.E.

Chief Librarian—Herbert Jones.

Rate-Collectors—Percy Hunt, 5, Campden-hill-road; C. Manchester, 1A, Launceston-place, Victoria-grove; L. W. Westwood, 33, Alfred-place West, Brompton; J. H. Roberts, 10, Wetherby-terrace, Earl's Court, S.W.; A. V. Parkhouse, Campden Institute, Lancaster-road, Notting-hill, W.; T. S. Ware, Campden Institute, Lancaster-road, Notting-hill, W.; H. Hume, 58, Earl's Court-road; G. King, 10, Wetherby-terrace, Earl's Court, S.W.; F. Chadwick, Campden Technical Institute, Launceston-road, Notting-hill, W.; J. Hunt, Campden Institute, Lancaster-road, Notting-hill, W.

Sanitary Inspectors and Inspectors of Nuisances—G. M. Pettit (*Chief Sanitary Inspector*), A. E. Friend, H. Dawes, J. Steward, N. Males, C. G. Sexton, J. Cutting, J. R. Bagshaw, E. J. Bennett, J. H. Fowles, and G. W. McQuinn.

Women Inspectors (appointed by the council to inspect workshops, workplaces, &c., where women are employed)—Miss N. T. F. de Chaumont and Miss G. A. Looker.

Health Visitor—Miss A. Gauntlett.

MAYOR.

Alderman Henry Robson, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

*Bennett, H. Curtis, J.P., 118, Lexham-gardens, Kensington, W.
†Clay, Sir A., Bart., J.P., 19, Hyde-park-gate.
*Frye, F. C., J.P., 25, Arundel-gardens, Notting-hill, W.
†Gates, P. G., 5, Manson-place, South Kensington, S.W.
†Isaacs, Major L. H., 3, Pembridge-square, Bayswater, W.
*Pennefather, Rev. Canon S. E., D.D., The Vicarage, Kensington, W.
†Phillimore, The Hon. Sir W. G. F. Bart., Cam House, Campden-hill, W.
†Pope, W., 3, St. Ann's-villas, Notting-hill.
*Robson, H., J.P., "Aubrey Lodge," Aubrey-road.
*Trevor, Sir C., C.B., M.A., 23, Bramham-gardens, South Kensington, S.W.

* Retire in 1909. † Retire in 1912.

COUNCILLORS.

Alderson, F. H., M.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 21, Queen's Gate-terrace, S.W.
Anderson, J., 4, Clareville-grove, South Kensington, S.W.
Bawcombe, W. J., 11, Archer-street, Notting-hill, W.
Baxter, R. D., 18, Stanley-crescent, Notting-hill, W.
Betts, C. E., 85, Kensington High-st., W.
Brooke-Little, J., 28, Lansdowne-crescent, Notting-hill, W.
Bruce, Col. E. A., 38, Drayton-gardens, S.W.
Bruce-Johnston, G., 30, Aldridge-road-villas, Notting-hill, W.
Burton, A. E., 6, Leonard-place, Kensington.
Butler, J. D., 11, Redcliffe-gardens, West Brompton, S.W.
Carroll, D., 25, West-row, North Kensington.
Cavaye, Col. W. F., 40, Egerton-crescent.
Colvile, A. G., LL.B., 45, Emperor's-gate, S.W.
Colvile, Lt.-Col. C. F., 45, Emperor's-gate.
Corry, H., 15, Ledbury-road, Notting-hill.
Cruies, W. F., M.A., 33, Holland-villas-road, Kensington, W.
Cuffe, Surgeon-General Sir C. McD., K.C.B., 51, Kensington-mansions, Trebovir-road.
Davis, D., 40, Ladbroke-grove, W.
Davison, W. H., 37, Kensington-park-gardens, Notting-hill, W.

Dennis, C., 17, Silchester-rd., N. Kensington.
Douglas, J., 1, Langham-mansions, Earl's Court-square, S.W.
Ellis, H. D., 7, Roland-gardens, South Kensington, S.W.
Forster, H., 54, Acklam rd., N. Kensington.
Freyberg, H., 4, Woodville-rd., Ealing, W.
Fripp, J., 177, Ladbroke-grove, North Kensington, W.
Godwin, C., 53, High-street, Notting-hill-gate, W.
Hamill, W. J., 116, Clarendon-road, Notting-hill, W.
Hatt, C. G., 82, Kensington High-street, W.
Jarrett, W. J., 66, Bevington-road, North Kensington, W.
Key, W. T., 15, West Cromwell-road, Earl's-court, S.W.
Kitchingman, J. E., 112, Fulham-rd., S.W.
Langford, F. P., "Kensington-park Hotel," 139, Ladbroke-grove, North Kensington.
Langman, Lieut.-Col. A. W. F., 22, St. James'-square, Notting-hill, W.
Lausdown, G. A., 10, Russell-road, Kensington, W.
Leach, F., I.S.O., 7, Stanford-road, Kensington, W.
Lewis, H., 245, Lancaster-road, Notting-hill.
Lockwood, C. J., 42-44, Silchester-road, North Kensington, W.
Lyell, Capt. F. H., 2, Elvaston-place, S.W.
McArthur, A. G., M.A., 23, Linden-gardens, Notting-hill-gate, W.
Malkin, H. C., M.A., J.P., 46, Phillimore-gardens, Kensington, W.
Marler, W. H., "Kenilworth," 2, Chatsworth-gardens, Acton Hill, W.
Morley, G. W., 23, Lancaster-road, Notting hill, W.
Noel-Walker, Sir E., K.C.M.G., 52, Warwick-road, Earl's-court, S.W.
O'Dell, G. E., 96, Cambridge-gardens, North Kensington, W.
Reade, Rev. C. D., M.A., J.P., 83, Holland-road, Kensington, W.
Rice-Oxley, A. J., M.A., M.D., 5, Kensington-square, W.
Rubinstein, J. S., 76, Addison-road, Kensington, W.
Shepherd, C., 44, Hewer-street, North Kensington, W.
Squire, F., 168, Lancaster-rd., Notting-hill.
Stainforth, Col. W., 13, Albert-place, Kensington, W.
Symonds, Capt. R. J., R.N., 26, Langham-mansions, Earl's Court-square, S.W.
Tanner, A. W., A.R.I.B.A., 29, Pelham-place, South Kensington, S.W.
Tisdall, A., 25, Kidderpore-avenue, Hampstead, N.W.
Urquhart, F. W., 15, Royal-crescent, Notting-hill, W.
Vesey-Fitzgerald, J. V., K.C., J.P., 9, Campden-hill-road, Kensington, W.
Vinrace, D., M.R.C.S., 24, Alexander-square, South Kensington, S.W.
Webb, Col. R. F., J.P., D.L., 6, West Cromwell-road, Earl's-court, S.W.
Williams, F. E., 89, Drayton-gardens, South Kensington, S.W.
Woolf, E. P., 83, Clarendon-road, Notting-hill, W.
Woolland, M., 69, Evelyn-gardens, South Kensington, S.W.

LAMBETH.

TOWN HALL: KENNINGTON GREEN, S.E.
(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays, at 6.30 p.m.)

THE borough is the parish of Lambeth—the old Local Government district, Poor Law area, and Parliamentary borough. The last is divided into North Lambeth, Kennington, Brixton, and Norwood, for electoral purposes. The **area** of the borough is **six and a half square miles,** the whole of which is not yet built upon.

The **population** in 1901 was 301,895, in 1896 it was 295,033, an increase of nearly 20,000 on that of 1891, which was itself double that of 1851. The borough has 235 acres of open space, including 130 acres of Brockwell Park, 19½ acres of Kennington Park, 8¼ acres of Vauxhall Park, 9¾ acres of Archbishop's Park, 24 acres of Ruskin Park, and 14½ acres of Myatt's Fields. These supply one acre to 1,242 people. The **death rate** in year ended 1905 was 14·8 per 1,000.

The **rateable value** at 1st October, 1906, was £1,953,856. The Baths, Burial, and Libraries Acts have all been adopted in the borough. The electric lighting is in the hands of three companies — the London, the Crystal Palace, and the South London.

The borough council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors. The combined membership of the local bodies which were

superseded by the borough council was 145. The borough is divided into nine wards.

Baths.

Act adopted in 1890. A splendid set of baths, designed by Mr. A. Hessell Tiltman, F.R.I.B.A., was opened by his Majesty the King, then the Prince of Wales, on 9th July, 1897. They are situated at the corner of Lambeth and Kennington roads, the site alone costing £14,350. There are three swimming baths (one of which during the summer is set apart entirely for ladies), 98 slipper baths, and a large public wash-house accommodating 64 washers. A special feature has been made of the chief swimming bath, the pond of which is 132 feet by 40 feet; it is provided with a commodious gallery, being specially suitable for swimming entertainments, while in winter it is adapted for the purpose of holding dances, concerts, and public meetings. A fine Press gallery has been added, and other improvements made. The total number of bathers for the year ended 31st March, 1906, was 203,187, and the total number of washers was 23,289.

Superintendent—H. T. Hancock.

Public Libraries.

Act adopted in 1886. *Central Library*: *Tate Library*, Brixton-oval. *Branch Libraries*: West Norwood Library, Knights-hill-road; Durning Library, Kennington-cross; Tate Library, South Lambeth-road; North Lambeth Library, Lower Marsh; Minet (joint) Library, Knatchbull-road, Camberwell; Upper Norwood (joint) Library, Westow-hill. Mr. Andrew Carnegie gave £12,500 for the establishment of a further Branch Library at Herne-hill, which has been erected in Herne-hill-road. There is a fine general reference library at the Brixton Central Library, and an exhaustive special collection of books relating to Surrey at the Minet Library.

Chief Librarian—F. J. Burgoyne, Tate Library, Brixton-oval.

Officers.

Town Clerk—Henry J. Smith.

Accountant—J. A. Inglis, F.S.A.A.

Medical Officer of Health — J. Priestley, B.A., M.D., D.P.H.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor—H. C. J. Edwards, A.M.I.C.E.

Public Analyst—J. Muter, PH.D., F.R.S.E., F.I.C., South London Laboratory, 325, Kennington-road, S.E.

Sanitary Inspectors: W. R. Bott, F. E. Baxter, J. S. Smith, J. M. Jones, J. Barfoot, G. Gavin, W. Wallis, T. H. Hooper, T. H. Jackson, W. J. Perrin, W. W. Howes, J. M. Scorrer, and J. S. Clements. *Lady Inspectors*: Miss E. G. Gamble and Miss L. M. H. Pearson.

Smoke Inspector and Inspector under Food and Drugs Act—W. J. Perrin.

Rate-Collectors—*District* 1: H. W. Baxter, 172, Lambeth-road, S.E. *District* 2: T. Giles, 166, Lambeth-road, S.E. *District* 3: F. Philpot, 170, Clapham-road, S.W. *District* 4: J. W. Henley, 57, Kennington-oval, S.E. *District* 5: W. F. Marchant, 292, South Lambeth-road, S.W. *District* 6: J. T. King, 101, Clapham-road, S.W. *District* 7: T. Mills, 9, Kellett-road, Brixton, S.W. *District* 8: W. Doble, 253A, Milkwood-road, Herne-hill, S.E. *District* 9: J. F. Sutton, 162, Loughborough-road, Brixton, S.W. *District* 10: J. Squires, 1, Belgrave-terrace, Stockwell-road, S.W. *District* 11: F. Foat, 44, Bonham-road, Brixton-hill, S.W. *District* 12: W. J. Hill, 68, Rosendale-road, West Dulwich, S.E. *District* 13: S. Smith, 27, Alexandra-road, Gipsy-hill, S.E. *District* 14: A.

Wills, Town Hall, Kennington-green, S.E.

Arrears Collectors — Districts 1 to 6, and part of 10, T. A. Wille, 170A, Kennington-park-road, S.E. *Districts* 7 to 9, part of 10, and 11 to 13, R. W. Moore, 4, Shakespeare-road, Herne-hill, S.E.

MAYOR.

Alderman F. A. Powell, F.R.I.B.A., J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Andrew, Capt. C. W., J.P., "Rutland House," 5, Kennington-terrace, Kennington-park, S.E.
Corben, H., 4, Trigon-road, Clapham-road.
Dean, G., 49, Brixton-hill, S.W.
Howlett, G., 193, Clapham-road, S.W.
Hunt, S. C., "Hillside," Gubyon-avenue, Herne-hill, S.E.
Johnson, E., 49, Gresham-road, Brixton-rd.
Newton, A. J., 140, Stockwell-road, S.W.
Partington, C. F., "The Highlands," 7, Christchurch-road, Streatham, S.W.
Powell, F. A., F.R.I.B.A., J.P., 344, Kennington-road, S.E.
Woolley, C., F.R.G.S., "Verulam," 35, Dulwich-road, Herne-hill, S.E.

COUNCILLORS.

Ansell, C., 90, Thornlaw-road, W. Norwood.
Arter, W., 24, Upper Kennington-lane, S.E.
Ayles, P. A., 44, Union-road, Clapham, S.W.
Baldwin, H., 93, Loughborough-rd., Brixton.
Blyton, C. D., 102, Upper Kennington-lane.
Bott, J., 64, Herne-hill, S.E.
Bowes, S. R., 14, St. John's-rd., Brixton-rd.
Bragg, W. L., 60, Barrington-rd., Brixton.
Briant, F., 10, Lambeth-walk, S.E.
Brittain, G., 247, Kennington-road, S.E.
Brittan, H. W., 20, Thurlby-road, West Norwood, S.E.
Broadbent, W., 90, Stamford-st., Lambeth.
Brock, C., 3, Lorne-road, Brixton, S.W.
Budge, F., 28, Albert-square, Clapham-rd.
Capon, J., 68, Lower Kennington-lane, S.E.
Carter, C., 6, 7, and 8, Springfield-parade, Wandsworth-road, S.W.
Chapman, C. E., 223, South Lambeth-road.
Chapman, J. J., 113, Vassall-rd., Brixton-rd.
Clark, E. E., 110, Thornlaw-rd., W. Norwood.
Clark, J. E. L., 415 and 417, Brixton-road.
Corben, H., 7, Trigon-road, Clapham-road, S.W.
Cox, J., 7, Crozier-street, Lambeth, S.E.
Davey, W. J., 22, Overton-road, Brixton.
Davies, A. W., 223, Coldharbour-lane, S.W.
Davis, W. A., 61, York-road, Lambeth, S.E.
Day, G. W., 27, Carlisle-st., Westminster-bridge-road, S.E.
Dunkin, J. H., 132, Westminster-bridge-rd.
Evans, J. F., 25, Hainthorpe-road, West Norwood, S.E.
Farmer, P. C., "Cambrian House," York-road, West Norwood, S.E.
Faulds, A., 9, Binfield-road, Clapham, S.E.
Fielder, F., 152, Knight's-hill, West Norwood, S.E.
Gibbs, C. H., 20A, Herbert-rd., Stockwell-rd.
Hale, C. R., 5, Kellett-road, Brixton, S.W.
Hamblin, G. W., 105, Lyham-rd., Brixton.
Hawkey, J. F., 75, Arlingford-rd., Brixton.
Hinds, G., 27, Becmeade-avenue, Streatham.
Hopkins, J., 36, Ryde Vale-road, Balham.
Hunt, G., 39, Hanover-gardens, Kennington-park-road, S.E.
Hutchens, E. C., 36, Lower Kennington-lane.
Hutson, A. J., 54, Holland-road, Brixton.
Hyslop, A. V., 13, Binfield-rd., Clapham.
Iremonger, C., 19, Kenchester-street, South Lambeth, S.W.
Kent, J. R., 3, Horace-st., Wandsworth-rd.
Knight, J. J. F. W., 14, St. Louis-terrace, West Norwood, S.E.
Lang-Sims, R., 16, Hayter-rd., Brixton-hill.
Leaning, A. R. S., 22, Helix-road, Brixton.
Masters, G., 3, Aigburth-mansions, Chapel-street, Brixton, S.W.
Mills, E. A., 27, Herbert-rd., Stockwell-rd.
Newman, H. W., 2, Milkwood-rd., Herne-hill.
Noon, E. E., 12, Windmill-row, S.E.
Orrom, A., 1, Carson-road, West Dulwich.
Parker, A. J., 8, Herne-hill, S.E.
Slack, G., F.R.G.S., 5, Kellett-road, Brixton.
Thompson, G. A., 60, Knollys-road, Streatham, S.W.
Townsend, I. F., 52, Thurlestone-road, West Norwood, S.E.
Whyte, H., 33, Stockwell-park-road, S.W.
Williams, J., 204, Lambeth-road, S.E.
Williams, J., 38, Dalberg-rd., Brixton, S.W.
Wood, F. B., 100, Leander-road, Brixton.
Wood, J. E., 202, Lambeth-road, S.E.

LEWISHAM.

TOWN HALL: CATFORD, S.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, at 6.30 p.m.)

THE metropolitan borough is "the area of the Parliamentary borough of Lewisham," consisting of the parishes of Lewisham and Eltham, an area that is coterminous with no other area of administration. In the Lewisham Poor Law union there is in addition the parish of Lee; while for local government purposes Lewisham is part of the Lewisham district and Eltham is part of the Lee district. The **area** is very large, **eleven square miles,** the third largest

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of all, and more than seventeen times as large as Holborn. At present the area is only thinly populated by about 14 persons to an acre. The **population** estimated to middle of 1905 was 153,216. The **rateable value** is £1,068,071, of which £3,069 is for agricultural land.

The borough contains 144¼ acres of Blackheath, 46¼ acres in Lady-



LEWISHAM CHAIN AND BADGE.
Manufactured by the Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' Company.

well recreation ground, and 45¼ acres in Hilly Fields, besides other open spaces maintained by local bodies, comprising in all 266 acres. There is very little overcrowding in the borough, and the **death rate** is low: in Lewisham it was in 1902 13·7 per 1,000.

Under the Adoptive Acts scheme, the Baths and Burial Acts are to be in force throughout the borough, the Libraries Acts in Lewisham parish only. The electric lighting is in the hands of the Lewisham and District Electric Supply Company, Limited, and the Blackheath and Greenwich District Electric Lighting Company, Limited. (See Electric Light section.)

The borough council consists of 7 aldermen and 42 councillors. Local bodies with a membership of more than 250 were superseded by the borough council. There are 9 borough wards.

Public Baths and Wash-Houses.
(Ladywell and Forest-hill.)

Opened 1885. Number of bathers 1906 were — Ladywell, 95,092; Forest-hill, 53,760.

Free Public Libraries.

Lewisham adopted the Free Public Libraries Act in 1890, levying a rate at first of only a halfpenny in the pound. *Libraries:* High-street, Lewisham, Dartmouth-road, Forest-hill, Sydenham-road, and Brockley-road. Lending Library, Manor House, Lee; open from 10.30 a.m. to 9 p.m. *News Rooms:* open from 8.30 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Officers.

Town Clerk—E. Wright.
Deputy—E. H. Oxenham.
Medical Officer of Health and Public Analyst—Dr. A. Wellesley Harris, M.R.C.S., D.P.H.
Surveyor—E. van Putten.
Accountant—Henry P. Hall.

MAYOR.

Councillor Rev. E. C. B. Philpott, B.A., J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Brown, W., "Garthmyl," New Church-road, Hove.
Carman, H., "Brunswick House," South-road, Forest-hill, S.E.
Garside, A., 20, St. Margaret's-road, Brockley, S.E.
Luck, M. S., 93, Lewisham-rd., Lewisham.
Stebbing, H. P., J.P., "Inglemere House," Inglemere-road, Forest-hill, S.E.
Thomson, T., 20, Lewisham-road, Lewisham, S.E.
Warmington, G. S., 146, Burnt Ash-hill, Lee, S.E.

COUNCILLORS.

Adams, H., "The Cedars," Brockley View, Forest-hill.
Anderson, G. R., 23, Bishopsthorpe-road, Sydenham.
Ball, E., 57, Lewisham-hill, Lewisham.
Balsdon, J., 96, High-road, Lee.
Barnett, A. C., "Suffield," Addington-grove, Sydenham.
Barrow, Lieut.-Col. F. E., R.A.M.C., 50, Nelgarde-rord, Catford.
Baxter, H. A., 3, St. German's-rd., Forest-hill.
Bevan, W. G., 10, Sydenham-rd., Sydenham.
Burrell, W., 21, Slaithwaite-rd., Lewisham.
Chambers, G. F., J.P., "Lethen Grange," Lawrie-park-avenue, Sydenham.
Childs, C., "Fairholm," 48, Rushey-green, Catford.
Clayton, J., "Hough Villa," 27, Baring-road, Lee.
Cooke, C. J., 194, Lewisham-rd., Lewisham.
Croft, Major A. W. W., 5, Belitha-villas, Southend-lane, Lower Sydenham.
Dewes, H. W., 23, Lee-terrace, Lee.
Fenner, H. A., 6, Eliot-hill, Lewisham.
Fisk, T., 115B, Rushey-green, Catford.
Fitzgibbons, A. J., 309, Brockley-road, Brockley.
Good, J. A., 10, St. Margaret's-road, Brockley.
Higson, Dr. J. R., "Oakmere," Honor Oak-park, Forest-hill.
Howes, J. J., 346, Brockley-rd., Brockley.
Ilsley, G. W., 10, Northbrook-road, Lee.
Jackson, R., 24, Montem-road, Forest-hill.
Lee, W. H., 22, Southbrook-road, Lee.
Mellor, T. H., 296, Stanstead-road, Forest-hill.
Morley, W., 325, Brownhill-road, Catford.
Morrell, H. H., 21, Venner-rd., Sydenham.
Morris, Rev. J. C., M.A., 41, Clarendon-rd., Lewisham, S.E.
Obee, W., 25, High-road, Lee.
Parry, W. P., "Woodville," Inglemere-road, Forest-hill.
Parsons, J. C., 11, Slaithwaite-rd., Lewisham, S.E.
Penfold, P., 8, Sydenham-park, Sydenham.
Philpot, Rev. E. C. B., B.A., J.P., 293, Brownhill-road, Catford.
Ross, W., 75, Broadfield-road, Catford.
Randall, A. F., "Pen Caeder," Lowther-hill, Forest-hill.
Revill, Capt. W. C. B., 4, Dacre-gardens, Lee.
Saunders, A., 7, Queensthorpe-road, Sydenham.
Sweet, W. G., 157, Burnt Ash-hill, Lee.
Trenchard, A. H. R., 1, Wolerand-road, Lewisham hill.
Turpin, J. J., 156, High-road, Lee.
Weeks, A. O., 54, Algernon-rd., Lewisham.
West, Major T., "The Elms," Southend, Catford.

PADDINGTON.

TOWN HALL: HARROW ROAD, W.

(Meetings: First and third Tuesdays in the month.)

THE Metropolitan borough is the parish of Paddington which was previously the PoorLaw and local government area and the Parliamentary borough consisting of the north and south divisions. The **area** of the borough is nearly **two square miles,** containing a slightly increasing **population,** estimated at middle of 1906 at 148,621. In 1871 the population was 96,813, in 1841 it was 25,173, in 1801 it was 1,881. Of the total area of 1,354 acres, 132 are open spaces; 102 acres are in Kensington Gardens. The proportion of overcrowding in 1901 was 13·56 per cent. The **rateable value** of the borough for 1906-7 is £1,549,911, of which £3 is the valuation of agricultural land. The part of Chelsea detached (Kensal Town) which has been added to Paddington lies to the north and east of a line drawn along the southern boundary of the Grand Junction Canal, and the centre of Wedlake-street and Kensal-road. The Baths and Burial Acts are in force throughout the borough, but not the Libraries Act. In Queen's Park Ward, however, there is a library founded by Chelsea, which costs more than the maximum rate of 1d. in the pound on that ward alone will produce, and a special scheme has been prepared for the settlement of this difficulty. The baths and library in Kensal Town are transferred to Paddington under Sec. 2 of the Adoptive Acts scheme.

The electric lighting powers are

in the hands of the Metropolitan Company.

The borough council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors, who took the place of the vestry with 72 members. There are 8 wards.

Public Baths and Wash-Houses.

A public baths institution was established in Queen's-road, Bayswater, in 1874, and another in Kensal-road, Kensal Town, in 1893. *Charges:* Private baths, 1*d.* to 6*d.*; swimming baths, 1*d.* (for school children) to 6*d.*

Free Public Libraries Act.

Act not adopted in the old portion of the borough. Ballot taken in 1887, when there voted—For 1,652, and against 5,845; and in 1891, when the figures were—For 1,590, against 4,528. There is a free public library in the transferred area of Chelsea detached (Queen's Park Ward), and it contains about 10,900 volumes. A free library exists in the borough, supported by voluntary subscriptions.

Officers.

Town Clerk — Arthur W. J. Russell.

Deputy Town Clerk — Percy H. Gray, Barrister-at-Law.

Borough Accountant — John B. Carrington, F.S.A.A., F.S.S.

Borough Surveyor — E. B. B. Newton, A.M.I.C.E., F.S.I.

Medical Officer of Health—R. Dudfield, M.A., M.B.

Borough Public Analyst—A. W. Stokes, F.C.S., F.I.C.

Inspector of Lighting and Overhead Wires—W. H. Cox.

Sanitary Inspectors—C. J. Biorn, E. J. Potter, J. W. Webster, E. Anthony, Jun., T. Mitchell, G. J. Miners, C. S. Wansbrough, C. Lawrence, S. W. Wingfield, E. J. Grivell, Miss Nicolas, Miss O'Kell.

Inspector under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act—T. A. Parker.

Rate-Collectors — Harrow Road Ward: W. H. Mitchinson, 4, Cornwall-road. *Maida Vale Ward:* J. E. Walker, 33, Castellain-road. *Church Ward:* A. J. Croxford, 12, Oakington-road. *Queen's Park Ward West:* C. A. Birtles, 85, Ilbert-street. *Queen's Park Ward (East) and Westbourne Ward (North):* A. W. Davison, 85, Ilbert-street. *Westbourne Ward (South):* A. Sales, 5, Rundell-road. *Lancaster Gate Ward:* J. M. Huish, 98, Ledbury-road. *Hyde Park Ward:* A. J. White, 5, Oakington-road.

MAYOR.

Alderman Herbert Lidiard, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Bicker-Caarten, A. G., 9, Upper Westbourne-terrace, W.
Blair, Col. H. F., R.E., 21, Norfolk Crescent, Hyde-park, W.
Cole, S. J., "Fernleigh," 123, Fernhead-road, W.
Handover, H. G., 3, Oxford-gardens, Kensington, W.
Lidiard, H., J.P., 114, Westbourne-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Kenyon, H. H., 45, Edgware-road, W.
Shaw-Stewart, Maj.-Gen. J., R.E., 7, Inverness-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Urquhart, W., 107, Portsdown-road, W.
White, R. F., 42, Elgin-avenue.
Williams, J., J.P., 235, Elgin-avenue.

COUNCILLORS.

Angus, Dr. J. A., 58, Cambridge-street, W.
Appleton, H. J., 38, Warwick-avenue, W.
Armstrong, F. C., 507, Harrow-road, W.
Bannerman, Col. P. W., 8, Somers-place, Hyde-park, W.
Bannister, E., 11, Harrow-road, W.
Bates, S. E., M.A., J.P., 20, Hyde-park-sq.
Bean, A. W. T., C.E., 52, Porchester-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Bell, W., 57, Hampden-street, W.
Bevan, C. M., M.A., 38, Orsett-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Beverly, M. P., 98, Maida-vale, W.
Blackwood, J., 505, Harrow-road, W.
Broughton, H. W., 39, Cambridge-terrace.
Butt, C. T., 17, Chichester-street, W.
Chappell, W., 243, Elgin-avenue, Maida-vale, W.
Chatterton, Dr. E., 2, Upper Westbourne-terrace, W.
Cobb, F., 18, Westbourne-gardens, W.

Cole, S., 29, Sutherland-place, Bayswater.
Corrie, E. K., M.A., 45, Leinster-gardens, W.
Cox, Rev. J. M., 108, Shirland-road, W.
Crosland, B., 1, Rudolph-road, N.W.
Dobby, J., 10, St. Stephen's-road, W.
Dundas, Major M. J. R., 1, Albion-street, Hyde-park, W.
Evans, C. D., 138, Portnall-road, W.
Fairbank, J., 6, Amberley-wharves, Maida-vale, W.
Fancourt, Col. St. J. F. M., C.B., 21, St. Petersburgh-place, W.
Fardell, Sir Geo., M.P., J.P., 25, Hyde-park-street, W.
Guscott, J., 226, Kilburn-lane, Queen's-park.
Hart, W. A., M.V.O., 23, Westbourne-park-villas, W.
Horsey, F. S., 2, Chichester-street, W.
Jones, Dr. J. T., 103, Sutherland-avenue, W.
Joslin, G., 165, Chevening-rd., Brondesbury.
Karslake, J. B. P., M.A., 11, Southwick-crescent, W.
Laurie, Lt.-Gen. J. W., C.B., J.P., D.C.L., 47, Porchester-terrace, W.
Lewis-Barned, Major H. B., 3, Sussex-square, W.
Luker, C. H., 133A, Queen's-road, W.
Marshall, Col. C. H. T., 6, Chester-place, W.
McKenzie, J., 80, Sutherland-avenue, W.
Mead, Col. H. R., R.E., 161, Gloucester-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Mitchinson, T., 18, Richmond-road, Westbourne-grove, W.
Morrell, G. H., 119, Elgin-avenue, W.
Munford, J., 25, St. Stephen's-square, W.
Muzzell, T. W., 7, Harrow-road, W.
Nolan, Dr. W. J., 20, Talbot-road, W.
Norman, A. C., 71, Moscow-road, W.
Perowne, E. S. M., F.S.A., 20, Randolph-rd.
Poulter, J. H., B.A., J.P., 23, Westbourne-terrace, W.
Rickards, C. F., 12, Spring-street, W.
Saltwell, H. G., 16, Wrentham-gardens.
Smith, Chancellor P. V., LL.D., 116, Westbourne-terrace, W.
Smith-Rose, W., 39, Park-place, Bayswater.
Sutton, H., 2, Formosa-street, W.
Swift, H. H., M.A., J.P., 45, Westbourne-terrace, W.
Tapling, A. J., 10, Monmouth-road, W.
Thorpe, J., 262, Kilburn-lane, W.
Turnham, T. B., 10, Praed-street, W.
Urquhart, A., 107, Portsdown-road, Maida-vale, W.
Wall, G., 2, Church-place, Paddington-green, W.
Waycott, J. F., 10, Wharves, South Side, Paddington.
Whyte, J. M., 51, Marylands-road, Paddington, W.
Wilkin, G., M.A., 130, Westbourne-terrace, W.

POPLAR.

COUNCIL CHAMBER: HIGH STREET, POPLAR.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays, at 7 o'clock p.m.)

THE borough is the district of the late Poplar Board of Works, and consisted of the parishes of St. Mary, Stratford-le-Bow, St. Leonard, Bromley, and All Saints, Poplar, which, under an Order in Council, has been amalgamated in one parish from 1st April, 1907, to be known as the Parish of Poplar Borough. It is conterminous with the area of the Poplar Board of Guardians and with the Bow and Bromley and the Poplar divisions of the Parliamentary Borough of Tower Hamlets.

In **area** it is a little over **three and a half square miles**, all of which is fully occupied. The **population** is stationary; in 1896 it was 169,267, in 1891, 166,880; between 1851 and 1881, however, it increased from 47,162 to 156,510. In 1901 it was 168,822. In general character the three parishes in the borough vary considerably: Poplar is to a large extent occupied by the docks; Bow is more residential in character; Bromley has a large poor population. In Poplar Parish the open spaces include the Island Gardens and Tunnel Gardens, maintained by the London County Council, a recreation ground, and two public gardens maintained by the borough council; Bow has 72½ acres of Victoria Park; and Bromley has a recreation ground provided by the London County Council. The **death rate** of the borough in 1905 was 17·63, and the **rateable value** is £841,022.

Under the Adoptive Acts scheme the Baths and Libraries Acts are in force throughout the borough,

but the Burial Acts in no part. Poplar has a town hall, a public hall, and a swimming bath is floored and let during the winter months.

The borough has the electric lighting powers in its own hands, and supply was commenced in October, 1900. (See Section on Electric Light.)

The borough council consists of 7 aldermen and 42 councillors, and has superseded bodies having a membership of over 400. There are 14 three-member wards—4 for Bow, 5 for Bromley, and 5 for Poplar.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

(241, Roman-road, Bow.)

Baths and wash-houses were established here in 1892. *Charges:* 1st class swimming baths 6*d.*; 2nd class, 2*d.*. Private baths (for men and women), 1*d.* to 1*s.* Laundry, 1½*d.* per hour.

(East India Dock-road, Poplar.)

Established 1852. *Charges:* Baths, 1*d.* to 1*s.*; laundry, 1½*d.* per hour.

(Glengall-road, Millwall.)

Established 1900. Swimming Baths, 2*d.* and 3*d.*; private baths, 1*d.* to 6*d.*

Season tickets issued, and reduced charges for school children at all the baths.

Total bathers and washers last year was 311,993.

Free Public Libraries.

Poplar: High-street (1892); (Strattondale-street, Cubitt Town 1904). Bow: Roman-road (1900). Bromley: Brunswick-road (1895), transferred to new building 1906. Volumes issued last year, 254,730.

Borough Librarian—H. Rowlatt.

Officers.

Town Clerk—Leonard Potts.

Assistant Clerk—Charles H. Shillinglaw.

Borough Accountant — W. M. Mead.

Clerk for Valuation and Rating—J. B. Skeggs.

Medical Officer of Health—F. W. Alexander, 84, Bow-road, Bromley.

Public Analyst—W. C. Young.

Borough Surveyor—Harley Heckford, A.M.I.C.E.

Electrical Engineer—J. Horace Bowden.

Borough Sanitary Inspectors — POPLAR, *N. Division:* J. Bullock. *S. Division:* C. Foad. BROMLEY, *N. Division:* H. J. Langley. *S. Division:* R. E. Miners. BOW, *E. Division:* A. J. Field. *W. Division:* W. Boyce.

Female Sanitary Inspector—Miss Alice Tattersall.

Rate-Collectors — POPLAR: *District* 1: J. M'Donald. *District* 2: A. G. Terdre. *District* 3: J. P. Burchell. BROMLEY: *District* 4: W. H. Pullinger. *District* 5: A. Ashton. *District* 6: T. T. Burt. BOW: *District* 7: H. J. Chatterton. *District* 8: G. H. Mayhew. *District* 9: G. Mann.

MAYOR.

Councillor Fred Thorne, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Banks, J. H., 6, Campbell-rd., Bromley, E.
Dalton, M., 340 and 520B, Old Ford-rd., Bow.
Halket, J. P., 135, East India Dock-rd., E.
Sumner, C. E., 61, Knapp-road, Bromley, E.
Thorp, A. E., Bryant and May, Fairfield-road, Bow, E.
White, P. A., 40, Brunswick-rd., Bromley.
Williams, L., 8, Woodstock-rd., Poplar, E.

COUNCILLORS.

Aldrick, E. J., 53, Alpha-road, Millwall, E.
Barge, H. R., 4, Woodstock-rd., Poplar, E.
Bassett, F. H., 17, Cardigan-row, Bow, E.
Bellsham, J., 164, Abbott-road, Bromley, E.
Brown, R., 29, Abbott-road., Bromley, E.
Cahill, J. Z., West India Docks, Poplar, E.
Crabb, S. J., 46, Glengall-rd., Cubitt Town.
Darby, A. H., 49, Gough-street, Poplar, E.
Diamond, B., 48, St. Stephen's-rd., Bow, E.
Durant, R. H., 39, Gough-street, Poplar, E.
Fisher, W. A., 229, Abbott-rd., Bromley, E.
Foxon, L. T., Coal Depot, Preston's-road, Poplar, E.
Girton, H. C., 47, Mostyn-road, Bow, E.
Green, R. H., J.P., Blackwall Yard, Poplar, E.

Hayes, Rev. D., 10, Harley-street, Bow, E.
Hubbard, D. W., 223, Manchester-road, Cubitt Town.
Hunt, A. E., 8, Knapp-road, Bromley, E.
James, A., 20, Peachey-road, Bow, E.
Jones, W. H., 179, St. Leonard's-road, Bromley, E.
Jungblut, H., 43, Upper North-st., Poplar.
Lansbury, G., 103, St. Stephen's-road, Bow.
Le Manquais, J. E., 13, Tomlins-grove, Bow-road, E.
Maddams, G., 55, Blackthorn-st., Bromley.
March, S., 11, Upper North-street, Poplar.
Mitchell, D., 239, Old Ford-road, Bow.
Munro, A., 56, Bow-road, E.
Partridge, A., 233, Old Ford-rd., Bow, E.
Phillips, A., 8, Botolph-road, Bromley, E.
Riddall, J. C., 154, High-street, Poplar, E.
Sambridge, E. J., 101, Fairfield-rd., Bow.
Sedgwick, F., 36, West Ferry-road, Millwall, E.
Smith, A. G., 109, Armagh-road, Bow, E.
Sopwith, J., Bridge House, New-rd., Poplar.
Stephens, J., 41, Alpha-road, Millwall, E.
Stewart, H. J., 688, Old Ford-road, Bow, E.
Suckling, W. C., 10, Marner-st., Bromley, E.
Taylor, C., 45, Rothbury-rd., Homerton, E.
Thorne, F., 122, East Ferry-road, Cubitt Town, E.
Warren, A. H., 132, High-street, Poplar, E.
Willmer, A., 19, Hepscott-rd., Homerton, E.
Wrigglesworth, A. V., 357, East India Dock-road, E.
Yeo, A. W., J.P., 86 & 88, St Leonard's-rd., E.

ST. MARYLEBONE.

TOWN HALL: MARYLEBONE LANE, OXFORD STREET, W.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 5 p.m.)

THE borough is the parish of St. Marylebone, which is conterminous with the existing local government district and the Poor Law area, but differs slightly because of the recent adjustment of boundaries from the Parliamentary borough of Marylebone (containing the east and west divisions). The **area is two and one-third square miles.** with a **population** in 1896 of 141,188—20,000 less than the population of 1861. At the 1901 census the population was 133,301. The number of inhabited houses has shown a corresponding decrease from 16,357 in 1861 to 13,536 in 1901, the uninhabited houses having increased by 1,596 in the same period, an indication of the conversion of dwelling houses into business premises, principally no doubt along the main thoroughfares—Oxford-street, Regent-street, Edgware-road, &c.

The borough is fortunate in having about 362 acres of Regent's Park, besides small spaces, making in all 372 acres of open space—one-fourth of the whole area of the borough. This gives one acre to every 379 inhabitants. In adjustment of boundaries St. Marylebone has lost its portion of Primrose Hill, but gained an addition in the park. The **death rate** in 1906 was 15 per 1,000. The **rateable value** is £1,957, 05. The Baths and Burial Acts are adopted in the borough, but not the Libraries Acts.

The Borough Council, after much litigation, and after promoting a Bill in Parliament in the Session of 1904, obtained fresh statutory powers to enable it to complete the purchase of the undertaking of the Metropolitan Electric Supply Company, Limited, in accordance with the award of the umpire in the arbitration proceedings between the Council and the company.

The Council formally completed the purchase of the undertaking on the 5th July, 1904, and at once proceeded with the erection of a new generating station and other works for a self-contained system of electricity supply in the borough, the generating station of the company being outside the borough, and used to supply other areas. These works and the "change-over" of the current from an alternating to a continuous supply of 240 volts have now been completed, and the Council are now supplying the

whole of the borough. The old consumers at present have the option of continuing at the old rates of charge or of being charged according to the maximum demand system on the new tariff recently adopted by the Council.

The borough council consists of mayor, 10 aldermen, and 60 councillors. The number of wards is 9.

Public Baths and Wash-Houses.

(181, Marylebone-road.)

St. Marylebone has possessed public baths and wash-houses in Marylebone-road since 1848. New buildings have been recently erected, with a handsome frontage facing Marylebone-road. *Charges:* Private baths for men and women, 1*d.* to 6*d.*; swimming baths, 1*d.*, 3*d.*, and 6*d.* The private baths for men are open from 7 a.m. to 8.45 p.m. in the summer months, and from 8 a.m. to 7.45 p.m. in the winter; open on Sunday mornings, in summer, from 7 to 8.45, and on Saturday nights till 9.15 throughout the year. Women's baths are open at 7 a.m. in the summer months and at 8 a.m. in the winter, closing at 8.45 p.m. in the summer and 7.45 p.m. in the winter; Saturdays, 9.15 p.m. The wash-houses are open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Each person is provided with separate washing and drying rooms, the use of table, iron, and ironing blankets, at the charge of 1*d.* for for first hour, 2*d.* second hour, 1½*d.* each for third and fourth hours, and 6*d.* for every hour after.

In the winter the first-class swimming bath is used as a gymnasium at popular prices.

Superintendent—O. L. Marchant.
Matron—Mrs. O. L. Marchant.

Under the Cleansing of Persons Act free hot baths and disinfection of clothing are provided by the council in a building adjoining the council's depot, Richmond-street, Edgware-road.

Public Libraries Act.

There have been five ballots in St. Marylebone, but on each occasion there was a majority against adopting the Act. At the poll in 1895 5,886 voted "no" and 1,632 "yes." A poll was taken in May, 1898; result—against the proposal, 4,617;



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for the proposal, 4,214. Majority against, 376. The result of two votes taken at council meetings was also adverse to the adoption of the Acts. The last one took place in 1902, when the Council had before it an offer from Mr. Carnegie of £30,000 for the erection of one central and four branch establishments for the borough. The offer was not accepted.

Officers.

Town Clerk—James Wilson.

Borough Surveyor — J. Paget Waddington, M.I.C.E.

Borough Accountant — T H. Puzey, F.S.A.A.

Chief Assistant Clerk—A. Wilson.

Medical Officer of Health and Public Analyst—A. W. Blyth, M.R.C.S., F.C.S., F.I.C. *Hours of Attendance* (at 3, Upper Gloucester-place, N.W.) : Medical Officer, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; Sanitary Clerk, 9.30 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Saturdays, 9.30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Consulting Electrical Engineer—A. Wright.

Resident Electrical Engineer—F. A. Wilkinson, A.M.I.E.E., M.I.M.E., 19 and 20, York-place, W.

Mayor.

Sir Thomas Henry Brooke-Hitching, J.P., 2, Park-crescent, Portland-place, W.

Aldermen.

Anglim, J., 17, Shouldham-street, W.
Davies, F. T., 9, Cavendish-square, W.
Dennis, W., "Ifield House," Carshalton, Surrey.
Elgood, G. J., J.P., 98, Wimpole-street, W.
Fowler, E. T., 47, Avenue-road, N.W.
Michell, J. A., J.P., 9, Market-place, W.
Morris, M., "Oaklands," Wembley, Middlesex.
Thomas, J., 74, Wigmore-street, W.
Wakefield, Rev. H. R., 86, Gloucester-place, W.
Watson, J., 41, Fellows-road, South Hampstead, N.W.

Councillors.

Bacon, E. G., "Ormby," North-road, East Finchley.
Beaumont, Rev. J. A., M.A., St. John's Parsonage, St. John's Wood-road. N.W.
Bokenham, T. J., M.R.C.P., L.R.C.P., 10, Devonshire-street, Portland-place, W.
Brinsley-Harper, F., 6E, Bickenhall-mansions, W.
Buckingham, J. W., 1, Hentsridge-villas.
Bushnell, E. J., 23, St. Christopher's-place, W.
Capon, H. J., M.D., 40, Upper George-st., W.
Cobb, T., 39, Finchley-road, N.W.
Cooper, E. L., 112, Crawford-street, W.
Crichton, A. M. M., 17A, Great Cumberland-place, W.
Debenham, E. R., 8, Addison-road, Knesington, W.
Dempsey, M., 53, Devonshire-street, Lissongrove. N.W.
Dunn, H. A., 41, Hamilton-gardens, N.W.
Fettes, J., 5W, Hyde-park-mansions, N.W.
Fowler, G., 97, Gt. Portland-street, W.
Fuelling, T., 93B., High-street, W.
Garrould, A. H., 14, Brondesbury-park.
Gross, W., B.A., 49, Upper Gloucester-place.
Hartnell, H. B., 2, Streatham-hill, S.W.
Harvey, A. G., 50, Church-street, N.W.
Head, G. H., 5H, Portman-mansions, W.
Helsdon, H. J., F.R.I.B.A., A.R.S.I., 14, St. Edmund's-terrace, N.W.
Heywood, J., 42, Queen Anne-street, W.
Hopkins, A. J., 78, Oxford-gardens, Notting-hill, W.
Isaacs, D. L., 79, Portland-place, W.
Jennings, E. J., 101, Crawford-street, W.
Johnston, D., 57, Cambridge-street, W.
Kelaart, E. F., 4W, Bickenhall-mansions, W.
Kempton, C., 99, Mortimer-street, W.
Kite, J., 167, Great Titchfield-street, W.
Knight, G. J., 452, Edgware-road, W.
Lacey, F. E., 16, Elm Tree-road, N.W.
Langridge, R. J., 39A, Exeter-street, N.W.
Leach, P., 4, High-st., W.
Lea-Smith, J., 41, Bryanston-square, W.
Lewis, J., "Spedan Tower," West Heath, Hampstead, N.W.
Lichtenfeld, J., 15, Holland-park-avenue.
Little, J. F., M.B., 9, Eton-rd., Hampstead.
Margetson, R. G., 76, Gt. Portland-st., W.
Maude, Lieut.-Col. A. M., 50, Seymour-st., W.
Midwinter, Rev. E. A., M.A., 8, Rossmore-road, N.W.
Moody, Major-Gen. Sir J. M., 29, Upper Berkeley-street, W.
New, H. F., 9, Great Woodstock-street, W.
Nonweiler, A. H. D., 54, Sutherland-avenue, Paddington, W.
Paxton, G., 40, Primrose-hill-road, N.W.
Penton, E., jun., 53, Harley House, Regent's-park, N.W.
Phillips, B., 26, Thayer-st., W.
Redman, J., 128, Henry-street, N.W.
Richards, T., 45, Queen's-road, St. John's Wood-park, N.W.
Seymour, L., 25, St. Mary's-mansions, Paddington.
Story, E. H., 42, Great Castle-street, W.
Swanton, J. H., M.D., 40, Harley-street, W.
Sykes, H. T., 33, Great Castle-street, W.
Vandersluis, B., 69, Upper Gloucester-place.
Walford, H. J., 47, Hamilton-terrace, N.W.
Warren, C., 225, Portsdown-rd., Paddington.
White, E., J.P., 20, Upper Berkeley-st., W.
Willett, H. B., 16, Kent-terrace, N.W.
Williams, H. S., 50, Hamilton-gardens.
Wooder, W. W., 159, Great Portland-st., W.

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ST. PANCRAS.

TOWN HALL: PANCRAS ROAD, N.W.

(Meetings: Every third Wednesday at 6 p.m.)

THE borough is the parish of St. Pancras, the boundaries of which have been altered by Order in Council, and is conterminous with the Poor Law area, but is not conterminous with the Parliamentary borough (containing the north, east, west, and south divisions). It is one of the large single-parish boroughs, being a little over **four square miles.** The whole area is now practically built upon. The **population** in 1891 was 234,379, and in 1901 235,317. In 1801 the population was 31,799, in 1811 it was 46,333, from which date it increased in each ten years by 25, 32, 26, 37, 33, 23, and 15 thousand, reaching 235,317 in 1901.

The borough has numerous open spaces—194 acres of Parliament Hill, 29 acres of Waterlow Park, 72½ acres of Regent's Park, together with several smaller areas under local administration, making up a total of about 350 acres. Overcrowding is prevalent in the southern parts, particularly in Somers Town, and 27·6 per cent. of the population of the whole borough in 1891 lived in small tenements more than two in a room. The **death rate** in 1905 was 15·7 per 1,000, and the birth rate was 24·5 per 1,000. The **rateable value** for 1905-6 was £1,804,497.

The Baths, Burial, and Public Libraries Acts have been adopted in the borough. Schemes are also being carried out by the Council under the Housing Acts, and, in connection therewith, buildings have already been erected to accommodate 332 people.

The borough council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors, who took the place of local bodies with a membership of about 160. There are eight wards. The whole of the councillors retire together triennially, pursuant to an Order in Council.

Expenditure, 1905-6: Rate accounts, £640,605; electric light account, £76,171; burial account, £5,497; baths and wash-houses, £19,993; public libraries, £283; capital account, £30,080; loans outstanding, £826,655, including electric lighting, baths, and cemetery; rateable value, £1,805,797; general rate, including relief of the poor, County Council, and Police, in 1905-6, was 7*s.* 1*d.* in the £.

The amount received by the council under the Equalisation of Rates Act, 1894, during the year ended 31st March, 1906, was £6,977.

The council during the year ended 31st March, 1906, paid under precept to the London County Council and for Education purposes £263,155; Metropolitan Police, £37,574; and Guardians of the Poor (including the Metropolitan Asylums Board), £152,000.

Cemetery Department.

Chief Clerk—W. E. Brown.
Cemetery—East Finchley.
Superintendent of Cemetery—T. Buckerfield.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

Clerk—F. V. Creed.

Prince of Wales-road Baths: *Superintendent*—Edward Akroyd. *Matron*—Mary Akroyd.

Whitfield-street Baths: *Superintendent*—Thomas Barrett. *Matron*—Marion Barrett.

King-street Baths, Camden Town: *Superintendent*—Thomas Barrett (acting). *Matron*—Mrs. Annie M. George (acting).

The baths are open as follows: From April to September from 7 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. except Fridays and Saturdays, when the time of closing will be 10 p.m.; from October to March from 8 a.m. to 8.30 p.m. except Saturdays, when the baths will close at 10 p.m.

Tepid swimming baths, for ladies' use, as follows:—Prince of Wales-road: First and second-class (two baths specially reserved for ladies); King-street, on Thursdays. Whitfield-street: Wednesdays, 1st class, until 11 a.m., 2nd class from 11 a.m. until the time of closing.



ST. PANCRAS CHAIN AND BADGE.
Manufactured by the Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' Company.

The wash-houses are open throughout the year from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Public Libraries Act.

The Acts were adopted on the 23rd November, 1904, and the Council has decided to erect one central and four branch libraries, and to levy a rate not exceeding 1*d.* in the £ for the financial year. Mr. Andrew Carnegie has promised to contribute £40,000 towards the erection of these libraries. The Duke of Bedford has contributed £500, which has been expended in purchasing the site for the branch library which has been erected and opened in the Highgate district. Competitive designs for the central public library, to be erected on a site which has been purchased in Prince of Wales'-road, have been received from six architects chosen by the President of the Royal Institute of British Architects, who acted as assessor. The Council has accepted the design of Messrs. Russell and Cooper, of Gray's Inn-square, W.C. The Council has under consideration the question of sites for the other branch libraries.

Borough Librarian—Henry Bond.

Electric Light.

St. Pancras was the pioneer in electric lighting among the London parishes: the capital cost has been £198,296, and the gross revenue is £72,086. (See section on Electric Light.)

Housing.

The Council has cleared the insanitary areas in Brantome-place and Prospect-terrace, and is taking steps to erect dwellings to re-house about 850 persons. For details of the scheme see the Housing of the Working Classes section.

Officers.

Town Clerk—C H. F. Barrett.
Deputy Town Clerk—H. T. Richards.
Borough Treasurer and Accountant—W. H. Booth.
Assessment and Valuation Clerk.—A. H. Conford.

Rate-Collectors -District No. 1 (*North*): C. H. Clare, 117, Fortess-road, N.W.; Mondays and Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.; Mondays, 6 to 8.30 p.m. *District No.* 1 (*South*): A. G. Husk, 20, Allcroft-road, N.W.; Mondays and Thursdays 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., Monday evenings 6 to 8.30. *District No.* 2: G. W. Rule, 63, Prince of Wales-road, N.W.; Mondays and Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.; Monday evenings, 6 to 8.30 p.m. *District No.* 3: W. H. Clisby, 16, Patshull-road, N.W.; Mondays and Fridays, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., and Wednesdays 6 to 8.30 p.m. *District No.* 4: R. G. Robinson, 7, Rutland - street; Tuesdays and Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., and Tuesdays 6 to 8.30 p.m. *District No.* 5: W. Crane, 24, Robert-street, N.W. Mondays and Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., and Mondays 6 to 8.30 p.m. *District No.* 6: H. A. Spinks, 144, Seymour-street; Mondays and Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m., and Mondays 6 to 8.30 p.m. *District* No. 7: P. Love, 28, Gordon-street, W.C.; Mondays and Thursdays, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.; and Mondays 6 to 8.30 p.m. *District No.* 8: R. E. Dingle, 130, Judd-street, W.C.; Mondays and Fridays, 10 a.m. to 2 p.m., and Wednesdays 6 to 8.30 p.m.

Arrears Rate-Collector and Inquiring and Collecting Officer—A. G. Edwards, 144, Seymour-street, N.W.; Tuesdays and Fridays, 2 to 4 p.m.

WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*Borough Engineer and Surveyor*—W. Nisbet Blair, M.INST.C.E. *Deputy Engineers and Surveyors* (*Western District*)—G. F. Ellis. (*Eastern District*)—A. N. Hawtrey, A.M.I.C.E.

Chief Clerk—C. Worrell.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT—*Medical Officer of Health*—J. F. J. Sykes, M.D., D.SC. *Public Analyst*—Sir T. Stevenson, M.D. *Chief Clerk*—A. P. Coke. *Sanitary Inspectors*—J. Osborne, H. G. West, J. Landen, J. I. Lonnon, W. L. Brown, H. R. Child, C. H. Johnston, W. G. Auger, G. Rackham, A. H. Walker, W. J. Storer, G. W. Adkins, R. E. James, E. G. Holmes, and E. J. Dillon; Miss Mary E. Bibby and Miss Blanche Gardiner.

ELECTRICITY AND PUBLIC LIGHTING DEPARTMENT.—Office: 57, Pratt-street, N.W. — *Chief Electrical Engineer* — Sydney W. Baynes, M.I.E.E., &c. *Resident and Supervising Engineer, Regent's Park and King's Road Stations*—J. T. Baron, M.I.E.E. *Distributing Engineer*—Wm. Anderson Brown. *Chief Clerk of the Department*—Albert E. Pycraft.

DUSTING AND REFUSE DESTRUCTOR DEPARTMENT — Depôt, Georgiana-street: Superintendent, John C. Scoble.

MAYOR.

Alderman D. McGregor, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Cox-Sinclair, E., J.P., 26, Camden-square.
Davies, D., 11, Woburn-buildings, Duke's-road, W.C.
Gauntlett, J., 23, Dartmouth-pk.-hill, N.W.
Hennessey, D., 105, Weedington-rd., N.W.
Lamble, S. R., 15, Queenswood-avenue, Muswell-hill, N.
McGregor, D., J.P., 76, Tottenham-court-rd.
Matthews, C. W., 62, Carleton-road, N.
Matthews, W. H., 276, Gray's-inn-rd., W.C.
Regnart, H. G., J.P., 29, Gordon-sq., W.C.
Suttle, Rev. G. A., 45, Forest Drive East, Leytonstone.

COUNCILLORS.

Atkinson, G. T., 120, Tollington-park, N.
Avant, F. W., 60, Onslow-gardens, Muswell-hill, N.
Bange, J., 7, Camden-square.
Blount, G., 6, Lady Margaret-road, N.W.
Brown, H. J., 63, Malden-road, N.W.
Brown, H., 141, Hampstead-road, N.W.
Bryan, J., 257, Camden-road, N.
Burningham, C., 53, Georgiana-st., N.W.
Coggan, C. A., 32, Croftdown-road, N.W.
Collins, T. A., 11, Frederick-street, W.C.
Cousins, A. S., Purchese-street, N.W.
Croak, W., 34, Charrington-street, N.W.
Dowdle, T., 134, Ossulston-street, N.W.
Forbes, Dr. J., 4, Hurdwick-place, Hampstead-road, N. W.
Freemantle, H., 1, Lady Margaret-road.
Groom, H., 213 and 215, Gray's Inn-road.
Harley, Rev. J. H., 8, Kingston House, Camden-street, N.W.

Heron, E. T., 46, Lady Margaret-rd., N.W.
Hewitt, J. W., 29, St. Augustine's-rd., N.W.
Hickling, G., 16, Willes-road, N.W.
Hiscox, J., 64, Bartholomew-road, N.W.
Ingram, H. W., 74, Oseney-crescent, N.W.
Ives, W., 222, Camden-road, N.W.
James, H., 44, Park-street, N.W.
Jennens, H. H., 56, Pemberton-gardens, N.
King, L. R., The Elms, Fitzroy-park, Highgate, N.
Knight, W. S. M., 8, King's Bench-walk, Temple, E.C.
May, J., 8, Howland-street, N.
Maycock, J., 7, Seaton-street, N.W.
McClune, J. F., 119, Brecknock-rd., N.
Mills, A., 2, Beresford-road, Harringay, N.
Mitchell, J. H., Langley Park, Mill-hill.
Myers, H. S., 19, Edward-street, N.W.
Parker, E., 5, Albert-road, N.W.
Parsmore, Dr. R., 2, Gordon-square, W.C.
Paterson, D. R., 75, Craven-park, N.W.
Pettitt, R. J., 403, Caledonian-road.
Ramage, Dr. J., 6, Gloucester-road, N.W.
Robinson, Rev. A. B. C., 22, Robert-street.
Robinson, E. W., 1, Seymour-street, N.W.
Robins, W., 7, Marsden-street, N.W.
Russell, Rev. T. H., St. Martin's Vicarage, Vicar's-road, N.W.
Sanderson, H. E., 14, North-villas, Camden-square, N.W.
Shearing, A. G., Oak-lodge, Highgate-avenue, N.
Smallwood, R. H., 44, Argyle-square, W.C.
Smith, G. A., 37, Dartmouth-park-avenue.
Soloman, A., 46, Woodsome-road, N.W.
Stoney, Rev. R. S., 30, Mecklenburgh-sq.
Swift, M. J., 6, Aylestone-avenue, Brondesbury-park, N.W.
Tapping, D., 39, Tottenham-court-road, W.
Thomas, A. J., 14, Caversham-road, N.W.
Trill, H., 131, High-street, Camden Town.
Viveash, F. R., 69, Park-street, N.W.
Vosper, Dr. P., 1, St. George's-square, Regent's-park, N.W.
Warnes, Dr. G., 291, Camden-road, N.W.
Whish, Rev. A. E., 29, Caversham-road.
Widdicombe, H. D., 80, High-street, Camden Town, N.W.
Williams, C., 179, High-st., Camden Town.
Wills, J., 119, Holland-road, W.
Woffendale, Rev. Z. B., "White House," Dartmouth-park-avenue, N.W.

SHOREDITCH.

TOWN HALL: OLD STREET, E.C.

(Meetings: First and third Tuesdays in the Month at 6.30 p.m.)

THE borough is, with some adjustments of boundaries, the parish of Shoreditch, which is identical with the Poor Law area and with the Parliamentary borough (comprising the divisions of Hoxton and Haggerston). The old local government district was slightly less than the new borough—a small portion of the parish in the neighbourhood of Broad Street Station formerly within the City sanitary area being now in Shoreditch. This fringe is less than an acre in extent; it is occupied by three houses and ten people, and has a rateable value of £7,969.

In size Shoreditch is the smallest of all the boroughs, except Holborn and Finsbury; it is just **one square mile** in **area** (664 acres). It is fully built upon, and has a population of 189 to the acre. The **population** reached its climax in 1861, when it was 129,364; since then it has decreased at each census until in 1901 it was 118,705. This decline in the population has been accompanied by a decrease in the number of inhabited houses from 17,072 in 1861 to 12,743 in 1901, to an even greater degree—the number of persons per house having increased from 7·6 in 1861 to 9·3 in 1901. There is some overcrowding in the borough, the proportion in 1891 being 33·7 per cent. There are but few open spaces, and the total acreage is only 6½ acres. The **death rate** in 1905 was 19·6—the proportion of deaths of infants being unduly large. The **rateable value** of the whole borough at the present time is £813,929, and is rapidly increasing. There is no agricultural land. The borough has municipal electric lighting works, which, combined with a

dust destructor, have been completed, and are working satisfactorily. Another lighting station has been opened, situate at Whiston-street, in order to supply the Haggerston division of Shoreditch. Baths and wash-houses form part of the scheme, while a central library is also included in this new group of buildings. The Free Public Libraries Act was adopted in 1891. The Housing of the Working Classes Acts have also been adopted, and two schemes have been carried out. Several other important schemes have been carried out, including the redecoration of the Town Hall, consequent upon a disastrous fire, and the erection of baths at Haggerston. These baths are now completed, and are open for swimming all the year round. Alone of all the boroughs in London, Shoreditch has municipal costers' stalls.

The electric lighting supply is in the hands of the local authority, except for a very small part in the west, which is supplied by the County of London Company by mutual arrangement with the council.

The local government services were concentrated in the borough council, with a membership of 49. The borough council consists of 7 aldermen and 42 councillors. There are 8 borough wards.

Free Public Libraries.

(Kingsland-road and Pitfield-street.)

Libraries open on Sundays during winter months from 6 to 9 p.m. The library for Hoxton, in Pitfield Street, was opened 20th April, 1898.

Chief Librarian—W. C. Plant.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

(Pitfield-street and Mansfield-street, Haggerston.)

Baths and wash-houses were opened in Pitfield-street in March, 1899. A notable feature is that no boilers are used either in the baths or wash-houses, the heat being supplied by condensers fed by the exhaust steam from the adjoining electric lighting station. Baths and wash-houses were also opened in Mansfield-street, Haggerston, in June, 1904.

Electric Light.

Shoreditch was the first borough in the world to combine a dust-destructor with an electricity generating station for a town's supply of electricity. (See Electric Lighting section.)

Housing.

The Shoreditch Vestry cleared a large insanitary area in Moira-place, displacing 533 persons. Artisans' dwellings were erected in 1899, capable of rehousing 400 people in 25 tenements of two rooms and 50 tenements of three rooms each. Further blocks of dwellings, with shops, have been erected on the site, giving accommodation for another 148 persons. Under Part III. of the Act the Council has also purchased an estate at Haggerston, and intends developing it for housing purposes. (See section on the Housing of the Working Classes.)

Officers.

Town Clerk and Solicitor—H. M. Robinson, LL.D.

Deputy Town Clerk—J. A. D. Milne.

Assistant Solicitor—G. S. Walton.

Borough Treasurer and Accountant—E. A. R. Adams, F.S.A.A.

Deputy Treasurer—J. W. Phillips.

Medical Officer of Health—L. T. F. Bryett, M.D., D.P.H.

Borough Surveyor—T. L. Hustler.

Assistant Surveyor—E. H. Dean.

Lighting Engineer—C. H. Doughty.

Sanitary Inspectors— H. Alexander, J. W. Lear, W. Firth, E. T. D. Jordan, C. Langstone, and J. H. Pearson.

Public Analyst—Sir T. Stevenson, M.D.

Electrical Engineer—C. N. Russell, A.M.I.C.E.

Rate-Collectors Moorfields and Church District No. 1: H. L. Loly. *Church District No.* 2: E. Cranston. *Hoxton Ward:* H. Gregory. *Wenlock Ward:* D. Burton. *Whitmore Ward:* W. G. Sheale. *Kingsland and Haggerston District:* A. Barr. *Haggerston East and Acton District:* F. S. Case.

MAYOR.

Alderman E. T. Pearce, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Eldridge, E. G., 88, Shepherdess-walk, N.
Elsdon, W. C., 40, Marlborough-rd., Dalston.
Francis, T. W., Dowlais Road, Wanstead.
Hunt, T. J., "Hainault House," 237, Hainault Road, Leytonstone, Essex.
Kershaw, H. E., Viewfield, Kenley, Surrey.
Pearce, E. T., 2, Albany, Piccadilly. W.
Timmins, J., 271, Hackney-road, N.E.

COUNCILLORS.

Adams, W. W., 49, Murray-street, N.
Bailey, G. W., 11, Bookham-street, Hoxton, N.
Baker, J. S., 2, Middleton-road, Kingsland, N.E.
Bibby, J. T., "Beechcroft," Colney Hatch, lane, Muswell-hill, N.
Bird, H. B., 211, Hoxton-street, N.
Burnell, T., 3, Darnley-road, Holland-park-avenue, W.
Bye, J., 258, Kingsland-road, N.E.
Cook, T. W., 166, Kingsland-road, N.E.
Darby, R., 44, Cedars-avenue, Walthamstow.
Davies, Dr. J., J.P., 87, Cambridge-gardens, Kensington, W.
Dawes-White, J., 56, Prince George-road, N.
Dixon, T. W., 259, Hackney-road, N.E.
Donovan, W. H., 55, New North-road, N.
Douglas, D. S., 22, Torrington-road, Hithergreen, S.E.
Emmett, H. G., 41, Hoxton-street, N.
Evans, E., 2, Mount Pleasant-lane, Clapton,
Gates, E., J.P., "Ranelagh," 222, Willesden-lane, Brondesbury, N.W.
Girling, W. H., 13, Wimborne-street, Hoxton, N.
Harwood, J. E., "Lyndhurst," Harlesden-road, N.W.
Hodder, A. C., 27, New North-road, N.
Howlett, G. W., 93, Clifton-street, E.C.
King, M., 25, Church-road, Southgate-road.
Knight, E. H., 68, Howes-st., Haggerston.
Knowland, P., 18, Murray-street, New North-road, N.
Lewis, C. G., 123, Kingsland-road, N.
Martin, W. E., 12, Church-road, Southgate-road, N.
Matthews, C. F., 31, Osbaldeston-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Merritt, F., 52, Northbrook-gardens, Ilford.
Moseley, E. H., 62, New North-road, N.
Morton, L., 46, Clarissa-st., Haggerston.
Parkes, W. J., 43, Haberdasher-street, Hoxton, N.
Penney, A. E., 69, New North-road, N.
Porter, S. G., 49, Shrubland-road, Dalston.
Robinson, A. E., 3, Elm-court, Temple, E.C.
Sherratt, H., 5, Bevenden-street, Hoxton.
Smith, J. W., 3, Upton-road, Downham-road, N.
Styman, J., 56, Brunswick-place, City-road.
Such, S. W., 28, Cropley-street, New North-road, N.
Warden, W., 60, Pownall-road, Dalston.
Wheatley, H. W., 64, Buckland-street, New North-road, N.
Wills, Rev. F., M.A., 42-44, Sun-street, E.C.
Wilton, C., 18, Eagle Wharf-road, New North-road, N.

SOUTHWARK.

TOWN HALL: WALWORTH ROAD, S.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, at 6 p.m.)

THE borough is "the area consisting of the parishes of St. George-the-Martyr, Southwark, and Newington, and the district of the St. Saviour's Board of Works" (comprising the parishes of St. Saviour and Christ Church, Southwark). It is coterminous with the Southwark Poor Law Union, but not with Parliamentary divisions. It includes practically the whole of the borough of Newington, with its two divisions of West Newington and Walworth, and part of the borough of Southwark. namely, the West Southwark division (which consists of the parishes of St. Saviour and Christ Church, and two-thirds of St. George-the-Martyr), and part of the Bermondsey division, namely,

the remainder of St. George-the-Martyr.

In size it is among the smaller boroughs, being only **one and four-fifths square miles** in extent; but its **rateable value** is high, £1,305,548.

The borough has been fully occupied at least since 1831. At the beginning of the century it contained 11,151 houses; in 1831 there were 20,226; and in 1896 there were 22,970; a slight decrease on the numbers in 1891 and 1881, which were 24,680 and 25,251 respectively. The **population**, however, during these same years has been increasing continuously. There were 62,669 inhabitants in 1801, 116,006 in 1831, 195,164 in 1881, 202,693 in 1891, 206,582 in 1896, and 206,180 in 1901, which, spread over an area of 1,165 acres, gives a density of 176·9 to the acre. Of this area only 11 acres are open space, made up of thirteen small gardens—thus there is only one acre to every 18,743 persons; and there are no large open spaces near the borough, (except Kennington Park at the south end). There is a great deal of overcrowding: in 1891 22·3 per cent. in Newington, 32·4 per cent. in St. Saviour's district, and 33·6 per cent. of the population of St. George-the-Martyr lived in small tenements crowded more than two to a room.

The **death rate** in 1906 for the whole borough was 17·9 and the birth rate 29·1.

With regard to local services, the Public Libraries and Baths and Wash-houses Acts are in force throughout the borough, while the Burial Acts are in force in the district comprising the parishes of St. Saviour and St. Mary, Newington.

St. Saviour has also a market under the management of the Borough Market trustees, from which about £5,000 per annum is appropriated to the relief of local rates, while Newington possesses the Walworth Common Estate, which produces about £8,000 a year in relief of poor rate.

Newington Vestry alone of the old local authorities had electric lighting powers within the borough, the London, the County of London, and the City of London Companies having powers of supply in the rest of the borough.

The borough council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors. The number of members of local bodies whose powers have been taken over by the borough council was 275.

There are 10 wards, 5 for Newington, 3 for St. George-the-Martyr, and 1 each for Christ Church and St. Saviour.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

(Lavington-street.)

Opened 1895. Open during the summer months from 7 a.m. to 9.30 p.m., and on Sundays from 6.30 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. *Charges:* Private baths, 1*d.* to 6*d.*; swimming baths, 2*d.* to 6*d.*; laundry, 1½*d.* per hour.

(Manor-place, Newington.)

These baths were opened in March, 1898. They cost £65,000, and are amongst the finest in London. *Charges:* First-class baths, 6*d.*; second-class, 2*d.* First-class swimming, 4*d.*; second-class swimming, 2*d.*

Electric Light.

(See Section.)

Free Public Libraries and Museum.

Special features: Open access system, lectures, nights with popular composers, readings to children, juvenile libraries, ladies' rooms, occasional exhibitions. Museum

and reading rooms open on Sundays from 6 to 9 p.m.

Central Library and Cuming Museum.
(Walworth Road, adjoining Town Hall.)

Act adopted 1890. Library opened 1893. The library is open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. 39,065 volumes, of which 18,526 are in the Reference Department. 194,300 volumes issued last year; 4,038 borrowers; average daily attendance, 3,000.

Borough-road (Passmore Edwards) District Library.

Opened in 1899. Library contains 11,580 volumes. Issues last year, 126,224. Attendance in newsroom, about 1,000 per day.

Southwark Bridge-road District Library.

Act adopted in St. Saviour's parish in 1891. Library opened 1894. Contains 16,755 volumes; 41,370 issued last year for home reading. Average week-day attendance, 1,500.

Blackfriars-road District Library.

Opened in 1889. The library contains 6,242 volumes. The total issue for last year was 15,353.

(Old Kent Road.)

A site for a new library at the junction of the Old and New Kent Roads has been presented to the borough by Lord Llangattock and his son (the Hon. J. Rolls); and Mr. Andrew Carnegie has agreed to give the sum of £7,000 for the erection of the necessary building. Various sums have also been promised towards the fitting, furnishing, and books for the library.

Officers.

Town Clerk — J. A. Johnson F.C.I.S., Solicitor.

Borough Treasurer and Accountant—W. E. Houghton, A.S.A.A.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor—Arthur Harrison, M.I.C.E.

Medical Officer of Health—G. Millson, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.

Public Analyst—William Scott Tebb, M.D., F.I.C.

Solicitor (for Prosecutions and Actions in the Courts)—G. C. Topham, 19, Borough High-street.

Chief Librarian and Curator—Richard W. Mould, F.S.A. (Scot.).

Sanitary Inspectors—A. Long, J. Weatheritt, J. E. Rugg, G. Fisher, E. Howes, J. Sweeney, R. H. Goodfellow, P. David, A. A. Grist, F. Jenkinson, T. Fairhurst, J. C. Nicholson.

Women Inspectors—Misses A. Elliott (Chief), M. R. Burrows, H. Blackwell.

Cashier and Collector — F. O. Wright.

Rate-Collectors—R. J. H. Eccles, W. T. P. Montgomery, F. Mackenzie, T. Brown, G. Robertson, J. Beale, H. J. Metcher, E. O. Jones.

MAYOR.

Councillor R. C. Davis.

ALDERMEN.

Boyd, J., 19, Lorrimore-road, Walworth.
Cook, G. H., 65, Rodenhurst-road, Clapham-park, S.W.
Hewett, T. E., 2, St. Agnes-place, Kennington-park, S.E.
Oldfield, Dr. F., 85, Villa-street, Walworth.
Owles, L., 9, Merrick-square, Trinity-street.
Tonsley, A. G., 25, Old Kent-road, S.E.
Vernon, G., "Mayville," 257, Croxted-road, West Dulwich, S.E.
Wellard, L., 9, Bedford-street, Walworth.
Winkley, F. J., 4, Southwark-street, S.E.

COUNCILLORS.

Anderson, F. B., "Dornington," Sandford-road, Bromley.
Anton, G. J., 54, Beresford-street, Walworth.
Attenborough, E. E., 41, Old Kent-road.
Baguley, H., 30, Holland-street, Southwark-street, S.E.
Barker, F. H., 215-221, Borough High-st.
Bellamy, J., 77, Inville-road, Walworth.
Bird, F., 49, Merrow-st., Walworth, S.E.
Bird, W. T., 151, Hither Green-lane, Lewisham, S.E.
Bowers, R. W., 89, Blackfriars-road, S.E.
Brotherhood, T., 27, Park-st., Southwark.
Bunyard, H. R., 92, Walworth-road, S.E.
Cloake, W. J., 81, Union-street, Southwark.
Corder, J. G., 13, Glengall-rd., Old Kent-rd.
Cuthbert, R. S., 11, Southwark Bridge-road.

Davis, R. C., 7, Falmouth-road, S.E.
Dawes, J. R., B.C.L., M.A., J.P., L.C.C., 71, Kennington-park-road, S.E.
Devenny, D., 108, New Kent-road, S.E.
Devereux, J. O., 20, Nelson-square, Blackfriars-road, S.E.
Duck, G., 322, Old Kent-road, S.E.
Edward, A. H., 45, Penrose-st., Walworth.
Field, W. B., 105, Blackfriars-road, S.E.
Gill, T. E., 89, Rodney-street, Walworth.
Green, H., 46, Doddington-grove, Kennington, S.E.
Hall, E. J., 267, Borough High-street, S.E.
Harmer, W., 61, Great Dover-st., S.E.
Haworth, W. H., 14, Berryfield-rd., Walworth, S.E.
Haynes, T., 23, Grosvenor-st., Camberwell-road, S.E.
Horsley, Rev. Canon J. W., M.A., The Rectory, Liverpool-street, Walworth, S.E.
Israel, D., 11, West-square, Southwark, S.E.
Jarvis, H., 29, Trinity-square, S.E.
Jephson, Rev. Canon A. W., M.A., St. John's Vicarage, 18, Larcom-street, S.E.
Jones, J., 507, Old Kent-road, S.E.
Judge, E. M., 8, Great Suffolk-street, S.E.
Kirke, G. W., 91, Falmouth-road, S.E.
Massie, Dr. T., 197, Southwark-bridge-road.
McDonnell, P. M., 238, East-st., Walworth.
Morton, W. J., 64, Camberwell-road, S.E.
Nock, H., 56, West-square, Southwark, S.E.
Norman, E. H., 179, Manor-place, Walworth.
Oehrens, F. T., 5, Hampton House, Hampton-street, Walworth-road, S.E.
Oviatt, N. W., School House, Hatfield-st., Blackfriars, S.E.
Phillips, J. H., 1, Rodney-st., Walworth.
Pickett, T. H., 21, Park-street, Southwark.
Rider, F. P., 181, Union-street, Southwark.
Savage, W., 171-173, Southwark-bridge-rd.
Scriven, J. T., 7, Southwark-bridge-road.
Smith, Dr. F., J.P., 103, East-street, Walworth, S.E.
Somerville, Rev. W. J., B.A., St. George's Rectory, 15, Paragon, New Kent-road.
Such, W. C., 183, Union-street, Borough.
Terry, W., 6, Nelson-square, Blackfriars-rd.
Thomas, M. J., 23, Trinity-street, S.E.
Welch, J., 33, Hatfield-street, Blackfriars.
Westcott, W., 33, Lorrimore-square, Walworth, S.E.
Williams, B. W., 300, Kennington-park-road (Flat 5), S.E.
Williams, W. C., 3, Sutherland-street, Walworth, S.E.
Wills, G. L., 58, Camberwell-road, S.E.
Wilson, A., 13 & 15, Union-st., Borough, S.E.
Youldon, J., 2, Orb-street., Walworth, S.E.
Young, T. G., 33, Nelson-square, Blackfriars-road, S.E.

STEPNEY.

MUNICIPAL OFFICES: 15, GREAT ALIE STREET, E.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, at 4.30 p.m.)

THE borough is "the area consisting of the Hamlet of Mile End Old Town, the Parish of St. George-in-the-East and the districts of the Limehouse and Whitechapel Boards of Works." It includes the rating areas of Mile End Old Town, St. George-in-the-East, Limehouse, Ratcliffe, Shadwell, Wapping, Whitechapel, Norton Folgate, Old Artillery Ground, Christchurch, Middlesex, Mile-end New Town, and St. Botolph (Without), Aldgate, and comprises the whole of the Parliamentary borough of Tower Hamlets, except the Poplar and the Bow and Bromley divisions; the five electoral divisions comprised in the borough being Mile End, Stepney, Limehouse, St. George, and Whitechapel. The Poor Law areas within the borough are Mile End Old Town, St. George-in-the-East, the Stepney Union, and the whole of the Whitechapel Union. But the Whitechapel Union includes the whole of the parish of Whitechapel, whereas the borough excludes that part of the parish in the Portsoken Ward of the City. This anomaly was corrected as from the 26th March, 1901. The Tower of London is within the area of the borough.

The area of the borough is **two and three-quarter square miles**, and is below the average; but the population is 298,600, only two boroughs having a higher population. As a consequence the density of population is very great—over 170 per acre. The borough is unfortunate in having very few open spaces, and these exceedingly small. The churchyard of St. Dunstan's, Stepney, seven acres in extent, is

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the largest, and the total acreage is only 48. There are 6,490 persons to each acre of open space. The **death rate** is high: in 1905 it was 16·9 in Mile End, 15·4 in Whitechapel, 20·3 in Limehouse, and 20·4 in St. George, the average being 17·7.

The **population** is increasing, yet the building area has been filled up for many years, and the expansion of business neighbourhoods has taken up much of the space formerly available for residence. Stated in statistics, the population in 1891 was 285,225, in 1896 it was 295,547, or 10,322 more; the number of inhabited houses in 1891 was 33,866, in 1896 it was 32,445, in 1901 the number had decreased to 31,350. Thus between 1896 and 1901 the population increased by 13,423, while the number of inhabited houses available for the population was 2,516 less. Of this decrease part was no doubt due to the substitution of one block of dwellings for several houses; but business requirements accounted for at least 153 houses, and railway extensions were responsible for others.

The Libraries and Baths and Wash-houses Acts have been adopted throughout the borough. The Borough Council is the undertaker for electric lighting throughout the borough, the area of the Whitechapel District Electric Lighting Order, 1892, having been extended by the provisions of 63 and 64 Vict., ch. ccvii. Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1890, has also been adopted.

The **rateable value** of the borough, according to supplemental lists which came into force on 6th April, 1907, is £1,501,782.

The borough council consists of the Mayor, 10 aldermen and 60 councillors, and superseded local bodies having a membership of nearly 800. There are 19 borough wards.

Baths and Wash-Houses.

The Baths and Washhouses Acts are in force throughout the borough.

WHITECHAPEL.

Private baths were opened in Whitechapel in 1878, and there are also three swimming baths, one of which is reserved for ladies. The 1st and 2nd class men's swimming baths were opened in the year 1886, and the ladies' swimming bath in 1896. The dimensions of the swimming baths are—1st class men's, 100ft. by 33ft.; 2nd class men's, 80ft. by 30ft.; and ladies' bath, 65ft. by 27ft.

The private bathing accommodation now provided consists of 40 first class slipper baths, 31 for men and 9 for women; 78 second class slipper baths: 60 for men and 18 for women.

ST. GEORGE-IN-THE-EAST.

The public baths at St. George-in-the-East were opened in 1888, and as a result of private munificence public wash-houses were added to the baths and opened in 1890. The buildings contain a swimming bath, 73½ft. by 30ft., 13 first class and 19 second class private baths for men, and 5 first class and 6 second class private baths for women.

RATCLIFF.

These baths, which have recently been extended, consist of 13 private baths for women, and 15 private baths for men. The cost of the site was subscribed by private donors, and the cost of the additions has been borne by Mr. F. C. Mills, J.P.

Libraries.

The Public Libraries Acts are in force throughout the borough. All official communications to be addressed to Mr. A. Cawthorne, the Borough Librarian, Stepney Reference Library, Bancroft-road, Mile-end, E.

WHITECHAPEL.

Open weekdays 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.; Sundays, 11.30 a.m. to 10 p.m.; and Bank Holidays, 3 p.m. to 10 p.m. Established 1892. Stock, 25,879 volumes. Daily attendance at the reading rooms 2,764, and on Sundays and Bank Holidays 1,024. Last year's issues 170,521 volumes.

ST. GEORGE-IN-THE-EAST.

Open weekdays 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Established 1898. Stock, 10,184 volumes. Daily attendance at the reading-rooms, 806. Last year's issues, 95,986 volumes.

LIMEHOUSE.

Open weekdays 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Established 1901. Stock, 10,016 volumes. Daily attendance at the reading-rooms, 1,095. Last year's issues, 88,238 volumes.

MILE END.

Open weekdays 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Established 1902. Stock, 17,959 volumes. Daily attendance at the reading-rooms, 1,266. Last year's issues, 93,270 volumes

Museums.

The Borough Museum is located in the Whitechapel Public Library, and is open weekdays, 12 noon to 9 p.m., excepting Saturdays, when it is open from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.; Sundays, and Bank Holidays, 3 p.m. to 9 p.m. Geological, mineralogical, anthropological, ethnological, zoological, and other collections. There is also a branch museum devoted to nature study in the Recreation Ground, St. George's-in-the-East.

Borough Curator.—Miss K. M. Hall. Office, the Museum, Whitechapel Public Library, London, E.

Electric Light.

The Whitechapel Board of Works commenced supply in its area in 1900, and the borough council is now extending the scheme throughout the whole of the borough. Most of the main thoroughfares are electrically lit. (See Electric Light section.)

Housing.

Under the powers of the Housing Acts the borough council has erected the "Edward Mann Dwellings" on an area in the hamlet of Ratcliff, and the "Potter Dwellings" in the parish of Limehouse. Particulars are given in the Housing of the Working Classes section.

Officers.

Town Clerk—George William Clarke, A.K.C., Barrister-at-Law.

Assistant Town Clerk—J. G. Parker.

Borough Engineer — M. W. Jameson, A.M.I.C.E.

Medical Officer of Health—Daniel Lewis Thomas, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H. (London), Barrister-at-Law.

Borough Treasurer and Accountant—Hugh Carter, F.S.A.A.

Assistant Accountant—E. G. Pilkington.

Borough Librarian—A. Cawthorne.

Curator Borough Museums—Miss K. M. Hall, F.L.S.

MAYOR.

Alderman Rowland Hirst, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Barker, W. J., 8, East Pier, Wapping, E.
Brady, G. F., 8, Spital-square, E.
Chidgey, H. T. A., Grove Cottage, George-lane, Wanstead, Essex.
Harris, J., J.P., C.C., 38, Gordon-square, W.C.
Jones, W. H., 28, Old Gravel-lane, St. George's, E.
Kearsey, R. A., 77, Amhurst-park, N.
Musto, J. J., 17, Cottage-grove, E.
Potter, H., 60, 62, Artillery-lane, E.
Warren, G. J., J.P., 20, Rhodeswell-road, E.

COUNCILLORS.

Algar, J., 177, Burdett-road, E.
Anderson, J. T., 59, Newick-road, Clapton, N.E.
Anderson, W. O. C., 15, South Block, Peabody-buildings, Shadwell, E.
Atkinson, S. B., J.P., 4, Ewing-street, E.
Bacon, J. E., 66, Buxton-street, E.
Barber, A., 240, Romford-road, Forest Gate, Essex.

Belcher, W., 220, Cable-street, E.
Berringer, F., 158, Hanbury-street, E.
Birley, M., 2 and 27, Toynbee Hall, 28, Commercial-street, E.
Boiteux, W., "Lichfield," Cranbrook-rd., Ilford, Essex.
Boustred, G. E., 83, Clark-street, E.
Brennan, E., 34, Medland-street, E.
Chappell, J., 15, Mount-st., Whitechapel, E.
Collins, J., 32, Crispin-street, E.
Daniel, W. P. T., 273, Cable-street, E.
Daniels, J., 48, High-street, Shadwell, E.
Davies, O., 185, Commercial-road, E.
Delevante, G. T., 79, Lichfield-road, E.
Dingwall, T. E., 92, Downs Park-road, Clapton, N.E.
Ellis, P., 60, Sutton-street, E.
Evans, T. J., 53, Lyttleton-road, Leyton, Essex.
Friend, B. J., 11, Morgan-street, E.
Garner, A. E., 119, Rhodeswell-road, E.
Gibbs, J., 229-231, Cable-street, E.
Gilder, S., 37, New-road, Whitechapel, E.
Gordon, H. H., L.C.C., 39, Chester-terrace, N.W.
Gould, T., 146, Burdett-road, E.
Gover, C., 1, Sheridan-street, E.
Grimes, C. A., 5, Bridge-street, E.
Groves, W. B., 146, High-st., Shadwell, E.
Hargrave, H. T., 34, White Horse-street, E.
Harper, J. W., 85, Gill-street, E.
Higgins, W., 556, Commercial-road, E.
Hodsell, S. F., "Free School Press," Lambeth-street, E.
Holland, J., 9, Exmouth-street, E.
Hook, J., 47, Leatherdale-street, E.
Jackson, E., Rectory Works, White Horse-lane, E.
Jones, W. E., 3, Fournier-street, E.
Jones, W. H., 63, Cranhurst-road, Cricklewood, N.W.
Kay, H. W., 425, Mile-end-road, E.
Kosky, H., 36, Whitechapel-road, E.
Larnder, G. A., 123, High-st., Wapping, E.
Loftus, J. E., 8, Mile-end-road, E.
Newell, J. E., 21A, Lee-st, Thomas-st., E.
Parry, Rev. E. G., St. Paul's Vicarage, Dock-street, E.
Peterken, H. G., 63, Three Colt-street, E.
Prevost, A. J. H., 176, Mile-end-road, E.
Reidy, J. J., 314, Commercial-road, E.
Reilly, P. J., 268, Cable-street, E.
Robinson, J. H., 91, Globe-road, E.
Scandrett, Rev. J., The Rectory, 57, High-street, Wapping, E.
Schrier, E., 39, Fulbourne-street, E.
Shearmur, G. E., 257, Burdett-road, E.
Smith, G. T., 258, Burdett-road, E.
Stettauer, C., Lynsted Lodge, St. Edmund's-terrace, Regent's-park, N.W.
Valentine, A., 44, Dock-street, E.
Wainwright, Rev. L. S., St. Peter's Clergy House, 65, Old Gravel-lane, E.
White, J., 16, Wellclose-square, E.
Willett, J., 143, Leman-street, E.
Woolf, E., 29, Whitechapel High-street, E.

STOKE NEWINGTON.

TOWN HALL: MILTON ROAD, N.

(Meetings: Third Tuesday in each month, at 7.30 p.m.)

THE borough is "the area consisting of the parish of Stoke Newington and of the urban district of South Hornsey or so much thereof as may be incorporated with the County of London." At the last census the **population** was **51,247.**

South Hornsey detached consisted of two separate islands surrounded by the County of London—the smaller one is a tongue of land consisting of little more than the west side of Albion-road, and containing 71 houses, with a population of 417 persons; the larger one is in the form of two squares, one lying to the north-east of the other, but joined by a short extent of common boundary. The north-east square contains 569 houses and 4,034 inhabitants, while the south-west square contains 545 houses and 5,653 inhabitants; in the latter are situated the offices of the late district council. The remainder of South Hornsey was a wedge-shaped area jutting into the County of London between Stoke Newington and Islington, more than two-thirds of its boundary touching these two parishes and the rest of its boundary being the boundary of Finsbury Park, a London park. South Hornsey was in a peculiarly advantageous situation as regards open spaces, for besides the proximity of Fins-

bury Park, 115 acres in extent, there are within its area 32 acres of Clissold Park, of which the remaining 25 acres are in Stoke Newington. Both of these parks are maintained by the London County Council.

The decision of the Commissioners, which was embodied in Orders in Council, was that the whole of South Hornsey should be incorporated in the County of London.

South Hornsey is part of the Hornsey division of the Parliamentary county of Middlesex; Stoke Newington is part of the North division of the Parliamentary borough of Hackney. The London Government Act provided for the addition of the transferred area to the appropriate county electoral division, and South Hornsey will vote in the London County Council elections as part of the North Division of Hackney; but it specially forbade an alteration of the Parliamentary division, and South Hornsey will still vote in Middlesex for Parliamentary elections.

South Hornsey was transferred from the Edmonton Union to the Hackney Poor Law Union as from the 26th March, 1900. It is added to the Finsbury School Board Electoral Division.

With regard to the general character of the borough, South Hornsey is fully built upon; in Stoke Newington there is still room for a slight increase. The valuation of agricultural land in Stoke Newington is £97; there is no agricultural land in South Hornsey.

The density of population in Stoke Newington is 52 per acre, or without the open spaces, 62½; in South Hornsey it is 74 and 88 per acre respectively. In neither is there any great amount of overcrowding.

The **death rate** in Stoke Newington in 1901 was 13·1.

The **rateable value** for 1906-7 was £352,976. In rateable value and in population the borough is the smallest in London.

Under the Adoptive Acts scheme the Burial, Libraries, and Baths Acts are in force throughout the borough. The Council buys electricity in bulk from the North Metropolitan Electric Power Company and distributes it.

The borough council consists of 5 aldermen and 30 councillors for the 6 wards of the borough. There were 72 members on the old bodies in the parish of Stoke Newington, whose powers have been taken over.

Public Library.

(Church Street.)

The Public Libraries Act was adopted in 1890 and the library opened in 1892, considerably enlarged in 1904 by the munificence of Mr. Andrew Carnegie and Mr. Alderman Wm. Eve. News-rooms open daily on week-days from 9.30 a.m. to 10 p.m. Lending library open on Wednesdays from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; other week-days, 11 a.m. to 9 p.m. Volumes in stock, 23,962. Number of issues, 143,232.

Librarian—G. Preece.

Officers.

Town Clerk—G. Webb.

Borough Accountant—Geo. T. J. Willis.

Borough Medical Officer of Health and Public Analyst—Professor H. R. Kenwood, M.B., L.R.C.P.

Borough Surveyor—W. F. Loveday.

Sanitary Inspectors—D. W. Matthews, H. Cox, and Thos. Topping.

Rate-Collectors—J. D. Hankey, A. W. Barnes, P. Hemingway, Town Hall, Milton-road.

MAYOR.

Alderman William Borrow Trick, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Brough, J. R., 29, Alexandra-villas, Seven-sister's-road.

Eve, W., 195, Albion-road.
Page, J., 52, Clissold-road.
Savery, W. H., 22, Woodberry-down.
Trick, W. B., 66, Queen Elizabeth's-walk.

COUNCILLORS.

Alcock, G. W., 18, Hawksley-road.
Andrews, C. J., 28, Bethune-road.
Beavis, H. I., 13, Woodberry Down.
Blower, T., 64, Milton-road.
Boyd, J. A., 20, Palatine-road.
Broadbridge, G. G., 86, Wilberforce-road.
Carmichael, W. S., 23, Brownswood-park.
Cowles, C. H., 54, Park-lane.
Dee, G. J., 95, Fairholt-road.
Ernst-Champness, A. H., 48, Park-lane.
Hargrave, W. H., 75, Lordship-road.
Hildreth, W. G., 28, Alexandra-road.
Jackson, V. C., 3, Hayling-road.
Moore, T. H. G., 75, Church-street.
Ormond, H. J., 147A-149, High-street.
Ostlere, R., 47, Stoke Newington-road.
Runtz, Sir J. J., 131, Lordship-road.
Sheffield, J. L., 112, Manor-road.
Thatcher, W., 70, Clissold-road.
Turner, H. P., 42, Allerton-road.
White, S., 133, Lordship-road.
Williams, J., 6, Allen-road.
Winckworth, G. B., 1, Alexandra-road.
Wooderson, H., 77, Church-street.
Wright, W. S., 192, Albion-road.
Young, C. V., Hadley Wood.

WANDSWORTH.

COUNCIL HOUSE: EAST HILL, WANDSWORTH.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays, at 4 p.m.)

THE borough is "the district of the Wandsworth Board of Works," consisting of the parishes of Clapham, Putney, Streatham, Tooting Graveney, and Wandsworth; it comprises the whole of the Wandsworth Poor Law Union, with the exception of the parish of Battersea, and it includes the Wandsworth Parliamentary borough, together with part of the Clapham division of the Parliamentary borough of Battersea and Clapham (namely, the parish of Clapham).

The Wandsworth district at the time of the passing of the Act of 1855 contained the parish of Battersea: the area was 18 square miles, the population only 60,000. The district grew rapidly until in 1871 it contained 125,050 inhabitants, which increased by 1881 to 210,434. In 1888, when the population had reached 275,000, Battersea separated from the district and obtained independent local government, leaving the **area** of the district **fourteen and a half square miles.** Consequently at the census of 1891 the population of the new Wandsworth District was only 156,931, which increased in the next five years to 187,264. At the last census the numbers were 232,034. The estimated population in April, 1906, for the purposes of the Equalisation of Rates Act was 296,020. This population is spread over a large area, for the borough is the largest in London, and there is room for a greatly increased population, since at present there is an average of only 32·09 persons to the acre. A density five times as great as this is not an impossible contingency, and a prospective population of one million would not be an absurd estimate of the capacity of the borough of Wandsworth.

The borough is fortunate in having many large open spaces. Tooting Common, Putney Heath, Streatham Common, parts of Wandsworth and Clapham Commons, and Richmond Park are all situated in Wandsworth borough, the total area of open spaces reaching 1,163 acres, or one acre to every 254 inhabitants.

There is very little overcrowding (4·43 per cent.), and the **death rate** is one of the lowest in London (viz., 11·14 per 1,000 in 1906).

The **rateable value** of the borough for 1907 is £2,005,347, of which £4,702 is the valuation of agricultural land.

The Baths, Burials, and Libraries Acts are in force in the whole of the borough.

The powers of supplying electricity within the borough are in the hands of the County of London Company. The refuse disposal is carried out by the council, which has a fine destructor (Messrs. Meldrum Brothers' patent).

The borough council consists of the mayor, 10 aldermen, and 60 councillors, all the councillors retiring every third year. The membership of local bodies which were superseded by the borough council was 450. There are 9 wards—3 for Wandsworth, 2 each for Clapham and Streatham, and 1 each for Putney and Tooting.

Libraries.

(1, North-side, Clapham-common.)

Act adopted July, 1887. Number of volumes, 14,380.

Librarian—J. Reed Welch.

(Disraeli-road, Putney.)

Act adopted March, 1887. Number of volumes, 10,715.

Librarian-in-Charge — W. T. Bradley.

(Streatham: Central Library, Streatham-high-road; Branch Library, Ramsden-road, Balham.)

Act adopted December, 1889.

(Mitcham-road, Tooting.)

Act adopted November, 1901. Number of volumes, 32,884.

Librarian—T. Everatt.

(Wandsworth: Central Library, West-hill; Branch Library, Allfarthing-lane; and Branch for exchange of books, Earlsfield.)

Act adopted July, 1883. Number of volumes, 20,000.

Librarian—Cecil T. Davis.

Baths.

The new baths in High-street, Wandsworth, were opened in July, 1901. They cost £39,800 (including well, tank, &c.).



WANDSWORTH CHAIN AND BADGE.
Manufactured by the Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' Company.

Officers.

Town Clerk—H. G. Hills.

Accountant—C. F. Richards.

Surveyors—Eastern District: H. J. Marten, 215, Balham High-road, S.W. Western District: P. Dodd, 41, High-street, Wandsworth.

Medical Officer of Health — P. Caldwell Smith, M.A., M.D., Huguenot-place, Wandsworth.

Solicitor—W. W. Young.

Public Analyst—J. Muter, 325, Kennington-road.

Offices: Council House, Wandsworth, and (Rating Department) Town Hall, Wandsworth.

MAYOR.

Councillor James Wise, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

Bulcraig, H., Stanley House, 127, Rodenhurst-road, Clapham-park.
Ennis, G., J.P. 18, Dorlcote-rd., Wandsworth
Hewett, W. J., 1, Kirkstall-rd., Streatham.
Hunt, W., J.P., L.C.C., "Hillcrest," Upper Tooting-park.
Kipling, J. G., "Primrose Lodge," King's-avenue, Clapham-park.
Lorden, J. W., 45, Earlsfield-road, Wandsworth.
Parker, J. E., 14, Atney-rd., Putney.
Penfold, W. F., Burwood House, 54, Upper Tooting-rd.
Robinson, M., 79, East-hill, Wandsworth.
Rucker, J. M., J.P., 95, West-hill, Putney.

COUNCILLORS.

Anderson, Rev. J. H., M.A., The Rectory, Tooting.
Baines, T., 5, Thornton-avenue, Streatham-hill.
Bates, W. F., 304, Balham High-road.
Blunt, G., "Magnolia Lawn," Garrads-rd., Streatham.
Buchanan, W. E., "Oriel," Magdalen-road, Wandsworth.
Bulstrode, F., "Down Lodge," Merton-road, Southfields.
Campbell, Rear-Adm. H. J. F., C.B., "Beech Lodge," Park-side, Wimbledon-common.
Carter, J. E. V., 118, Putney-bridge-road.
Clark, S. P., 36, Merton-road, Wandsworth.
Comins, T. E., "Croxteth," 1, Rodenhurst-road, Clapham-park.
Cooke, V. C., 1, Deauville-mansions, Deauville-road, Clapham.
Couzens, E., 47, Allfarthing-lane, Wandsworth-common.
Cresswell, S., "Viewfield," Viewfield-road, Wandsworth.
Cundall, J. W., 3, Orlando-road, Clapham.
Danielli, G. F., 10, Colinette-road, Putney.
Dawnay, A. D., 4, Cedars-road, Clapham.
Downer, H. G., 39, Elms-road, Clapham.
Eastwood, H. P., 155, Clapham-park-road.
Eaton, F., 12, Earlsfield-road, Wandsworth.
Fletcher, F., 60, Elmsleigh-road, East-hill, Wandsworth.
Garrett, J., jun., 85, Balham-hill, Balham.
Harrison, W. J., 17, Patten-rd., Wandsworth-common.
Hickman, E. H., 24, Veronica-rd., Balham.
Hobbs, E., 11, Kirkstall-road, Streatham-hill.
Hoile, E. C., 24, Egliston-road, Putney.
Jackson, D., 29, Carlton-road, Putney.
Laceby, C., 2, Greyhound-lane, Streatham.
Lance, Lieut.-Gen. F., C.B., The Laurels, Alton-road, Roehampton.
Law, W. E., 1, Offerton-road, Clapham.
Lidiard, J., "Guildford House," 4, Elms-road, Clapham.
Lindsey, J., 105, High-street, Putney.
Lucas, F. W., 169, Trinity-road, Upper Tooting.
Mason, A. E., "Wentworth House," 2, Killieser-avenue, Streatham-hill.
Mathias, A. W., 12, Gwendolen-av., Putney.
Mellhuish, W. P., 22, Totterdown-street, Tooting.
Monday, W. H., 40, Albion-road, Clapham.
Munt, E., 6, Spencer-park, Wandsworth-common.
Ninnis, B., "Brockenhurst," 50, Aldrington-road, Streatham.
Nutting, J., "Fairlawn," 17, Temperley-road, Balham.
Palmer, E., 20, West-hill-road, Wandsworth.
Pasfield, S. G., 34, Kingscliffe-gardens, Southfields.
Phillips, R., 64, Culverden-road, Balham.
Radford, J. C., "Cranleigh," Howards-lane, Putney.
Richardson, W. S., 148, Abbeville-road, Clapham.
Roberts, J. A., 42, Ritherdon-road, Balham.
Robertson, T. A., 43, Abbeville-road, Clapham.
Robinson, A. D., 21, Streatham High-road, Streatham.
Robinson, J. A., 8, Westover-road, Wandsworth.
Rogers, C., 288, Balham High-rd., Balham.
Shillington, D. F., 31, Spencer-park, Wandsworth-common.
Simmons, J., 647, Wandsworth-road.
Swain, C. H., "Fernlea," 7, Pretoria-road, Streatham.
Taylor, J. V. E., 84, North Side, Wandsworth-common.
Turnbull, J. O., 18, St. Nicholas-road, Upper Tooting.
Walker, J., "Maryfield," 19, St. Johns-road, Putney.
Wallis, A. J., 26, Balham-park-road.
Welton, T. A., "Ixworth Court," 22, Palace-road, Streatham.
Wise, J., 20, Earlsfield-road, Wandsworth.
Yeowell, G., 44, Poynder's-road, Clapham-park.
Young, T., "Clovelly," 36, Union-road, Clapham.

WESTMINSTER CITY.

CITY HALL: CHARING CROSS ROAD, W.C.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 3 o'clock.)

THE city is the "area of the ancient Parliamentary borough of Westminster, comprising the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John Westminster, the parish of St. George Hanover Square, the parish

BENSON'S EVERLASTING 'IMPERIAL' PLATE

SPOONS, FORKS, & CUTLERY IN CASES.



No. 7358. **THE "COTTAGE" CANTEEN.** SOLID OAK CASE, with Lift-out Tray, containing 62 articles of Best A Quality "Imperial" Plate and Cutlery. Service for 6 persons. **£8 . 10.**

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Amethysts & Diamonds, **£9 9s.**



Amethyst, Diamond Points, **£6 6s.**



Brilliants, **£4 4s.**



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Brilliants, **£12**



Brilliants & Rubies, **£13**

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Mention London Manual.



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62 & 64, LUDGATE HILL, E.C.

of St. James Westminster, the parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, and the district of the Strand Board of Works, and including the Close of the collegiate church of "St. Peter Westminster." The Strand district comprises the Liberty of the Rolls, the parishes of St. Anne, Soho, St. Clement Danes, St. Paul Covent Garden, and St. Mary-le-Strand, and the Royal precinct of the Savoy. The city council is the successor of the ancient Court of Burgesses, commonly called the Corporation of Westminster, established in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, under the auspices of Lord Burleigh, the first Lord High-Steward, and the title of City was granted by Royal Charter of Queen Victoria in the last year of her reign. The city comprises three Poor Law areas, St. George's Union, Westminster Union, and the Strand Union. It includes the three Parliamentary boroughs of St. George's Hanover Square, Westminster, and the Strand. The **area** is nearly **four square miles** (2,502·7 statute acres), the **rateable value** £6,043,785, and the **population** 183,011. The population is decreasing: in 1861 it was at its highest, 257,232, nearly 64,000 more than it became thirty-five years later.

The city contains the finest parks in London—Hyde Park, Kensington Gardens, Green Park, and St. James's Park, as well as the Thames Embankment and Gardens. In all, the area of open spaces is 723 acres, 28 per cent. of the whole city. The city also contains most of the Government and official buildings. Buckingham and St. James's Palaces, the Houses of Parliament, the Whitehall and Pall Mall offices; the South Kensington Museum, as well as practically the whole of fashionable town, are within the city of Westminster; but parts contain much poverty. The **death rate** for the city was, in 1901, 15·6 per 1,000 persons, in 1902 16·0 per 1,000, in 1903 13·5, in 1904 13·4, in 1905 13·3, and in 1906 12·8 per 1,000.

The city council found, on coming into office, that the various districts differed considerably in municipal services: St. Margaret and St. John and St. George Hanover Square had adopted the three optional Acts; St. Martin had baths and libraries, St. James had baths, but in the Strand district, with the exception of the Burial Acts in St. Anne's and Library Acts in St. Paul's, none of the Acts had been adopted. The Adoptive Acts have been adopted for the whole of the city, whilst two schemes have been carried out under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts. St. Margaret and St. Martin had town halls. The latter has been reconstructed, and is now the permanent headquarters of the council. Financially, too, the districts showed great variation—the rates in St. James were consistently below 5*s.*, in other parishes they were above 6*s.*; the debt of St. James was 97¼ per cent. of its rateable value, the debt of St. Margaret was 110¼ per cent, and of St. Martin 117 per cent. The rates in the £ for 31st March, 1906, to 31st March, 1907, were as follows: St. George, 6*s.* 8*d.*; St. Margaret and St. John, 6*s.* 9*d.*; St. Peter, 6*s.* 5*d.*; St. James, 6*s.* 6*d.*; St. Anne, 6*s.* 7*d.*; St. Martin, 6*s.* 10*d.*; St. Clement Danes, 6*s.* 8*d.*; St. Paul, 6*s.* 7*d.*; St. Mary-le-Strand, 6*s.*; the Rolls, 7*s.* 1*d.*; the Savoy, 7*s.* 6*d.*

The electric lighting is in the hands of companies—viz., the London, the Westminster, the St. James and Pall Mall, the Kensington and Knightsbridge, the Charing Cross and Strand, and the Metropolitan.

A Horsfall Dust Destructor is in operation.

The city council consists of 10 aldermen and 60 councillors. There are 14 wards.

The city council has appointed the following standing committees: Finance Committee, General Purposes Committee, Works Committee, Highways Committee, Valuation Committee, Assessment Committee, Public Health Committee, Improvements Committee, Baths and Wash-Houses Committee. Public Libraries Committee, Housing Committee, Law and Parliamentary Committee, Watch Committee.

Public Baths and Wash-Houses.

The old vestries now comprised in the City of Westminster were among the first to establish baths and wash-houses. The city council now has five establishments:—(1) Buckingham Palace-road (erected in 1889-90), and (2) Davies-street, Berkeley-square (erected in 1852). (3) Great Smith-street (erected in 1893). (4) Marshall-street (erected in 1851). (5) Orange-street, Leicester-square (erected in 1846-7). *General Superintendent*—Mr. C. Newman. The baths are open in November, December, January, February, and March from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., and in April, May, June, July, August, September, and October from 7 a.m. to 9 p.m. The following are the charges:—*Swimming Baths*—Gentlemen, 1st class, 6d., 2nd class, 2d.; ladies, 6d.; children, 3d. Clubs, 1st class, 4d., 2nd class, 2d. *Private Baths*—Men and women, 1st class warm, 6d., ditto cold 3d.; second class warm 2d., ditto cold 1d.; children 3d.; shower 3d. *Laundries*—First four hours, 1½d. per hour; every subsequent hour, 6d. per hour.

Public Libraries.

Westminster was the first London district to adopt (19th May, 1856) the Free Public Libraries Act of 1855. The following are the present establishments in the City:—

Buckingham Palace-road—Reference library, 12,150 vols.; lending library, 20,500 vols. *South Audley-street*—Reference library, 1,700 vols.; lending library, 12,200 vols.

Great Smith-street—Reference library, 6,400 vols.; lending library, 20,000 vols. *Trevor-square*—Lending library, 5,500.

St. Martin's-lane—Reference library, 20,000 vols.; lending library, 12,500 vols.

The reading rooms are open to the public every day (except Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Bank Holidays) from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. The reference departments (except that at the Public Library in South Audley-street, which is closed at 9 p.m.) and the magazine rooms are open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. on weekdays, and Buckingham Palace-road and St. Martin's-lane Libraries are open on Sunday evenings from 6 to 9.30 p.m. from 1st October to 31st March, unless closed by order of the Public Libraries Committee, and the lending libraries are open for the issue and receipt of books every day except Wednesdays, Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Bank Holidays, from 10 a.m. till 9 p.m. On Wednesdays the lending libraries are open from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Chief Librarian—F. Pacy.

Housing.

A large scheme has been carried out by the city council under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts. A site was acquired in Regency-street, and three blocks of dwellings, which contain 344

tenements, have been erected. A further scheme has been carried out in Marshall-street, Golden-square, and one block of dwellings containing 20 tenements has been erected.

Officers.

Town Clerk—John Hunt, Barrister-at-Law.

Assistant Town Clerk—T. H. Munsey.

City Comptroller—Lister Woodhouse, A.C.A.

City Engineer—J. W. Bradley, M.I.C.E.

Valuation Surveyor—J. W. Marsh.

Medical Officer of Health—F. J. Allan, M.D., D.P.H., F.R.S.E.

MAYOR.

Councillor George William Tallents, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

†Antrobus, R. C., J.P., 3, Wilton-st., S.W.
*Berkeley, G. A., 72, Belgrave-road., S.W.
†Cheylesmore, Major-Gen. Lord, C.V.O., J.P., 16, Prince's Gate, S.W.
*Coleman, G., "Fernlea," New Park-road.
*Egerton, Hon. A. de T., 9, Seamore-place, Mayfair, W.
*Emden, T. W, L., J.P., 2, Lancaster-place, Strand, W.C.
*Everitt, W., 3, Lower Belgrave-st., S.W.
†Probyn, Lieut.-Col. C. J.P., L.C.C., 55, Grosvenor-street, W.
†Spencer-Smith, C., 51, Palace-street, S.W.
†Walden, R. W., "Bella Vista," Upper Warlingham, Surrey.

* Retire in 1909. † Retire in 1912.

COUNCILLORS.

Abady, J., 16, Nassington-road, Hampstead-heath, N.W.
Barnes, F., 1, Charles-street, Knightsbridge, S.W.
Barton, W., 12, Iddesleigh-mansions.
Batten, J. H., "Moorlands," Horsell, Woking.
Bayley, F. C., 34, Strand, W.C.
Bennett, J. F. C., 58, Ashley-gardens, S.W.
Bingham, F. H., 46, Dulwich-road, S.E.
Bradford, H. W., J.P., 86, Eccleston-square.
Brown-Martin, J., 28, Victoria-street, S.W.
Catterall, J. L., 270, Vauxhall-bridge-road.
Cocks, E. L. S., 47, Wilton-crescent, S.W.
Conway, P., 9, Vincent-square-mansions.
Cook, C. H., 162, Cromwell-road, S.W.
Courtney, W. D., 34, Great Chapel-street.
Cox, G., 264, Strand, W.C.
Cox, H., 64, Eaton-square, S.W.
Crake, W. C., 395 and 397, Oxford-street.
Cribb, C. L., 38, Soho-square, W.
Davis, W. S. E., 34, Regent's-park-rd., N.W.
Dawson-Green, H., 109, Eaton-square, S.W.
Dennis, J. W., 26, James-street, Covent Garden, W.C.
Doneraile, The Right Hon. The Viscount, 91, Victoria-street, S.W.
Draper, H., 49, Belgrave-road, S.W.
Dutch, H., M.D., 8, Berkeley-street, W.
Frost, R., 68-70, Wardour-street, W.
Gatti, J. M., 4, Cambridge Gate, Regent's-park, N.W.
Gluckstein, S., 199, Piccadilly, W.
Goldsmith, F. B. H., L.C.C., 14, South-street, Mayfair.
Granville-Smith, R. W., J.P., L.C.C., 27, Ashley-place, S.W.
Gray, H., 26, Buckingham Palace-road.
Greenwood, H. J., L.C.C., 26, Buckingham-gate-mansions, 31, Buckingham-gate.
Griffith, Godfrey de G., Eaton Chambers, 50, Buckingham Palace-road.
Hall, L. D., D.L., J.P., 15, Grosvenor-place.
Hexamer, J., 160, Ebury-street.
Hill, R. C., 65, Poland-street, W.
Hillersdon, Rev. F. H., M.A., 20, Tavitonstreet, Gordon-square, W.C.
Hobart, Col. G. B. B., D.L., J.P., 1, Hobart-place, S.W.
Horne, W. E., 33, Albert-hall-mansions, S.W.
Humphreys, Col. J. C., "Homestead Place," Cuckfield, Sussex.
James, Lieut.-Col. W. H., J.P., 7, Lowndes-st.
Jessel, Capt. H. M., J.P., 50, Mount-st., W.
Jones, E. S., 19, St. Stephen's-square, Bayswater, W.
Lawrence, G. W., 29, York-terrace, Regent's park, N.W.
Lyon, H. T., 34, St. James'-street, S.W.
Offer, A. J., 81, Elizabeth-street, Eaton-square, S.W.
Payne, W., 55A, Pall Mall, S.W.
Phillips, W. L., 134, Sutherland-avenue, W.
Pilditch, P. E., 2, Pall Mall East, S.W.
Simmer, P. R. O. A., 137, Victoria-st., S.W.
Smith, G. W., 55, St. George's-sq., S.W.
Spicer, G. B., 12, Bloomfield-terrace, S.W.
Tallents, G. W., 49, Warwick-square, S.W.
Tozer, H., "Brookdene," Ravensbourne-park, Catford.
Twining, H. H., 222, Strand, W.C.
Van Raalte, E., 2, Glasshouse-street, W.
Vere, the The Very Rev. Canon L. G., 21A, Soho-square, W.
Wall, T., Worcester-road, Sutton.
Wallis, J. P., 359, Oxford-street, W.
Watts, E. H., Coburg Hotel, W.
Wilson, H., 5, Little Newport-street, Leicester-square, W.C.

WOOLWICH.

TOWN HALL: WELLINGTON STREET.

(Meetings : Every third Thursday, at 7 p.m.)

THE metropolitan borough is "the area of the Parliamentary borough of Woolwich." It comprises three parishes, Woolwich, Plumstead, and Eltham. As regards Poor Law administration, Woolwich and Plumstead are two of the four parishes in the Woolwich Union, while Eltham is one of the three parishes in the Lewisham Union. The former local government administration was in the hands of the Woolwich Local Board, the Plumstead Vestry, and the Lee District Board (for Eltham). The Woolwich local board was unique in being the only Local Board of Health in the kingdom. Constituted a Local Board by an order under the Public Health Act, 1848, Woolwich was incorporated in the Metropolis Management Act of 1855, not as a vestry in Schedule A, but as a local Board, and as such it had powers beyond those possessed by vestries—it administered the Burial Acts itself, it managed a local market, and contributed to the Woolwich Polytechnic under the Technical Instruction Acts, and so on. In 1894 all the other local boards in the kingdom became district councils, and Woolwich was left alone. Now it is included in a metropolitan borough. Plumstead, also, was a parish which had some claims on autonomy; by a special Act passed in 1893—along with Hackney and Stoke Newington—it obtained separation from a district in Schedule B and constitution as an independent parish in Schedule A. In size Woolwich borough takes the second place among the boroughs, being no less than **13 square miles** in extent, more than twenty times as big as the smallest borough. Of its 8,986 acres 355 are open space, including 100 acres on Plumstead Common 133 acres in Bostal Heath and Woods, 50 acres on Eltham Common and Green, and 55 acres of Woolwich Common.

The **population** in 1891 was 98,966, in 1896 it was 106,477, and in 1901 117,178, now estimated at 125,885. The borough is still only thinly inhabited, the average being 15 persons per acre. There is thus room for a greatly increased population; with a density of population equal to that of Battersea or Lambeth, Woolwich would have 625,000 inhabitants; with the density of Chelsea it would have a million.

There is little overcrowding in the borough: in Woolwich there was 14·5 per cent. in 1891, aud in the Plumstead and Lee district only 6·4 per cent. The **death rate** in Woolwich last year was 15·5, in Plumstead, 12·3, and in Eltham 10·0, an average of 13·1 for the whole borough.

The **rateable value** for 1901-2 was £645,032, of which £5,613 was the value of agricultural land, and for 1904-5 £740,470, and for 1905-6 £782,901.

With regard to optional services the borough is advanced, both Woolwich and Plumstead having adopted the Baths, Libraries, and Burial Acts, and Eltham the Baths and Libraries Acts.

The electric lighting powers are under municipal control throughout the borough, the council having bought out the Woolwich and the Blackheath and Greenwich Companies. (See section on Electric Light.) The council also has

a splendid refuse destructor (12 cells, on Messrs. Meldrum Bros.' designs) for burning the refuse of the borough.

The borough council consists of 6 aldermen and 36 councillors, the membership of local bodies superseded being 182. There are 11 wards.

Public Baths.

Public baths were erected at Woolwich in 1894 at a cost of £25,000, and at Plumstead, baths estimated to cost £40,000 are nearing completion.

Public Libraries.

The Public Libraries Act has been adopted throughout the borough. At Woolwich the buildings were opened on the 8th November, 1901, at Plumstead the library was opened in 1905, and at Eltham a branch library, erected by direct labour, was opened in October, 1906. Mr. Carnegie has presented £15,000 to the borough for library purposes.

Cemeteries.

The council owns two cemeteries —at Woolwich and Plumstead respectively.

Markets.

The council owns a municipal market at Woolwich, which yields a profit of about £600 a-year, and has obtained Parliamentary powers for the extension of the Woolwich market rights to the remainder of the borough.

Technical Education.

The sum of £500 is contributed by Woolwich parish annually to the Woolwich Polytechnic for the purposes of technical education.

Electric Light.

A Provisional Order for the whole of the borough is in force. Mains are laid, and a station and plant, which cost £81,000, was erected at Plumstead. The Council has an electric light station in the parish of Woolwich, and three substations have been erected by direct labour.

Housing.

Part III. of the Housing of the Working Classes Act has been adopted by the borough council, and a block of 25 dwellings has been erected on land belonging to the council at North Woolwich.

Milk Depot.

The Council has recently opened a milk depot for the sale of sterilised milk for infants under two years of age, under the control of the Medical Officer of Health, Miss Petty having been appointed manageress.

Officers.

TOWN CLERK'S DEPARTMENT.

Town Clerk and Solicitor — Arthur B. Bryceson. *Assistant Town Clerk* — Frederick Fernihough. *Legal Assistant* — D. Ll. Griffiths. *Clerk to Baths, Markets, and Cemeteries Committee*—J. W. Eccles. *Clerk to Rating and Valuation Committee* — J. A. Arnold. *Clerks* — H. W. Tansley, G. K. Harris, A. M. Colban, W. H. Davis, H. Eley, E. H. Austin, H. T. Clark, T. B. Williams, P. May, H. Cooke, and W. R. Pankhurst.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

Borough Treasurer—A. Thomas. *Assistant Borough Treasurer* — J. Gronow, A.S.A.A. *Cashier* — M. J. Mackay. *Chief Book-keeper* — H. T. Goldsworthy. *Clerks* — J. D. Munro, W. G. Watson, C. E. Napper, E. H. Cage, B. H. Chamberlain, R. J. Evans, J. H. Edmonds, A. F. Hill, C. H. Jolley, A. J. Dobson, K. Anderson, H. H. Morgan, C. A. Randall, W. E. Smith, E. Riding, A. G. Brazier, E. V. Hancock.

ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR'S DEPARTMENT.

Borough Engineer and Surveyor—J. R. Dixon, A.M.I.C.E. *Chief Assistant Engineer and Surveyor*—R. E. Waldram. *Assistant Engineer and Surveyor*—R. Findlay. *Surveyor's Assistants*—T. Mundy, W. T. Schlund, P. E. Weeks, F. Dike, W. H. Butler, and T. J. Miller. *Drainage Assistants*—A. N. Hudswell and E. Hall. *Chief Architectural Assistant*—H. W. Horswill. *Temporary Architectural Assistants*—H. H. Golding and C. Oldrey. *Chief Clerk*—A. Batchelor. *Works Committee Clerk*—P. J. Killick. *Clerks* H. Fletcher, G. D. Roe, J. Skipper, W. Grayson, A. C. Martyn, F. Smith, H. Smith, F. J. Maude, and A. Harris.

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT.

Acting Electrical Engineer—G. W. Keats. *Commercial Assistant*—T. W. Ellis. *Draughtsman*—C. E. Trayte. *Distribution Engineer*—S. H. Penning. *Charge Engineers*—F. H. Edwards, J. W. Speight, H. H. Clare, C. G. Eley, and T. W. Bunce. *Canvasser*—S. P. Ives. *Chief Clerk and Clerk to Electricity Committee*—F. Kershaw. *Clerks*—J. W. Giles, Miss A. E. Redwood, Miss L. Miles, R. H. Vickers, and G. R. Smith.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health—Dr. S. Davies. *Borough Analyst*—Prof. W. R. Smith. *Chief Sanitary Inspector*—A. G. Duck. *Sanitary Inspectors*—W. Woolley, J. W. Rance, W. Little, W. Wood, A. G. Potter, W. Tedham, F. Powell, Miss A. M. Middlebrooke, and Miss M. Fitzgerald. *Committee Clerk*—C. Ellis. *Clerks*—A. Britter, G. H. Triggs, and H. M. Collyer.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

Borough Librarian—E. A. Baker, M.A. *Librarians-in-Charge*—W. G. Chambers, P. C. Bursill, and E. Luke. *Assistants*—W. H. Parker, W. H. Shawcross, V. Usherwood, C. P. Jackson, E. Terry, J. H. Wale, A. D. Carlisle, A. S. Lockyear, C. T. Hughes, E. Bishop, A. Kidd, and C. H. Bird.

BATHS AND MARKETS.

Superintendent of Woolwich Baths—W. Frost. *Matron*—Mrs. C. Frost. *Market Inspector and Market Toll Collector*—A. Allen.

CEMETERIES.

Superintendent of Woolwich Cemetery—W. Horner. *Superintendent of Plumstead Cemetery*—G. E. Ismay.

MAYOR.

Councillor William James Squires, J.P.

ALDERMEN.

*Broughton, J., 10, Whitworth-road, Plumstead.
†Cuff, S. H., "Elmslie," Court-rd., Eltham.
†Hughes, Col. E. T., C.B., 239, Burrage-road, Plumstead.
*Macnamara, T., 42, Wilmount-street, Woolwich.
†Messent, J. J., 5, Thomas-st., Woolwich.
*Tydemouth, A. M., 25, Greenvale-road Eltham.

* Retire in 1909. † Retire in 1912.

COUNCILLORS.

Berry, H., 7, Paget-terrace, Plumstead.
Bull, W. J., 280, Plumstead-common-road, Plumstead.
Campbell, R., 68, Federation-road, Plumstead.
Chambers, F., 33, McLeod-road, Plumstead.
Dawson, W. H., 187, Eglinton-road, Plumstead.
Fennell, E. T., 5 and 6, Church-street, Woolwich.
Francis, W. J., 4 and 5, Green's-end, Woolwich.
Hall, A., 98, Vicarage-road, Plumstead.
Harper, J., 18, St. Margaret's-road, Plumstead.
Hodgin, J. H., 45, Thomas-st., Woolwich.
Horne, J., 4, Greenholm-road, Eltham.
Illidge, J., 36, Federation-road, Plumstead

Ingram, Dr. T. A., 160, Herbert-road, Plumstead.
Ingram, W. B., 94, High-street, East Ham.
Jackson, W. P., 7, Woolwich-common, Woolwich.
Jones, Rev. L. J., "Broomhill," Shrewsbury-lane, Plumstead.
Mahony, J. J., 67, Beresford-st., Woolwich.
Mitchell, H. R., Sales' Wharf, Globe-lane, Woolwich.
Moors, T. N., 56, Vernham-rd., Plumstead.
Mutimer, M., 53, Wrottesley-rd., Plumstead.
Newman, J., 75, Heavitree-rd., Plumstead.
Pitt, Major J., 179, Eglinton-road, Plumstead.
Raven, W., 72, Samuel-street, Woolwich.
Ross, W. H., 6, Cantwell-road, Plumstead.
Sheppard, J. T., 6, Burwash-road, Plumstead.
Somers, D. K., 233, Eglinton-road, Plumstead.
Squires, W. J., J.P., 95 & 96, Wellington, street, Woolwich.
Syer, H. S., 45, Plumstead-common-road Plumstead.
Turnbull, J. A., 37, Kashgar-road, Plumstead.
Turner, W., 306, Plumstead-common-road, Plumstead.
Wakelen, R. B. B., 79, Greenvale-road, Eltham.
Wale, R. R., 20, McLeod-road, Plumstead.
Walters, R. A. M., 16, Craigton-rd., Eltham
Widger, J. O., 113, Chesnut-rd., Plumstead.
Wilson, A., 20A, McLeod-road, Plumstead.
Woodford, W., 15, Nightingale - place, Woolwich.

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Poor Law London.

POOR LAW administration in London is carried on by thirty-one boards of guardians, four boards of managers of school districts, and two boards of managers of sick asylum districts. These boards of managers are practically joint committees representing two or more boards of guardians, but they enjoy a separate constitution. The Metropolitan Asylums Board is also a Poor Law body, though its institutions are used for many non-pauper cases.

During the half-year ended Lady Day, 1906, the actual amount expended on poor relief was higher than in any previous half-year, and in relation to population the rate per head was higher than in the nine half-years since Lady Day, 1897. During this period the expenditure on in-maintenance has increased by 40 per cent. Out-door relief was 38 per cent. higher in 1906 than in 1899.

For the parochial year 1881-2 the mean number of indoor paupers in the metropolis was 51,136, or 13·4 per 1,000 of the population; for 1905-6 it was 76,875, or 16·4 per 1,000. The number of outdoor paupers (excluding casual paupers and insane) was 41,072, or 10·8 per 1,000, in 1881-2, and 49,036, or 10·5 per 1,000, in 1905-6. In twenty of the intervening years the rate was less than 10 per 1,000.

In the following table, relating to the cost of in-maintenance and out-door relief, the figures as regards London and the rest of England and Wales are shown side by side in respect of the half-year ended Lady Day, 1906. It should be noted that the expenditure on in-maintenance in workhouses and in other establishments under the control of Poor Law guardians comprises all the expenses incurred in and about the maintenance, treatment, and relief of the paupers and patients, exclusive of the cost of repairs and furniture, and of the salaries and other remuneration, rations, and superannuation allowances of the officers and servants, but inclusive of charges for apprentice fees, outfits, burials, and the necessary expenses incurred in warming, cleansing, and lighting the workhouses and other establishments, and otherwise keeping them fit for daily use.

As regards the establishments not under the control of guardians of the poor, the expenditure shown in the returns represents the full cost of the maintenance of the paupers with which the guardians are charged.

The expenditure on out-door relief comprises the charges for all out-relief, whether afforded in money or in kind, and other expenses incurred with respect to paupers not relieved in workhouses or other institutions, exclusive of the salaries of officers and the cost of relief stations.

Class of Relief.	Expenditure in Unions and Parishes.		Total.
	In London.	Outside London.	
I.—In-maintenance:	£	£	£
In establishments under the control of Guardians of the Poor:—			
Workhouses,* exclusive of casual wards...	242,738	993,205	1,407,882
Infirmaries or sick asylums	171,939		
Casual wards†	4,772	19,782	24,554
Separate or district schools (82 Unions) ...	49,108	24,899	74,007
Cottage, scattered, and small homes for children (160 Unions)*	26,423	55,536	81,958
Homes for aged poor (7 Unions)	5,055	2,420	7,475
Institutions belonging to the managers of the Metropolitan Asylum District, other than fever and small-pox hospitals:—			
Imbecile asylums	30,612	—	30,612
Training Ship	2,140	2,235	4,375
Other institutions	66,477	1,439	67,916
Other establishments	1,340	2,919	4,259
In establishments not under the control of Guardians of the Poor:—			
Institutions for blind, deaf and dumb, epileptics, idiots, &c.	4,911	15,343	20,254
Hospitals and Convalescent Homes for the sick	8,631	12,585	21,216
Training Ship	5	2,737	2,742
Training and Industrial Homes and Schools not included under previous headings ...	29,562	37,681	66,243
Other Institutions	—	327	327
Total	£642,713	£1,171,107	£1,813,820
II.—Out-door relief:			
Other than that of children boarded out and casual paupers:—			
In money	117,109	1,320,140	1,437,249
In kind	28,682	98,454	127,136
To children boarded out (512 Unions):—			
Within the Union	—	35,646	35,646
Beyond the Union	5,274	7,142	12,416
Relief of casual paupers otherwise than in workhouses or casual wards (78 Unions)	—	920	920
Relief by way of meals to underfed school children (31 unions)	1	1,419	1,420
Total	£151,066	£1,463,721	£1,614,787
GRAND TOTAL	£793,779	£2,634,828	£3,428,607

* In a very few cases the expenditure on in-maintenance in homes for children and aged poor is included in the amounts shown in respect of Workhouses.

† In the majority of cases the expenditure on the maintenance of persons relieved in casual wards in unions and parishes outside London is approximate, and in some cases it is also stated that only the cost of provisions supplied is included in the sum entered under this head.

The total Poor Law expenditure in London for the half-year ended in March, 1906, was £1,999,893, allocated as follows:—In-maintenance, £642,713; out-door relief, £151,066; maintenance of lunatics in county

asylums, registered hospitals, &c., £272,996; salaries, &c., and superannuation allowances of union officers and servants, *£428,946; loan charges (principal repaid and interest), †£235,955; other expenditure connected with relief, ‡£268,217.

METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD.

OFFICE: EMBANKMENT, E.C.

THE Metropolitan Asylums Board is a central authority created by the Metropolitan Poor Act of 1867, to provide accommodation for the infectious sick and the harmless insane. There are 73 managers, 55 of whom are elected by the boards of guardians from among their members as a rule, and 18 are nominated by the Local Government Board. Before the Board was established there was no suitable provision for the poor who were stricken with fever or small-pox, or for the imbecile; they were kept in workhouses, or in workhouse infirmaries. The nature and scope of the work entrusted to the Asylums Board has greatly expanded, and it now owns and manages twelve fever hospitals (including two convalescent hospitals), with accommodation for over 6,400 patients, five imbecile asylums with accommodation for about 6,800 patients, including a school where imbecile children are taught as far as their limited intellects will permit, and three hospitals (including temporary buildings) at Dartford for the treatment of about 2,040 small-pox cases. The Board maintains an ambulance service for the whole of London. Besides being a hospital and asylum authority, the Board maintains a training ship, the *Exmouth*, where 600 boys from workhouses are educated and trained for the Navy, the mercantile marine, and the Army; and homes and schools for certain classes of Poor Law children, to wit — (*a*) those suffering from ophthalmia or other contagious diseases of the eye; (*b*) those suffering from contagious diseases of the skin or scalp; (*c*) those requiring either special treatment during convalescence, or the benefit of seaside air; (*d*) those who by reason of defect of intellect or physical infirmity cannot properly be trained in association with children in ordinary schools—this class remaining till they are 21 years old; (*e*) those who are ordered by two justices or a magistrate to be taken under the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, or by the Youthful Offenders Act, 1901, to a workhouse or an asylum of the district. To further indicate the magnitude of the work which devolves upon the asylum managers, it may be mentioned that the board and its various committees held 251 meetings during last year, at which 4,602 attendances were made, in addition to 5,207 attendances at meetings of sub-committees and visits to institutions.

Since 1890 the Board has had to provide hospital accommodation for other than pauper patients, as fever can be more effectively treated in a hospital than in a patient's house. Diphtheria cases were first admitted into the Board's hospitals in 1888.

The Board's revenue expenditure

* Excluding registrars of births and deaths, vaccination officers, clerks to assessment committees and parochial officers.

† In respect of all loans other than those raised under the Union Assessment Acts.

‡ Comprising, *inter alia*, expenditure on furniture, buildings, and repairs; certain establishment charges, including cost of printing, stationery, and advertisements; rents and rates; settlement and removal expenses; and purchases on stone, farm, &c., accounts.

has been as follows during the last twelve years:—

1894	£575,214	1900	£832,466
1895	£553,976	1901	£867,607
1896	£625,122	1902	£1,013,102
1897	£665,393	1903	£1,123,130
1898	£719,128	1904	£1,002,198
1899	£766,784	1905	£1,036,697

The average number of the indoor staff at the fever hospitals in 1890 was 670; in 1900 it numbered about 2,635. The total cost per fever patient was £36 in 1885, and in 1895 between £10 and £11, in 1900 £12 6*s*., and in 1905 £11 16*s*. The average total annual cost of each imbecile patient was £26 2*s*. 5*d*. in 1885; £24 6*s*. 6*d*. in 1895; £23 9*s*. 6*d*. in 1900; and £28 12*s*. 9*d*. in 1905. The ambulance service notification of diseases and maintenance of children have involved new and growing expenditure.

Managers elected by boards of guardians 55
Managers nominated by the L.G.B. 18

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

(For the three years ending May 15, 1910.)

MANAGERS ELECTED BY THE SEVERAL METROPOLITAN BOARDS OF GUARDIANS.

Bermondsey—
Ecroyd, W. H., 64, Bermondsey-street, Bermondsey, S.E.

Bethnal Green—
Barnard, A. P., 309, Hackney-road, N.E.

Bloomsbury—
Smith, Prof. William R., M.D., J.P., 74, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Camberwell—
Brown, R., 32, East Dulwich-road, S.E.
Sayer, S., 302, Southampton-street Camberwell, S.E.

Chelsea—
Crosse, T. Warren, 10, Cresswell-gardens, South Kensington.

City of London—
Benson, C. J., 10, Bury-court, St. Mary Axe, E.C.
Doughty, Rev. G. B., 27, Westbourne-gardens, W.
Lile, J. H., 4, Ludgate-circus, E.C.
Monckton, A., 189, Upper Thames-street, E.C.
Wilkinson, C., 66, Holland-park, W.

Fulham—
Botterill C., St. Botolph's, Fulham Palace-road, S.W.

Greenwich—
Oldman, F. J., 85, Arbuthnot-road, Newcross, S.E.

Hackney—
Bates, T., 67, Clifden-rd., Lower Clapton, N.E.
Beurle, W. L., Linden House, 331, Victoria-park-rd., N.E.

Hammersmith—
Pope, Rev. G. W., 155, Holland-road, Kensington, W.

Hampstead—
Sheffield, Col. F., Palaspal, Dalehamgardens, Hampstead, N.W.

Holborn—
Baker, Miss I. M., 37, Brooke-st., Holborn, E.C.
Edwards, J. H., 10, Osbaldeston-road, Stoke Newington, N.

Islington—
Elliott, G. S., 14, Upper-street, Islington, N.
Guttridge, G., 29, Yonge-park, Seven Sisters-road, N.
Lambert, S., 125, Barnsbury-road, N.

Kensington—
Fleming, Sir Francis, K.C.M.G., 9, Sydney-place, South Kensington.
Webb, Col. R. F., J.P., D.L., 6, West Cromwell-road, South Kensington, S.W.
Wilde, Miss M. J., 84, Lexham-gardens, W.

Lambeth—
Baldwin, H., 93, Loughborough-road, S.W.
Clark, Arthur, Lynton, Crane's-park, Surbiton.
Gough-Cook, W., 26, Herne-hill, S.E.

Lewisham—
West, Major T., The Elms, Southend, Catford, S.E.

Mile End Old Town—
Hirst, R., 237, Mile End-road, E.

Paddington—
Cole, S. J., Fernleigh, 123, Fernhead-road, W.
Humphry, Miss A. M., 41, Sussex-gardens, W.

Poplar—
Moore, W. B., 89, Malmesbury-road, Bow, E.

St. George's—
Bramston, Miss Georgina, 39, Greycoat-gardens, Victoria-street, S.W.
Hobart, Col. G. B., J.P., D.L., 1, Hobart-place, Eaton-square, S.W.
Luttman-Johnson, H., Oxford and Cambridge Club, Pall Mall, S.W.
Walden, R. W., Bella Vista, Upper Warlingham.

St. George-in-the-East—
Martineau, P. M., J.P., D.L., LL.B., Littleworth, Esher, Surrey.

St. Marylebone—
Browne, Elliott S., L.R.C.S.I., L.R.C.P.I., 5, Cavendish-mansions, Langham-street, W.
Dennis, Walter, Ifield House, Carshalton, Surrey.
White, Edward, J.P., 20, Upper Berkeley-street, W.

St. Pancras—
Boden, A., 34, Maitland-park-villas, N.W.
Thornley, Joseph, J.P., 53, Camden-square, N.W.
Wetenhall, W. J., J.P., 8, Maitland-park-villas, N.W.

Shoreditch—
Bye, J., 258, Kingsland-road, N.E.

Southwark—
Cornell, Thomas, 63, Borough-road, S.E.
Devereux, J. O., 20, Nelson-square, Blackfriars-road, S.E.

Stepney—
Higley, Rev. F. H., 636, Commercial-road East, E.

Strand—
Wylson, O. C., 16, King William-street, Strand, W.C.

Wandsworth—
Lower, J., 123, Sugden-road, Lavender-hill, S.W.
Penfold, William F., Burwood House, Upper Tooting, S.W.
Sullivan, A., 3, St. Nicholas-road, Balham, S.W.

Westminster—
Lyon, H. T., 34, St. James'-street, S.W.

Whitechapel—
Brown, James, J.P., 5, Kent-terrace, Regent's-park, N.W.

Woolwich—
Graham, Lt.-Col. W. J. B., V.D., Whitehouse Villa, Woodlands, Old Charlton, Kent.

Managers Nominated by the Local Government Board.

Donoraile, The Right Hon. The Viscount, 91, Victoria-street, Westminster, S.W.
Drage, Geoffrey, 29, Cadogan-square, S.W.
Gell, H. W., M.B., 24, Palace-court, Bayswater, W.
Goldie, Col. J., 41, Charleville-road, West Kensington, W.
Helby, J. T., Glengarriff, Cobham, Surrey.
Hensley, Sir R. M., J.P., Glenton House, Putney, S.W.
Hunt, Jackson, J.P., 23, Montagu-square, W.
Inderwick, Miss E. F., 8, Warwick-square, S.W.
Meinertzhagen, E. L., J.P., 4, Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, S.W.
Portman, Berkeley, 22, Tedworth-gardens, Chelsea, S.W.
Ritchie, Gerald, 39, Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, S.W.
Rolfe, Vice-Admiral E. N., C.B., 167, Victoria-street, Westminster, S.W.
Scovell, A. C., J.P., 8, Primrose-mansions, Battersea Park, S.W.
Spender Harold, 18, Pembridge-crescent, Bayswater, S.W.
Sprankling, Rev. James, St. George's Cathedral House, Southwark, S.E.
Stanley, Hon. Maude A., 32, Smith-square, Westminster, S.W.
Strong, Richard, J.P., Helstonleigh, Champion-park, Camberwell, S.E.
Vallance, William, J.P., 55, Tressillian-road, St. John's, S.E.

Chief Officers (Central Staff).

Clerk—T. Duncombe Mann, Barrister-at-Law.

Treasurer and Accountant—Morris Heyes, A.C.A.

Assistant Clerk—John Mallett.

Engineer—W. T. Hatch, M.INST. C.E., M.I.MECH.E.

Medical Investigator—H. E. Cuff, M.D., B.S. (LOND.), F.R.C.S. (ENG.).

Institutions and Staff.

Imbecile Asylums.

Leavesden Asylum, King's Langley, Herts. — Accommodation, 1,877 patients (859 males, 1,018 females). Medical Superintendent—F. A. Elkins, M.D., C.M. (EDIN.); Steward—(Vacant); Matron—Miss E. M. Howell; Chaplain—Rev. E. Athelstan Clark.

Caterham Asylum, Caterham, Surrey. — Accommodation, 1,943 patients (888 males and 1,055 females). Medical Superintendent—P. E. Campbell, M.B., C.M. (EDIN.); Steward — (Vacant); Matron—Mrs. E. A. Warren; Chaplain—Rev. C. A. Greenland.

Darenth Asylum (Training School and Industrial Colony), Dartford, Kent.—Accommodation—School, 502 patients (272 males and 230 females); Industrial Colony, 1,052 patients (450 males and 602 females); Pavilions, 440 patients (352 males and 88 females). Medical Superintendent — A. Rotherham, M.A., M.B., B.C.

(CAMB.); Steward—F. Firth; Matron (Industrial Colony)—Miss Jeanette Ferrier; Head Mistress and Matron (Training School)—Miss M. Hargreaves; Chaplain—Rev. C. M. Jenkins.

Tooting Bec Asylum, S.W.—Accommodation 891 patients (401 males, 490 females, 22 isolation beds). Medical Superintendent—E. H. Beresford, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.; Steward—W. J. Gibbs; Matron—Miss E. M. Cottrill; Chaplain—Rev. G. Royds.

Belmont Asylum, Sutton, Surrey. Accommodation at present for 336 patients. Acting Medical Superintendent—E. B. Sherlock, M.B., B.SC. (LOND.), D.P.H.; Steward (Assistant)—T. L. Williams; Matron—Mrs. M. E. Williams.

The Visiting Days for friends of patients at all the asylums are—

Every Monday
The First Sunday in every month
Bank Holidays
} From 2 to 4.30 p.m.

FEVER HOSPITALS.

Eastern Hospital, The Grove, Homerton, N.E. (362 beds).—Medical Superintendent—E. W. Goodall, M.D., B.SC. (LOND.); Steward—A. W. Weston; Matron—Mrs. F. E. M. Day; Chaplain—Rev. A. B. Winter.

North-Eastern Hospital, St. Ann's-road, South Tottenham, N. (662 beds).—Medical Superintendent—F. H. Thomson, M.B., C.M. (ABER.), D.P.H.; Steward—J. E. Wells; Matron—Miss H. M. Schooling; Chaplain—Rev. H. J. E. Barter.

North-Western Hospital, Lawn-road, Hampstead, N.W. (462 beds).—Medical Superintendent—F. N. Hume, M.R.C.S.; Steward—A. Fraser; Matron—Miss M. M. Lloyd; Chaplain—Rev. T. H. Russell.

Western Hospital, Seagrave-road, Fulham, S.W. (452 beds).—Medical Superintendent—R. M. Bruce, M.R.C.S., L.S.A.; Steward—A. B. Moule; Matron—Miss E. Ross; Chaplain—Rev. J. F. Downes.

South-Western Hospital, Landor-road, Stockwell (345 beds).—Medical Superintendent—F. F. Caiger, M.D., B.S. (LOND.), D.P.H. (CANTAB.), F.R.C.S.; Steward—S. Crick; Matron—Miss C. E. L. Burton; Chaplain—Rev. W. H. Longsdon.

South-Eastern Hospital, Avonley-road, New Cross, S.E. (488 beds). Medical Superintendent—F. M. Turner, M.D., B.C., B.A. (CANTAB.), B.SC. (LOND.); Steward—G. H. Essery; Matron—Miss F. M. Ambler-Jones; Chaplain—Rev. J. Hodson.

Grove Hospital, Tooting-grove, Tooting Graveney, S.W. (518 beds).—Medical Superintendent—J. E. Beggs, M.D., B.C., B.A. (CANTAB.), D.P.H. (Grove and Fountain Hospitals); Steward (Grove and Fountain Hospitals)—E. Ackitz; Matron—Miss A. A. Browne; Chaplain—Rev. J. H. Anderson.

Fountain Hospital, Tooting-grove, Tooting Graveney, S.W. (402 beds).—Deputy Steward (Grove and Fountain Hospitals)—E. Kellett; Matron—Miss S. A. Villiers; Chaplain—Rev. A. C. Wolston.

Brook Hospital, Shooters-hill, Woolwich (560 beds.)—Medical Superintendent—J. MacCombie, M.A., M.D., C.M. (ABER.); Steward—W. H. Mathews; Matron—Miss E. M. Bann; Chaplain—Rev. A. A. Dauncey.

Park Hospital, Hither-green, Lewisham, S.E. (548 beds).—Medical Superintendent—R. A. Birdwood, M.A., M.D. (CANTAB.), M.R.C.S.;

Steward—H. Harrington; Matron —Miss A. Thomas; Chaplain—Rev. J. A. Drummond.

Northern Hospital (for convalescent patients), Winchmore Hill.—Accommodation, 738 patients. Medical Superintendent—C. E. Matthews, M.D. (OXON.), D.P.H., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.; Steward—H. Jay; Matron — Miss L. A. Morgan; Chaplain—Rev. A. J. B. Dewdney.

Gore Farm Hospital—Upper Hospital: Accomodation, 940 patients. Lower Hospital: Accommodation: 850 patients. Medical Superintendent—W. T. G. Pugh, M.D. (LOND.), B.S. (LOND.).; Steward—(Vacant); Matron—Miss M. Jones; Chaplain—Rev. K. M. Ffinch.

Southern Convalescent Hospital, Carshalton, Surrey. — A new institution not yet opened.

SMALL-POX HOSPITALS, DARTFORD, KENT.

Joyce Green Hospital — Accommodation, 940 patients. *Long Reach Hospital* — Accommodation, 300 patients. *Orchard Hospital*—Accommodation, 800 patients. Medical Superintendent, —T. F. Ricketts, M.D., B.S., B.SC. (LOND.), D.P.H.; Steward—G. B. Morss; Matron—H. Wacher; Chaplain—Rev. K. M. Ffinch.

AMBULANCE SERVICE.

Eastern Ambulance Station, Brooksby's Walk, Homerton, N.E. *South-Eastern Ambulance Station*, New Cross-road, S.E. *Western Ambulance Station*, Seagrave-road, Fulham, S.W. *Brook Ambulance Station*, Shooters-hill, Woolwich. *South-Western Ambulance Station*, Landor-road, Stockwell, S.W. *North-Western Ambulance Station*, Lawn-road, Hampstead, N.W. *Mead Ambulance Station* (closed), Townmead-road, Fulham, S.W.

RIVER AMBULANCE SERVICE.

Under the control of the Medical Superintendent and Matron of the Small-pox Hospitals. Chief Officer —C. E. Sullivan, A.M.I.N.A.

Wharves and Piers: North Wharf —Managers'-street, Blackwall, E.; South Wharf — Trinity-street, Rotherhithe; West Wharf — Townmead-road, near Wandsworth-bridge, S.W.

Small steamers convey, between the London wharves and Long Reach, not only all sick and recovered patients, but also the staff of the Small-pox Hospitals, and all visitors to patients, as well as stores and parcels. They are named the *Maltese Cross*, *Albert Victor*, *Geneva Cross*, *White Cross*, and *Red Cross*.

The total number of fever patients removed by the land ambulance service during 1905 was 23,736. Small-pox patients, 80. The number of patients carried by the ambulance steamers was 51.

Telephones. — The ambulance stations, the North and South wharves, the fever and small-pox hospitals, Darenth Asylum, and Tooting Bec Asylum are all in telephonic communication with the Head Office.

Training Ship Exmouth, off Grays, Essex (600 boys).—Preparation for Navy and Mercantile marine. Captain Superintendent — Capt. R. B. Colmore, R.N.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOLS AND HOMES.

OPHTHALMIA.

Ophthalmic Surgeon—E. Treacher Collins, F.R.C.S,

High Wood School, Brentwood (300 beds.) Matron — Miss E. Baker. Station — Brentwood (G.E.R.). See also "After-Care of Defective Children."

White Oak School, Swanley Junction, Kent. (300 beds.) Matron — Miss E. D. Lynch,

Station — Swanley Junction (S.E. and C.R.).

RINGWORM.

Visiting Dermatologist—T. Colcott Fox, M.B., M.R.C.S.

The Downs School, Sutton, Surrey. —Matron—Miss Emily Turton; Visiting Medical Officer — G. Rice, M.B., C.M. (420 beds.)

SEASIDE.

St. Anne's Home, Herne Bay, Kent (134 beds). — Matron — Miss E. Palmer; Visiting Medical Officer—C. K. Bowes, M.D., B.CH. (OXON.).

East Cliff House, Cliftonville, Margate (130 beds). — Matron — Miss E. K. Jacob; Visiting Medical Officer—W. G. Sutcliffe, F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Millfield, Rustington, Worthing.—(100 beds.) —Matron — Miss G. Kingcott; Visiting Medical Officer — C. E. Last, M.R.C.S. Station — Littlehampton (L.B. and S.C.R.).

DEFECTIVE CHILDREN.

Lloyd House, Lloyd-street, Pentonville, W.C. (accommodation for 20 girls), and 12, *Lloyd-street*, Pentonville, W.C. (accommodation for 8 girls).—Matron—Miss A. Green. Stations—King's Cross (Met.) or Angel (City and South London).

16, *Elm Grove*, Peckham, S.E. (for boys, 14 beds).—House Mother —Mrs. Whiddett; Station—Peckham Rye.

60, 62, *and* 64, *Kingwood-road*, Fulham, S.W. (for boys, 22 beds). — House Mother — Mrs. Hill. Station — Walham Green (District Railway).

81, *Earlsfield-road*, S.W. (for girls, 10 beds).—House Mother—Miss Timbrell.

Surrey House, 66, St. Ann's Hill, Wandsworth, S.W. (for boys, 16 beds).—House Mother—Miss E. Mason.

AFTER-CARE OF DEFECTIVE CHILDREN.

Bridge Industrial Home, Witham, Essex (for males).—Superintendent—T. C. Gibbs.

High Wood School, Brentwood, Essex.—Two pairs of cottages are at present used for the accommodation of 40 defective females over 16 years of age. (See "Ophthalmia Schools.")

Medical Attendant for these six Homes — Miss Rose Turner, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.

REMAND CHILDREN.

36, 37, *and* 38, *Camberwell-green*, S.E. — Superintendent — W. Craig. Station — Camberwell New-road (S.E. and C.R.). (50 beds.)

70, 72, *and* 74, *Pentonville-road*, N. —Superintendent — J. E. Seal. Station—King's Cross (Met.) or Angel (City and South London). (55 beds.)

203 *and* 205, *Harrow-road*, W. Superintendent — W. E. Tull. Station — Royal Oak (Met.). (45 beds.)

POOR LAW SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

CENTRAL LONDON.

(FOR THE CITY OF LONDON AND SOUTHWARK UNIONS.)

Clerk to the Managers—G. P. Morrell, Cuckoo Farm School, Hanwell.

Matron-Superintendent—Mrs. C. A. Hall, Cuckoo Farm School, Hanwell, W.

List of Managers.

Finney, A. (Chairman), 37, Grosvenor-terrace, Walworth-road, S.E.

(Representing the City of London Union).

Young, T. Pallister (Vice-Chairman), 29, Mark-lane, E.C.

Abbott, R. H., 26, Beacon-hill, Camden-rd.
Akers, J., 5, Houndsditch, E.
Benson, C. J., 10, Bury-court, St. Mary-axe, E.C.
Clementi-Smith, Rev. P., The Rectory, St. Andrew's-hill, E.C.
Dunn, F., 4 and 5, Brown's-buildings, St. Mary-axe, E.C.
Evans, R., 176, Brooke-road, Clapton, N.E.
Key, H., 262, Central Markets, E.C.
Lile, J. H., 4, Ludgate-circus, E.C.
Mann, J., 33, City Cottages, Ferndale-road, Brixton, S.W.
Page, W. H., 22, St. Andrew's-street, Holborn-circus, E.C.
Westerby, J., 86, Evering-road, Stoke Newington, N.E.
Wild, J. B., 34-40, Ludgate-hill, E.C. (*Representing Southwark Union*).
Bryant, Rev. D., 63, Walworth-road, S.E.
Cooksey, T., Venetia, Laton-rd., Hastings.
Cornell, T., 63, Borough-road, S.E.
Gregory, H., 65, Borough High-street, S.E.
Hale, Mrs., 68, Lambeth-road, S.E.
Heatley, O. L., 46, Doddington-grove, Kennington, S.E.
Johnson, Miss J., 82, Vincent-square, Westminster, S.W.
Norman, E. H., 179, Manor-place, Walworth.
Rogerson, C., 1, York-street, Walworth-road, S.E.
Sommerville, Rev. W. J., St. George's Rectory, New Kent-road, S.E.
Upfield, T., 39, Sutherland-square, Walworth, S.E.

KENSINGTON AND CHELSEA.

COTTAGE HOME SCHOOL.

For the education and training of the Poor Law children chargeable to the parishes of Kensington and Chelsea.

Boys are trained as carpenters, painters, plumbers, smiths, tailors, shoemakers and bakers, others are enlisted into army bands, or sent to training ships for the navy.

Girls are trained and placed out as domestic servants.

Clerk to the Managers—H. D. Aslett. *Offices:* 253, King-street, Hammersmith, W.

BANSTEAD SCHOOL: *Superintendent*—G. Langley. *Matron*—J. A. Langley. *Medical Officer*—G. H. Hooper, M.D. *Chaplain*—Rev. G. F. Crowther, M.A.

BRANCH SCHOOL, HAMMERSMITH: *Superintendent* — A. J. Warren. *Matron*—Miss E. Miller. *Medical Officer*—F. E. Pocock, M.D.

List of Managers.

Smith, W. H. (Chairman), 123, Mitcham-road, Tooting, S.W.
Corry, H. (Vice-Chairman) 15, Ledbury-road, W.
Chambers, F. G., 14, Ashburnham-road, Chelsea.
Edgcombe, F. J. S. (*ex-officio*), 8, Gloucester-walk, W.
Franklin, H. A., 49, Ladbroke-grove, W.
Jeffery, J. J.P., L.C.C., 37, College-street, Chelsea.
Keeling, Miss C. 45, Lansdowne-road, W.
Lockwood, C. J., 42-44, Silchester-road, Kensington, W.
Pope, W., L.C.C., 3, St. Anne's-road, Kensington.
Rendel, J. M., 15, Melbury-rd., Kensington.
Wilde, Miss M. J., 84, Leaham-gardens, S.W. [One vacancy.]

NORTH SURREY.

(FOR WANDSWORTH AND LEWISHAM UNIONS.)

Chairman—Rev. Canon Curtis, The Ascension Vicarage, Balham-hill, S.W.

Clerk to the Managers—H. J. Chaldecott, Solicitor, Dorking.

ANERLEY SCHOOL: *Superintendent and Head Master*—J. F. Thrower. *Matron*—Mrs. Thrower. *Chaplain* — Rev. M. C. Sturges. *Medical Officer*—H. J. Prangley.

WAINWRIGHT HOME, BROADSTAIRS: *Nurse-Matron* — Mrs. Tonkin. *Medical Officer*—Hugh M. Raven.

List of Managers.

Chown, J. C., 24, Home-rd., Battersea, S.W.
Curtis, J. L., Mineral Wells, Valley-road, Streatham, S.W.
Curtis, Canon, The Ascension Vicarage, Balham-hill, S.W.
Hewett, W. J., 1, Kirkstall-road, Streatham-hill, S.W.
Hughes, W. B., Victoria Villa, Victoria-road, Eltham.
Mackerell, Miss L. M., Dunningley, Balham-hill, S.W.
Messent, Philip, 5, Cloudesdale-road, Upper Tooting, S.W.
Miles, A. H., 49, St. Fillan's-road, Catford.
Morris, Rev. J. C., 41, Clarendon-road, Lewisham, S.E.
Staines, Mrs. E. S., 50, Vicar's-hill, Lewisham, S.E.
Stanley, Isaac, The Highlands, Shortheath, Farnham.
West, Major T., The Elms, Southend, Catford, S.E.
Worthy, Mrs. Jane A., 170, Battersea-park-road, S.W.

WEST LONDON.

(FOR THE PARISHES OF FULHAM, HAMMERSMITH, AND PADDINGTON, AND ST. GEORGE'S UNION.)

Chairman—J. Tasker.
Vice-Chairman—W. Elliott.
Clerk — F. G. Beeching, The Schools, Ashford, Middlesex.
Auditor—H. Donald Gordon.
Inspectors—Dr. A. H. Downes, H. Lockwood, E. C. Streatfeild.
Treasurer—C. H. Burnand.
Chaplain—Rev. G. J. M. Kingston.
Medical Officer—Dr. P. W. De La Motte.
Dentist—F. J. F. Rooke.
Superintendent—J. L. Gosling.
Matron—A. Gosling.

List of Managers.

Baker, H. A., 39, Palace-court, W.
Best, F. G., Wanganui, Routh-road, S.W.
Brinsdon, W. A., 34, Strutton-ground, Westminster.
Chamberlen, T., J.P., 24, Rivercourt-road, Hammersmith, W.
Davies, Rev. G., 164, Grosvenor-road, S.W.
Davies, Lieut-Col. T. W., 49, Ashchurch-grove, Shepherd's-bush, W.
Dent, Rev. C., M.A., 104, Gloucester-terrace.
Elliott, W., 97, Devonport-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
Elliot, F. A. H., C.I.E., 77, Kensington-gardens-square, W.
Empson, C. W., J.P., 71, Kensington-gardens-square, W.
Everitt, W., 3, Lower Belgrave-street, S.W.
Hill, J., 8, Dean's-yard, Westminster, S.W.
Huntly, Lt.-Col. H. C., 27, Orsett-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Marvin, Lieut.-Col. W., 45, Agate-road, Hammersmith, W.
Mildmay, Lieut.-Col. H. A. St. John-, 31, Gloucester-street, S.W.
Mylne, Mrs. J., 83, Gloucester-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Propert, Rev. P. S. G., 247, Lillie-road, Fulham, S.W.
Sayer, W. R., J.P., 24, Musgrave-crescent, Fulham, S.W.
Tasker, J., 121, Lupus-street, S.W.
Templeton, Mrs. L. L., 43, Gunterstone-road, West Kensington, W.
Torrey, Mrs. M. R., 125, Victoria-st., S.W.
Wheeler, Mrs. E. L., 2, Bessborough-gardens, S.W.

SICK ASYLUM DISTRICTS.

CENTRAL LONDON.

OFFICES: CLEVELAND STREET.
ASYLUM: CLEVELAND STREET, W.

(Meetings: alternate Mondays at 4 p.m.)

The Central London Sick Asylum District was created by order of the Poor Law Board, dated May 2nd, 1868, for the treatment of the poor chargeable to the parishes within the district, comprising the united parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury, the Strand Union, and the Westminster Union. The board of management consists of 13 members—three for St. Giles and Bloomsbury, five for the Strand, and five for Westminster.

The district possesses an infirmary in Cleveland-street, W. (264 beds), and an infirmary (331 beds), at Hendon, Middlesex.

Chairman—S. G. Connor.
Vice-Chairman—J. Smith.
Clerk—F. W. Bailey.
Assistant-Clerk.—H. E. Skinner.
Chaplain of both Institutions—Rev. C. P. Baxter.
Medical Superintendent of both Institutions—J. Hopkins, F.R.C.S.
Deputy Medical Superintendent—J. Fraser, M.B., C.M.

List of Members.

(*Elected by the Guardians of the Strand Union.*)

Audy, J. T., 443, Strand, W.C.
Belchier, T. H., 12, Houghton-street, W.C.
Brown, G. S., 52, Florence-road, Stroud-green, N.
Harris, G. H., 104, Strand, W.C.
Middleton, F. H , 77, Long Acre, W.C.

(*Elected by the Guardians of the Westminster Union.*)

Connor, S. G., 42, Oxford-street, W.
Doncaster, J. G., 72, Dean-street, Soho, W.
Fraser, W. J., 78, Dean-street, Soho, W.
Godden, D., 109, Jermyn-street, S.W.
Pearce, J., 20, Crown-court, Pall Mall, S.W.

(*Elected by St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury.*)

Smith, J., 15, Great Russell-street, W.C.
Westlake, N. H. J., 22, Endell-street, W.C.
Willoughby, G. P., J.P., 4, Bedford-square, W.C.

POPLAR AND STEPNEY.

(REPRESENTING UNIONS OF STEPNEY AND POPLAR.)

Asylums at Devons-road, Bromley, E., and Blackwall, E.

Clerk—Walter R. Foskett.

Assistant Clerk—F. T. Morrison.

Medical Superintendent—Charles Spurrell, F.R.C.S.

Assistant Medical Officers—H. H. Jenkins and A. E. F. Kynaston.

Steward—George E. Stacey.

Matron—Miss S. Hannaford.

Chaplain—Rev. J. H. Etchel, M.A.

List of Members.

Beaumont, W. G., 13, Priory-street, Bromley.
Bellsham, J., (Chairman of Board), 164, Abbott-rd., Bromley, E.
Cordery, Mrs. E. J., 74, Devas-street Bromley, E.
East, Mrs. F. A., 21, East India Dock-rd., E.
Finden, A. E., 29, St. Leonard's-road, Bromley, E.
Higley, Rev. F. H., 635, Commercial-road, Limehouse, E.
Jungblut, H., 43, Upper North-st., Poplar.
Lindsay, J., Mayland, Althorne, Essex.
Marks, H., 35, Three-colt-st., Limehouse, E
O'Connor, J., 37, Galt-street, Limehouse, E.
Phillips, A., 8, Botolph-road, Bow, E.
Poole, C. S., Dock Tavern. West-ferry-road, Millwall, E.

BOARDS OF GUARDIANS.

THE thirty-one boards of guardians vary greatly in the populations they administer, and in their systems of administration. There are 785 elected guardians. The members on the various boards range from 18 to 36 in number, except in the case of the City of London Board, which has 50 members. The populations of the areas range from 21,000 in the Strand Union to upwards of 401,000 in the Wandsworth Union, which latter is also the largest in area, being one-sixth that of London.

During the past year there have been no unusual developments, but public interest in Metropolitan Poor Law questions was aroused by the Local Government Board inquiry into the administration of the affairs of the Poplar Union. Attention has also been directed to parochial and Poor Law government in the City of London. Rival schemes for the consolidation of parochial administration in the 114 "parishes and places" within the City of London Union were prepared by the Guardians and the Court of Common Council, the proposals of the latter including the complete municipalisation of the Poor Law, in the area concerned, by the transference of the Guardians' rights, duties, property, &c., to the Corporation These proposals have been embodied in a Parliamentary Bill promoted by the Corporation.

BERMONDSEY.

OFFICES: 283, TOOLEY STREET, S.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 6.30 p.m.)

Population 129,936. Rateable value £941,425. Acreage 1,505.

Elected Guardians 24

Chairman—D. Williams.

Vice-Chairman—Edward Collins.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—E. Pitts Fenton.

Medical Officers—S. R. Thompson, L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S.; C. Stirling, M.B., M.S. (Glasgow); R. P. Marshall, L.R.C.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S.; W. B. Johnston, M.D., M.S.Q.U.I.; B. A. Richmond, B.SC., M.B., B.S. (Lond.).

Relieving Officers—District 1: W. H. Walter, 14, Maze Pond-terrace, S.E. *District* 2: M. G. Philipps, 24, Gainsford-street, S.E.; *District* 3: F. J. Collins, 5, Steven-street, Tower Bridge-road, S.E. *District* 4: A. B. Maclean, 147, Grange-road, S.E. *District* 5: C. A. Byrne, 104, Drummond-road, S.E. *District* 6: W. Fowle, 12, Longley-street, S.E. *District* 7: G. C. Channon, 44, Gomm-road, Rother-

hithe, S.E. *District* 8: F. C. Goodwin, 6, Orange-place, Rotherhithe, S.E. *District* 9: W. Sanderson, 157, Lower-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.

General Relieving Officer — S. Burnett, Guardians' Offices, Tooley-street, S.E.

Superintendent Relieving Officer —W. J. Dyson, Guardians' Offices, Tooley-street, S.E.

Collector to the Guardians—W. Boddington, Guardians' Offices, Tooley-street, S.E.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Parish-street, S.E.

Master—A. H. Hope.

Matron—J. Hope.

Medical Officer—S. R. Thompson, L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S.

Chaplain — Rev. W. Harrison, M.A.

Workhouse, Tanner-street, S.E.

Master—W. W. Parkinson.

Matron—A. L. Parkinson.

Medical Officer — D. Smart, L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.S.A. (Lond.), M.R.C.S.

Chaplain — Rev. W. Harrison, M.A.

Workhouse, Ladywell, S.E.

Master—R. Brown.

Matron—K. Brown.

Medical Officer—J. T. Macnamara, L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.R.C.S. (Ire.), L.M. (Ire.).

Chaplain—Rev. W. Harrison, M.A.

Infirmary, Lower-road, S.E.

Medical Superintendent—E. S. Bell, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.D. (Brux.).

Senior Assistant Medical Officer A. W. Sinclair, M.D. (Lond), L.R.C.P. (Lond), M.R.C.S.

Steward—W. P. Heath.

Matron—Miss A. M. Orchard.

Chaplain—Rev. W. Harrison, M.A.

Casual Wards, Lower-road, S.E.

Superintendent Male Casuals—S. H. Butcher.

Superintendent Female Casuals —A. S. Butcher.

Medical Officer—E. Stock Bell, M.R.C.P. (Eng.), L.R.C.S. (Lond.), M.D.

Children's Homes, "The Hawthorns," 43, The Gardens, Peckham-rye, S.E.; "Elmside," 180 and 182, Peckham-rye, S.E.

Matron—M. E. Appleyard (Miss).

Medical Officer—A. M. Watt, M.B., C.M. (Aberd.).

Chaplain—Rev. W. Harrison, M.A.

Children's Schools, Wickham-road, Shirley, near Croydon.

Head Master—J. F. H. Roberts.

Matron—Miss F. E. Capes.

Medical Officer—J. B. Ridley, M.D. (Edin.).

Chaplain—Rev. W. Wilks, M.A.

Dispensaries, Shad Thames, Dockhead, S.E., and Relief Offices, Lower-road, Rotherhithe.

Dispensers—S. E. Goggin, Shad Thames, S.E.; G. Bisley, Lower-Road, Rotherhithe, S.E.

Vaccination Department.

Vaccination Officer—A. Bedding, Guardians' Offices, Tooley-street, S.E.

Public Vaccinators—D. Smart, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.S.A. (Lond.), 108, Grange-road, Bermondsey, S.E.; V. A. Jaynes, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.S.A. (Lond.), 157, Jamaica-road, Bermondsey, S.E.; W. B. Johnston, M.D., M.S.Q.U.I., 157, Jamaica-road, Bermondsey, S.E.

Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages.

Superintendent Registrar — E. Pitts Fenton, Register Office, 283, Tooley-street, S.E.

Registrars of Births, Deaths, and Marriages—William Clark, 6, Maze Pond-terrace, Southwark, S.E.

Charles Henry Hurst, 8, Upper Grange-road, Bermondsey, S.E.; Francis Harker Thomas, 84, Lower-road, Rotherhithe, S.E.

List of Members.

Bessell, W., C., 186, Tooley-street, S.E.
Burton, A., 91 & 93, Tower-bridge-rd., S.E.
Carroll, S. J., 83, Oxley-street, S.E.
Clarke, A. A., 1, Ilderton-road, S.E.
Collins, E., 100, Union-road, S.E.
Day, J., 19, Rebecca-terrace, S.E.
Ecroyd, W. H., 1, Tyers Gateway, S.E.
Gardiner, A. F., 111, Drummond-road, S.E.
Gardiner, H., 114, Alscot-road, S.E.
Guerin, D., 16, Hawkstone-road, S.E.
Johns, F. H. P., 89, Union-road, S.E.
Lowe, Mrs. E. M., 52, Oxley-street, S.E.
MacGuire, J., 103, Southwark-park-rd., S.E.
Manser, J., 12, Jamaica-road, S.E.
Marner, G. W., 62, Bermondsey-street, S.E.
Marriott, J., 8, Redriff-road, S.E.
Percy, E. I., 48, Queen Elizabeth-st., S.E.
Pomeroy, T. E., 101, Jerningham-road, New Cross, S.E.
Shearring, W., 111, Alscot-road, S.E.
Simmons, Miss M., 149, Lower-road, S.E.
Taylor, T., 75, Snow's-fields, S.E.
Wallsgrove, G. H., 38, Lafone-street, S.E.
Williams, D., 6, Thorburn-square, S.E.
Williams, H., St. John's Rectory, 10, Fair-street, S.E.

BETHNAL GREEN.

OFFICES: BISHOP'S ROAD, VICTORIA PARK, N.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Tuesdays at 3 p.m.)

Population 129,680. Total number of indoor poor on 1st July last, 2,652. (This does *not* include lunatics, 599.) Cost of in-maintenance, including drugs, &c., for year ended Lady Day, 1906, £34,564. Total number in receipt of outdoor relief on 1st July last, 466. Cost of out-relief, including drugs and children boarded out, for year ended Lady Day, 1906, £3,109. Total who received medical relief only, 75.

Elected Guardians 24

Chairman—G. Noakes.
Vice-Chairman—C. S. Mundy.
2nd Vice-Chairman—Rev. J. E. Watts-Ditchfield.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—David Thomas, Barrister-at-Law.
Deputy Clerk—P. B. Hancock.
Accountant—C. F. Jones.
Assistant Clerks—D. Stephens, M. E. Chinery, E. L. Chignell, and E. C. Baker.
Superintendent Relieving Officer—H. J. Hardwick.
Relieving Officers—North Ward: J. Caudle, 15, St. James'-road, N.E. *South Ward*: H. W. Porter, 95, Sewardstone-road, N.E. *East Ward (East)*: A. D. Ward, 17, St. James'-road, N.E. *East Ward (West)*: P. R. G. Hidden, 26, Old Ford-road, N.E. *West Ward:* C. E. Lewis, 21, St. James'-road, N.E.
Vaccination Officer—W. H. Ward, 22, Morpeth-street, N.E.
General Relieving Officers—C. W. Chinery and E. J. Lidbetter.
Collector—T. Eldridge, 25, Kenmure-road, South Hackney, N.E.
District Medical Officers—H. G. Nicholson, M.R.C.S., 97, Approach-road, N.E.; J. F. O'Malley, M.R.C.S., 26, Calvert-avenue.

INSTITUTIONS.

Waterloo Road Workhouse.

Chaplain—Rev. J. C. Harding.
Master and Matron—Richard and Helena Bushell.
Medical Officer—W. J. Potts, M.D. (Lond.).

Infirmary, Cambridge Road.

Medical Superintendent—W J. Potts, M.D. (Lond).
Assistant Medical Officers—D. S. Sandiland, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), J. M. Johnston, M.B., and F. J. Pierce, M.R.C.S.
Matron—Miss. E. Dodds.
Steward—R. Bushell.
Electrical Engineer—G. F. Broadley.

Schools, Leytonstone.

Chaplain—Rev. T. C. Brown.

Matron Superintendent—Miss F. Minter.

Assistant Matron—Miss I. S. Johnston.

Medical Officer—E. W. Cross, M.R.C.S. (Eng.).

Head Schoolmistress — Miss S. A. E. Buss.

List of Members.

Bailward, W. A., 64, Victoria-street.
Barnard, A. P., 309, Hackney-road.
Beasley, R. W., 67, Virginia-road.
Daniel, W., 255, Romford-rd., Forest-gate, E.
Davis, A. A., 10, Drayton-rd., Leytonstone.
Davis, J., 483, Hackney-road.
Eickhoff, W., 176, Bethnal-green-road.
Farebrother, W. A., 442, Hackney-road.
James, Miss M. E. E., 5, Paradise-row, Cambridge-road, Bethnal-green.
Jones, D., 93, Columbia-road.
Knox, J., 254, Bethnal-green-road.
Lee, A. 182-4, Green-street., Bethnal-green.
Lock, J. W., 45, Gore-rd., South Hackney.
Merison, J., "Llantrissant," Mount Pleasant-road, South Tottenham.
Mount, F., Oxford House, Bethnal-green, E.
Mundy, C. S., 138, Grove-road.
Nicholls, F., 40, Bishop's-road.
Noakes, G., 103, Bishop's-road.
Restall, W. L., 10, St. James'-road, Bethnal-green.
Rippin, T. H., 92, Gore-road, E.
Watts-Ditchfield, Rev. J. E., 8, St. James'-road.
Will, H. C., 4, Columbia-road.
Witney, E. A. S., 118, Green-street, Bethnal-green.
Woollcombe, H. St. J. S., The Oxford House, Mape-street, Bethnal-green, E.
Wray, Miss Mabel, "St. Hilda's," Old Nichol-street, Bethnal-green.

CAMBERWELL.

OFFICES: 29, PECKHAM ROAD, S.E

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays at 6.30 p.m.)

Population 259,339. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse and infirmary, and children's homes last year 2,686. Average number in receipt of out-door relief 4,474.

Elected Guardians 36

Chairman—W. A. Keyse.

Vice-Chairman—G. Hearn.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Charles S. Stevens.

First Assistant—H. Ernest Mott.

Accountant Clerk—A. Norton-Meredith.

Assistant Clerks—A. W. Flint, G. H. O. Page, J. A. Wootton and T. W. S. Burland.

Junior Clerk—R. H. Marshall.

District Medical Officers—W. E. Morgan, 56, Peckham-road (*Camberwell District*); A. Rudd, 493, Old Kent-road (*St. George's No.* 1); W. C. Jarvis, 325, Southampton-street (*St. George's No.* 2); G. H. Harvey, 178, Commercial-road, Peckham (*Christ Church*); A. B. Blomfield, 211, Queen's-road, Peckham (*North Peckham*); E. J. Roberts, Avenue House, 71, Peckham-rye (*South Peckham*); A. MacLean, 150, Barry-road, East Dulwich (*East Dulwich*); H. Blatherwick, High-street, Dulwich (*Dulwich*).

Relieving Officers—R. B. Comfort, 434, Old Kent-road (*Rotherhithe District*); H. C. Green, 73, Gloucester-road (*St. George's*); B. C. Bennett, Relief Station, Havil-street, Camberwell (*Central Camberwell*); R. Sallis, 20, Graces-road (*South Camberwell*); G. Mills, 106, Peckham Park-road (*Christ Church*); G. E. Hope, 8, Studholme-street, Asylum-road (*North Peckham*); A. J. E. Rogers, 54, Montpelier-road (*Hatcham*); J. Murphy, 87, Nunhead-lane (*Nunhead*); H. Belshaw, 25, Bawdale-road, East Dulwich (*Dulwich*).

Vaccination Officers—H. Massey and P. J. Kelly.

Relief Stations.

Havil-street, Camberwell; 106, Peckham-park-road; and 87, Nunhead-lane.

Relieving Officer for Lunacy Cases—Vacant.

BY ROYAL WARRANT



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USE BOVRIL DAILY.

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BECAUSE BOVRIL yields "a much higher proportion of nutrient substance" than beef tea.

BOVRIL is of uniform strength and quality.

BOVRIL is most economical—½oz. (costing 2½d.) makes a pint of sustaining liquid food of higher nutriment and pleasanter taste than the pint of beef tea that requires one pound of beef to make.

BOVRIL is always ready and is free from waste.

BOVRIL SAVES MONEY TO THE TREASURY AND TIME AND TROUBLE TO THE STAFF.

FOR MANY OTHER REASONS NOT MENTIONED



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Offices: FLEET STREET, LONDON.

General Relieving Officer for Inquiries—T. A. Brown, 290, Upland-road, East Dulwich.

General Relieving Officer for Prosecutions — A. Frith, 113A, Copleston-road, East Dulwich.

Collector—E. H. Terry, Guardians' Offices, Peckham-road.

INSTITUTIONS.

Gordon Road Workhouse.

(Certified accommodation, 860.)

Master and Matron—C. and E. Grayson.

Chaplain—Rev. W. H. Johnson.

Medical Officer—W. J. C. Keats.

Constance Road Workhouse.

(Certified accommodation, 917.)

Master and Matron—H. C. and M. A. Fenton.

Chaplain—Rev. E. Geard.

Medical Officer—T. Adolphus.

Infirmary, Brunswick-square.

(Certified accommodation, 819.)

Medical Superintendent—W. J. C. Keats.

Matron—Miss F. Marquardt.

Steward—E. E. Pinner.

Chaplain—Rev. E. Geard.

Scattered Homes for Children in the Parish.

Chief Inspector—Mrs. A. Abbott, Central Homes, Newlands, Stuart-road, Peckham-rye.

Steward — H. N. Soper, Guardians' Offices, Peckham-road.

Dispensaries.

Havil-street—*Dispenser*, Miss L. Harvey; 106, Peckham-park-road, —*Dispenser*, G. W. Margetts; 87, Nunhead-lane — *Dispenser*, Miss Coste.

Casual Wards.

Albert-road, Peckham.

Superintendent—John K. Lance.

List of Members.

Argent, H., 30, The Gardens, Peckham-rye.
Bale, Mrs. L. M., 112, East Dulwich-grove, East Dulwich.
Bracey-Wright, Mrs. C. A., 1, Canal-grove.
Boxall, Mrs., M. E., 108, Oglander-road.
Brown, R., 32, East Dulwich-road.
Buckland, J., 175, Peckham-rye.
Conybeare, W. J., 131, Camberwell-road.
Dawson, I., 5, Borland-road, Newlands.
Eaborn, H., 7, Heber-road.
Edmonds, H., 99, Talfourd-road, Peckham.
Elliott, W. H. H., 113, Camberwell-road, S.E.
Gauntlett, E., Lavington Lodge, 42, Copleston-road, Peckham, S.E.
Gunning, J., 17, Cicely-road, Hanover-park, Peckham.
Hall, J., 66, Camberwell-grove.
Hanson, R., 82, Trafalgar Road.
Harmer, Miss S., 48, Addington-square, Camberwell.
Hearn, G., 31, Commercial-road, Peckham.
Johnston, R., 76, Moncrieff-street.
Keyse, W. A., next 84, Rye-lane, Peckham.
Layton, W. T., 284, Friern-road.
Mayo, C. H., 5, Tresco-road, Peckham.
Merrikin, G. H., 35, East Dulwich Road.
Monks, W., Vallance House, 162, Peckham-rye.
Morris, Mrs. E., 126, East Dulwich-road, S.E.
Pegler, A. S., 75, Avondale-square.
Pexton, F. T., 151, Chadwick-road.
Phillips, Mrs. S. L., 7, York-grove, Peckham.
Pitman, T. W., 105, Albany-road.
Roe, A. H., 92, Blake's-road, Peckham.
St. Cedd, W., 14, Love-walk, Denmark-hill.
Sayer, S., 302, Southampton-street, Camberwell.
Streeter, W., 84, East Dulwich-grove.
Taylor, T. J., 46, Carden-road, Peckham-rye.
Thornhill, J. A., 54, Lyndhurst-grove, S.E.
Wilson, R. H., 41, Linden-grove.
Wint, F., "Atherton," Calton-road, Dulwich.

CHELSEA.

OFFICES: 250, KING'S ROAD, S.W.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays at 3 p.m.)

Population 73,856. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year, 830; infirmary, 336. Cost of in-maintenance £18,011. Average weekly number in receipt of outdoor relief 537. Cost of out-relief £4,867.

Elected Guardians 18
Co-opted do. 1

Chairman—E. Banbury.

Vice-Chairman — Hon. W. Sidney.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Chas. W. Shepherd.

District Medical Officers—North-west District: W. A. Bonney (dispensary, week-days at 10 a.m.). *South District:* W. Keen (dispensary, week days at 10 a.m.). *North-east District:* H. D. Brice.

Relieving Officers—No. 1 *District:* F. W. Grist. *No.* 2 *District:* S. H. Simpson. *No.* 3 *District:* H. G. Wood. (*Offices:* Sydney-street. Hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Kensal Town District has ceased to form part of the parish of Chelsea, and the collection of rates is in the hands of the borough council, which has dispensed with rate collectors.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Britten-street.

Master and Matron—W. D. and Mrs. Watford.

Medical Officer—S. H. Moore.

Chaplain—Rev. J.F. Downes, M.A.

Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. Walter Amery.

Nonconformist Religious Instructor—Rev. W. G. Reed.

Infirmary, Cale-street.

Medical Officer—S. H. Moore.

Assistant Medical Officers—E. B. Jones and Catherine L. Corbett.

Steward—C. R. A. Griffin.

Chaplain—Rev. J.F. Downes, M.A.

Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. Walter Amery.

Nonconformist Religious Instructor—Rev. W. G. Reed.

Dispensary.

Britten-street. Hours 9 till 11 a.m., and 5 to 6 p.m. *Dispenser*—R. G. Breese.

List of Members.

Austin-Leigh, E. C., 80, Cadogan-square.
Banbury, E., 16, Hans-place.
Billings, W. C., 238A, Fulham-road and 338, King's-road.
Burrell, A., 16, Stadium-street.
Cook, C. F., 16, Cornwall-mansions.
Crosse, T. W., 3, Garden Studios, Manresa-road.
Dunn-Gardner, Mrs. Rose, 13, Burton-court.
Fison, Miss E., 64, Pont-street.
Hadwen, Mrs., 5, Cheyne-street.
Lawrence, Miss I. M., 10, Sloane-gardens.
Le Patourel, W., 12, Halsey-street.
Macnaghten, E. L., 27, King-street.
Meinertzhagen, E. L., 4, Cheyne-walk.
Moon, L., 22, Glebe-place.
Sadler, G., 23, Edith-grove.
Sidney, Hon. W., 107, Sloane-street.
Stephens, W. J., 200, King's-road.
Thompson, J. P., The Vicarage, 27, Tite-st.
Wilbraham, R. J., 9, Cheyne-walk.

CITY OF LONDON UNION.

OFFICES: 61, BARTHOLOMEW CLOSE, E.C.

(Meetings: Alternate Tuesdays at 2 p.m.)

Population 26,908. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year, 735. Average outdoor, 352.

Elected Guardians 50

Chairman—J. B. Wild.

Vice-Chairman—J. Westerby.

Deputy-Chairman—R. Evans.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—E. R. Woodward.

Assistant Clerks—B. Ware, R. Nicholls, and J. Bedford.

District Medical Officers—District 1: C. Read. *District* 2: F. G. Brown. *District* 3: H. J. Sequeira.

Relieving Officers—R. R Shrimplin, 35, Alfred-street, City-road; T. A. Chapman, Bartholomew-close.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Clifden Road, Lower Clapton.

Master—C. G. Ridgway.

Matron—Mrs. Ridgway.

Chaplain—Rev. F. W. Townshend.

Medical Officer—Dr. J. B. White.

Infirmary, Bow Road.

Medical Superintendent—W. D. Buncombe.

Matron—Miss E. Stewart.

Steward—C. T. W. Drake.
Chaplain—Rev. E. W. Wilson.
Casual Wards and Local House.
Robinhood-court, E.C.

Dispensary.
61 Bartholomew-close, E.C.

List of Members.

Abbott, R. H., 26, Beacon-hill, N.
Akers, J., 5, Houndsditch.
Ardley, E., 15, Great St. Helens.
Baldock, W., Lyndale, Knoll-rd., Bexley.
Bates, W., 79½, Gracechurch-street.
Beningfield, Col. J. W., 17, King-street, Cheapside.
Benson, C. J., 1, Cousin-lane.
Besley, Rev. W. P., 6, Amen-court.
Brown, H. W., 1, Bishopsgate-churchyard.
Byrne-Jones, H., 46, Queen Victoria-street.
Catchpole, R., 5, Ave Maria-lane.
Clementi-Smith, Rev. P., The Rectory, St. Andrew's-hill.
Clements, H. V., Star-alley, Mark-lane.
Cross, W. M., 1, Change-Alley.
Doughty, Rev. G. B., 27, Westbourne-gardens, W.
Dunn, F., 4 and 5, Brown's-buildings, St. Mary-axe.
Evans, R., 23, Artillery-lane.
Freeman, T., 187, Palmerston House.
Game, H. V., 272, Central Markets.
Grear, Rev. T., 50, Amhurst-park, N.
Gregory, Miss C. S., The Deanery, St. Paul's.
Heilbuth, G. H., 15, Walbrook.
Howland, R., Bankside, 343, Milkwood-road, Herne-hill.
Huey, J., 32, Poultry.
Ingram, Rev. A. J. (Prebendary), St. Margaret's Rectory, Ironmonger-lane.
Key, H., Holly House, Mount View-rd., N.
King, W. P., 15, Walbrook.
Lile, J. H., 4, Ludgate-circus.
Marr, Rev. J. F., 7, Crescent, Minories.
Meek, C., 39, Botolph-lane.
Monckton, A., 189, Upper Thames-street.
Morse, S. L., 79, Queen-street, Cheapside.
Morton, A. C., 47, Gauden-road, Clapham.
Moth, G. F., 1, Church-road, Brixton, S.W.
Ostle, Rev. W., St. Bartholomew's Hospital.
Pearce, Rev. E. H., The Vicarage, 9, King Edward-street.
Pick, J., 73-5, Lower Thames-street.
Saunders, M. L., 4, Coleman-street.
Scholes, C. E., 5, Whitecross-street.
Sparks, H. E., 12, Mitre-street.
Taylor, H. T., 9, Wood-street.
Tollworthy, J., 3A, New Broad-street.
Turner, R., 50, Bartholomew-close.
Wagstaff, G. P., 9, Bartlett's-buildings.
Wagstaff, W. H., 9, Bartlett's-buildings, Holborn.
Westerby, J., 59, Redcross-street, E.C.
Wild, J. B., 34 to 40, Ludgate-hill.
Wilkinson, C., 5, East Harding-street
Young, T. P., 29, Mark-lane.

PARISH OF FULHAM.

OFFICES: 129, FULHAM PALACE ROAD, W.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 2.30 p.m.)

The Fulham Board of Guardians was established in 1899 as a result of the dissolution of the Fulham Union. Population, 137,289 (census 1901).

Elected Guardians..... 24
Co-opted do. 2

Chairman—Rev. P. S. G. Propert.
Vice-Chairman—A. Dell.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—E. J. Mott.
Assistant Clerk—L. Liversidge.
District Medical Officers and Public Vaccinators — North District: A. G. Wells, Keith House, West Kensington. *South District:* T. A. Appleton, 46, Britannia-road, Walham-green.
Collectors of the Guardians—A. E. Grant and F. G. Bidmead, 129, Fulham Palace-road, W.
General Relieving Officer for Prosecutions, &c. — R. J. Harrison 330, Fulham Palace-road, Fulham.
General Relieving Officer for Lunatics—James de Vinny, 350, Fulham Palace-road, Fulham.
Relieving Officers — North-East District: F. J. Rylance, 32, Hartismere-road, Fulham; *North-West District:* J. D. Higgins, 376, Fulham Palace-road, Fulham; *South District:* G. Hiscock, 36, Hestercombe-avenue, Fulham, S.W.
Assistant Relieving Officer and Out-Relief Distributor —A. W. Horsnell, 131, Fulham Palace-road, Fulham.
Vaccination Officer—H. Davies, 131, Fulham Palace-road, W.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Fulham Palace-road.
Master and Matron — Mr. and Mrs W. T. Davey.

Chaplain—Rev. R. V. Tremills.
Medical Officer—C. T. Parsons, M.D.

Infirmary, St. Dunstan's-road.
Medical Superintendent—C. T. Parsons, M.D.
Assistant Medical Superintendent—R. J. Waugh, M.R.C.S.
Steward—(Vacant).
Matron—J. F. Ballantyne.
Chaplain—Rev. R. V. Tremills.

Receiving Home for Children, Parson's-green.
Matron—Miss J. Marlow.

Casual Wards.
Margravine-road, Fulham.

Dispensary.
131, Fulham Palace-road.—*Medical Officer*—Dr. A. G. Wells; *Dispenser*—Mr. W. H. J. Strickland.

List of Members.

Alldred, E., 33, Stokenchurch-street, Fulham.
Armfield, E. R., 787, Fulham-rd., Fulham.
Birch, W. C., 22, Glazbury-road, West Kensington.
Botterill, C., 532, Fulham Palace-road, Fulham.
Cave, S. T., 815, Fulham-road, Fulham.
Clark, G. F., 718, Fulham-road, S.W.
Crew, H. G., 85, Wandsworth-bridge-road, Fulham.
Crowley, Rev. J., 60, Rylston-road, Fulham.
Dell, A., 431, North End-road, Fulham.
Edwards, J. J., 171, New King's-road, Fulham.
Fenwick, G., 156, Fulham Palace-road, Fulham.
Goldie, Col. J., 41, Charleville-road, West Kensington.
Ham, W., 10, Napier-avenue, Fulham.
Hart, R. E., 47, Fabian-road, Fulham.
Jones, J. T., 9, Cloncurry-street, Fulham.
Miles, Miss M. C., 11, Avonmore-gardens, West Kensington, W.
Praeger, Lieut.-Col. H. J. F., 243, New King's-road, Fulham.
Propert, Rev. P. S. G., 247, Lillie-road, Fulham.
Sadler, A. H., 797, Fulham-road, Fulham.
Sainsbury, Mrs. A. K., 33, Clonmel-road, Fulham.
Sayer, Mrs. M. A., 24, Musgrave-crescent, Fulham.
Templeton, Mrs. L. L., 43, Gunterstone-road, West Kensington.
Terry, H., 2, Fabian-road, Fulham.
Torrence, P. J., 14, Margravine-road, Fulham.
Ware, M. L., 4, Melmoth-place, Fulham.
Whitby, Miss L., 16, Unwin Mansions, Queen's Club-gardens, West Kensington.

GREENWICH UNION.

(Parishes of Greenwich, St. Paul, Deptford, and St. Nicholas, Deptford.)

Offices: Woolwich Road, Greenwich.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 2 p.m.)

Population 185,034. Average daily number of inmates in workhouses last year, 938; infirmary, 447. Grove Park Workhouse, 614; Children's Home, Sidcup, 528; Calvert-road and Conduit House (now closed) Homes for In-patients and Out-patients, 56. Cost of in-maintenance, £41,753. Cost of out-relief, £15,020. Total who received medical relief only on 1st July, 1905, 377; on 1st January, 1906, 350.

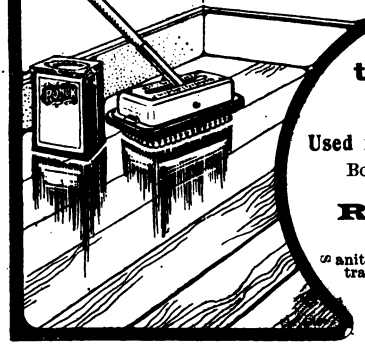
Elected Guardians 25
Co-opted do. 4

Chairman—E. G. G. Bax.
Vice-Chairman—B. Avery.

Officers.

Clerk—Samuel Saw.
Assistant Clerk—H. K. Lewis.
District Medical Officers—J. F. Tabb, 234, Trafalgar-road, Greenwich; G. B. Goodall, Vanbrugh-hill, Greenwich; G. H. Cable, Gloucester-place, Greenwich; C. H. Hartt, Crooms-hill, Greenwich; J. J. Stack, 282, New Cross-road; Charles Wallis, 241, New Cross-road; J. P. Conway, 330, Evelyn-street, Deptford; A. T. Drake, Lewisham High-road; H. W. Roberts, 3, Breakspears-road, St. John's, S.E.
Relieving Officers—J. K. Orsman, 62, Old Woolwich-road, Greenwich; W. H. Peters, 54 and 56, Ormiston-road, Greenwich; T. F. Goodwin, Royal-hill, Greenwich; C. H

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Workhouse, Woolwich-road, S.E.

Master and Matron—J. H. and I. E. Carter.
Medical Officer—W. C. S. Burney, L.R.C.S., L.M.K.Q.C.P.I. and L.M.
Chaplain—Rev. Wm. Horan.
Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. T. Nolan.
Nonconformist — Rev. Lloyd Davies, B.A.

Workhouse, Grove Park, Lee, S.E.

Master and Matron—E. and Annie Tyler.
Medical Officer—Dr. F. G. Larkin.
Chaplain—Rev. S. Luffman, M.A.
Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. Augustine White.
Nonconformist Instructor—Rev G. Simmons.

Infirmary, East Greenwich.

Medical Officer—W. C. S. Burney.
Senior Assistant Medical Officer—W. D. Wiggins, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.
Junior Assistant Medical Officer—Miss H. G. Jones, M.B. (Lond.).
Matron—Miss L. H. Beard.
Steward—J. Hutley.

Dispensaries.

Royal-hill, Greenwich; and 24, Albury-road, Deptford.

List of Members.

Airy, Miss C., White House, Croom's-hill.
Avery, B., 24, Lewisham High-road.
Bardsley, Rev. S. M., The Vicarage, Greenwich.
Bax, E. G. G., Rosenthal-road, Catford.
Beattie, A., 57, Pepys-road, New Cross.
Carr, F. R., 203, New Cross-road.
Clark, F. S., 3, Gloucester-place, Greenwich.
Drapper Mrs. B. M., 1 Bestwood-street.

Hart, A., 7, Wickham-road, Brockley.
Hayter, H. G., 42, Vanbrugh-hill.
Kemp, H., 271, Queen's-road, Peckham.
Kershake, J. C. M., 114, Lewisham High-rd.
Marchant, W. F., 8, Elliot-park, Lewisham.
McQueen, A., 8, Woolwich-road, Greenwich.
Morgan, J. T., 96, Erlanger-road.
Morton, J. E., Gillingwood, 53, Ulundi-road.
Neill, W. R. M., 238, Evelyn-st., Deptford.
Newman, J. J., 469, New Cross-road.
Northen, C., 215, Lewisham High-road.
Presland, W. R., 410, New Cross-road.
Reynolds, W. H., "The Lilies," Woodside, S.E.
Richardson, W., 60, Annandale-road.
Simmonds, E., 32, Achilles-street.
Smith, H., 6, Vanbrugh-park-road East.
Soper, R., 208, Lewisham High-road.
Stanley, J. J., 66, Lewisham High-road.
Walsh, Mrs. M. C., 423, New-cross-road.
Watts, J. P., 26, Burney-street.
Whibley, Mrs. E. P., Erfurt Lodge, Diamond-terrace, Hyde-vale, Greenwich.

HACKNEY UNION.

(PARISHES OF HACKNEY AND STOKE NEWINGTON.)

OFFICES: SIDNEY ROAD, HOMERTON.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays at 3 p.m.)

Population of Union 270,519. Rateable value £1,566,141. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse, 1,518; infirmary, 575; schools, 446; children's homes, 129. Cost of in-maintenance for year ended Lady Day, 1906, £95,683 (includes lunatics, imbeciles, fever patients, and persons in institutions not under the control of the Guardians). Cost of out-door relief for year ended Lady Day, 1906, £15,878. Average number in receipt of out-door relief about 2,819.

Elected Guardians 33

Chairman—Rev. C. Dunn.

Vice-Chairman — W. Fenton-Jones.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—F. R. Coles.

Assistant Clerks—H. B. Loney, B. A. Pursey, E. W. Harbour, W. D. Harris, A. F. Dodds, H. Shepheard, P. A. Brown, and L. J. Page.

District Medical Officers — District 1: R. Brown, 56, Rectory-road. *District* 2: J. H. Turtle, 35, High-street, Homerton. *District* 3: T. C. Barlow, 88, Dalston-lane. *District* 4: W. N. Walker, 37, King Edward-road. *District* 5: T. J. Fisher, M.D., 29, Cassland-crescent, South Hackney. *District* 6: W. C. M'Donnell, Park House, Park-lane, Stoke Newington. *District* 7: J. W. Hunt, M.D., "Woodchester," 208, Upper Clapton-road. *District* 8: R. Dudgeon, 1, Cadogan-terrace, South Hackney. *District* 9: T. G. Pratt, 48, Median-road, Clapton. *District* 10: F. J. P. Daly, 188, Upper Clapton-road. *District* 11: (same as District 9).

Relieving Officers—Superintendent Relieving Officer: J. Buckmaster, 67, Mayola-road, Lower Clapton, N.E. *District* 1: E. Blake, 52, Sydner-road. *District* 2: A. F. Smith, 11, Annis-road, South Hackney. *District* 3: W. J. Rudling—Relief Offices, Mayfield-road, Dalston. *District* 4: J. R. Marriott, 65, Gore road, South Hackney. *District* 5: J. B. Frost, 6, Annis-road, South Hackney. *District* 6: H. K. Curram, 29, Dynevor-road, Stoke Newington. *District* 7: W. C. Ingham, 187, Graham-road, Hackney, N.E. *District* 8: H. R. Bowtle, 48, Annis-road, South Hackney. *District* 9: R. Taylor, 24, Chailey-street. *District* 10: J. F. Coffin, 20, Castlewood-road, Stamford-hill. *District* 11: C. Dawson, 11, Chelmer-road, Glyn-road, Homerton, N.E.

General Relieving Officer—W. T. Stratford, 53, Mildenhall-road, Lower Clapton.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Sidney-road, Homerton.

Master and Matron—Mr. and Mrs. Mason.

Medical Officer—J. J. Gordon.

Chaplain—Rev. S. R. Gilpin.

Infirmary, High-street, Homerton.

Medical Officer—J. J. Gordon.
Assistant Medical Officer—J. W. Oliver.
Steward—James Young.
Matron—Miss L. Griffith.
Chaplain—Rev. S. R. Gilpin.

Sidney Road Children's Homes.

Matron—Miss E. A. Page.
Medical Officer—J. J. Gordon.

Schools, Brentwood.

Superintendent and Matron—Mr. and Mrs. Greanoff.
Chaplain—Rev. H. Stephens.
Medical Officer—S. Frazer.

Casual Wards.

Superintendents—T. Page and E. A. Page.

List of Members.

Allardyce, H. L., "Belle Vue," 43, Allerton-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Allen, Mrs. H., "Albert Cottage," Pembury-road, Lower Clapton, N.E.
Arnold, J. F., 105, Prince George-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Barns, S. A., 51, Brooke-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Bates, T., 67, Clifden-road, Lower Clapton, N.E.
Beurle, W. L., "Linden House," 331, Victoria-park-road, N.E.
Bond, W. H., 20, Brooksby's-walk, N.E.
Brown, E. C., 80, Albert-road, Dalston, N.E.
Browne, Mrs. E., 22, Wilderton-road, Stamford-hill, N.
Chapman, F., 307, Victoria-park-road, N.E.
Coard, H. G., 98, Amhurst-park, N.
Cox, Miss A., 4, Mildenhall-road, Clapton, N.E.
Cox, G., 161, Amhurst-rd., Hackney, N.E.
Dunn, Rev. C., "The Presbytery," Ballance-road, Homerton, N.E.
Farquharson, Miss J. C., 25, Stamford-hill, N.
Fenton-Jones, J., J.P., 12, King Edward-road, N.E
Fenton-Jones, W. F., 12, King Edward-road, N.E.
Freeman, Rev. G., 25, Cawley-rd., Victoria-park, N.E.
Glover, F. W., 103, Cazenove-road, Stamford-hill, N.
Grant, A., 32, Lansdowne-rd., Dalston, N.E.
Grant, H., 30, Elderfield-rd., Clapton-park, N.E.
Hancock, F. H., 115, Stoke Newington-road, N.E.
Hedger, G., 60, Fountayne-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Henry, Miss E., 111, Chatsworth-road, Clapton, N.E.
Holmes, Mrs. A. E., 135, Victoria-park-road, N.E.
Jones, R. M., 28, Grayling-road, Stoke Newington, N.
Laen-Gay, T., 11, Percy-terrace, Hackney-wick, N.E.
Roche, Mrs. M., 10, Warwick-road, Upper Clapton, N.E.
Salaman, W., 140, Queen's-road., Dalston, N.E
Saunders, A., 36, Pembury-road, Hackney, N.E.
Spencer, J., "Sunnyside," Firsby-road, Stamford-hill, N.
Stapleton, A. E., 17, Northwold-road, Clapton, N.E.
Walkden, R. P., 97, Queen's-road, Brownswood-park, N.

HAMMERSMITH.

OFFICES: 206, GOLDHAWK ROAD, W.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays.)

Population 112,239. Workhouse certified for 406; Infirmary 374.

Elected Guardians 24

Chairman—J. C. Platt.

Vice-Chairman—Rev. J. G. Murray.

Clerk—J. Lamb.

Assistant Clerk—S. M. Jones.

District Medical Officers and Public Vaccinators—J. Gaff, 31, Bridge-avenue, Hammersmith; S. Peake, 228, Goldhawk-road, Shepherds-bush; H. F. E. Harrison, 33, Shepherds-bush-green, W.; B. G. Reynolds, "Silverhowe," College park, N.W.

General Relieving Officer for Lunatics, &c.—F. J. Watson, 146, Percy-road, Shepherds-bush.

Assistant General Relieving Officer—T. Curry, 2, Mark-mansions, Westville-road, Shepherds-bush.

Relieving Officers—J. T. Thompson, 75, Iffley-road, Hammersmith; A. Haworth, 45, Bloemfontein-avenue, Shepherds-bush; R. Brown, 16, Lena-gardens, Hammersmith.

Workhouse, Ducane-road, Wormwood Scrubs.

Master—B. Andrews.
Matron—A. Andrews.

Infirmary, Ducane-road, Wormwood Scrubs.

Medical Superintendent — J. Jenkins, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
Steward—F. V. Lock.
Matron—E. M. White.

Receiving Home for Children, 206a, Goldhawk-road.

Matron—L. Tomes.

List of Members.

Apsey, J. L., 4, Godolphin-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
Clements, Rev. A. W., 40 and 41, Brookgreen, Hammersmith, W.
Daniel, G., 14, Avenue-rd., Hammersmith.
Davies, Rev. R. G., 2, Sedgeford-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
De Vallency, Dr. A. D., 34, Shaftesbury-road, Hammersmith, W.
Dunckley, Rev. W., St. Luke's Vicarage, Uxbridge-road, W.
Edwards, F. A., 39, Agate-road, Hammersmith, W.
Elliott, W., 97, Devonport-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
Glasier, J., 105, Devonport-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
Graves, Mrs., E. E., 23, Arminger-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
Hooper, H. R. D., "Pavilion Hotel," Wormwood Scrubs, W.
Jarvis, G., 45, Paddenswick-road, Hammersmith, W.
Jones, J. G., 159, Dalling-road, Hammersmith, W.
Jones, R. P., 3, Ravenscourt-square, Hammersmith, W.
Meyrick-Wood, Mrs. G. E., St. Stephen's Vicarage, 1, Coverdale-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
Moore, T., 5, Sedgeford-road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
Morris, T., 33, Cambridge-road, Hammersmith, W.
Murray, Rev. J. G., 39, The Grove, Hammersmith, W.
Pascall, C., Digby-mansions, Hammersmith, W.
Platt, J. C., 43, Lonsdale-rd., Barnes, S.W.
Ridpath, Mrs. E. B., 12, Hammersmith-road, Hammersmith, W.
Seager, O., 3, Girdler's-road, Brook-green, Hammersmith, W.
Vine, G., 9, Jeddo-road, Starch-green, Hammersmith, W.
Whitlock, R. A., 13, Goldhawk-road, Hammersmith, W.

HAMPSTEAD.

OFFICES: WORKHOUSE, NEW END, HAMPSTEAD.

(Meetings: Thursdays at 10 a.m., alternately at the workhouse and Kilburn Relief Station.)

The parish of Hampstead is in itself a district for the administration of Poor-law. The workhouse, including sick wards, is certified to accommodate 441 inmates. Population 81,942. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year 363.

Elected Guardians 18

Chairman—E. S. Payne.
Vice-Chairman—W. R. Rider.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—H. Westbury Preston.
Assistant Clerk—A. E. Griffiths.
District Medical Officers—W. M. G. Glanville, M.D., 98, Heath-street, N.W. (*Hampstead District*); W. Barter, M.D., 47, Greencroft-gardens, N.W. (*Kilburn District*).
Relieving Officer — Hampstead District: Gerald Corcoran, New End. *Kilburn District:* J. A. Eldridge, Relief Station, 46, Iverson-road.
Workhouse, New End, Hampstead.
Master and Matron — Mr. and Mrs. Russell.
Medical Officer—E. Claude Taylor, M.D.
Chaplain—Rev. W. H. Hunt.

List of Members.

Boden, J. W., 17, Canfield-gardens, N.W.
Buckle, Mrs. E. H., 61, Heath-street, N.W.
Chown, J., 5, Somali-road, N.W.
Cooper, J. R., Queen's Lodge, West-end-lane, N.W.
Finlay, Mrs. G. A., 40, Lindfield-gardens, N.W.
Gow, Rev. H., 3, John-street, N.W.
Herford, Miss H. B., 12, Christchurch-road, N.W.
Monro, Mrs. M. A., 99, Haverstock-hill, N.W.
Nevington, Mrs. M. W., 4, Downside-crescent, N.W.
Nunn, T. H., Rosslyn-grove, 11, Rosslyn-hill, N.W.
Payne, E. S., 45, Rosslyn-hill, N.W.

WESTMINSTER GAZETTE

Afternoon - - - - - One Penny

Publishing four editions daily during the afternoon, the "Westminster Gazette" has gained a wide circulation among the professional and higher commercial classes by the quality of its leading articles and literary matter and its excellent service of news. No paper has of late years carried more weight in the counsels of the Liberal Party, and the name of the "Westminster" caricaturist,

SIR F. CARRUTHERS GOULD
("F. C. G."),

has become a household word wherever an interest is taken in political men and matters.

ON SATURDAYS the daily paper is enlarged. A weekly edition is also published on Friday night entitled the

SATURDAY WESTMINSTER

Weekly - - - - - One Penny

This edition, in which all "F. C. G.'s" cartoons of the week are reproduced, is a political, social, and literary magazine-review. It is obtainable of newsagents or by post on Saturday morning throughout the United Kingdom. Post free, inland, 6s. 6d. a year; abroad, 8s. 8d.

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Sharpe, Rev. E. N., 1, Parsifal-road, N.W.
Sheffield, Col. F., 15, Daleham-gdns., N.W.
Thorpe, R., "Sunnyside," Agincourt-road, N.W.
Viner, Miss F. A., 15, Thurlow-road, N.W.
Wilson, R., 25, Arkwright-road, N.W.

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OFFICES: 53, CLERKENWELL ROAD.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays at 6 p.m.)

Rateable Value £1,495,185.

Population 129,350. Average daily number of inmates in workhouses and schools last year 3,513. Average number in receipt of outdoor relief 2,051. Cost of in-maintenance £47,261. Cost of out-relief £10,464.

Elected Guardians 31
Co-opted do. 1

Chairman—Wm. Howes.
Vice-Chairman—J. Walton.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—J. Allan Battersby.
Deputy Clerk — H. Granger Holder.
Accountant—Chas. J. Cross.
Assistant Clerks— G. H. Pepper, C. G. Dixie, A. A. Mott, and A. F. Adams.
Collector—Joseph H. Bell.
Vaccination Officer—Percy E. Capps.
General Relieving Officer — Thomas J. Garstang.
District Medical Officers—F. C. R. M. Knight, 43, Claremont-square; T. G Hockridge, 26, L oyd-square; G. F. Palmer, 51, Exmouth-street; Reginald Taylor, 79, Gray's Inn-road; H. J. Gahagan, 178, Clerkenwell-road; M. L. Clift, 20, King's-square; W. A. Dingle, 99, City-road.
Relieving Officers — (address: Union Offices, Clerkenwell-road).—J. W. Waterer, J. J. Chapman, W. Shaw, E. R. Smith, F. H. Birch.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, City-road.

Master and Matron—Edward and Priscilla Williams.
Chaplain—Vacant.
Medical Officer—Thomas Evans.

Workhouse, Mitcham.

Master and Matron—Thomas W. and Grace Norman.
Chaplain—Rev. Sydney Jackson.
Medical Officer—Oscar B. Shelswell.

Infirmary, Highgate.

Medical Superintendent—Isaac C. McLearn, M.D.
Steward—William Mackee.
Matron—Gertrude A. Wyld.
Chaplain—Rev. F. Nightingale.

Schools, Mitcham.

Superintendent—William Lane Drury.
Matron—Eliza K. Drury.
Chaplain—Rev. Sydney Jackson.
Medical Officer—E. Collet Osborn.

Casual Wards.

Little Gray's Inn-lane, W.C.
Superintendent—William J. Deacon.
Matron—Catherine E. Deacon.

Dispensary.

Union Offices. — *Dispensers* — Herbert H. Hewitt and Sem. M. Evans.

List of Members.

Baker, Miss I. M., 37, Brook-st., E.C.
Barnes, H. G., 58, Farringdon-road, E.C.
Bassett, G., 32, Cumming-street, Clerkenwell.
Bedford, Rev. E. C., 42, Great Ormond-st., W.C.
Bellamy, C. F., 79, Lamb's Conduit-st., W.C.
Berthier, 2, 3, Charterhouse-square, E.C.
Bolton, T. J. 9A, Little James-street.
Boulton, F. G., 292, Goswell-road, E.C.
Brust, C. F., 53, Amwell-street.
Canney, Miss M., Rectory, Cross-street, E.C.
Canney, Rev. E., Rectory, Cross-street, E.C.
Cornish, R., Central-street, E.C.

Garrity, E., 4, Hall-street, Goswell-rd., E.C.
Harris, Miss E., 8, Lloyd-square.
Herbert-Burns, A., 10, Bedford-row, W.C.
Hoare, J. T., 393, Holloway-road, N.
Hooper, J. A., 36, Red Lion-street.
Howes, E., J.P., 60, Tabernacle-street, E.C.
Howes, W., J.P., 85, Amhurst-park, Stamford-hill, N.
Humphreys, A., 12, 13, Took's-court, Cursitor-street, E.C.
King, E. H., 3, Northampton-square.
Knight, J. S., 10, Clerkenwell-close, E.C.
Miller, E., 26, Regent's-park-road, N.W.
Perry, Rev. G. H., M.A., St. Luke's Rectory, Helmet-row, E.C.
Preedy, T., 90, White Lion-street, N.
Roe, W. F., 121, Old-street, E.C.
Scheib, F. G., 36, Claremont-square, Pentonville.
Smith, Rev. G., St. Paul's Vicarage, Bunhill-row, E.C.
Wallis, J. T., 3, Cumberland-terrace, Lloyd-square, E.C.
Walton, J., 7, Upper Charles-street, E.C.
Warman, G., 1, St. John-street, E.C.
Wilkes, G. T. 262, Goswell-road, E.C.

ISLINGTON.

OFFICES: ST. JOHN'S ROAD, UPPER HOLLOWAY.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 3.30 p.m.)

Population in 1901, 334,991. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year 3,455. Cost of in-maintenance £45,289. Cost of out-door relief £22,689. Total who received medical relief 3,444.

Elected Guardians 30

Chairman—G. S. Elliott.
Vice-Chairman—W. Malins.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Edwin Davey.

District Medical Officers — District 1: Dr. M. J. Bulger, 145, Seven Sisters'-road; St. John's-road (dispensary, week days, 11 a.m. till 12, noon). *District* 2: Dr. A. St. L. Fagan, 57, St. John's-road (dispensary, week days, 10 a.m. to 11 a.m.). *District* 2A: Dr. J. Crabb, 59, Parkhurst-road, St. John's-road (dispensary, week days, 11 a.m. to 12 noon). *District* 3: Dr. H. E. Whitehead, 475, Caledonian-road, Highbury (dispensary, week days, 10 to 11 a.m.). *District* 3A: Dr. O. A. Wickham, 1, Westbourne-road, Barnsbury, Liverpool-road (dispensary, week days, 11 a.m. to 12 noon). *District* 4: Dr. B. G. Morison, 115, Green-lanes, Highbury (dispensary, week days, 11 a.m. to 12 noon). *District* 5: Dr. L. U. Young, 27, Clephane-road, Canonbury (dispensary, week days, 11 a.m. to 12 noon). *District* 6: Dr. W. G. Rowntree, 20, Richmond-road, Liverpool-road (dispensary, week days, 10 to 11 a.m.). *District* 7: Dr. S. J. Rowntree 76, Richmond-road, Liverpool-road (dispensary, week days, 10 to 11 a.m.). *District* 8: Dr. J. Greenwood, 71, Canonbury-road, (dispensary, week days, 10 to 11 a.m; on Tuesdays, 12 noon to 1 p.m.). *District* 9: Dr. J. J. A. Sherry, 329, Goswell-road, (dispensary, week days, 11 a.m. to 12 noon).

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, St. John's-road.

Master and Matron—Mr. and Mrs. Williams.

Chaplain—Rev. H. Townshend.

Infirmary, Highgate-hill.

Medical Superintendent—Dr. A. H. Robinson.

Matron—Miss A. E. Little.

Steward—R. R. Moor.

Workhouse, Cornwallis-road.

Master and Matron—Mr. and Mrs. Robinson.

Chaplain—Rev. Joseph Kahn.

Medical Officer—Dr. E. F. Eyre.

Schools, Hornsey-road, N.

Master and Matron—Mr. and Mrs. Blythe.

Chaplain—Rev. J. M. Willoughby.

Medical Officer—Dr. W. N. Parker.

List of Members.

Baker, J. G., 62, Richmond-road, Caledonian-road, N.
Barrett, Mrs. M., 61, Highbury-park, Highbury, N.
Bennett, Miss E. S., 12, Penn-road-villas, N.
Bryen, T. F. 112, Tollington-park, N.
Clarke, A. O., 189, Holloway-road, N.
Clarke, Miss J., 17, Hornsey-rise-gardens, Hornsey-rise, N.
Clarke, J., 5, Gladsmuir-road, Upper Holloway.
Dearing, C., Jun., 1, Ashby-rd., Canonbury.
Elliott, G. S., 14, Upper-street, N.
Essex, Mrs. Rosa, 165, Hornsey-road, N.
Feldman, I., 37, Ferntower-road, N.
Fricker, W. R., 93, Bethune-road, Amhurst-road, N.
Gann, R. J., Monnery Works, Monnery-road, Junction-road, N.
Guttridge, E. R., 14, Tollington-place, N.
Guttridge, G., 29, Yonge-park, Seven Sisters-road, N.
Haslam, Dr. Sarah Kate, "St. Martin's," 85, Crouch-hill.
Lambert, S., 125, Barnsbury-road, N.
Lander, J. B., 132, Fairbridge-road, N.
Lander, M. T., 2, Ashbrook-road, Upper Holloway, N.
Malins, W., 11, Moray-rd., Tollington-park.
Marshall, Mrs. L., 26, Canonbury-park North, St. Paul's-road, N.
Nevill, J. E., 120, Highgate-hill, N.
Newns, Rev. A., 9, Thornhill-square, N.
Parker, W. B., 20, Richmond-crescent, Barnsbury, N.
Pike, G., 295, Caledonian-road, N.
Russell, F. E., 55, Ellington-street, N.
Tomkins, E., 132A, St. John's-road, Upper Holloway, N.
Varley, Miss A., 82, Newington-green-rd., N.
Wilmot, J. F., 97, Tollington-road, Holloway, N.

KENSINGTON.

OFFICES: 28, MARLOES ROAD, W.

Telephone: 533 Kensington.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 3 p.m.)

Population 176,623. Average daily number of inmates last year 1,782. Cost of in-maintenance £65,577. Cost of out-relief £3,603. Total who received medical relief only, on 1st July, 1906, 41.

Elected Guardians 24
Co-opted do. 2

Chairman—F. J. S. Edgecombe.
Vice-Chairman—Sir F. Fleming.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—W. R. Stephens.

Assistant Clerk—F. W. Turner.

District Medical Officers—Harold Wrangel Clarke, 67, St. Quintin-avenue, W. (dispensary, Mary-place, week days, 12 to 1 p.m.). E. T. Ensor, M.D., 162, Ladbroke-grove, W. (dispensary, Mary-place, 11 to 12 a.m.). O. W. Roberts, 79, Cambridge-gardens (dispensary, Mary-place), week days, 11 a.m. to 12 noon). J. J. Atteridge, 121, Ladbroke-grove (dispensary, Mary-place, 10 to 11 a.m.). Meredith Townsend, 24, Upper Phillimore-place (dispensary, Marloes-road, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 11 a.m. to 12 noon). E. T. Gregory, 26, Redcliffe-gardens, S.W. (dispensary, Marloes-road, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 11 a.m. to 12 noon.)

Superintendent Relieving Officer—W. B. Neville. Relief Offices: Marloes-road, Kensington.

Relieving Officers—H. Pearmain, 19, Bonchurch-road: Relief Offices, Mary-place, 9 a.m. to 12 noon. H. G. Slight, 33, Elgin-crescent. Relief Offices, Mary-place, 9 a.m. to 12. F. C. Coombes, 17, Prince's-road: Relief Offices, Mary-place, 9 a.m. to 12 noon. R. P. Garrod, 33, Elgin-crescent: Relief Offices, Mary-place, 9 a.m. to 12 noon. Alfred Campion, 3, Hollywood-road: Relief Offices, Marloes-road, 9 a.m. till 12 noon.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Marloes-road.

Master and Matron — William and Ellen Brimblecombe.

Chaplain—Rev. F. B. Marsland.

Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. M. Fanning.

Medical Officer—H. P. Potter, M.D.

Infirmary, Marloes-road.

Medical Officer—H. P. Potter, M.D.

1*st Assistant Medical Officer*—J. B. Cook, M.D.

2*nd ditto.*—E. T. Holland.

Chaplain—Rev. F. B. Marsland.

Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. M. Fanning.

Steward—E. F. A. Philbrick.

Matron—L. C. Malim.

Workhouse for able-bodied Males, Mary-place, Notting-hill.

Master—A. W. Bennett.

Chaplain—Rev. C. E. T. Roberts.

Medical Officer—E. T. Ensor, M.D.

List of Members.

Acrell, J. F., 111, Walmer-road.
Alexander, Miss A. M., Aubrey House, Aubrey-road, Campden-hill, W.
Corry, H., 15, Ledbury-road, W.
Cuffe, Sir C. M., 51, Kensington-mansions.
Edgcombe, F. J. S., 8, Gloucester-walk, Campden-hill, W.
Fazakerley, J. N., 73, Harrington-gardens, S.W.
Fleming, Sir F., 9, Sydney-place, South Kensington, S.W.
Franklin, H. A., 49, Ladbroke-grove, W.
Hastie, J., 132, Lancaster-road.
Hayne, Miss A. S., 17, Cornwall-gardens, S.W.
Keeling, Miss C., 45, Lansdowne-road, W.
Key, W. T., 15, West Cromwell-road, S.W.
Langdale, F., 24, Egerton-terrace.
Langford, F. P., 139, Ladbroke-grove.
Langman, Lieut.-Col. A. W. F., 22, St. James-square, W.
Lee, F. H., 351, Portobello-road.
Lockwood, C. J., 42, Silchester-road, W.
Moon, E. R. P., 6, Onslow-gardens.
Reeder, J., 1, Scampston-mews.
Rendel, J. M., 15, Melbury-road, W.
Rickards, A. G., 20, Southwell-gardens.
Robinson, Miss M. F., 20, Campden-hill-sq.
Stopford, Col. J. G. B., 7, Trebovir-road, S.W.
Webb, R. F., 6, West Cromwell-road.
Whitworth, W., 18, Essex-villas, W.
Wilde, Miss M. J., 84, Lexham-gardens, S.W.

LAMBETH.

OFFICES: BROOK STREET, KENNINGTON ROAD, S.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays at 10.30 a.m.)

Population 301,895. Cost of maintenance during half-year £20,902. Cost of out-door relief for half-year £8,480.

Elected Guardians 30
Co-opted do. 2

Chairman—A. F. Collins.

Vice-Chairman—W. Croxson.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—W. Thurnall.

Assistant Clerk—E. W. Short.

District Medical Officers—*Districts Nos.* 1, 2, 3, and 4 are now under the supervision of the Medical Staff of the Infirmary (11 a.m. to 12 noon). *Districts* 1 *and* 2: 112, Westminster-bridge-road, S.E. *Districts* 3 *and* 4: 362, Kennington-road, S.E. *District No.* 5: Dr. F. Norman, 362, Kennington-road, S.E, (11 a.m. to 12 noon). *District No.* 6: Mr. R. J. W. Oswald, 55, Stockwell-road, S.W. (11 a.m. to 12 noon). *District No.* 7: Dr. T. D. Smyth, 55, Stockwell-road, S.W. (9 a.m. to 10 a.m.). *District No.* 8: Mr. C. E. Adams, 227, Gipsy-road, West Norwood, S.E. (attends patients at private residence, and at the dispensary, 149, Romany-road, at 10.30 a.m.). *District No.* 9: Mr. H. A. Burridge, 55, Stockwell-road, S.E (10 a.m. to 11 a.m.).

Relieving Officers—*District* 1: J. Sill, 7, Whittlesea-street, Roupell-street, S.E. *District* 2: A. Thain, 8, Gilbert-road, S.E. *District* 3: T. H. Edwards, 198, Kennington-park-road, S.E. *District* 4: H. Fearne, 19, Carroun-road, Clapham-road, S.W. *District* 5: W. D. Street, 32, Crawshay-road, Tre herne-road, S.W. *District* 6: W. T. A. Stockbridge, 221, South Lambeth-road. *District* 7: J. Hopkins, 14, Strathleven-road, Acre-lane, S.W. *District* 8: J. E. Exley, Relief Station, Elder-road, West Norwood. *District* 9: F. W. H. Selby, Relief Station, 191, Coldharbour-lane.

Relieving Offices for Districts 1, 2, and 3, are at Brook-street; for Districts 4 and 5 at Dispensary, Montford House, 362, Kennington-road, S.E.; for Districts 6 and 7, at Dispensary, 55, Stockwell-road, S.W.; for District 8, at Elder-road, West Norwood; and for District 9, at 191, Coldharbour-lane.

Superintendent Relieving Officer—Mr. W. Wood, Guardians' Offices, Brook-street, S.E.

General Relieving Officers—F. S. Barter, 17, Kempsford-road, Kennington, S.E.; J. S. T. Hodges, 51, Nunhead-grove, Peckham; F. C. Emerson and J. Fleming, Guardians' Offices.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Renfrew-road.

Master and Matron — Mr. and Mrs. Salmon.

Chaplain—Rev. W. J. Beechey.

Roman Catholic Chaplain—Rev. F. G. Wilderspin.

Medical Officer—M. H. Quarry, M.B.

Assistant Medical Officer—F. B. Skerrett, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Workhouse, Prince's-road.

Master and Matron — Mr. and Mrs. Olsen.

Chaplain, Roman Catholic Chaplain, and Medical Officer, as at Renfrew-road Workhouse.

Infirmary, Brook-street.

Medical Officer—M. H. Quarry, M.B.

First Assistant Medical Officer—F. W. W. Smith, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.B., B.S.

Second Assistant Medical Officer—M. W. S. Smith, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., M.B., B.S.

Third Assistant Medical Officer—R. G. Brown, M.B.

Fourth Assistant Medical Officer—C. Bennett, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Steward—Mr. G. Dean.

Matron—Miss E. M. Byles.

Chaplain—Rev. T. H. Leale.

Roman Catholic Chaplain—Rev. W. McLaughlin.

Casual Wards, Wincott-street.

Superintendent — Mr. A. Fairweather.

Schools, West Norwood.

Master and Matron—Mr. and Mrs. Morris.

Chaplain — Rev. W. Stewart Mathews.

Medical Officer—Miss A. N. V. Johnson.

School Infirmary.

Matron—Miss E. White.

Chaplain and Medical Officer as at Schools.

List of Members.

Baldwin, C. W., 15, Camberwell New-road.
Baldwin, H., "York Lodge," 93, Loughborough-road.
Baldwin, Mrs. S., "York Lodge," 93, Loughborough-road.
Bowers, R. W., 8, Albert-sq., Clapham-rd.
Briant, F., Alford House, 10-12, Lambeth-walk, S.E.
Brittain, G., 247, Kennington-road, S.E.
Cathcart, Mrs. F. E., 200, Brixton-road.
Clark, A., "Lynton," Crane's-park, Surbiton.
Collins, J., 11, Montford-place, Kennington-green.
Collins, A. F., 51, Wiltshire-road, Brixton, S.W.
Crow, Mrs. M., "St. Andrews," 5, Helix-gardens, Brixton-hill.
Croxson, W., 121, Coldharbour-lane.
Day, G. W., 27, Carlisle-street, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.
Dunkin, J. H. 132, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.
Franklin, E. L., 39, Lanfranc-street, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.
Fielder, F., "Hill View," Knight's-hill, West Norwood.
Fielder, Mrs. S., "Hill View," Knight's-hill, West Norwood.
Grey, Miss A. M., St. Anne's Cottage, Oxshott, Surrey.
Gough-Cook, W., 26, Herne-hill, S.E.
Hawkey, J. F., 75, Arlingford-rd., Tulse-hill.
Hayes, A. O., Holy Trinity Vicarage, Carlisle-street, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.

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Metropolitan Common Poor Fund . . .	£22,308
Metropolitan Asylums District	32,326
West London School District	5,500
	60,134
Nett Guardians' Expenditure	51,854
	£111,988

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Chaplain—Rev. T. Mason.

Medical Officer—M.F. Squire, M.D.

Assistant Medical Officer—R. R. Garrett.

Infirmary, 285, Harrow-road, W.

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Vice-Chairman—J. F. Holliday.

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Matron—E. A. Wesley.
Chaplain—Rev. W. R. Thatcher.
Medical Officers—M. M. Bowlan and G. M. McKie.

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Superintendent—A. H. Beeby.

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Superintendent—P. J. Rice.

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Crowder, A. G., 65, Portland-place, W.
Deady, J. J., 340A, Commercial-road, E.
Dibble, J. G., Dacre's-road, Forest-hill.
Ellis, P., 60, Sutton-street.
Gill, R., 60, Old Gravel-lane.
Gillmore, J. W., 92, Cable-street, E.
Hartmann, J., 70, Old Gravel-lane.
Jones, W. H., 28, Old Gravel-lane.
Long, J. T., 8, Belgrave-road, Ilford.
Martineau, P. M., Littleworth, Esher.
Palmer, J., 86, St. George-street.
Pepper, F., 165, Cannon-street-road.
Seddon, Miss A. E., 41, Wellclose-square.
Sly, R. S., Killeney, Hatherly-rd., Sidcup.
Thompson, P., 48, Well-street, Hackney.
Townsley, G. T., 14, Old Gravel-lane.
Trumble, T. W. H., 1, Raine's-mansions, Old Gravel-lane.
Wainwright, L. S., 65, Old Gravel-lane.

ST. GILES AND BLOOMSBURY.

OFFICES: 57, BROAD STREET, W.C.

(Meetings: Second and fourth Tuesdays in month at 4.30 p.m.)

Population 31,436. Cost of in-maintenance during last year £7,380 17s. 1½d. Total who received medical relief only, 21. Expenditure during last half-year £27,825 12s. 1d.

Elected Guardians 18

Chairman—Dr. W. R. Smith, J.P.
Vice-Chairman—E. O'Hare.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—J. Appleton.
Assistant Clerks—S. Ashley, L. Shepherd and T. W. W. Newman.
District Medical Officer—A. E. H. C. Hallen.
Relieving Officer—J. Howell.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Endell-street, W.C.

Master and Matron — F. Birch and B. Birch.

Chaplain—S. A. Griffiths.

Medical Officer—A.E.H.C. Hallen.

Receiving House for Children, Broad-street, W.C.

Matron—M. K. Edbrooke.

Casual Wards, Macklin-street, Drury-lane.

Dispensary, Short's - gardens, Endell-street.

Medical Officer—Dr. A. E. H. C. Hallen.

Dispenser—J. Hackett.

List of Members.

Angel, E., 12, Howard-road, Cricklewood.
Havers, K., 21, Bloomsbury-square.
Haxell, J., 46, Bloomsbury-square.
King, S., 15, Great Russell-street.
Latreille, H. C., 5, Bloomsbury-place.
Lawrence, J., 11, Great Russell-street.
Leathley, D. W. B., 27 Bedford-gardens, Kensington.
Lile, Miss A. M., 15, Russell-square.
Matthews, T. W., 6, High-street.
O'Hare, E., 10, Argyle-street, W.C.
Pilcher, R. B., 30, Bloomsbury-square.
Robinson, A., 7, Belleville-road, Wandsworth-common.
Smith, J., 15, Gt. Russell-street.
Smith, W. R., 74, Great Russell-street.
Stiles, C., 74 & 76, Southampton-row.
Tacon, J. W., 277, High Holborn.
Waddy, Miss E., 31, Chenies - street Chambers, St. Giles.
Westlake, N. H. J., 50, Clifton-gardens, W.

ST. MARYLEBONE.

OFFICES: NORTHUMBERLAND STREET, MARYLEBONE ROAD, W.

(Meetings: Alternate Mondays at 11 a.m.)

Population 133,329 (1901). Rateable value, £1,917,673.

Elected Guardians 24

Chairman—E. White, J.P., L.C.C.

Vice-Chairman—F. Morris.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—H. T. Dudman.

Assistant Clerk—Jesse Claxton.

Medical Officers—P. K. Byrne, W. Davis, W. Rayner, and F. W. Spurgin.

Relieving Officers—W. T. Cooper, H. H. Petchey, J. W. Sivyer, and S. V. Toutt.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Northumberland-street, Marylebone-road, W.

Master—N. M. Simmonds.
Medical Officer—W. Rayner.
Chaplain—Rev. J. A. Nash, M.A.

Infirmary, Rackham-street, Notting Hill, W.

Medical Officer—J. R. Lunn.
Steward—J. A. Merchant.
Matron—(Vacant).
Chaplain—Rev. F. J. Greenwood.

Casual Wards, 86, East - street, Baker-street, W.

Superintendent—E. Carter.

Dispensaries: South and North.

86, East-street and Little Union-place, Lisson-grove.

Schools, Southall, Middlesex.

Superintendent—J. H. Edwards.
Medical Officer—H. Sinigar.
Chaplain—Rev. H. Mills.

List of Members.

Anglim, J., 17, Shouldham-street, W.
Barclay, Mrs. E., 41, York-terrace, N.W.
Bonnella, D. H., 29, King's-rd., Ealing, W.
Browne, Dr. E. S., 5, Cavendish-mansions, Langham-street, W.
Butcher, C. R., 16, Norfolk-road.
Carter, Dr. R. J., 57, Acacia-road, N.W.
Coster, E., 23, Norfolk-road, N.W.
Crawford, Mrs. V. M., 105, Marylebone-rd.
Crichton, A. M. M., 17A, Great Cumberland-place, W.
Dennis, W., Ifield House, Carshalton.
Dunn, H. A., 41, Hamilton-gardens, N.W.
Fowler, G., 97 and 99, Great Portland-street.
Fuelling, T., 1, Paradise-street, W.
Hill, Miss M., 190, Marylebone-road, N.W.
Jennings, E. J., 101, Crawford-street, W

Morris, F., 41, St. John's-wood-park, N.W.
Sands, Mrs. B. M. J., 10H, Hyde Park-mansions, N.W.
Sandwith, Dr. F. M., 13, Cavendish-square, W.
Sparks, J., 17, Duke-street, W.
Thomas, J., 63, Wigmore-street, W.
Wallace, Miss E. I., 5, Highworth-street, N.W.
Welch, A., 31, High-street, Manchester-square, W.
Wheeler, T., 82, Lisson-grove, N.W.
White, E., 20, Upper Berkeley-street, W.

ST. PANCRAS.

OFFICES: PANCRAS ROAD, N.W.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 4 p.m.)

Population 235,317. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year 1,545. Cost of in-maintenance £15,101. Average number in receipt of outdoor relief 1,400. Cost of out-relief £6,514.

Elected Guardians 30
Co-opted do. 2

Chairman—W. J. Wettenhall, J.P.

Vice-Chairman—H. Munday.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—A. A. Millward.
Assistant Clerk—J. E. P. Hall.
Assistant Clerk (Settlement Department)—E. L. Shepherd.
Collector—B. Chapman.
District Medical Officers—N. J. Goodchild, 9, Highgate-road, N.W.: office, Bower-cottage, 11 a.m. Alexander Brown, 1, Bartholomew-road: office, Bower-cottage, 12 noon. J. Wigg, 36, Haverstock-hill: office, Bower-cottage, 9 a.m. Thomas Sayer, Ludlow House, Ampthill-square: office, Clarendon-square, 10 a.m. John Thompson, 70, Oakley-square: office, Clarendon-square, 12 noon. T. C. Murphy, 52, Huntley-street: office, Clarendon-square, 11 a.m. S. L. Smith, 25, Argyle-square, W.C.: office, Clarendon-square, 9 a.m.

Superintendent Relieving Officer—H. A. Craig, 4, Oseney-crescent, N.W.
Relieving Officers—H. J. Wessen, 59, Lady Margaret-road; H. H. Payton, 35, Willes-road, N.W.; F. H. Waight, 77, Patshull-road; R. C. Scott, 2, Healey-street; E. W. Ashton, 10, Barnby-street, N.W.; C. F. Cardnell, 21, Medburn-street, N.W.; W. C. Vassie, 12, Gower-place, W.C.; H. B. Brooks, 33, Argyle-street, W.C.
General Relieving Officer—A. W. Lock, 191, Euston-road.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, King's-road, Pancras-road, N.W.

Master—J. Green.
Matron—K. E. Green.
Chaplain—Rev. R. W. S. Dreaper, M.A.
Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. J. Harvey.
Religious Instructor for Nonconformists—Rev. J. H. Harley.
Medical Officer — C. Thackray, M.D.
Assistant Medical Officers—J. A. Bell, M.B., and E. Hill, M.B.

North Infirmary, Dartmouth Park-hill, N.

Medical Superintendent—A. E. Chilcott, M.D.
Assistant Medical Superintendents—A. G. Peter, M.B., and G. A. Bradshaw, M.R.C.S.
Chaplain—Rev. W. Davies, A.K.C.
Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. Bruno Townsend.
Matron—E. J. Moir.
Steward—J. F. Croager.

South Infirmary, Pancras-road, N.W.

Medical Superintendent — C. Thackray, M.D.
Matron—L. Bentley.
Steward—J. Green.

St. Anne's Home, Streatham-hill, S.W.

Master and Matron—W. and E. Begley.
Chaplain—Rev. C. S. Nichol, M.A.
Medical Officer—L. Fuller, M.D.

Schools, Leavesden, near Watford, Herts.

Superintendent and Matron—W. G. and A. Benton.
Chaplain—Rev. A. Wilson, M.A.
Medical Officer—Charles H. Hall, M.D.
Schoolmaster—R. Annear.
Schoolmistress—M. A. Bevis.

Dispensaries.

Bower-cottage, Leighton-road, Kentish Town (for Wards 1, 2, 3, and 4).

Open daily (Sundays excepted) from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Clarendon-square (for Wards 5, 6, 7, and 8).

Open daily (Sundays excepted) from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

List of Members.

Bayly, C. H., 22, Seymour-street, N.W.
Boden, A., 34, Maitland-park-villas, N.W.
Bridge, Rev. D., B.A., 9, Endsleigh-street, W.C.
Carter, H. J., 9, Regent's-park-road, N.W.
Challen, C., J.P., 13, Oakley-square, N.W.
Curtis, R. W., 20, Liverpool-street, W.C.
Daunton, G. S., 1, Guilford-street, W.C.
Denyer, Mrs. E. M., 3, Merton-road, South Hampstead, N.W.
Eves, W. H., J.P., 18, Brunswick-square, W.C.
Flynn, W., 4, Islip-street, Kentish Town, N.W.
Hennessey, D., 105, Weedington-road, N.W.
Hewett, J. W., 29, St. Augustine's-road.
Hodgkinson, G. A., 9, Chapel-street, St. Pancras, N.W.
Hollman, F., 114, King's-road, N.W.
Idris, Mrs. E. T. W., "Millfield," Westhill, Highgate.
Jones, F. H., B.A., Dr. Williams's Library, Gordon-square, W.C.
Knott, G., 43, Fitzroy-street, W.
Lamble, S. R., "Woodleigh," 15, Queenswood-avenue, Muswell-hill-road, N.
Lidgett, Miss E. S., 40, Gordon-square, W.C.
Lloyd-Taylor, W., J.P., 6, Albert-terrace, Regent's-park.
Lucas, B. P., Clinton House, Palace-road, Streatham.
Miall-Smith, Mrs. H. C., 37, Dartmouth-park-avenue, N.W.
Miles, A. R., 8, Stanhope-terrace, Gloucester-gate, N.W.
Munday, H., 23, Oakley-square, N.W.
Parker, W., 61, Maitland-park-road, Haverstock-hill, N.W.
Rendel, Miss E. M., 23, Russell-square, W.C.
Sansom, G., 7, Regent-square, W.C.
Thornley, J., 53, Camden-square, N.W.
Washington, A. C., 78, Robert-street, Hampstead-road, N.W.
Wetenhall, W. J., J.P., 8, Maitland-park-villas, N.W.
Wilson, Miss F. M., 34, Charrington-st., N.W.
Woodman, J. H., 18, Park-street, Camden Town, N.W.

SHOREDITCH.

OFFICES: 213, KINGSLAND ROAD, N.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Wednesdays at 5 p.m.)

Population 118,637. Cost of in-maintenance during the half-year ended Lady-day, 1906, £13,969. Cost of outdoor relief £2,246.

Elected Guardians 24

Chairman—J. Dawes-White.

Vice-Chairman—J. Harverson.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Robert Clay.

Assistant Clerk and Collector—Berkley Roberts.

District Medical Officers—Robert Arthur Fryer, Thomas Lloyd Brown, Major Greenwood, Arthur Greenwood.

Relieving Officers—C. N. Morgan, A. W. Tiley, C. E. Wilson, G. Mealing.

General Relieving Officer—Ernest Nystrom.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Kingsland-road, and Branch Workhouse, Woodgreen.

Master and Matron — W. and Mrs. C. Cook.

Chaplain—Rev. Thomas Hodgson.
Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. Michael Kelly.
Medical Officer — George E. Froggatt.

Additional Workhouse, Hazelville-road, Hornsey-rise, N.

Master and Matron—W. H. and Mrs. J. E. Dawes.

Branch Workhouse, Alexandra Park-road, Wood-green, N.

Master and Matron — W. and Mrs. C. Cook.

Infirmary, Hoxton-street.

Chaplain, Roman Catholic instructor, and medical officer, as at the Workhouse.
Steward—Hobart E. Steed.
Matron—Miss Joan Inglis.

Hornchurch Cottage Homes, Essex.
Superintendent—James Cowley.
Matron—Mrs. Elizabeth Cowley.
Chaplain—Rev. W. R. Morris, M.A.
Medical Officer—Dr. G. J. Duhig.
Schoolmaster—G. R. Stothard.
Schoolmistress—Miss Elsie Pyatt.

Branch School and Receiving House for Children, Clapton.

Matron—Mrs. Gash.

List of Members.

Bradley, W., 4, Trinity-place, Herbert-st.
Bryant, T., 273, Hackney-road.
Buck, E., 18, Lordship-park, Stoke Newington.
Bye, J., 258, Kingsland-road, N.E.
Craske, Miss M. A., 51, Herbert-street.
Davies, W. P., 168, Kingsland-road.
Dawes-White, J., 56, Prince George-road and 174, Kingsland-road.
English, C. J., 24, York-st., Hackney-road.
Hardy, R., 155, St. John's-road, Hoxton.
Harverson, J., 325, Hoxton-street.
Hicks, R., "Waverley," Goldsmith-road, New Southgate.
Hinton, W. E., "Belvedere," Shepherd's-hill, Highgate, N.
Kehler, F., 7, Gunton-road, Upper Clapton, N.E.
Kenrick, Mrs. A., Holy Trinity Vicarage Trinity-place, Hoxton.
Knightly, S., "Sylvester," 16, Duke's-avenue, Muswell-hill, N.
Knowland, P., 18, Murray-street.
Lewis, C. G., 123, Kingsland-road.
Morton, L., 46, Clarissa-street.
Scott, H. J., 57, De Beauvoir-road, N.
Tyrie, G., 210, Richmond-road, Dalston.
Vandy, J. W., 53, Wellwood-road, Goodmayes, Essex.
Wakeling, E. J., 145, New North-road, N.
Whitaker, Mrs. C., 5, Crondall-street.
Winkler, H., 76, Pitfield-street.

SOUTHWARK UNION.

(PARISHES OF CHRIST CHURCH, ST. SAVIOUR, ST. MARY NEWINGTON, AND ST. GEORGE-THE-MARTYR, SOUTHWARK.)

OFFICES: JOHN STREET WEST, BLACKFRIARS, S.E.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 5 p.m.)

Population 206,180. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year 2,950. Average number in receipt of out-door relief 1,600. Cost of in-maintenance £39,153. Cost of out-relief £11,953. Total who received medical relief only, 1,852.

Elected Guardians 30

Chairman—G. Stranks.
Vice-Chairman—Rev. D. Bryant.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Howard C. Jones.
Assistant Clerk—Sydney Wood.
District Medical Officers—Combined Districts 1 and 2: John L. Jaquet. *District* 3: George A. Paton. *District* 4: Alfred Matcham. *District* 5: J. S. Hill. *District* 6: R. Watson Councell. *District* 7: F. W. Brook. *District* 8: Aaron Langley. *District* 9: C. H. Pring.
Relieving Officers—Combined Districts 1 and 2: W. J. Prestage, *District* 3: J. A. Floyd. *District* 4: H. H. Wright. *District* 5: J. W. Bowker. *District* 6: W. F. Reynolds. *District* 7: Edwin

Candy. *District* 8: W. J. Dobson. *District* 9: James W. Monk.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Marlborough-street, S.E.

Master and Matron—H. E. and A. F. Williams.
Chaplain—Rev. E. J. Baker.
Medical Officer—J. V. C. Denning.

Newington Workhouse, Westmoreland-road, S.E.

Master—W. J. Swinnock.
Matron—D. M. A. Robinson.
Chaplain—Rev. S. Hurrell.
Medical Officer—J. F. Williams.

Workhouse, Mint-street, Southwark.

Master and Matron—G. R. and C. D. Murray.
Chaplain—Rev. H. A. Geake.
Medical Officer—T. Massie.

Infirmary.

Steward—G. A. Ray.
Matron—S. N. Armit.
Chaplain—Rev. Howard Nixon.
Medical Officer—H. W. Bruce.

Casual Wards, Great Guildford-street, Southwark.

Dispensaries, 81, Borough-road, and Boyson-road, Walworth.

Dispensers—J. F. Dunstan and Miss F. Flood.

List of Members.

Albany, T., 14, Meadow-road, New Kent-road.
Albery, Mrs. A., 19, Temple-street.
Allen, J. W., 1, Standard-street, Newington.
Baldwin, G. A., 5, New Clive-road, Dulwich.
Bryant, D., 63, Walworth-road.
Chell, E., 1, Rothbury House, 78, Kennington park-road.
Cloake, W. J., Union-street, S.E.
Cornell, T., 24, Fernlea-road, Balham, S.W.
Dawes, J. A., 71, Kennington-park-road.
Devereux, J. O., 20, Nelson-square, S.E.
Devereux, Mrs. K., 20, Nelson-square.
Hale, Mrs. H. E., 68, Lambeth-road, S.E.
Hammond, W. N., 65, Southwark-bridge-road.
Jennings, J. F., "Homeville," Durrant-gardens, Clapham, S.W.
Johnson, J., 48, Erlanger-road, New Cross.
Matkin, C. W., 18, Finchley-road.
McDonnell, P. M., 238, East-st., Walworth.
Neville, W., 33, Trinity-square, S.E.
Norman, E. H., 179, Manor-place, Walworth
Rogerson, C. R., 1, York-street, Walworth.
Roper, J., 112, Union-street, S.E.
Savage, W., 105, Brixton-road, S.W.
Spon, Mrs. C. M., 23, Southwark-bridge-rd.
Stainsby, D., 51, Mann-st., Walworth.
Stead, Mrs. B., 29, Grosvenor-park, S.E.
Stranks, G., 118, Falmouth-road, New Kent-road, S.E.
Upfield, T., 39, Sutherland-sq., Walworth.
Way, C. G., 3, St. George's-road, S.E.
Young, T. G., 33, Nelson-square, S.E.

STEPNEY UNION.

(PARISHES OF LIMEHOUSE, RATCLIFF, SHADWELL, AND WAPPING.)

OFFICES: BARNES STREET, RATCLIFF.

(Meetings: Thursdays at 3 p.m.)

Population 57,937. Average daily number of inmates in workhouses last year, 833. Cost of in-maintenance, £19,098. Average number in receipt of outdoor relief, 225.

Elected Guardians 18

Chairman—J. W. Harper.

Vice-Chairman—Alderman W. J. Barker.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—T. G. Stacey.

Assistant Clerk—F. Grout.

District Medical Officer—H. A. Stonham.

Relieving Officers—District 1: H. H. Mitchell; *District* 2: B. B. Warren.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Bromley-street, St. Leonard.

Master and Matron—Mr. A. and Mrs. Thomas.

Chaplain—Rev. W. B. Gowan.

Medical Officer—B. Hogan.

Children's Receiving Home, Salmon-lane, Ratcliff, E.

Matron—Miss Childe.

Children's Homes, Stifford, Essex.

Matron—Miss M. A. Blake.

List of Members.

Barker, W. J., 8, East-pier, London Dock, Wapping, E.
Brenman, E., 34, Medland-street, Ratcliff.
Elliott, Rev. G. G., Vicarage, Halley-street
Garner, R. C., 1, Locksley-street.
Gregory, J. C., 1, Lordship-park, Stoke Newington.
Groves, W. B., 146, High-street, Shadwell.
Harper, J. W., Anworth House, Woodford Green, Essex.
Higgins, W., 556, Commercial-road.
Higley, Rev. F. H. 636, Commercial-rd,, E.
Hill, J., 8, Portland-street.
Leighton, W. G., 3, Bromley-street, E.
Marks, H., 36, Three Colt-st., Limehouse.
Morgan, W., Croham-road, South Croydon.
O'Connor, J., 37 & 39, Galt-street, Limehouse.
Parsons, C. J., 423, Cable-street.
Rose, H. A., 56, Wapping-street, Shadwell.
Smythe, F. V., Blackheath House, Haroldroad, Cliftonville, Margate.
Stuttle, Mrs. M. E., 1, Matlock-street.

STRAND UNION.

(PARISHES OF ST. PAUL, COVENT GARDEN, ST. MARY-LE-STRAND, ST. CLEMENT DANES, ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS, PRECINCT OF THE SAVOY, AND LIBERTY-OF-THE-ROLLS.)

OFFICES: 15, HENRIETTA STREET, STRAND.

(Meetings: Tuesdays at 6 p.m.)

Population 21,674. Rateable value £1,276,840. Average daily number of inmates in workhouses last year 1,472. Average number in receipt of outdoor relief 343. Cost of in-maintenance £45,195. Cost of out-relief £1,541. Average daily number who received medical relief only, 104.

Elected Guardians 24

Chairman—W. H. G. Rudderforth.

Vice-Chairman—T. H. Belchier.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Alfred H. Maddocks.

Assistant Clerks—J. L. Goldspink and W. D. Parkhouse.

District Medical Officers—J. G. V. Sapp, M.B.; James Bremner, M.B.

Relieving Officer—W. C. Hasted.

Assistant Relieving Officer—H. J. Holah.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Edmonton, N.

Master and Matron—J. H. and A. L. Roach.

Chaplain—Rev. R. B. L. Exton.

Medical Officer—W. Jones.

School, Edmonton, N.

Superintendent—H. W. Dexter.

Matron—A. S. Dexter.

Chaplain—Rev. W. G. Brocklebank, M.A.

Medical Officer—W. B. Benjafield, M.B.

Casual Wards, Sheffield-street, Lincoln's-inn-fields.

Master—A. P. Woods.

Matron—A. E. Knight.

Chaplain — Rev. J. J. H. S. Pennington.

Medical Officer—J. Bremner.

Dispensary, 29, Maiden-lane, W.C.

Dispenser—J. Hickman.

List of Members.

Andy, J. T., 443, Strand, W.C.
Belchier, T. H., 12, Houghton-street, W.C.
Brink, F. W., 1, Russell-street, W.C.
Brusey, J., 41, Bedford-street, W.C.
Burden, A., 19, Haymarket, W.C.
Challice, W. G. W., 34, Villiers-st., W.C.
Chick, F. G., 120, Long Acre, W.C.
Christmas, W., 146, Strand, W.C.
Churchill, E. J., 8, Agar-street, W.C.
Diprose, E. H., 9 and 10, Sheffield-st., W.C.
Evans, Mrs. M. M., 20, Buckingham-street.
Goult, H. G. E., 33-34, Surrey-street, W.C.
Greaves, J. E., 199, Strand, W.C.
Grove, W., 23, James-street, W.C.
Harris, G. H., 104, Strand, W.C.
Higgs, J., 4, Houghton-street, W.C.
Hill, E. A. B., 4, Haymarket, W.C.
Hillersdon, F. H., 20, Taviton-street, Gordon-square, W.C.
Middleton, F. H., 77, Long Acre, W.C.



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Sainsbury, E., 7-8-9, Newcastle-street, W.C.
Sargeant, A., 44, Floral-street, W.C.
Wylson, O. C., 16, King William-st., W.C.

WANDSWORTH UNION.

(PARISH OF BATTERSEA AND PARISH OF WANDSWORTH BOROUGH.)

OFFICES: ST. JOHN'S HILL, S.W.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays, at 2.30 p.m.)

Population (estimated 1906), 466,000. Cost of in-maintenance £79,948. Cost of out-relief £17,498.

Elected Guardians 36

Chairman—Rev. Hubert Curtis, M.A.

Vice-Chairman—Percival Rees.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Frank Weston Piper.

Assistant Clerk—Fredk. J. Curtis.

District Medical Officers—BATTERSEA, *District* 1 (Relief Station, New-road): Dr. A. Nobbs, Queen's-road, Battersea. *District* 2 (Relief Station, Latchmere-road): Dr. J. B. Thackwell, 423A, Battersea-park-road. *District* 3 (Relief Station, Latchmere-road): Dr. C. E. McDade, 138, Lavender-hill. District 4: Dr. J. J. Oakman, The Priory, Battersea-square. *District* 5: Dr. E. St. V. Ryan, Battersea-rise; at Dispensary, 127, Plough-road. CLAPHAM (Relief Station, Bromell's-road): Dr. W. Atkinson, The Sweep, Clapham-common. PUTNEY: Dr. W. F. Sheard, 210, Upper Richmond-road, Putney. STREATHAM, *District* 1: Dr. R. Lawson, 69, Balham-hill. *District* 2: Dr. P. H. Nichol, 7, Hopton-road, Streatham. TOOTING GRAVENEY: Dr. S. E. Bligh, 101, High-street, Tooting. WANDSWORTH, *District* 1: Dr. E. R. Badcock, 55, West-hill. *District* 2: Dr. J. T. Thyne, 101, Earlsfield-road.

Reliering Officers—BATTERSEA, *District* 1: A. J. Glanville, Mission Hall, New-road, Battersea. *District* 2: T. A. Wade, the Relief Station, Latchmere-road. *District* 3; M. Mantle, the Relief Station, Latchmere-road, Battersea. *District* 4: Bernard Eastoe, the Relief Station, Latchmere-road, Battersea. *District* 5: F. Savage, 41, Middleton-road, Battersea. CLAPHAM: G. Cheshire, 16, Bromells-road, Clapham. PUTNEY: W. E. Cussens, 79, Disraeli-road, Putney. STREATHAM: *District* 1, J. W. D. Moore, 32, Upper Tooting-road. *District* 2: H. J. Browne, Blackwood Hall, Wellfield-road, Streatham. WANDSWORTH, *District No.* 1: H. S. Rutherglen, 38, St. Ann's-hill, Wandsworth. *District No.* 2: W. J. Roche, 138, Earlsfield-road, Wandsworth.

Dispensers.—BATTERSEA: Edwin T. Dalton; dispensary, at Latchmere-road, and at 127, Plough-road, Battersea; W. Heale, Mission Hall, New-road, Battersea. CLAPHAM: W. P. Robinson, 16, Bromells-road, Clapham.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Garrett-lane, Wandsworth.

Master—R. Oliver. *Matron*—Martha A. Rogers.
Chaplain—Rev. H. W. Cowper.
Medical Officer—A. E. Dodson.

Branch Workhouse, St. James-road, Tooting.

Master—R. Oliver.
Assistant Master—A. E. Guest.
Medical Officer—A. E. Dodson.
Chaplain—W. Hooper.

Infirmary, St. John's-hill.

Medical Superintendent—J. B. Neal.
Assistant Medical Officer—W. L. MacCormac.
Steward—C. Mansell.
Matron—Maria Anstey.

Chaplain—Rev. A. W. Little.
Dispenser—W. E. Kinsman.

Casual Wards.

Superintendents — A. Kingman and R. Butt.

Tooting Home, Church-lane, Tooting.

Master and Matron—F. and M. Hickmott.
Chaplain—Rev. H. W. Cowper.
Medical Officer—F. W. Abbott.

Intermediate Schools, Garrett-lane, Wandsworth.

Matron—E. H. Gavin.
Hon. Chaplain—Rev. N. Campbell.
Medical Officer—A. E. Dodson.

North Surrey District Schools (comprising Lewisham and Wandsworth Unions).

Clerk to the Managers—H. J. Chaldecott, 76, South-street, Dorking, Surrey.
Superintendent—F. J. Thrower.

List of Members.

Akers, W. R., 6, Octavia-street, Battersea.
Ashcroft, W. A., 1, Petworth-st., Battersea.
Barns, F. G., 11, Harroway-road, Battersea.
Beveridge, Mrs. C., 61, Queensborough-terrace, Hyde-park, W.
Brown, Miss E., Stanhope House, 13, Park-road, St. John's-hill, S.W.
Cassidy, Mrs. E., Waverley Lodge, 9, Albert Bridge-road, S.W.
Chapman, W. H., 117, Eversleigh-road, Battersea.
Chown, J. C., 24, Home-road, Battersea.
Clark, S. P., 36, Merton-road, Wandsworth.
Cooney, Rev. J., St. Thomas's, West-hill, Wandsworth.
Cooper, G. W., 27, Petworth-st., Battersea.
Couzens, E., 47, Allfarthing-lane, Wandsworth.
Curtis, Rev. Canon H., The Vicarage, Malwood-road, Balham-hill.
Curtis, J. L., "Mineral Wells," Valley-road, Streatham.
Fowle, G. J., 1, Rotherwood-road, Putney.
Hare, J., 40, Turret-grove, Clapham.
Hewett, W. J., 1, Kirkstall-road, Streathill, S.W.
Hill, Miss E., 87, East-hill, Wandsworth.
Holland, J., 596, Garratt-lane, Tooting.
Lower, J., 123, Sugden-road, Battersea.
Martineau, D., J.P., 122, King's-avenue, Clapham-park.
Mellhuish, W. P., 22, Totterdown-street, Tooting.
Messent, P., 5, Cloudesdale-road, Balham.
Newton, Rev. J., 8A, Battersea-park-road.
Osburn, H., 21, Cedars-road, Clapham.
Palmer, E., 20, West-hill-rd., Wandsworth.
Palmer, T.W., 46, Park-road, St. John's-hill, S.W.
Peck, W., 81, Bramfield-road, Wandsworth common.
Penfold, W. F., "Burwood House," Upper Tooting.
Phillips, W. C., 18, Kyrle-road, Clapham-common.
Rees, P., 377, Upper Richmond-rd., Putney.
Sanders, E. A., 20, Tantallon-road, Balham.
Stanley, I., "The Highlands," Short Heath, Farnham, Surrey.
Sullivan, A., 3, St. Nicholas-road, Upper Tooting.
Tanner, F. S., "Lindisfarne," Rutford-road, Streatham, S.W.
Tull, H., 25, Granard-road, Wandsworth-common.
Wade, T. J., 2, Wexford-road, Wandsworth-common.
Worthy, Mrs. J. A., 170, Battersea-park-rd.

WESTMINSTER UNION.

(PARISHES OF ST. JAMES, WESTMINSTER, AND ST. ANNE, SOHO.)
OFFICES: POLAND STREET, OXFORD STREET, W.

(Meetings: Alternate Tuesdays at 5 p.m.)

Population, 33,077. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year, 430. Average number in receipt of out-relief, 90.

Elected Guardians 18
Co-opted do. 2

Chairman—R. C. Hill.
Vice-Chairman — Rev. G. C. Wilton.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—William Lee.
District Medical Officer, Whole Union—P. J. Edmunds, 5, Great Marlborough-street.
Relieving Officer—J. H. Penfold, 6, Little Pulteney-street, W.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Poland-street, W.

Master and Matron—Harry and Mrs. Dawes.
Chaplain—Rev. W. E. H. Cotes, M.A.
Medical Officer—F. W. Axham.

List of Members.

Cardwell, Miss B. W., 28, Soho-square, W.
Cardwell, Rev. J. H., St. Anne's Rectory, Soho.
Frohlich, W. P., 10, Sackville-street, S.W.
Garraway, S. J., 44, Berwick-street, W.
Godden, D., 109, Jermyn-street, S.W.
Goulborn, J., 43, Greek-street, W.
Harris, R., 4, Lexington-street, W.
Hayman, Miss A., 60, Greek-street, W.
Hill, R. C., 65, Poland-street, W.
Lyon, H. T., 34, St. James's-st., S.W.
Miller, W., 12, Macclesfield-street, W.
Pearce, J., 20, Crown-court, Pall-mall, W.
Perry, A. J., 26, Duke-street, W.
Smith, R., 19, Lexington-street, W.
Stone, H. W., 11, Little Newport-street, W.
Vere, Canon L. G., 21A, Soho-square, W.
Wallis, J. P., 359, Oxford-street, W.
Weeks, D., 1B, King-street, St. James's, W.
Whiteway, L. G., 10 and 11, Walker's-court, W.
Wilton, Rev. G. C., M.A., 109, Charing-cross-road, W.C.

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(PARISHES OF ST. BOTOLPH WITHOUT ALDGATE, WHITECHAPEL, CHRIST CHURCH, MILE END NEW TOWN, LIBERTIES OF NORTON FOLGATE AND OLD ARTILLERY GROUND.)

OFFICES: 74, VALLANCE ROAD, N.E.

(Meetings: Tuesdays, fortnightly, at 4 p.m.)

Population, 78,768. Cost of in-maintenance, £21,748. Cost of out-relief, £671.

Elected Guardians 25
Co-opted do. 2

Chairman—W. Bailey.

Vice-Chairman — Rev. P. J. Murphy.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—F. J. Tootell.

Assistant Clerk—S. McClelland.

District Medical Officers — D. Hume, 97, Hanbury-street; T. Jones, 68, Leman-street; J. Loane, 1, Dock-street.

Relieving Officers—John May, Fulbourne-street, Whitechapel, E.; J. Brooks, 18, Rose-cottages, Hunt-street, Mile End New Town.

Public Vaccinator—Dr. Joseph Loane, 13, Great Alie-street, E.

Vaccination Officer—L. W. Carr, 74, Vallance-road, N.E.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, South-grove, Mile End-road, E., and Children's Reception Homes, 403-9, Mile End-road, E.

Master and Matron—J. H. D. and A. Reid.

Chaplain—Rev. J. F. Marr.

Medical Officer—H. Larder.

Assistant Medical Officer—E. B. Hastings.

Roman Catholic Instructor—Rev. B. O'Doherty.

Infirmary, Vallance Road, N.E.

Medical Superintendent — H. Larder.

Assistant Medical Officers—E. Taunton and W. J. Woodyatt.

Steward—C. H. Simcox.

Chaplain—Alfred J. Poynder.

Roman Catholic Instructor — Rev. T. W. Conran.

Missioner—C. Pateman.

Matron—Miss Eliza W. Mowatt.

Grays Cottage Homes, Whitehall-lane, Grays, Essex.

Lady Superintendent—Miss E. K Lockie.

Medical Officer—A. F. Blake.

Dentist—C. D. Outred.

Casual Wards, Thomas-street.

Superintendents — R. and B. Allingham.

Dispensary, Thames-street.

Dispensers—A. L. Anderson and A. B. Lewis.

List of Members.

Anderson, J. T., 59, Newick-road, Clapton.
Bacon, J. E., 66, Buxton-street, E.
Bailey, W., 90, Commercial-street.
Barham, C., "Ingoldsby," Woodford-road, Snaresbrook, Essex.
Brady, G. F., 8, Spital-square, Norton Folgate, E.
Brady, G. F., Jun., 8, Spital-square, E.

Brown, J., 5, Kent-terrace, Regent's-park, N.W.
Chappell, J., 15, Mount-street, E.
Clogg, H., 29, Gore-road, South Hackney.
Davies, Rev. W. H., The Rectory, 2, Fournier-street, Spitalfields.
Harris, J., 38, Gordon-square, W.C.
Ince, W., 36, Normanton-road, South Croydon.
Jackson, T., 279, Whitechapel-road.
Jones, W. H., 63, Cranhurst-rd., Willesden-green.
Morgan, M., 65, High-street, Whitechapel.
Moses, M., 19, Princelet-street, Spitalfields.
Murphy, P. J., Monastery, Underwood-street.
Nicholson, J. S., Toynbee Hall, 28, Commercial-street.
O'Ryan, Rev. T., 26, Great Prescot-street, E.
Perez, I., 25, Steward-street, E.
Single, S., 14, Cable-street.
Tarlton, M., 7 and 8, Sharp's-buildings, Royal Mint-street.
Tate, H. C., Heather Glen, 61, Bushwood, Leytonstone.
Vinall, W., 47, Royal Mint-street, E.
Wherley, E., 70, Leman-street, E.
White, J., 16, Wellclose-square, Whitechapel, E.
Woolf, E., 29, High-street, Whitechapel.

WOOLWICH UNION.

(PARISHES OF WOOLWICH, PLUMSTEAD, AND CHARLTON AND KIDBROOKE.)

OFFICES: 30, RECTORY PLACE, WOOLWICH.

(Meetings: Alternate Thursdays at 12.30 p.m.)

Population 131,086. Rateable value, £829,305. Average daily number of inmates in workhouse last year, 696. Cost of in-maintenance, £16,164. Average number in receipt of outdoor relief, 664. Cost of out-relief, £4,736. Imbeciles, 133; Lunatics, 380.

Elected Guardians 25

Chairman—G. R. Hunter.

Vice-Chairman—J. Harper.

OFFICERS.

Clerk—Tom Cutter, Barrister-at-law, 30, Rectory-place, Woolwich.

Assistant Clerk — A. Holder, Workhouse, Plumstead.

District Medical Officers—West Woolwich, A. H. Minton East Woolwich, J. Williamson; North Woolwich, R. V. Brews; Plumstead, H. M. Wise; Charlton, W. Cowie.

Relieving Officers — Woolwich, A. J. Godfrey; West Plumstead, H. Middleton; East Plumstead, H. Smith; Charlton, H. G. Ellercamp.

INSTITUTIONS.

Workhouse, Plumstead.

Master and Matron—Mr. and Mrs. W. Moseley.

Chaplain—W. F. Baily.

Medical Officer—W. E. Boulter.

Branch Workhouse (Old Women), Furze Lodge, Shrewsbury-lane, Plumstead.

Matron—Miss H. Newby.

Receiving Home for Children, Parkdale-road, Plumstead.

Foster Parents—Mr. and Mrs. Mayhew.

Infirmary.

Medical Superintendent—W. E. Boulter.

Assistant Medical Officer—T. A. Davies.

Steward—A. Woollard-Button.

Matron—Miss H. M. C. Gooding.

Cottage Homes, Goldie Leigh.

Superintendent—Miss E. K. L. Davey.

Steward—Wm. Cadman.

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Dispenser—W. Stevens.

Dispensary, Parkdale-road, Plumstead.

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List of Members.

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Brand, H., "Canada," 15, Wickham-lane.
Chambers, F., 33, McLeod-road.
Clarke, W., 47, Villas-road.
Dawson, Mrs. E. M., 187, Eglinton-road, Plumstead.
Doubleday, A., 103 and 105, New-road.
Fenn, A. J., 3, Little Heath.
Ganney, W. E., 163, Church-lane.
Graham, W. J. B., 78, Woodland-terrace.
Grinling, C. H., 17, Rectory-place.
Hall, G., 1, New-road, Woolwich.
Harper, J., 18, St. Margaret's-road.
Hunter, G. R., 212, Burrage-rd., Plumstead.
Ingram, M. J. T., 35A, The Common, Woolwich.
Ingram, W. B., 13, St. Margaret's-road, Plumstead.
Jay, E. A. H., Tower House, Plum-lane.
Leale, G. N., Mission House, The Slade.
Lindow, A., 2, Gallosson-road.
McIntyre, Mrs. Isabel, 48, Brewery-road.
Morris, Rev. J. W., The Rectory, Kidbrooke
Pine, Mrs. E. J., 98, Brewery-road.
Raven, W., 72, Samuel-street.
Syer, H. S., 45, Plumstead Common-road.
Turnbull, Miss S., 14, Plumstead-road, Plumstead.
Walklin, A. J., 67, Bostall-hill Plumstead

METROPOLITAN BOROUGHS.

The following table shows the areas into which London is divided for local government purposes:—

Metropolitan Boroughs.	Area in acres.	Population, 1901.	Rateable value.	Number of aldermen.	Number of councillors.	Number of wards.
			£			
Battersea	2,160	168,907	1,011,882	9	54	9
Bermondsey [Parishes of Bermondsey, Horselydown, Rotherhithe, and St. Olave and St. Thomas]	1,500	130,760	903,880	9	54	12
Bethnal-green	759	129,680	518,067	5	30	4
Camberwell	4,480	259,339	1,269,487	10	60	20
Chelsea	660	73,842	806,492	6	36	5
Deptford	1,563	110,398	592,934	6	36	6
Finsbury [Parishes of Charterhouse, Clerkenwell, Glasshouse-yard, St. Luke, and St. Sepulchre]	589	101,463	966,527	9	54	11
Fulham	1,703	137,289	767,683	6	36	8
Greenwich [Parishes of Charlton and Kidbrooke, St. Nicholas, Deptford, and Greenwich]	3,852	96,770	579,203	5	30	8
Hackney	3,289	219,272	1,166,690	10	60	9
Hammersmith	2,286	112,239	687,530	6	36	7
Hampstead	2,265	81,942	958,759	7	42	7
Holborn [Furnival's-inn, Gray's-inn, Lincoln's-inn, Staple-inn, Liberty of Saffron-hill, and Parishes of St. Andrew and St. George-the-Martyr, and St. Giles, and St. George, Bloomsbury]	405	59,405	923,009	7	42	9
Islington	3,091	334,991	1,912,707	10	60	11
Kensington (Royal Borough of)	2,291	176,628	2,234,034	10	60	9
Lambeth	4,080	301,895	1,871,121	10	60	9
Lewisham [Parishes of Lewisham & Lee]	7,014	127,495	884,255	7	42	10
Paddington	1,356	143,976	1,452,142	10	60	8
Poplar [Parishes of Bow, Bromley, and Poplar]	2,328	168,822	789,327	7	42	14
St. Marylebone	1,473	133,301	1,688,256	10	60	9
St. Pancras	2,694	235,317	1,802,169	10	60	8
Shoreditch	658	118,637	773,470	7	42	8
Southwark [Parishes of Christchurch, Newington, St. George-the-Martyr, and St. Saviour]	1,131	206,180	1,264,065	10	60	10
Stepney [Liberties of Norton Folgate and Old Artillery-ground, and Parishes of Aldgate, Christchurch, Spitalfields, Limehouse, Mile-end New-town, Mile-end Old-town, Ratcliffe, St. George-in-the-East, Shadwell, Wapping, and Whitechapel]	1,766	298,600	1,412,536	10	60	19
Stoke Newington [including the old parish of South Hornsey]	863	51,247	342,426	5	30	6
Wandsworth [Parishes of Clapham, Putney, Streatham, Tooting Graveney, and Wandsworth]	9,130	232,034	1,578,631	10	60	9
Westminster (City of)	2,503	183,011	5,473,132	10	60	14
Woolwich [Parishes of Eltham, Plumstead, and Woolwich]	8,277	117,178	645,032	6	36	11
County of London	74,166	4,509,618	35,266,446	227	1,362	—
City of London	673	26,923	4,888,378	26	206	25
Administrative County of London	74,839	4,536,641	40,153,824	—	—	—

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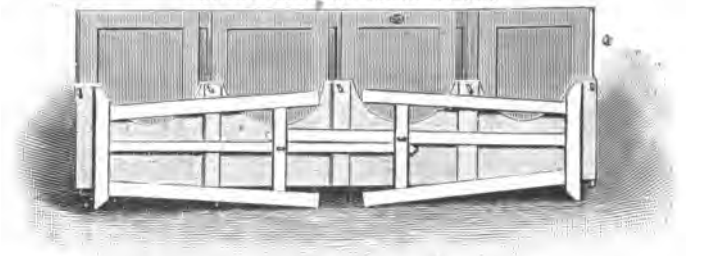
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(Classified Index see Opposite Page.)

	PAGE
Acme Wood Flooring and Paving Co., Ltd.	271
Benson, Ltd., J. W.	299
Bovril, Ltd.	321
Chancellor & Co.	343
"Daily Chronicle"	232
Defries and Sons, Ltd.	xx.
Eagle Insurance Co.	Back cover.
Flere and Mills, Ltd.	xxi.
Gamage, Ltd., A. W.	351
Gas Light and Coke Co.	291
Griffin & Co. (C.), Ltd.	337
Hughes and Stirling	ix.
Imperial Accident Insurance Co., Ltd.	364
King and Son, P. S.	xix.
Limmer Asphalte Co.	272
"Lloyd's Weekly News"	359
London Hydraulic Power Co.	148
Malcolm, Macleod and Co.	281
Messer & Thorpe	356
"Morning Advertiser"	322
"Municipal Journal"	xxiv.
"Municipal Year Book"	147
National Truss Society	360
Palmer's Travelling Cradle Co., Ltd.	xv.
Ratner Safe Co., Ltd	261
"Reader"	xxvii.
Ronuk, Ltd.	327
Royal Blind Pension Society.	364
Surgical Aid Society	360
Thames Bank Iron Company	356
Trinidad Asphalte Paving Co., Ltd.	xii.
Val de Travers Asphalte Paving Co., Ltd.	ii.
"Westminster Gazette"	331
White, J. G., and Co., Ltd.	126
Wilson and Stockall.	281
Winser and Co., Ltd.	x.
"Young Citizen"	xxvi.

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(Alphabetical List see Previous Page.)

Ambulances	*Wilson & Stockall*	281
Asphalte Paving	*Trinidad Asphalte Co., Ltd.*	xii.
,, ,,	*Val de Travers Asphalte Co., Ltd.*	ii.
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Bovril	*Bovril, Ltd.*	321
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Disinfectors, Steam	*J. Defries and Son, Ltd.*	xx.
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Paint, Japan.	*Chancellor and Co.*	343
Polish, Sanitary	*Ronuk, Ltd.*	327
Publications	*Griffin and Co., Ltd.*	337
,,	*P. S. King and Son*	xix.
,,	*"Morning Advertiser"*	322
,,	*"Westminster Gazette"*	331
,,	*"Daily Chronicle"*	232
,,	*"Lloyd's Weekly News"*	359
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